THE WEATHER.
Fair and somewhat colder today and Monday; moderate westerly winds.
Sun rises—6:18 a. m.; sets—5:35 p. m.
Moon rises—9:48 p. m.
High tide—7:00 a. m.; 7:45 p. m.

Boston American

LARGEST CIRCULATION — THE TWENTIETH CENTURY NEWSPAPER — IN NEW ENGLAND

CITY EDITION
1—Main Sheet, Part I (Latest News).
2—Main Sheet, Part II (General News and Sports).
3—Main Sheet, Part III (General News).
4—Main Sheet, Part IV (General News and Wants).
5.—Colored Comic Pictures.
6—Magazine Features. 8—City Life.
7—Editorial and Drama. 9—Society and Foreign.
AND THE AMERICAN'S MONTHLY MAGAZINE.

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PRAISE WORK OF HEARST FOR SOUND FINANCE

Barron Pays Tribute to Services of Publisher to the Nation's Millions.

PLACES TRUTH BEFORE ALL

Financial Editors and Writers Applaud Boston Man's Speech in New York.

NEW YORK, March 1.—The service rendered this country by William R. Hearst in "supplying sound financial information and opinions to 4,000,000 people daily," was lauded by C. W. Barron, proprietor of the Wall Street Journal and the Boston News Bureau, at a banquet at the Waldorf-Astoria today.

Mr. Barron, an owner of the two greatest daily journals devoted to finance, claimed to speak on the subject with some knowledge of conditions.

"The truth in its proper use" is the motto of the Wall Street Journal," said Mr. Barron, addressing a large company of financial writers and others invited to attend the farewell banquet to Maurice Farrell, managing editor of the Wall Street Journal, who yesterday became partner in the firm of F. W. Smithers & Co.

Seeks First to Give the Truth.

We are glad to note that for some time Mr. Hearst has been devoting a great deal of attention to instructing the public along correct lines on financial matters. He has not hesitated to speak the exact truth, defending the Stock Exchange against abuse when unmerited, and criticising when criticism is called for.

The country owes Mr. Hearst a debt of gratitude for devoting generous space in his newspapers to the enlightenment of 4,000,000 persons on financial questions. He has engaged the best writers and I know whereof I speak when I say he has given them a free hand in treating all financial matters on sound lines. The Wall Street Journal welcomes the education of the people by Mr. Hearst on the same ethical standard that our organization set up from the start.

He called upon R. C. Forbes, business editor of the AMERICAN, to discuss the work that was being so laudably carried on.

Should Encourage Thrift.

Mr. Forbes thanked Mr. Barron for the tribute he had paid Mr. Hearst, a tribute peculiarly pleasing since it came from the dean of financial writers and newspaper owners in the United States. Mr. Barron was right in declaring that Mr. Hearst's only aim was to lay the truth before the public. Mr. Forbes then emphasized the need for encouraging thrift in order that Americans could contribute the enormous amount of capital necessary to develop the resources of this country.

Mr. Farrell was eulogized by Mr. Barron and othe speakers, including W. E. Hamilton, Colin Armstrong, Professor A. G. Cameron, Lockwood Barr, James Reilly, E. Kelly and E. M. McDonald, who now joins the Wall Street Journal.

Mr. Farrell, in replying, said that although Wall street was now passing through trying times, the work done by the Wall Street Journal and other publications was paving the way for a big and greater Wall street and Greater America.

DOG RUSHES TO DEATH.

Terrified by Fate of Another Killed by Train.

Two valuable dogs were killed by the same train at Melrose Highlands station of the Boston & Maine railroad yesterday. A valuable Boston Bull was about to cross the tracks when an inbound Portland express rounded the curve and struck the dog. He was thrown through a picket fence fifty feet away. A collie owned by Mrs. F. Dewsnap of Upham's Corner was standing near the station and when the first dog was struck, became freightened at the body hurtling through the air and ran directly in the path of the onrushing train and was thrown several feet.

PLYMOUTH "DRY" AGAIN.

Town Returns to No License by 1052 to 784.

PLYMOUTH, March 1.—After one year of license, Plymouth swung back into the "dry" column today by a vote of 1,052 to 784. The no-license element were jubilant in consequence tonight. Great interest was manifested in the election of town officers. The successful candidates for selectmen were L. D. Bartlett, F. D. Bartlett and Alfred s. Burns. George C. Patterson, present member of the School Committee, was re-elected, defeating Alfred s. Burbank. The women voters numbered 110.

"40 CHILDREN KEPT WELL

Using Father John's Medicine," says Miss Ellen O'Leary, Matron of Children's Home, Lowell.—Adv.

Say Now Brandeis Won't Be In Cabinet

W. C. Redfield for Labor Seat in Cabinet and Editor Page for That of Agriculture.

WASHINGTON, March 2.—The latest information concerning the Wilson Cabinet is that Louis D. Brandeis is unlikely to be a member of the Wilson Cabinet, but that Representative William C. Redfield of Brooklyn will be Secretary of Commerce and Labor, and Walter Page of New York Secretary of Agriculture. Mr. Page is a member of the publishing house of Doubleday, Page & Co., and is editor of World's Work. Mr. Page is a native of Tennessee.

Here is the list as it stands now:

Secretary of State, William Jennings Bryan, Nebraska.

Secretary of the Treasury, William C. McAdoo, New York.

Secretary of the Navy, Josephus Daniels, North Carolina.

Secretary of War, Colonel George W. Goethals, builder of the Panama Canal.

Postmaster-General—Albert Sidney Burleson, Texas.

Secretary of Labor—William B. Wilson, Pennsylvania.

Attorney-General—J. C. McReynolds, New York.

Secretary of Interior—Governor Edwin Y. Norris, Montana.

Secretary of Commerce—William D. Redfield—New York.

Senator Hoke Smith, Georgia, is opposing Walter Page for Secretary of Agriculture and is urging the appointment of F. W. Dabney, professor in the Ohio Agricultural Institution.

Congressman Redfield said tonight:

"I have not heard from Governor Wilson that I have been selected as a member of his Cabinet. He will announce the Cabinet, I understand, on March 4. Until he speaks I have nothing to say."

Mr. Redfield was congratulated by his fellow members of the House tonight, as it is considered a foregone conclusion that he will get the place.

For complete reports of the inaugural plans and the Cabinet discussion, see Part IV of this edition.

Vice-President-Elect Thrust from Chamber

Retires Good-Humoredly from Room That Will Soon Be His When Executive Session Begins.

WASHINGTON, March 1.—Thomas Riley Marshall, Vice-President-elect, injected himself into the activities of the body over which he is to preside this afternoon and discovered that a Vice-President is not a Vice-President till he has been duly sworn in. Governor Marshall was quite innocent of intent to thrust himself forward and when he was thrust out he remained unperturbed.

He had taken the seat that is to be his in the Vice-President's room, which is a marble lined apartment just back of the Senate Chamber, and was looking contemplatively out of the window when a bell rang.

Right after this thathanbuation a young man pointed his head in the door and said: "You'll have to get out of here."

"But," said Marshall mildly, "I am the Vice-President-elect."

This gave the young man pause, and he retired to talk it over with a man higher up. Presently he returned.

"You'll have to get out anyway," he said. "It's an executive session, and nobody is allowed in here."

Governor Marshall, remarking good humoredly that in three more days no such orders could be issued to him, withdrew to an outer corridor, and the executive session proceeded.

'I've Taken Poison,' Said Dying Woman

"I've taken poison and am dying."

With these words a young woman, who afterwards gave her name as Mrs. Louise Bailey of No. 137 Milton avenue, Dorchester, greeted employes of the Motor Mart Company at Stanhope street, South End, early today. When they approached her to make inquiry regarding her the woman took a bottle from a bag she carried and drank some of the contents before they could get it away.

She was rushed to the City Hospital, where physicians stated she would recover. When the women first appeared at the garage she asked for a man named Lynch who is employed there. On learning that he was away she walked up the street a short distance only to return later with the startling announcement that she had swallowed poison.

The matter was reported to the police who have started an investigation as to the cause of her act.

SEEKING PARDON FOR HARTNETT, BRIBER

Foss Has Petition to Free Man Given Two Years in Crocker Will Case.

WILL CONSIDER THE CASE

A petition has been presented to Governor Foss for the pardon of William J. Hartnett, convicted briber of jurors in the famous Crocker will case, who is serving out a sentence of two years at hard labor, in the House of Correction at Deer Island.

The Governor is considering whether or not to refer the petition to the executive council. If he refers it, the action will indicate that he favors the pardon.

The pardon is asked, in the petition, on the ground that Hartnett has been sufficiently punished and on the ground of health. It is stated that he is suffering from a serious ailment and that it is necessary for him to undergo a severe operation.

Many Signers to Petition.

The names of a number of prominent members of the Legislature and of ex-Congressman Joseph A. Conry, who is a member of the Board of Directors of the Port of Boston, and a number of other prominent persons are signed to the petition.

Representative Benjamin F. Sullivan is one of those who is taking an active part in the fight to secure Hartnett's release. Hartnett lived in East Boston.

Hartnett was sentenced on February 6, 1912, by Judge Sanderson of the Suffolk County Superior Criminal Court. His case was prosecuted by District Attorney Pelletier

Pleaded Guilty to Charge.

Hartnett pleaded guilty to the bribery of two jurors in the Crocker will case in 1909. The case in question was the contest of the will of the late Uriel Crocker, under which an estate valued at ,00,000 was disposed of. Indictments were brought against George U. Crocker, son of the testator of the will; Charles H. Leach and John J. Cornish, which charged them with conspiracy to bribe jurors in the will case. These indictments, it was reported, were based upon certain information furnished by a ...

In December 6, 1911, District Attorney Pelletier nol prossed the case against Crocker and others on the ground that Hartnett, the chief witness for the State, was a liar.

H. L. C. AT POORHOUSE.

Infirmary Trustees Want Wholesale Purchasing.

The high cost of living affects even the city poor house, according to the annual report of the infirmary trustees issued today.

The increased cost of food during the past year totalled $5,709.34. The weekly per capita expenditure at Long Island has been $3.64 and the average population of the alms house and hospital was 893, the largest in the history of the institution.

The trustees reiterate their belief that the high cost of clothing and bedding is due to their being compelled to purchase through the Massachusetts Prison Commissioners goods of an inferior quality and at a higher price than they could be purchased in the open market were they allowed freedom in this direction.

The total appropriation of $202,900 was exceeded by the trustees, the deficiency amounting to $2,896.24.

MRS. RANTOUL AWAY.

Recovers from Collapse and Goes to Providence.

Mrs. Lois Burnett Rantoul, whose suit for divorce was so suddenly halted last week by her collapse, has recovered sufficiently to be moved from the Parker House.

She went yesterday, accompanied by her father, Edward Burnett, and her stepmother, to Providence, where she will spend the day. She expects to be able to return to Boston tomorrow.

Her two daughters, Harriett and Mabel, will spend today at the home of their mother, at No 101 Forest Hills street, Jamaica Plain.

The little girls have recovered from their colds. They are looking forward to the trip next week to the Rantoul home in Salem.

TO DANCE IN BARE FEET.

Florence Noyes to Give Greek Dance in Tableaux.

WASHINGTON, March 1.—Mrs. Florence Fleming Noyes, the Greek dancer with the perfect arch, prominent in Washington society, will dance as "Liberty" in her bare feet on the cold Treasury steps during the suffrage tableaux on March 3. Her attendants, who include Miss Ellen Hill, daughter of Representative E. H. Hill of Connecticut, likewise will adopt the Grecian foot dressing, unless they get cold feet.

Mrs. Noyes will dance one of her famous classic dances garbed in a diaphanous crimson robe. She declared today she had no fear of taking cold in such a good cause.

EX-MAYOR HOWARD OF SALEM IN FIGHT

Knocked Down by Michael J. Sullivan in Row Over an Article in His Paper

MADE GAMBLING CHARGE

Michael J. Sullivan of Salem was arrested at his home in that city shortly before midnight on a charge of assault on

Former Mayor Arthur Howard. He was taken to police headquarters where he was booked upon the charge of assault and battery and then released on bonds of $100. Sullivan will be arraigned in the Salem Police Court tomorrow to answer to the complaint against him. The warrant for his arrest was sworn out by ex-Mayor Howard.

Howard is said to have received the worst of the affray and is nursing wounds about the head. Both eyes were blackened.

Sullivan is prominent in political circles and lives on Federal street.

After having his wounds treated by Dr. Peterson, Howard secured a warrant for the arrest of Sullivan from Judge Rattle.

Both men were reticent concerning the fracas, but it is believed that the fight started following a wordy altercation between the two men over a story which appeared in Howard's newspaper, the Dispatch. This story, it is said, was an attack upon the administration of Mayor John F. Hurley and also contained reflections upon Sullivan.

According to the police, the men met on Essex street. Sullivan demanded an explanation from Howard and during the argument a crowd gathered. Sullivan, it is charged, dealt the editor a blow in the face. Howard was knocked down. Citizens stopped the fight and assisted Howard to the office of Dr. Peterson.

Howard's newspaper charged that gambling was permitted in Salem and in a reflied way intimated that Sullivan was connected with the resorts.

Howard has had a stormy career since his arrival in the "Witch City" several years ago. His newspaper has had an equally stormy career. The editor was elected Mayor of the city before he had been a resident one year. He came to the city "broke" from New York, and therefore was always in the limelight.

SHOES FOR MRS. MARSHALL.

Lynn Maker Rushes Order for the Inaugural.

Two pairs of shoes were expressed to Washington from Lynn yesterday. One was a pair of pink satin pumps, size 3½, of the shade known as "Nell Rose." The other was a pair of wisteria silk top boots with fourteen pearl buttons.

They were addressed to Mrs. Thomas R. Marshall, wife of the Vice-President-elect of the United States.

The top boots will be worn by Mrs. Marshall with her inaugural gown. She sent samples of her gown to Charles E. Wilson, the Lynn shoe manufacturer, for the top boots, and a scrap of the evening gown, so that the pumps might match.

SEEK MISSING GIRL.

Gave Suitor $300, Her Father Tells Police.

The police of the Dudley street station are seeking sixteen-year-old Charlotte Klayman on representations made by her father, Z. Klayman, of No. 849 Blue Hill avenue, that she had left her home because he opposed her keeping company with a man almost twice her age. Klayman admitted punishing the girl yesterday after she had disclosed the information that she had given her suitor $300 worth of jewelry and wearing apparel. Klayman said that he then locked his daughter in a room and went to consult an attorney. When he returned to the house she had disappeared.

HURT ESCAPING POLICE

One Injured by Jumping During Gambling Raid.

Officers from the Roxbury Crossing station raided the house No. 26 Sawyer street, early this morning and arrested eight men, who will appear in court Monday charged with gaming on the Lord's day.

Philip Hester of No. 20 Flagg street, Roxbury, attempted to escape by jumping to the ground from a second story window. He received a severe fracture of the right leg.

$40,000 GLOUCESTER FIRE IMPERILS CITY

Help Is Summoned from Rockport to Help Fight Dangerous Blaze.

GLOUCESTER, March 2.—The business block occupied by the Greater New York Department store on Main street was ruined by fire early today, and an adjoining building, in which was located the rooms of the Cape Ann Driving Club and three business concerns, was badly damaged. The total loss is estimated at $40,000.

A general alarm was sounded for the fire a few minutes after it was discovered and help summoned from Rockport.

For more than an hour the entire business district was threatened. Burning embers were carried to adjoining roofs and scores of citizens volunteered to aid the firemen in their fight to check the flames.

In the building adjoining the department store the liquor saloon of George Blackburne located on the ground floor was gutted by the flames. The Cape Ann Driving Club rooms on the top floors were badly damaged.

The building occupied by the Greater New York store was a two story and a half structure. It is practically in the very heart of the business section. News of the fire caused scores of business men to rush to the scene and many of the merchants in the immediate vicinity of the burning building removed their goods from the danger zone.

The firemen succeeded in checking the flames after a hard fight of nearly an hour.

CUTTING THIRD TEETH.

Middleboro's 61-Year-Old Fireman Is Getting New Molars.

MIDDLEBORO, March 1.—Charles W. Kingman, former chief of the Fire Department and Overseer of the Poor, though sixty-one, is cutting a third set of teeth. The discovery of the molars was made by a local dentist, when Mr. Kingman called, complaining that his gums hurt a bit.

WHOLE TRUTH ABOUT MELLEN TROLLEY GRAB FUND IS DEMANDED BY STATE LEGISLATORS

Nine to One Massachusetts Lawmakers Declare for Thorough Inquiry of American's Charge That the New Haven Paid for Fake Publicity

INQUIRY among members of the Massachusetts Legislature appears to indicate that in the present temper of that body it will be impossible for the usually all-powerful Committee on Rules to suppress the Stevens order, calling for an investigation of the use of New Haven money to influence public opinion on the western trolleys bill.

Nine to one, yesterday, legislators told the AMERICAN that they want the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth concerning the use of New Haven money by the Hill Towns Transit Association. They want a thorough investigation of the AMERICAN'S charges.

The attitude of the Committee on Rules appears to be "What of it?" "What difference did it make?" "What was wrong about it?"

The AMERICAN says EVERYTHING was wrong about it.

Payments of New Haven cash to the Hill Town Transit Association were MADE IN SECRET.

These payments were made for the purpose of AFFECTING LEGISLATION.

In making these payments Mr. Mellen was using the money of his stockholders for purposes NOT WITHIN THE OBJECTS OF HIS RAILROAD COMPANY'S CHARTER.

The Hill Towns Transit Association created such a clamor that a Legislature was prompted to set aside the established policy of Massachusetts and grant to a steam railroad company—the New Haven—the right to embark in the street railway business.

GOVERNOR FOSS VETOED THE BILL.

The Legislature passed the enabling act and the Governor vetoed it.

Now the AMEICAN discovers and CHARGES that the Hill Towns Transit Association—heralded as an uprising of the good people of the four western counties—was fed from the treasury of the New Haven to the extent of thousands of dollars.

And members of the Committee on Rules want to know, "What of it?"

Reporters of the AMERICAN yesterday asked members of the Legislature, "What of it?"

In brief, these legislators were asked if they do not believe the very serious charges made by the AMERICAN should be THOROUGHLY investigated by a committee empowered to swear witnesses and send for persons, books and papers.

Every citizen should inform himself of the legislative attitude by reading the replies printed herewith.

See how YOUR legislator voted. If his vote doesn't express YOUR attitude, write to him! Do not let him forget all that he said on the stump last Fall about being a MAN OF THE PEOPLE.

The answers:

READ WHAT LEGISLATORS SAY ABOUT THE GRAB PLAN

The following are the legislators who expressed a willingness to know the facts and their answers:

REPUBLICANS.

SENATOR WILLIAM A. BELLAMY of Taunton—"Before I vote on the trolley merger proposition I should like to have all the possible information to guide me, and I therefore would answer the question affirmatively."

REPRESENTATIVE ALBERT B. CLARK of Lee—"If there is any evidence that money was wrongfully used to further the demand for the New Haven trolley merger, I believe it should be be known. But I believe all such allegations are false. I was opposed to this measure at the last session of the Legislature because there was no time limit set on when the building of new roads was to begin."

REPRESENTATIVE ALLISON G. CATHERON of Beverly—"Most assuredly."

REPRESENTATIVE CHANNING H. COX of Boston—"Yes, I want the facts to be made known."

REPRESENTATIVE JOHN A. CURTAIN of Brookline—"Yes."

REPRESENTATIVE EDWARD B. HATHAWAY of New Bedford—"Certainly, I want the facts to be made known."

REPRESENTATIVE WILLIAM J. SHONE of Hamden—"Why, sure; go at it. I come from that section and am in favor of it; if anything wrong was done, show us."

REPRESENTATIVE ARTHUR N. NEWHALL of Stoneham—"It makes no difference to me whether they spend money on the filing or not. I voted against the bill last year, and will do so again. What the General Court wants is light."

REPRESENTATIVE JAMES H. PEIRCE of Millbury—"I am against anything that the New Haven wants, of course, the General Court wants light."

REPRESENTATIVE MAURICE CARO of Chelsea—"I am certainly in favor of having all possible information about anything that I may be called upon to vote for or against."

REPRESENTATIVE HENRY B. SPENCER of Holyoke—"By all means let us have the facts."

REPRESENTATIVE CHARLES H. WILLIAMS of Rutland—"Yes, if the New

LEGISLATORS DEMAND RAILROAD FACTS

Haven has been spending money unlawfully, let us know about it."

REPRESENTATIVE BENJAMIN F. HAINES of Medford—"I have for some time believed that the New Haven was responsible for much of the sentiment in favor of the proposed trolley merger and therefore believe that the facts should be made known."

REPRESENTATIVE WILLIAM J. NAPHEN, of Natick—"If it is true that the New Haven road has expended thousands of dollars to manufacture sentiment for the trolley bill, I for one, as a representative in the Legislature of a constituency of this Commonwealth, want the facts to be made known."

REPRESENTATIVE ROBERT M. WASHBURN, of Worcester—"I appeared before the Rules Committee in favor of investigating the AMERICAN'S charges."

REPRESENTATIVE GEORGE M. WORRALL, of Attleboro—"My advocacy of the order for an investigation before the Rules Committee shows my attitude on the question."

REPRESENTATIVE C. H. FELKER of Avon—"Yes."

REPRESENTATIVE NORMAN B. PARSONS of Worcester—"Yes."

REPRESENTATIVE JOSEPH CRAIG of Lowell—"Most assuredly."

REPRESENTATIVE ANDREW A. CASSASSA of Revere—"Yes."

REPRESENTATIVE FRANK MULVENY of Fall River—"Certainly."

REPRESENTATIVE W. H. DOLBEN of Somerville—"Yes."

REPRESENTATIVE F. L. PEIRCE of Lexington—"Yes."

REPRESENTATIVE HENRY H. SEARS of Dennis—"Yes."

DEMOCRATS.

The following Democrats answered in the affirmative:

SENATOR FRANCIS J. HORGAN of Dorchester—"Yes, I think the Legislature should know all the facts, and if it can be proved that the New Haven is illegally spending money to influence opinion in the Western part of the State we should be informed of it."

SENATOR JAMES H. BRENNAN of Charlestown—"Certainly. I want the facts to be made known."

SENATOR THOMAS M. JOYCE of Boston—"I want the truth to be made known, and my answer, therefore, is Yes."

SENATOR WILLIAM F. HICKEY of Boston—"Yes."

SENATOR REDMOND S. FITZGERALD of Boston—"If such a situation as alleged by the AMERICAN exists I believe that it is in the interests of the public that the Legislature be made aware of it."

SENATOR CHARLES F. McCARTHY of Marlboro—"I am in favor of the truth being made known."

REPRESENTATIVE JOHN A. ANDERSON of Dorchester—"Public interest demands that the facts be made known."

REPRESENTATIVE MICHAEL J. BROPHY of Boston—"Certainly."

REPRESENTATIVE MORTON H. BURDICK of Adams—"In answer to this question I would say that I have appeared before the Joint Rules Committee in favor of an order for a legislative investigation of the charges made by the AMERICAN in connection with the New Haven's activities on the trolley bill."

REPRESENTATIVE THOMAS J. CASEY of South Boston—"Yes."

REPRESENTATIVE GEORGE T. DALY of Boston—"Absolutely."

REPRESENTATIVE JOHN I. DONOVAN of Boston—"Yes."

REPRESENTATIVE JOHN DOUGLASS of East Boston—"I welcome the truth and therefore my answer is yes, emphatically."

REPRESENTATIVE JOHN T. FLANAGAN of Worcester—"Yes."

REPRESENTATIVE THOMAS J. GIBLIN of East Boston—"Certainly."

REPRESENTATIVE EDWARD M. HALL of Brimfield—I welcome an investigation because I am desirous that the facts be established."

REPRESENTATIVE MICHAEL A. HENEBERY of Worcester—I fail to see how any one can object to the facts in the case being made known."

REPRESENTATIVE JOSEPH LEONARD of Boston—Yes."

REPRESENTATIVE MICHAEL J. McETTRICK of Boston—If the New Haven road has expended money in the manner in which the AMERICAN charges, I believe the New Haven has committed an immoral act, to say the least. I am in favor of an investigation."

REPRESENTATIVE EDWARD E. McGRATH of Boston—(Absolutely)."

REPRESENTATIVE JOHN G. STEVENS, of Marblehead—"My action in introducing an order for an investigation of the AMERICAN'S charges shows how I stand on the matter."

REPRESENTATIVE BENJAMIN F. SULLIVAN, of East Boston—"I believe the facts should be made known, and favor an investigation."

REPRESENTATIVE LEWIS R. SULLIVAN, of Manchester—"It is essential that the Legislature should know the truth in this matter."

REPRESENTATIVE JOHN H. BUCKLEY, of Boston—"Most certainly."

REPRESENTATIVE DANIEL J. BUCKLEY, of Chicopee—"Yes."

REPRESENTATIVE CHARLES S. LAWLESS, of Boston—"Yes."

REPRESENTATIVE JOHN F. McCARTHY, of Boston—"I am heartily in favor of an investigation that will bring out the facts."

REPRESENTATIVE WILLIAM F. CARNEY, of Charlestown—"Yes."

REPRESENTATIVE HENRY J. MAHONEY of Cambridge—"I don't see how any Legislator can stand on sentiment the facts being made known."

REPRESENTATIVE PETER F. TAGUE of Boston—"I do the truth be known."

REPRESENTATIVE WILLIAM P. O'BRIEN of Boston—"I have assumed that the AMERICAN has been stating facts. I see no objection to the facts being made known."

REPRESENTATIVE JAMES E. GRIFFIN of Boston—"Yes."

REPRESENTATIVE JOHN E. QUINN of Cambridge—"Yes."

REPRESENTATIVE MICHAEL F. McGRATH of Charlestown—"Yes."

REPRESENTATIVE TIMOTHY J. AHEARN of Boston—"Yes."

REPRESENTATIVE JOHN C. MAHONEY of Worcester—"Yes."

REPRESENTATIVE JAMES J. BRENNAN of Charlestown—"Yes."

REPRESENTATIVE PATRICK B. CARR of Charlestown—"Yes."

REPRESENTATIVE JOHN J. CONWAY of Boston—"Yes."

REPRESENTATIVE JOHN F. DOHERTY of Fall River—"Yes."

REPRESENTATIVE DANIEL FITZPATRICK of Lawrence—"Yes."

REPRESENTATIVE FREDERICK J. GRADY of Dedham—"Yes."

REPRESENTATIVE EDWARD F. McLAUGHLIN of Boston—"Yes."

REPRESENTATIVE JOHN F. MEANEY of Blackstone—"Yes."

REPRESENTATIVE THOMAS D. SULLIVAN of Fall River—"Yes."

REPRESENTATIVE WILLIAM J. GRAHAM of Lawrence—"It is obvious that we ought to be fully informed on the trolley merger situation."

REPRESENTATIVE JAMES H. HURLEY of Marlboro—"I am in favor of getting all the information about the trolley merger proposition that is possible."

REPRESENTATIVE JAMES P. MAGUIRE of Boston—"Certainly I am in favor of having all the facts on the trolley matter before we vote upon this trolley merger. I would like to know just what the New Haven is doing and has done on this matter."

REPRESENTATIVE TIMOTHY J. MEAD of Brockton—"Let us have all the facts."

REPRESENTATIVE ROBERT ROBINSON of Boston—"I am in favor of having such proofs brought before the Legislature, if there are any."

REPRESENTATIVE DAVID F. SULLIVAN of Holyoke—"I should like to have any proofs of such conduct as is alleged laid before the Legislature."

REPRESENTATIVE JOHN J. LYDON of Boston—"I am in favor of having all the information and proofs available."

REPRESENTATIVE GEORGE P. WEBSTER of Rockport, the only member of the Progressive party seen by the canvassers, said:

"If there are proofs of such conduct they ought surely should be brought to the attention of the Legislature."

SOCIALIST.

REPRESENTATIVE CHARLES H. MORRILL of Haverhill, the only Socialist member of the Legislature, said:

"By all means let us have the truth."

One in the Negative.

The following legislators answered in the negative:

REPUBLICANS.

REPRESENTATIVE WILLIAM M. ARMSTRONG of Somerville—"No."

These Want to Wait.

The following wanted to wait until the committee on rules reports on the previous order before committing themselves on the question:

REPUBLICANS.

SENATOR LOMBARD WILLIAMS of Dedham—"Because of the fact that an order for an investigation is at present being considered by the rules committee of the Legislature, I feel that it would be discourteous for me to answer this question at this time. I will go on record on the matter when it comes to a vote."

SENATOR CLARENCE W. HOBBS, of Hardwick.

SENATOR W. A. L. BAZELEY, of Uxbridge.

REPRESENTATIVE MICHAEL S. KEENAN, of Lynn.

REPRESENTATIVE JOSEPH W. MARTIN, JR., of North Attleboro.

REPRESENTATIVE HENRY H. PARSONS, of Gloucester.

REPRESENTATIVE OTIS W. BUTLER, of Lowell.

REPRESENTATIVE GEORGE P. DRURY, of Waltham.

REPRESENTATIVE ELIE J. DUCHARME of Taunton.

REPRESENTATIVE GEORGE H. ELLIS of Newton.

REPRESENTATIVE WINDSOR H. WYMAN of Abington.

REPRESENTATIVE HENRY L. ANDREWS of Woburn.

REPRESENTATIVE R. M. SMITH of Somerville.

REPRESENTATIVE JOHN W. CHURCHILL of Plymouth.

REPRESENTATIVE GEORGE W. P. BAHL of Boston.

REPRESENTATIVE JOHN E. BECK of Chelsea.

REPRESENTATIVE GEORGE W. LIBBEY of Melrose.

REPRESENTATIVE JOHN BALLANTYN of Boston.

DEMOCRATS.

SENATOR JOHN H. MACK of North Adams.

REPRESENTATIVE JOHN P. BUCKLEY of Brockton.

REPRESENTATIVE ISAAC GORDON of Boston.

Wilson's Answer.

REPRESENTATIVE HERBERT A. WILSON made a peculiar answer—"I don't care to be mixed up in the matter at all."

Here's Ex-Gov. Bates' Very Latest Story

Janitor Ordered Lights Out at Night Session, Didn't See Judge and Jury.

Here is former Governor Bates' latest story. It convulsed 200 members of the Boston University Law School Association at a banquet at the American House yesterday:

In the third session a short time ago the action of an English company against Boston parties was being heard, and Mr. Hamilton, one of the greatest authorities on contracts, had been brought from England to testify as an expert. Mr. Hamilton wished to sail for home the following day. Judge Fessenden decided to hold a night session.

It is well known that Chief Justice Aiken had issued orders that lights in the Court House in

BAY STATE WIFE TELLS HOW MORMONS DECEIVED HER INTO CELESTIAL MARRIAGE

Took Elder as Plural Husband on Order from the Church—Eyes Opened to Wrong When Baby Came and at Once Sought Peace in Flight from the Horrors of Polygamous Union

THE case of at least one Massachusetts woman, who declares she was victimized by the so-called "Celestial marriage" of the Mormon faith, has been told to the Sunday AMERICAN by the woman herself.

"Mrs. Lewis Bottome" is the name by which this woman is known now in anti-Mormon circles. She is called by this name for purposes of publicity. It is not her right name. No statements in this article are meant to apply to any real Mrs Lewis Bottome, if there be such. Only, for convenience of identification, that name has been bestowed on this woman at the anti-Mormon headquarters in Tremont Temple.

"Mrs. Lewis Bottome,"—as she is styled—yielded to an order from the Mormon Church to enter into, a "Celestial marriage" with Elder Rays, though she always had a husband living.

"Mrs. Bottome" finally obeyed the church order. After a baby girl was born to her she suddenly realized the hideous wrong inflicted upon the child of this "Celestial" union. She left the Mormon Church. Here is her story:

Received Order from Church.

I was married twelve years ago to Mr. Bottome by a Protestant minister. I was a Mormon; so was my husband. Everything went on well and happy with me until the Mormon hierarchy, about six years ago, ordered me to prepare for a "Celestial marriage," according to the laws of the Mormon Church.

Now I already had a legal marriage in this State. But, when the order came for my "Celestial marriage," I must obey or else suffer degredation in the eyes of the church.

For many days I thought the matter all over. Being a Mormon, I tried to see it in the right light of my belief. I wrote to many of my friends in Utah, telling them what my future was to be. They all wrote that the Church was right and I need not set my opinion above that of the Church.

It took me a long time before I came to a decision. I knew what my duty was, to submit to the Church. There was the celestial law of the Church. I must obey it.

I was married six years ago, according to the Celestial law of the Church, to Elder Ray. I had a legal marriage twelve years ago, but the crowning glory of my life, it was thoroughly explained to me, was this "Celestial marriage."

Realized Awful Mistake.

A little girl was born of this union with Elder Ray. Just as soon as that girl baby was born it dawned upon me what a mistake I had made, how falsely I had interpreted the meaning of my first marriage.

I was told that the State could not prosecute me for this "Celestial marriage," simply because I had had a legal marriage twelve years ago and my husband in that marriage was still alive. I was told that the "Celestial marriage" was all right.

But, as I looked at that little baby, my conscience accused me. For months afterward I tried to get it out of my mind. I could not do it. If I had not had this "Celestial marriage" I think that I would have felt differently.

Driven desperate by my thoughts, I told the Elder that I could not bear my marriage any longer. He left me after a time and went to Texas. In the meantime I had left the Mormon Church.

I feel much better for leaving Mormonism. It seems to me that this "Celestial marriage," ordered by the Celestial law of the Church, was the beginning of my troubles. My conscience would not keep still.

Though brought up in Mormonism I have mingled a great deal with Gentiles. I am glad that I am now a free woman. There are other things I cannot speak of.

No "Celestial marriage" is ever attempted without a regular legal marriage in the first place. But there are very few women in the East who have been through "Celestial marriages," who are happy in them.

It is charged that Mormon missionaries, seeking proselytes in Boston, are converting many girls to Mormonism and that these girls may be victims of "Celestial marriages," after they have entered into a legal marriage.

No Male Converts.

Elder William J. Van Orden, head of the Mormon Church in Boston, asked about the "Celestial Marriage," replied:

"Christ never said a word against polygamy in the New Testament."

Mrs. Bottome's friends in anti-Mormonism say that it is necessary to conceal her real name at present on account of Mormon persecutions which have followed her since she abandoned the church.

Boston clergyman relates to the AMERICAN the following:

In the Summer of 1911 I was conducting gospel meetings on Pemberton square. One evening a middle-aged woman met me and said: "You ought to become a member of our church, the Church of the Latter Day Saints. If you will come home with me I will give you some of our literature."

As I had been asking for information of the Mormon Church I went. Her home was not more than a thousand yards from Pemberton square.

After going up a flight of steps we came to her room. Her trunk was packed. She said she was ready to start for Utah. She said she had been a member of the Mormon Church two years. I prayer for her, asking God to open her eyes to the danger she was in.

Even then she asked me if I would go to Utah with her. She said they would marry us for all eternity. I told her I was married. Then I left.

Two days later, on Pemberton square, this Mormon woman threatened to shoot me because I would not go to Utah with her.

TO HONOR MAJ.-GEN. MEADE

Senate Authorizes Pedestal on Which to Erect Statue.

WASHINGTON, March 1.—The Senate late last night passed the bill authorizing the preparation of plans for the erection of a pedestal in this city upon which it is proposed to place the statue of Major-General George Gordon Meade.

The pedestal is to be furnished by the government at a cost not to exceed $10,000, and the statue is to be furnished by the State of Pennsylvania at a cost of $20,000. The bill provides for the creation of a commission to approve the plans for the material.

GIRL WIZARD IN ESPERANTO

Child of Five Acts in Universal Language Playlet.

PITTSBURGH, March 1.—Miss Elizabeth Rose Thomas, five-year-old daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Vernon D. Thomas, had a star role in the Esperanto playlet produced by the Pittsburgh Esperanto Club at Carnegie Institute.

Little Elizabeth speaks Esperanto fluently. She is more eloquent in this mixture of tongues than with the English language. She has been taught Esperanto since babyhood, and has some difficulty in understanding the other children at kindergarten.

A TRUE STATEMENT BY SCOTT & COMPANY LIMITED

An unfair news item was published yesterday by some Boston newspapers, We believe it was unintentional, but very apt to leave a wrong impression in the minds of our customers and the public.

The statement was made that "strike-breakers" at work for us were assaulted in front of our premises.

We wish to state emphatically that we have never had a strike-breaker in our employ—WE HAVE HAD NO STRIKE—our workrooms were closed temporarily because our men were intimidated.

Our workrooms are now open and fully manned by our own crew of trained men, who are well paid, well satisfied, and anxious to remain at work.

We believe the City of Boston can give us ample protection for both life and property, and we propose to conduct OUR business along the lines we established eight years ago—fair to our help, our customers and ourselves.

Scott & Company
LIMITED

340 WASHINGTON STREET

Wed After Two Elopements
Hurdy-Gurdy Plays the March

MARGARET A. THORNTON and David Levin, who were married in Boston by a Justice of the Peace after futile elopements to Maine.

Hack at Ice to Get Fire Victims' Bodies

Twenty to Fifty Frozen in Center of Block in Ruins of Hotel Dawey in Omaha.

OMAHA, March 1.—Frozen in the centre of a block of ice weighing thousands of tons, from twenty to fifty bodies of the victims of the Hotel Dewey fire are being sought by rescuers today.

Ever since the fire was placed under control yesterday rulers of men armed with axes have been hacking at the frozen debris. Up to noon today only one body had been recovered.

The thousands of gallons of water poured into the building while the fire was blazing has frozen solid. How many bodies may be concealed beneath the wreckage is still a matter of speculation.

QUITS SOCIETY FOR KITCHEN

St. Louis Debutante Will Take Up Cooking as Profession.

ST. LOUIS, March 1.—Following the Winter season round of dances, receptions, winter parties and social gatherings of varying degrees of brilliancy, Miss Delphine Force, a debutante of this season, and maid of honor at the Veiled Prophets ball, announced her intention to go in for cooking professionally and renounce society.

No, this is not her unique manner of announcing her engagement to a poor man. It is what she would call her emancipation declaration. When she still wore short frocks she selected cooking as a vocation, and now she has chosen it as a profession.

PIGEON BARES BETROTHAL.

Flutters Into Party with Announcement Tied to Leg.

SPOKANE, Wash., March 1.—When a real live carrier pigeon flew into the large living room of the Nicholas Codd residence, No. 1,904 East Montgomery avenue, this afternoon and dropped a note, it disclosed to twenty-five guests who had gathered for a Valentine party the secret engagement of Miss Genevieve Codd and James E. Cavanaugh, of White Pine, Mont.

When the pigeon fluttered into the room the note, which was tied with a dainty bow of ribbon, was picked up by one of the guests. It was an announcement of the betrothal.

GOOD JOB GOES BEGGING.

Lynn Mayor Unable to Find Man to Run Health Department.

There's a $1,200 job going begging down in Lynn. The shoemakers are sticking to their lasts, the policemen are beating it, and the pols are oozing and letting this get away from them.

Mayor George H. Newhall can't find anybody to be chairman of the Board of Health.

You don't have to be a doctor to run this job in Lynn.

Then why don't they nob the office of the Mayor? Echo answers why.

Michael P. Ward, who was discharged from his office two weeks ago, is still holding on because a successor can't be found, and there is now talk of reappointing Ward for that reason.

"THE EGYPTIAN PRINCESS."

The Choral Society of Radcliffe College has begun rehearsals for "The Egyptian Princess," which it will present on March 28 and 29. Miss Virginia Tanner, who is the coach, will give a solo dance. The work on the choruses and solos began some time ago under the leadership of Miss Gallison, the regular instructor for the society.

SOMERVILLE OFFICIAL TO WED CHIEF CLERK

Water Commissioner Merrill Betrothed to Miss Lillian E. Leavitt; Wedding March 13

Dan Cupid—besieging hearts in Somerville's City Hall—has achieved a great victory. In consequence of what he has accomplished, interest now centres upon the romance and wedding of Water Commissioner Frank E. Merrill and Miss Lillian E. Leavitt, who for thirteen years has served as chief clerk in his office.

Mr. Merrill is over fifty and a widower. He resides at No. 49 Fairmount avenue, West Somerville, and is prominent in the affairs of the West Somerville Congregational Church. His bride-to-be is thirty-six and makes her home with her widowed mother at No. 13 Pinckney street, East Somerville.

The announcement of the engagement created a stir in official circles of Somerville. Many termed it "an out and out City Hall romance." However, Mr. Merrill would not enter upon a discussion of that phase of it, save to say:

"We're too busy in the water department office to have more than a passing acquaintance."

The ceremony will be performed at the home of the bride on March 13, by the Rev. Harley D. Maxwell, pastor of the First Universalist Church. The honeymoon will be spent in Florida and the Panama canal zone and will occupy a month.

Mr. Merrill has been connected with the water department for twenty-three years, the last thirteen years serving as commissioner.

Miss Leavitt entered the department as clerk at the time Mr. Merrill became commissioner, serving continuously up to a few days ago, when she handed in her resignation in order to prepare for the ceremony.

She is a daughter of the late Edwin Leavitt, employed for three years preceding his death last October as stockman in the shop of the water department over which Mr. Merrill had charge.

Commissioner Merrill's wife died several years ago. He has two sons, one residing in Milford. The second, a physician, makes his winter home in Florida.

VILAS KNOWN IN NEWTON.

Dartmouth Student Suicide Wrote Farewell Note to Landlady.

Maynard Vilas, former student at Dartmouth College, who committed suicide by throwing himself into the Mascoma River at Lebanon, N. H., was very well known in Newton, where he made his home at the boarding house conducted by Miss Emily F. Emerson at No. 56 Richardson street. Before seeking death Vilas wrote a farewell message to Miss Emerson. She said last night:

"Maynard Vilas was thirty-one and a fine young man. Two years ago he went to Texas for his health, but returned here last September and found em[illegible] with the D. F. Munroe Paper Com[illegible]ton. Ten days ago he sho[illegible] melancholia and quit work. He [illegible] that he was going to join his family [illegible] Lebanon and left my residence last Tuesday. Then the news of his suicide reached me."

ANNA MILLER WOOD, prominent as contralto soloist in Boston, who is to be June bride of Frederick H. Harvey, graduate of Tech '93.

Fishermen Must Keep An Eye on New Law

Boston fishermen, professional or amateur, must be careful after March 19 where they fish. On that date a new law goes into effect. The law, Chapter 98, Acts of 1913, follows:

Section 1. It shall be unlawful to fish or for that purpose to set any line, trawl, seine or net of any kind in the main ship channels in Boston Harbor.

Section 2—For the purpose of this act the term "main ship channels" shall mean that part of the harbor in which the anchoring of vessels is forbidden by the regulations of the harbor master.

Section 3. Whoever violates the provisions of this act shall be punished by a fine of not more than $100, or by imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

TWO OFFICIALS' BIRTHDAY.

Malden Mayor and City Clerk to Celebrate.

The Malden citizens and office holders will observe their birthdays today. City Clerk Leverett D. Holden, will observe his seventieth birthday, while Mayor Charles Newmarket, who took office less than a week ago, will observe his forty-seventh birthday.

BOSTON CONTRALTO WON BY RANCHMAN

Anna Miller Wood, Soloist, to Be the Bride of F. H. Harvey.

The announcement of the engagement yesterday of Miss Anna Miller Wood, soloist in church and concert work, to Frederick Hall Harvey, Tech, '93, brought to light an unusually pretty romance.

Both came originally from California. It was in that State that they first met. When Miss Wood came East to complete her musical training, and to embark on her "career," Harvey also came East to study at Technology.

Both from the same State, they were together much in Boston, while they were both studying. Mr. Harvey, twenty years ago, urged the singer to marry him. But she was obdurate—she had "her career."

Continued Courtship.

Every year when Miss Wood returned to California, where she is even better known in concert work than in Boston, she found the engineer still devoted—still pressing. Harvey had become a leader among consulting mining engineers of the West.

Harvey owns a ranch in Galt, California. When Miss Wood was west last summer she was the guest of his mother at the ranch. It was then that her "career" seemed at last less important than their happiness, and so they became engaged, but she insisted on putting off the date of the marriage until June, 1913.

Miss Wood is one of the most popular contralto singers in Boston. She has been soloist with the choir of the First Church in Boston, Marlboro and Berkeley streets, for years, until three years ago.

Her fiance was graduated from Tech with the class of 1893. He has been East several times since then, never missing an opportunity to press on Miss Wood his argument that she give up her "career" to become the object of his.

Miss Wood is of striking personality.

To Be June Bride.

"Romantic?" she laughed, when asked of her wedding. "Of course it is romantic, Mr. Harvey and I met years ago in California. It is so many years ago that I would not dare to tell exactly. Oh, I think it ever so much more romantic to have met him in California, where we both belong, than to have met him in the East.

"Mr. Harvey's ranch at Galt, California, he inherited from his father. But please do not think he is a cowboy. He isn't. And I am not going out there to be a 'cow-girl.' We will live in San Francisco. But our vacations we will spend on the ranch.

"I am to be married in June. It will be impossible for me to close my contracts with my pupils until June. But after I am through teaching here, it is off to the West.

"Give up my music? Impossible. But perhaps my audiences in the future will be limited to just one. Still, is that the real ambition of every woman? I think it is."

Veteran Sheriff Dean Dead.

TAUNTON, March 1.—David Dean, who has been a deputy sheriff since 1876, died at his home in this city. He has been prominent in Republican politics for a half century. He leaves widow, two sons and three daughters.

Here's an Advance Sale of Spring Suits at Prices That Will Interest Every Woman Who Seeks Economy

These SUITS

Are the smartest and newest of Spring Styles, made from men's wear serges and worsteds in black, navy and brown. They are lined fully with guaranteed satin and tailored carefully throughout and handsomely trimmed with silk braids, etc. Over a dozen different models in the lot, one of which is illustrated at the left. They are really $18.00 and $20.00 suits, but to stimulate early buying we offer them in this advance sale at

9.98

Mail Orders Filled

All Alterations Made Free

Final Clearance of Winter Goods

6.98 to 12.00 Coats Now at 3.35

About 85 Winter Coats, made from double-faced cloths, chinchillas, boucles, effectives and Scotch mixtures. Cut in the fashionable full length models, with plain or notch collars, fancy collars, etc. Positively worth $6.98 to $12. Clearance Price.

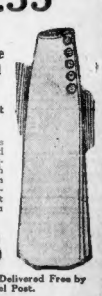
3.35

The Best Skirt Value Ever Offered in Boston

A $5.00 Skirt for $1.98

Made in this plain tailored style for English broadcloth and neatly button trimmed. A regular $5.00 Skirt that we offer in this sale at

1.98



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Legal Stamps Given

25 to 29 Tremont Street

Open Saturday Evenings

Save Your Health

Most sicknesses that impair health have their start in quite ordinary ailments of the organs of digestion or elimination. Stomach, liver, kidneys, and bowels are quickly benefited by the action of

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Sold everywhere. In boxes, 10c., 25c.

Our Underselling Supremacy Is Universally Acknowledged

A Great Sale Is On, and Yesterday's Success Foretells the Tremendous Enthusiasm of Tomorrow

Bankrupt Stock of Women's Coats, Suits, Waists, Skirts, House Dresses, Etc.

SUITS

$15.00 AND $18.50 SUITS—In serges, mixtures and cheviots, only 97 in this lot. Bankrupt Sale price..... **5.98**

$25 SUITS—Values up to $30, mostly broadcloths, some serges and a few mixtures. Bankrupt Sale price..... **6.98**

$15.00 TO $20.00 SUITS—In all-wool serge and plain tailored styles. Bankrupt Sale price..... **7.98**

A FEW $15.00 SPRING SUITS—In all-wool serge coats made colored. Bankrupt Sale price..... **9.98**

Skirts

$3.98 SKIRTS—In serge, panama, cheviot and corduroy, broken lots. Bankrupt Sale price..... **1.49**

VOILE, SERGE AND PANAMA SKIRTS—Values up to $5.98, extra good quality. Bankrupt Sale price..... **1.98**

CORDUROY, SERGE VOILE AND PANAMA SKIRTS—In crepe mixtures, worth up to $6.98; summer-weight styles. Bankrupt Sale price..... **2.98**

VOILE, SERGE AND PANAMA SKIRTS—In many styles, some with silk drop. Bankrupt Sale price..... **3.98**

SMART SKIRTS—Made of all-wool materials, new Spring models, values up to $12.98. At..... **4.98**

Remember the Advantages of Our Low Cash Prices.

House Garments

$1.50 TUB DRESSES—Some so cut, made of linen, in most pretty forms. Bankrupt Sale price..... **79c**

$1.00 ONE-PIECE HOUSE DRESSES—Of good percale, in a variety of patterns and colors. Bankrupt Sale price..... **59c**

$1.00 LONG KIMONOS—Of fancy outing flannel, in a variety of styles. Bankrupt Sale price..... **69c**

59c DRESSING SACQUES—Of percale and lawn, with fitted back and belt. Bankrupt Sale price.. **39c**

59c WRAPPERS—An odd lot of dark colors, all sizes in the lot, but not all in each style. Bankrupt Sale price..... **59c**

$1

Ladies' $2 & $2.50 Sweaters

Ladies' All-wool Sweaters, in plain and fancy weaves, good selection of colors and sizes. Bankrupt Sale price..... **$1**

Ladies' $3 & $4 Sweaters

This lot of Ladies' All-wool Sweaters is a most exceptional lot in a good variety of styles and colors. Bankrupt Sale price..... **$2**

DRESSES

$7 DRESSES—Values up to $7.98, in serge, silk and linenette, pretty and effective styles. Bankrupt Sale price..... **2.98**

SERGE DRESSES—Made of all-wool material, in popular shades. Bankrupt Sale price..... **4.98**

DAINTY ALL-WOOL SERGE DRESSES—Pretty trimmed, with buttons and braid loops. Bankrupt Sale price..... **5.98**

HANDSOME DRESSES — Serge and pretty black and white checks, elegantly trimmed. Bankrupt Sale price..... **8.98**

COATS

$8.98 COATS—One reel of odds and ends, includes some $12.98 and $15.00 garments. Bankrupt Sale price..... **1.98**

$2.98 ENGLISH SLIP-ON RAIN COATS—In tan and gray, plaid backs. Bankrupt sale price..... **1.33**

$12.98 COATS—In fancy mixtures, browns and cadet, with collarettes. Bankrupt Sale price..... **3.98**

COAT VALUES UP TO $16.50—In fancy mixtures and stripes. Bankrupt Sale price..... **6.98**

500 FINE WHITE LINGERIE WAISTS—All in perfect condition, regular price 59c. Bankrupt Sale price..... **39c**

62 DOZEN EMBROIDERED LAWN AND STRIPED VOILE WAISTS—High neck and long sleeves, regular price 98c. Bankrupt Sale price..... **49c**

750 FINE TAILORED WAISTS—Of percale, madras, cheviette and linen, mannish and Gibson styles, regular price 89c. Bankrupt Sale price..... **55c**

39c WAISTS

575 SILK CHIFFON WAISTS—Excellent models and perfectly tailored, high neck and long sleeves, in white, flesh, navy, tuxedo and Paisley effects. Bankrupt Sale price..... **1.49**

573 MESSALINE, PONGEE AND JAP SILK WAISTS—In a large assortment of styles in each style, so many that they do not list. Bankrupt Sale price..... **1.79**

Every Floor An Every-day Center of Practical Economy.

THE STORE OF THE PEOPLE

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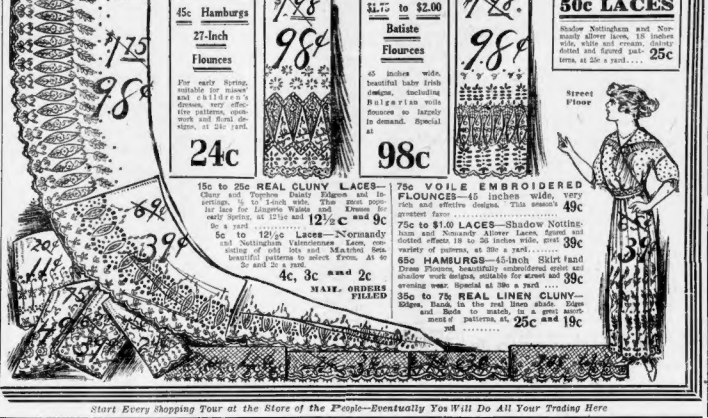
It pays to pay Cash

Legal Stamps — NEW ENGLAND'S GREATEST CASH HOUSE — Legal Stamps

A Tower of Strength—A Protector of the People Against the High Costs of Life's Necessities.

Laces, Hamburgs and Flouncings

A Mammoth Purchase and an Extraordinary Sale of an Importer's Stock at About One-Half Usual Prices



45c Hamburgs 27-Inch Flounces — For early Spring, suitable for misses' and children's dresses, very effective patterns, open-work and floral designs, at 24c yard. **24c**

$1.75 to $2.00 Batiste Flounces — 45 inches wide, beautiful lace finish designs, including Bulgarian voile flounces so largely in demand. Special at **98c**

50c LACES — Shadow Nottingham and Normandy allover laces, 18 inches wide, white and ecrusm, dainty dotted and figured patterns, at 25c a yard..... **25c**

15c to 25c REAL CLUNY LACES—Cluny and Spanish Dainty Edges and Insertings, ½ to 1-inch wide. The most popular line for Lingerie Waists and Dresses for early Spring, at 12½c and 9c per yard..... **12½c and 9c**

5c to 12½c Laces—Normandy and Nottingham Valenciennes Laces, consisting of odd lots and Manufacturers' beautiful patterns to select from. At 4c 3c and 2c a yard..... **4c, 3c and 2c**

MAIL ORDERS FILLED

75c VOILE EMBROIDERED FLOUNCES—45 inches wide, very rich and effective designs. This season's greatest favor..... **49c**

75c to $1.00 LACES—Shadow Nottingham and Normandy Allover Laces, figured and dotted effects 18 to 36 inches wide, great variety of patterns, at 39c a yard..... **39c**

65c HAMBURGS—45-inch Skirt and Dress Flounces, beautifully embroidered eyelet and shadow work designs, suitable for street and dress evening wear. Special at 39c a yard..... **39c**

35c to 75c REAL LINEN CLUNY—Edges, Bands in the real linen shades. Edges and Bands to match, in a great assortment of patterns, at 25c and 19c a yard..... **25c and 19c**

Start Every Shopping Tour at the Store of the People—Eventually You Will Do All Your Trading Here

Floor Coverings

Sixth Floor

75c LINOLEUMS—Made from cork and linseed oil, perfect goods, 12 feet wide, will cover the room of ordinary size without a seam, at 59c and 69c per sq. yard.

59c and 69c

SMYRNA RUGS—Imperial brand, all wool, the highest grade made, reversible patterns, practically new rugs in one. A fortunate purchase enables us to offer these durable goods at a great discount from the usual price.

$3.50 Rugs, size 30x60, at..... **2.23**

$5.00 Rugs, size 36x72, at..... **3.28**

$7.50 Rugs, size 48x54, at..... **5.38**

TAPESTRY BRUSSELS RUGS—Extra heavy quality, woven in one piece.

$15.00 Rugs, size 9 0, at..... **12.58**
$20.00 Rugs, size 9x12, at..... **15.98**

AXMINSTER RUGS—Beautiful covering for the parlor floor.

$20.00 Rugs, size 8.3x10.6, at..... **16.98**
$25.00 Rugs, size 9 x12, at..... **18.48**

SEAMLESS TAPESTRY BRUSSELS RUGS—Strictly one-piece goods.

$ 8.75 Rugs, size 6 x 9, at..... **5.98**
$12.00 Rugs, size 8 x10, at..... **8.95**
$14.00 Rugs, size 9 x12, at..... **11.98**
$21.00 Rugs, size 11.3x12, at..... **15.98**

$1.50 AXMINSTER PARLOR RUGS—In beautiful designs, marked as a special value at..... **1.23**

$1.75 BRUSSELS CARPETS—For hall and stairs, marked at..... **1.38**

55c INGRAIN CARPETS—Partly cotton, at 43c per square yard..... **43c**

80c TAPESTRY BRUSSELS CARPETS—For hall and stairs, at 69c per yard..... **69c**

Silk Fabrics

Street Floor

98c MESSALINE—One yard wide, in the following shades only; reseda, taupe, garnet, old gold, steel, cocoanut brown, purple and Kelley. Special at 59c a yard..... **59c**

79c CORDUROY—28 inches wide, scarlet, old rose, tan, reseda and black. Special at 59c a yard..... **59c**

39c CHINA SILKS—Light and dark colors, 27 inches wide, suitable for all kinds of fancy work; also for drapery purposes, all silk. Special at 19c a yard..... **19c**

49c and 59c MESSALINES—In a full line of shades, extra good quality, heavy weight. Special at 39c a yard..... **39c**

98c BLACK MESSALINES—Very soft finish, Liberty or Charmeuse finish, full yard wide. Special at 79c a yard..... **79c**

Dress Goods

Street Floor

$1.75 BLACK DIAGONAL SUITINGS—54 inches wide. Special at $1.49 a yard..... **1.49**

$1.75 FRENCH CANVAS SUITINGS—54 inches wide, soft finish. Special at $1.49 a yard..... **1.49**

$1.75 BLACK MOHAIR WHIPCORD—Will neither wrinkle nor hold the dust, 54 inches wide. Special at $1.49 a yard..... **1.49**

$1.25 and $1.39 BLACK MOHAIR—Extra heavy quality, very silky, 54 inches wide. Special at $1.00 a yard..... **1.00**

$1.25 BLACK STORM SERGES—Blue black and jet black. An extra good quality, soft or hard finish. Special at 98c a yard..... **98c**

COLORED DRESS GOODS

$1.00 and $1.25 SUITINGS—A collection of all our odd pieces and discontinued lines, including fancy diagonals, pebble cheviots, canvas suitings, stripe serges, panamas, storm serges, Plain and fancy broadcloths, from 54 to 56 inches wide, all wool. Special at 59c a yard..... **59c**

Women's Wear

Street Floor

50c UNDERWEAR—Bleached, fleece lined vests, long sleeves and ankle length pants, sizes 4, 5 and 6..... **39c**

25c HOSIERY—Black, heavy and medium weight cotton, high spliced heels, reinforced soles and toes, wide garter top, broken lines and irregulars, at 18c pair..... **18c**

Again in the Lead With the Hats That Are "New"

$4.98 Hats

We believe that our advance exhibits of the new ideas in hats for early Spring wear will eclipse in style, beauty and price that of any previous season; in fact, we doubt if any more comprehensive showing will be made anywhere. Every conceit of fashion, the clever upright trimming effects, the dainty miniature shapes, as well as the ever popular styles of conservatism. No advanced prices—the same old reliable features of the past, that year in and year out are founded upon an irreproachable reputation for the best hats in New England at anywhere near the price.

HATS at 2.98	HATS at 3.98	At 4.98	HATS at 6.98	HATS at 9.98
Worth Much More	Unusual Values	Nothing Equals Them In New England	The Best at the Price	Exclusive Styles

From Basement to Roof This Great Establishment Is Overflowing With Seasonable Bargains—The Economy Shopping Center of Boston.

Always Make It a Point to Follow Our Grocery Prices—It Means Money Saved to You

22c COCOA—Baker's Cocoa at 2c a can..... **18c**

42c CHOCOLATE—Baker's Bensdorp Chocolate at 32c a pound..... **32c**

25c JAM—Glass jars of Chivers imported Gooseberry or Greengage Jams..... **17c**

12c FIG BARS—Fresh Baked Salted Cream Cod Fig Bars..... **8c**

15c 20-MULE TEAM BORAX—In packages 20-Mule Team Borax at..... **9c**

28c VANILLA—Burnett's Vanilla at 22c a bottle..... **22c**

Second Floor

5c UNEEDAS—Both Baked Uneedas..... **3 for 10c**

12c BAKING POWDER—Royal Baking Powder at 8c a pound..... **8c**

12c HERRING—Imported Norwegian Pal Herrings in Tomato..... **2 Tins 17c**

10c HORSE RADISH—Pure Horse Radish..... **2 Bottles 15c**

12c PRUNES—Hatchets California Fancy Prunes at 8c a pound..... **8c**

12c TOMATOES—Southern Packed Tomatoes at 9c a can..... **9c**

Men's Wear

Street Floor

$1.00 NEGLIGEE SHIRTS—Fancy negligee shirts with attached laundered cuffs, neat, fancy; also back and white patterns..... **69c**

59c NEGLIGEE SHIRTS—Fancy negligee shirts with attached laundered cuffs, coat style..... **39c**

50c HALF HOSE—Pure thread silk half hose, with double linle thread heels, toes and soles; colors black and navy. Subject to slight imperfections. 25c per pair..... **25c**

$1.00 and $1.50 FLANNEL SHIRTS—French Flannel Shirts with attached soft collars and cuffs, odd lots, broken sizes..... **58c**

39c UNDERWEAR—Egyptian balbriggan shirts, long sleeves, double seated ankle drawers to match. 29c per garment..... **29c**

50c UNDERWEAR—Heavy weight, Egyptian ribbed, balbriggan shirts and drawers, first quality, 42c per garment..... **42c**

59c NEGLIGEE SHIRTS—Fancy Negligee Shirts, with attached laundered cuffs; cut full size and well made, neat patterns..... **39c**

Women's Boots

For Spring Wear

$3 and $3.50 BOOTS—1,000 pairs, Goodyear welts, a large purchase that enables us to sell these up-to-date goods at a very low price; a fine assortment of styles and leathers. Market at $4.98 a pair..... **1.98**

COLUMBIA BOOTS—New spring styles for women, in a fine assortment in patent and dull leather, with cloth tops. Always an excellent value at $3.98 a pair..... **2.48**

GIRLS' $2.00 BOOTS—We are closing out at a very low price the balance of a large purchase of Rhoade Boots, all of good high-cut patterns, needing a run up to 2 feet, are somewhat broken. Market price $3.00 to $3.50..... **1.49**

BOYS' SCHOOL SHOES—Our Walton Brand—These shoes are reliable and the prices are very low. We sell thousands of pairs and patrons return for more.

Sizes 9 to 13½..... **98c**
Sizes 1 to 5½, Misses' and Children's..... **1.98**
Sizes 2½ to 6, Misses' at..... **1.49**
Sizes 9½ to 2, Misses' at..... **1.39**

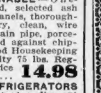
GIVEN FREE—1,000 School or Desk Rulers, 12 inches long, will be given away in this department during this sale. Only one to each purchaser.

Refrigerators

Opening Sale

Complete assortment of the old reliable Eddy, Leonard Cleanable, Belding Hall's Century and Success, the all-steel refrigerators, at Lowest Cash Prices.

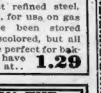
BELDING HALL'S CENTURY—Selected ash case, double walls and charcoal sheathing, requires less ice than single wall boxes, galvanized steel lining, adjustable wire shelves, removable drain pipe; ice capacity 85 lbs. Regular price $11.49. Price Monday, only..... **9.98**



LEONARD'S CLEANABLE—One-piece, porcelain lined, selected ash case, quartered oak panels, thoroughly insulated, sanitary, clean, wire shelves, removable drain pipe, porcelain lining guaranteed against chipping; Indorsed by Housekeeping Magazine. Ice capacity 75 lbs. Regular price $17.98. Price Monday, only..... **14.98**

LAST SEASON REFRIGERATORS—All to be closed out at a discount of 25 per cent from prices marked on them.

$7.75 NEW PERFECTION STOVES—Blue flame cooking stoves, with legs, like cut, the improved wick stove that gives an intense heat. Priced for Monday, only..... **6.49**



$2.49 ERIC GAS STOVES—Flat top, one giant burner and one star burner, 2 in all, plain black finish, nickel feet and feed pipe, priced for Monday, only..... **1.98**

$2.24 OVENS—Best refined steel, covers two burners, for use on gas or oil stoves, have been stored where they got discolored, but all right to use and are perfect for baking, new goods. We have 150 of these to sell at.. **1.29**

Easy to Understand the Practical Economies of Our Low Cash Prices

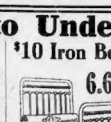
IN THE FOLLOWING

$10.00 CRIB OUTFIT—In white enamel finish, sliding sides and No. 1 special spring bottom, complete with white cotton mattress. For this sale at..... **6.98**

$10.00 SLIDING COUCH—The kind that separates, iron frame with National spring top. Complete with white cotton combination mattresses and pillows for this sale at..... **6.98**

$6.50 COUCH COVERS—Steel frame couch, 50 inches wide, with National top. Complete with extra-more hair mattress. For this sale at..... **4.49**

$10 Iron Beds **6.69**



$10.00 IRON BEDS—As shown, very heavy construction with brass rails. Special at..... **6.69**

$30.00 BUFFET—As shown, all polished quartered oak, with large 45-inch base and massive claw feet. Special at..... **19.50**

$5.00 DINING CHAIR—Solid quartered oak with genuine leather slip seats..... **1.95**

$35.00 Library Sets

$35.00 LIBRARY SUITE—As down, with heavy box seats of genuine leather seats, golden, weathered and framed oak and imitation mahogany. Special at..... **19.98**

$15.00 FIRESIDE CHAIR OR ROCKER—All over-stuffed chair with roll top, deep seat, large arms and high-grade imitation English leather cover. Sale price..... **9.98**

$5.00 REED ROCKERS—Fully guaranteed, full arm, top and front cord, full woven back, brown, green or natural finish. Special at..... **2.98**

$24.50 DRESSER OR CHIFFONIER—Full swell front, like cut, in dark and light mahogany, birdseye maple and golden quartered oak. Special at..... **15.00** Each

$20 & $25 Brass Beds **15.00**

$20.00 AND $25.00 BRASS BEDS—This illustrates one of several patterns we place on sale Monday. Choice at..... **15.00**

$8.50 MATTRESSES—All pure white cotton throughout, full thickness and weight. All sizes; a special value for this sale at only..... **5.50**

$8.50 SPRINGS—Our special make, built very high, with rounded corners, heavy National wire top; a special value for **3.39** this sale, at only...

$12.50 MATTRESSES—Built in layers of pure white cotton felt; extra heavy ticking, all sizes; a special value for this sale, at only..... **8.98**

Additional Economies in Legal Stamps

The New Mosiac Filet Embroidery Taught Free in Our Art Department

Pending materials are purchased here. A broad variety of filet nets are shown. Mosiac filet beside plained like per 12 yards. Among the new things are:

CUT EDGE LINENS.

6 Inch..... 5¢ | 18 Inch..... 25¢
9 Inch..... 10¢ | 24 Inch..... 35¢
12 Inch..... 15¢ | 36 Inch..... 50¢

Shoe and Laundry Boxes, 5¢ and $1.00
Stamped Towels 12½c, 25c, 50c
Pillow Tubing, New Patterns, 25c and 50c

4 Min. by Tunnel to Ne. 9th. Nearest Big Store to South Sta.

HENRY SIEGEL CO.

HELP US DISTRIBUTE $5000 TO CHARITY

A New Restaurant Attraction

Beginning tomorrow the Massachusetts Festival Orchestra and Miss Ethel Rae, Soloist, will be Regular Attractions Daily from 12 M. to 2:15 P. M.

Annual Sale of Spring Blouses

Here Are Four Wonderful Sale Prices

Waists that usually sell at $1.00 and $1.25—Finest batiste, in the new Bulgarian embroidery, square neck with trimmings of Val. lace, some made with plaited frills. All sizes..... **79c**

Waists that usually sell at $2.00—Finest batiste or voile, elaborately trimmed with finest Val. and Irish laces, imported medallions, fancy jabot effects, new sailor collars in two tones; 25 styles for choice..... **$1.00**

Waists that usually sell at $2.98 and $2.50—Batiste or voiles, trimmings of plaited frills, entire fronts of fine embroidery tucking, hand embroidered collars, very and smart long sleeve styles. All sizes..... **$1.25**

Waists that sell regularly at $3.00 and $4.00—All exact copies of Paris models that sell for five times our price, in important voile and French batiste, all white or combination colorings. Many fine trimmings..... **$2.00**

Reliable Notions

We've marked them way below the usual sale prices

$5.00 Dressmakers Complete Forms . . $2.25

Now Models, jersey covered, can be extended to 40 inch height, all sizes 32 to 50, in limited quantities..... $2.25

8c Paper of Ne Plus Ultra Pins, 360 count, needle points, all..... 4c

15c Double Covered Dress Shields, excellent quality odorless, at, 3 pairs for..... 25c

15c Bundle Wire Hairpins, 10 package to a bundle, at..... 9c

25c Box Shell Pins, ½ dozen pins to a box, excellent quality, at..... 9c

25c Dunlitea Dusey, large size, at..... 10c

5c Spool Machine and Hand Sewing Cotton, black or white, at..... 2½c

12½c Dust Caps, assorted patterns, at..... 8c

5c Spool Silk, black only, 100 yard spools, at..... 3c

5c Spool Basting Cotton, 500 yard spools, at..... 2½c

Mail Orders Filled.

Tomorrow—A Great Sale of Scrim & Lace Curtains

Nearly ½ prices on many of them

$1.75 Scrim Curtains—500 pairs, a good variety of lace insertions, both wide and narrow; also several with double band borders trimmed with neat lace edges, white or Arabian. Pair..... **89c**

$3.50 Renaissance Lace Curtains—Heavy double thread Renaissance weaves in corners, in white or Arabian; also 100 pairs of fine Voile Scrim and Mercerized Curtains with wide lace insertions. At, pair..... **$1.69**

Ruffled Muslin Curtains 125 pairs good quality material, with hemstitched ruffle. Pair, only..... **29c**

Ruffled Muslin Curtain Ends—Big variety, all **9c**

Point Curtains—Large borders and large centers, make an extra fine lace curtain, several patterns. Pr..... **$1.75**

Notting-hams—Big variety, reproductions of high cost imported curtains. Choice..... **$1.95**

Sample Scrim Curtain Corners—Many of full size, would sell at $2 and $4 pr., in white, ivory and Arabian. Choice..... **19c**

Two Carloads of Fine Linoleums

We've Marked Them Wonderfully Low

All made from pure cork and linseed oil. Large variety of designs and colors to select from.

4-yard wide linoleum, wide enough to cover most rooms without a seam; worth 90c square yard. On account of slight imperfections in the print, which do not affect the wear, Sale price, sq. yd..... 56c

2-yard wide linoleum, worth 70c sq. yd. Sale price, sq. yd..... 39c

1161 Tapestry Brussels Rugs, size 9x12, value $14.00, $15.00 and $16.00. Sale Price..... **$7.80**

412 Wilton Velvet Rugs; size 8½x10½ ft. Value $27.50..... **$14.95**
200 Seamed Axminsters; size 8½x10½ ft. Value $24.50.....
212 Seamless Tripla Extra Brussels Tapestry Rugs; size 9x12 ft. Value $28.50.....

Only Once a Year Can You Buy $10.00 $12.00 and $15.00 Kenyon Raincoats $5.95

Kenyon Raincoats

The Best Rubberized Silk Raincoat in the World. We Bought the Entire Mill-End Stock of the C. Kenyon Co. Every Coat Guaranteed for One Year

$5.95

At a similar sale held a year ago we sold 500 of these Coats in a single day. 300 before noon. Out of this lot only six proved faulty and were replaced by us.

There are only 600 Coats in this sale and when they are gone cannot be duplicated, as we bought the entire stock of Kenyon Mill-Ends and the Kenyon Co. made the Coats for us in their own inimitable manner.

All fresh new Coats direct from the factory. Materials include waterproof silks, mercerized materials, silk repp, diagonals and whipcord and art proofed silks in navy, black, snuff, taupe, brown and other wanted colorings. Sizes for Misses and Women up to 42.

All sales must be final. No C.O.D. or Mail Orders can be filled.

Buy Linens Tomorrow at These Unmatched Savings

65c Table Damask—72 inches wide, full bleached, beautiful mercerized satin finish, popular patterns, such as rose, conch, fleur-de-lis, chrysanthemum, pink, daisy, etc., yd..... **39c**

$1.50 Pattern Table Cloths—Size 60x70 inches, full bleached, mercerized satin finish, neat designs, each..... **$1.00**

$1.35 Dozen Linen Napkins—Full bleached, heavy satin damask, fast colors, fast selvedge, breakfast size, limit 2 dozen, dozen..... **$1.00**

$1.50 Renaissance Lace Cloths—Round, 72 inches in diameter, trimmed with 15-inch lace, elaborate design and lace insertion center, each..... **$2.79**

69c and 75c Scrim Sheets—Hemmed, ready for use, fine quality, pure finish, with 3 and 4-in. hems, double bed size, $1.20 or 72x90 inches..... **50c**

85c Seamless Bleached Sheets—Extra fine quality, pure finish, with 3 and 4-in. hems, double bed size, 81x90 inches..... **65c**

7½c to 10c Bleached and Unbleached Cottons—In remnants from 1 to 10 yards, 36 inches wide, each piece, 15 yds. **6c**
No mail or phone orders. TS.

$1.25 to $1.69 Renaissance Scarfs—Square and center scarfs, also Japanese hand drawn scarfs, stamped tea cloths, also hand and machine; beautiful elaborate designs, each..... **79c**

9½c Crash Toweling—Bleached, union linen, fast color red border, per yard..... **7c**

12½c Turkish Bath Towels—Plain, snowy white, good quality, hemmed ends, medium size, each..... **8½c**

$1.50 Bed Spreads—Heavy crochet bed spreads, full double bed size, fringed, with colored borders, hemmed, desirable patterns, each..... **98c**

800 Dozen Hemmed Huck Towels—Heavy weight, absorbent, plain white or red borders, seconds. The Towels—Each..... **6c**
The Towels—Each..... **12½c**

90c Hemmed Cotton Birdseye Diapers—Made from absorbent white cotton diaper, dozen **69c**, each..... **6½c**

Cohasset Red Sheets—Made of the famous Pequot Sheeting, full bleached, torn and hemmed, 3 and 3-inch hems.
50x70 **Sheets**—Size **81c90**, each..... **68c**
81x90 **Sheets**—Size **81x90**, each..... **75c**

$4.98 to $6.98 Batiste or Net Embroidered Robes—Kimlet or skirt effects, 2 inch bands and material for waists, white or colors. At..... **$2.98**

$7.50 to $10.98 Voile Embroidered or Batiste Embroidered Robes—Heavy embroidered, effective robes, made with Venise or Rattine bands, material for waist. At..... **$3.98**

25c Double Edge Bands—All sorts, in designs, fine for many goods, up to 3 inches wide, yard..... **10c**

48c Dress Flouncings—27-inch, deep embroidery effects, dozens of patterns to select from, yard..... **22c**

Embroidered Robes and New Embroideries AT NEARLY HALF REGULAR PRICES

Flouncings, Edges, Insertions, Bands, Corset Cover Embroideries in Hosts of New Designs—Our Own Importations. You'll Find All Full Pieces in Original Wrappers Direct From St. Gall, Switzerland.

10c Edges, Insertions and Bands—Full assortment of embroideries, widths up to 7 inches, at..... **5c**

12½c to 25c Edges and Insertions—All widths, heavy embroidered patterns, eyelet and solid effects, widths up to 18 inches, yard..... **9c**

98c to $1.50 Swiss Allovers—45 inches wide, small designs, open work for waists and dresses, yard..... **49c**

$1.50 to $1.98 Demi Flouncing—27 inches wide, in fine batiste and lace effects for dresses or waists, yard..... **98c**

A Wonderful Sale of New Spring Wash Fabrics

10c and 12½c Fayreti Classic Dress Ginghams and Unbleached Sea-rucker—Fine quality, 27 inches wide, limit 15 yards, no mail orders. Yd..... **6¼c**

50c Crepe Voiles—44 inches wide, beautiful sheer fabric, in fancy evening stripes, soft draping quality. At, yard..... **29c**

19c Genuine Serpentine Crepe—For kimonos, in a great variety of patterns, full pieces, every piece stamped. Yard..... **14c**

69c Ramie Linens—46 inches wide, season's most popular material for travel suits, suits coats and all kinds of dresses. Yard..... **47c**

35c Washable Habutai Tub Silk—36 inches wide, white grounds, in charming floral color stripes. Yard..... **39c**

1.25 Plain Batiste—Newest colorings, 40 inches wide, one of this season's newest dress fabrics. At..... **89c**

18c Plisse Crepe—White grounds with dainty dots and figured designs. Yard..... **12½c**

19c Crepe Voiles—Plisette range of tartan effects, also white or colored stripes. Yard..... **11c**

50c Silk Pongee—With a slight mixture of highly mercerized cotton, 36 inches wide, wanted plain shades, plenty of natural. At..... **37½c**

12½c Fine Percales—Best standard quality, yard wide, plenty of light, dark and medium colors. Yard..... **8c**

19c Galatea—Standard quality, full piece, exact assortment of best patterns. At..... **12½c**

25c Mercerized Silk Finished Poplin—Beautiful quality, in the most newest Spring shades. Yard..... **17½c**

15c Scotch Zephyr Gingham—32 inches wide, splendid quality, in neat plaids and stripes. Yard..... **10c**

39c Tussah Silk—Plaques and self printed designs, beautiful evening or street shades. At..... **25c**

4584 Pieces Gray Enamel Ware Worth 40c to 85c At 29c

Mail Orders Filled. Dealers Supplied

Every piece labelled and guaranteed to give satisfaction; nearly every kind of a cooking utensil is included.

Berlin Sauce Pots, 6 and 8qt. sizes. **29c**
Dish Pans, 12-qt. size..... **29c**
Lipped Kettle, seamless, 16 and 12-qt. size..... **25c**
Berlin Shaped Kettles, 6 and 8-qt. size..... **29c**
Berlin Shaped Sauce Pans, 4 and 6-qt. size..... **29c**
Water Pail, seamless, 10-qt. **29c**
Bread Raiser, 14-qt. size..... **29c**
Tea Kettle, flat bottom, No. 7 size..... **29c**
Double Boilers, 1½ pint..... **29c**
Boiler, 2-qt. size..... **29c**
Colander, family size..... **29c**
Tea and Coffee Pots, all sizes..... **29c**

Decorated Dinner Ware

4 Solid Carloads at Sensational Prices.

The Entire Surplus Stock of Ohio's Best Pottery Divided Among the Four Big Siegel Stores—Our Share Goes on Sale Tomorrow

2c — 10c Decorated Porcelain Plates, bread and butter size. Each.
3c — 10c Decorated Porcelain Plates, tea or dessert size. Each.
5c — 12c Decorated Porcelain Plate, breakfast or dinner size. Each.
7c — 15c and 20c Decorated Cups and Saucers. At, both.
9c — 25c Open Vegetable Dishes, Jugs, Creamers, Bowls, etc., to.
49c — $2.00 Soup Tureens. Choice at, only.
49c — $1.00 and $1.25 Covered Vegetable Dishes, large Meat Platters, Oval Bowls, etc. At.
29c
$1.39 Turkey Platters and fine Jugs. Choice.

Thousands of Other Pieces at Prices Equally as Low as Those Quoted Above

Canned Goods and Staple Groceries at Very Low Prices

SUGAR

When purchased with other groceries amounting to $2.50 or more. 10-lb. sack of best fine granulated sugar (limit of 10 pounds) for..... **39c**

Potatoes The selected Maine full weight kind, per bbl. peck..... **22c**

Rolled Oats Washington Oats, milled and packed by the Washington Cereal Food Co. 10c size..... **5c**

Rolled Oats The Quaker Oats Mills best quality, 5 lbs. **28c**
10 lbs. **54c**

Corn Meal The finest quality, fine granulated, 5-lb. sack **23c**, 10 lbs..... **22c**

Smoked Meats
HAMS, whole, sugar cured, lb..... **17½c**
BACON, fine quality, per lb..... **18c**
SMOKED SHOULDERS, lb..... **13c**

Rice The choicest bright grains of clean, broken rice, as good and wholesome as the high priced kinds; per lb..... **5½c**

Biscuit

Sunshine Cheese Wafers, Boston Grahams and Social Tea Biscuits, pkg..... **7c**

Takhoma Biscuit Oyster Crackers or Goldfish Crackers (limit of 3 pkgs). lb..... **10c**

Hazel Flour
Bbls. $5.95
¼ Bbls. $2.13
½ Bbls. Sack **75c**
1-16 Bbl. Sack, 20c

American Household Pastry
Bbls. $6.15
½ Bbls. $3.24
¼ Sack **77c**
1-16 Sack **39c**
5-lb. Sack **18c**

Macaroni Macaroni and vermicelli, only slightly broken and specially fully packed, per lb. four price per lb..... **49c**

ORANGES
FANCY NAVELS, per 288..... **$2.69**, **$2.79**

Silk Floss Sauer Kraut, the choicest quality packed No. 2 cans, per case of 2 doz. $2.16, per doz..... **9c**

CORN

Woodsboro Maine style corn, regular Gem Size, Dozen Can Case 2 doz. $1.60 **82c** **7c**

Hazel Corn Maine quality, Hazel Brand Corn, case **$2.70**, $2.85, doz..... **12c**

Conqueror Maine Corn, new pack, case **$2.06**, per doz. **11c**

Milford Corn, per case **$2.30**, doz. **10c**

Pine State Corn, per case 2 doz. **$2.25**, doz. **10c**

Stringless Beans Hazel brand standard, extra fine quality, cut slightly broken and specially packed, per case **$3.00**, per doz. **13c**

Concord Maine brand, State Cut Stringless beans, case 2 doz. **$2.25**, per doz. **10c**

Cut Refugee Beans Crown brand, choice, tender, stringless beans, case **$2.10**, doz. **$1.05**, can..... **9c**

TOMATOES

Scotland Brand Medium sized, solid pack, quarterly 12c. Case 2 doz. Dozen Can **$2.10** **$1.05** **9c**

Hazel Tomatoes Fancy quality, hand packed, ripe, per case **$2.15**, doz. **11c**, can..... **14c**

Blue Bell Hand packed, fancy quality, No. 2 size, sanitary top. Case 2 doz. Dozen **$1.50**, can..... **11c**

Milford Tomatoes, extra quality, case 2 doz. **$2.05**, per doz. **12c**, can..... **12c**

BEANS

Milford brand cut Cranberry beans, fine tender quality, case 2 doz. **$2.10** **1.05** **9c**

Hazel Wax Beans Fancy quality, standard wax beans, case 2 doz. **$2.05**, per can..... **12c**

Hazel brand Refugee beans, case 2 doz. **$1.50**, per doz..... **13c**

Red Kidney Beans Oak orchard brand, finest quality, specially selected red kidney beans, case 2 doz. **$2.10**, per doz. **$1.05**, per can..... **9c**

PEAS

Hazel Early June grade, fine quality, case **$2.75** **$1.40** **12c**

Milford Early June grade, case 2 doz. **$2.60**, doz. **11c**, can..... **11c**

Hazel Marrowfat, case 2 doz. **$3.00**, doz. **13c**, can..... **13c**

Hazel Sifted Early June, case 2 doz. **$3.25**, per dozen **$1.65**, can..... **14c**

Hazel Telephone Peas, per case 2 doz. **$2.05**, doz. **10c**, can..... **10c**

Hazel Sifted Early June, case 2 doz. **$1.85**, can..... **8c**

Hazel Meeting Sugar Peas, small, very tender and sweet, case 2 doz. **$4.25**, per doz. **18c**, can..... **18c**

Hazel French style, Marrow fat, sifted, delicious flavored, case 2 doz. **$3.00**, per dozen **$2.50**, can..... **22c**

Hazel Early June, Marrow flavored, sifted peas, case 2 doz. **$3.00**, per dozen **$2.50**, can..... **22c**

Hazel Early June, sifted peas, case 2 doz. **$2.25**, per dozen **$1.15**, can..... **10c**

Bridgeton Pears No. 2½ cans, doz. **$1.15**, can..... **10c**

Laundry Soap

Swift's Popular Pride Laundry Soap with Hamilton Coupon, 10 bars..... **25c**
$3.12, 5 bars.....

Kirkman's Soap 4 bars of Kirkman Soap, with 2 bars of **White Floating Soap** free, for **39c**

Big 10 Cleaner 5 cans for **25c**; 10 for **45c**. Limit to a family.

Laundry Needs

Ammonia, ½ gal. 17c, curtain **Blueing,** qts. **9c**
Lump Starch, 2 lbs..... **19c**
Sal Soda, 20 lbs..... **20c**
Milford Laundry Soap with 5-lb. box..... **17c**
Pearline Laundry Tablets 2 doz. for **25c**
Hazel Corn Starch, 3-lb. box..... **19c**
Hazel Baking Compound, 3-lb. can..... **39c**
Lenox Soap Chips, 5-lb. box..... **19c**
Lenox Soap Powder, 10 lbs..... **39c**
Blue Diamond Borax, lb. pkg..... **9c**
Swedish Safety Matches 6 boxes..... **5c**

February Ended With the Greatest Furniture Sale We've Ever Recorded. We Begin March With a Proud Mark to Beat, for We Did a Phenomenal Business in March a Year Ago. We're Going to Keep Right on Breaking Records and We Begin Tomorrow These Great Specials in

Dining Room Furniture

Savings Like These Prevail in Every Section of the Dept.

Solid Mahogany **Dining Table** $35.00 **$16.95**
Value..
6 feet long, 44-inch top, solid mahogany; nothing more can be said.

$16.95

Quartered Oak **Dining Table** $20.00 Value **$11.75**
6 feet long, 42-inch top, of fine quartered oak. A wonderful Value at $11.75.

$11.75

Regular $40.00 Quartered Oak BUFFET $22.95
Made 58 inches high and 42 inches wide, fitted with bevel mirror 34 inches long, beautifully polished.

Buffet In Mahogany Worth $70 In Oak Worth $60 Choice **$39.50**
We bought but 10 of these under peculiar circumstances, 58 inches high and 50 inches long, 40-inch French mirror. While they last, your choice at.....

Less Than Half Price Sale of Handkerchiefs

For Men and Women

Women's 8c and 12½c Handkerchiefs, hemstitched, odd initials, mussed and soiled. ..At **3c**

Women's 20c Handkerchiefs, pure linen, hemstitched and embroidered initials, subject to slight imperfections. At..... **7c**

Men's 25c Handkerchiefs, pure linen, hemstitched and initial, subject to slight imperfections. At..... **12½c**

Women's 25c Handkerchiefs, initial and embroidered. At..... **10c**

Sensational Sale of Pictures

$15.00 Hand Colored Photogravures, at	$4.00
6.00 Hand Colored Etchings, at	1.80
4.50 High Class Photogravures, at	1.25
3.50 Landscapes, imported subjects, at	1.00
2.00 Large Etchings, brown tone, at	.60

The entire surplus stock of a very high class maker enables us to sell some of the finest reproductions at less than one-third their real value.

$2.00 Pictures—Large etchings in brown tones, many new signed artists' proofs, size 26x37, unframed,

60c

$15.00 Pictures—Very large hand colored photogravures, size 20x40,

$4.00

A Triumphant Purchase of Women's Trade-Mark Shoes

At Less Than Cost of Materials

The Siegel Chain of Stores bought this gigantic lot from one of New England's best known manufacturers, who was heavily overstocked, at a price which enables us to offer

Perfect and Genuine $2.50 & $3.00 Shoes at 1.29

The leathers are vici kid, gun metal calf and patent colt, styles lace, button and blucher, cloth and natural, kid tops, all style heels, sizes 1 to 7, widths B to E.

REVEALS WHAT DORR BASES LIFE FIGHT ON

Barney to Go to Supreme Court on Point of Slaying Being in Another County.

EXCEPTIONS IN DORR CASE.

That the verdict of first degree murder was against the evidence and the weight of the evidence.

That William A. Dorr was not guilty of any crime, in that he feared his own life and acted in self-defence, which was his statutory right.

That the shooting occurred well within the confines of Revere, and not in Lynn, as alleged by the government.

That the town of Revere is in Suffolk County and that, therefore, an Essex County jury had no right to pass upon the guilt or innocence of Dorr.

That the trial justice erred in not sustaining the motion of counsel for the defence to rule that the jury at Salem had no jurisdiction.

That this error in jurisdiction rendered the indictment, returned by the Essex County Grand Jury, null and void.

That the government's complaint against Dorr was at variance with the facts in the case.

That the case should have been taken from the jury because of the mistake in jurisdiction.

That Judge Quinn erred in not permitting counsel for Dorr to inspect the contents of the so-called "diary" when it was found for identification by Dorr's former business partner, just prior to its formal introduction as evidence.

That the defendant suffered a great wrong and an injury to his rights by reason of the repeated refusal of the government officials to permit counsel for the defendant to see what was contained in the diary.

That the trial justice erred in admitting as evidence the letter of March to Crane concerning the escrow deed, in that it explained how Orpa March could benefit by the death of George E. March, and contained information of which Dorr was entirely ignorant.

That divers questions and answers were admitted over the objections of the defendant.

That the case is one over which the Suffolk County authorities alone have jurisdiction.

That Dorr was mistried in Salem.

The foregoing is a rough draft of the bill of exceptions which Attorney C. Nell Barney of Lynn will argue before the full bench of the Supreme Court in his fight to save the life of William A. Dorr, found guilty of first degree murder for shooting George E. March of Lynn last April.

Attorney Barney hasn't completed the text of his appeal, but the exceptions enumerated form the nucleus of the argument which he will make before the highest court in the State.

Mr. Barney held last night the fight on legal technicalities will end with the full court's finding. He explained that there were no constitutional issues involved which would warrant taking the case to the United States Supreme Court, in the event of an adverse decision.

Attorney Barney displayed more outward emotion over the verdict than did the young Californian, but he hasn't given up the fight by any means.

Mr. Barney has marshalled citations in support of his contentions, but does not wish to make them public at this time. One is a Massachusetts case in which a body was found 500 yards from a county boundary. Although there was absolutely no other evidence as to where the killing occurred, the Supreme Court held that trial in the adjacent county was in error.

In Dorr's case the defence holds that March was slain at least one-half mile from where his body was found, as the arrow flies, and more than a mile over the road. This would place the tragedy well within the precincts of Suffolk county. The statute provides that a homicide must be committed not more than 100 rods or 1,250 feet outside of the county boundary to be tried within that county.

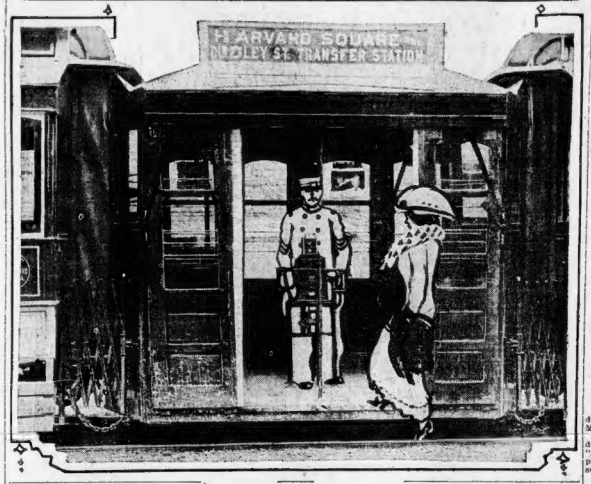
In legal circles yesterday the opinion was strong that Judge Quinn's charge to the jury was so eminently fair and liberal that it fully protected the rights of Dorr and smoothed out any oversights that inadvertently might have occurred during the trial.

Judge Quinn was careful to instruct the jury that if they believed what Dorr told them about killing March in his automobile on the Revere side of the Saugus River, and placing the body on the Lynn side, they should return a "verdict of not guilty on the ground of variance."

Articulated, Stepless Car Makes Bow to Boston

Boon to Women Imprisoned in Hobble Skirts

ARTICULATED, STEPLESS CAR FOR BOSTON'S NARROW STREETS.



HIGGINSON DENIES ANY MONEY TRUST

Major Henry L. Higginson of Lee, Higginson & Company, the Boston bankers, and one of the six financial kosmos in the land particularly hit in the majority report of the Pujo committee on the "money trust" investigation, says:

"Pujo is a contemptible case!"

The irate banker, in a vigorous interview yesterday on the Pujo report, also made statements like these:

"There is no money trust—Pujo knows it does not exist—Pujo does not want any facts—all he wanted was news—I am in business to make interest for my investors—the term 'Money Trust' does not mean anything—it does not exist."

William Endicott, Jr., of Kidder, Peabody & Co., the editor of the two Boston banking houses named in the Pujo report as "the most active agents in bringing about the concentration of money and credit," was asked today what a "Money Trust" is, within the meaning of the report. He replied:

"You've got me. I cannot tell you that. There is no such thing. I do not know of any money trust. Ask them. Maybe they can tell you. I can't."

PUJO WON'T ATTEMPT TO SECURE LEGISLATION ABOUT "MONEY TRUST"

WASHINGTON, March 1.—Chairman Pujo of the "money trust" committee will make no effort to secure any action by the House on the legislation his committee recommended to break up the existing system of control of money and of credits.

The report, with the bills, was referred to the House Banking and Currency Committee. Chairman Pujo of this committee will retire from Congress with the close of the present session. He will be succeeded by Representative Carter Glass of Virginia. When the new Congress convenes next April Mr. Glass will re-introduce the bills in the House and they will be acted on by the Banking and Currency Committee.

Mr. Pujo introduced today a resolution calling for the printing of 5,000 copies of the "money trust" report and bills for general distribution throughout the country. It is probable that the legislation proposed will be attacked by the bankers, and that there must be hearings on the bills before the committee.

Now comes to Boston the new "articulated stepless car," built especially to accommodate women with tight skirts and to go about Boston's crooked streets without bumping the curbing.

The Elevated company has just placed in commission, experimentally, a second "Articulated Car," which includes, among other improvements, the stepless feature.

This car consists of three compartments, the two end compartments being single truck cars. These are joined by a centre compartment in which the conductor is stationed. The centre compartment is pivoted to the others, thus enabling the car to bend like a train when passing around curves.

Passengers boarding the car step directly from the street into the centre compartment, the floor of which is but fourteen inches from the street level. This height does not exceed the height of the step into the so-called "stepless centre entrance cars," now operating in New York and Brooklyn.

Conductor Controls Door.

The low floor provides ample space for passengers entering or leaving the car. As the conductor is stationed at all times near the centre of this space, he has a full view of the entering passengers, and the entrances door which he operates.

The company placed the first articulated car in operation Sept. 9, 1912, and it has been in continuous service since that date. The car is considered a complete success, both from the public's and the company's point of view.

The main object sought in the design of the articulated car was to obtain a car of large capacity that would be used on narrow streets and on short curves, without dangerous over-hang, and that would provide improved facilities for convenience and safety of passengers when entering or leaving the car.

Prepayment Plan.

The articulated cars embody the prepayment plan of fare collection. Passengers pay the conductor in the centre compartment upon entering, and then pass into either of the end compartments of the car.

The doors are operated by a pneumatic device which opens and closes them smoothly and with only sufficient force for that purpose. Their movement is under the control of the conductor at all times. As the doors are open while the car is standing, accidents to passengers entering or leaving while the car is in motion are avoided.

This type of car promises a practical solution for the company in meeting the demands of the public for larger cars on narrow streets and on sharp curves.

RYAN TO BE GUEST OF LOCAL LEAGUE

The United Irish League of Boston will hold a reception at the American House on Sunday evening, March 16, in honor of Michael J. Ryan, city solicitor of Philadelphia, and national president of the Home Rule forces in America.

Mr. Ryan is coming to Boston to respond to one of the principal toasts at the St. Patrick's Day banquet of the Charitable Irish Society to be held at the Hotel Copley-Plaza on Saturday evening, March 15.

At the request of the leaders of the United Irish League in this city, Mr. Ryan has consented to remain in Boston over Sunday to be present at the reception promoted in his honor. Possessed of fine oratorical gifts and intensely devoted to the cause of which he is the leader in America, the announcement that Mr. Ryan will speak in Boston that evening on Home Rule will be read today with much interest.

HELD AS ARSON CHIEF.

New Yorker Arrested Said to Be "Brains" of Firebug Gang.

NEW YORK, March 1.—John Danles, proprietor of a roadhouse in the Bronx, is under arrest on a charge of complicity in Calengo arson cases.

The police surrounded Danles' hotel, where cabaret singers and dancers were entertaining several automobile parties, and were about to seize Danles when he attempted flight through the woods behind his house. A mounted policeman stopped him a revolver point.

The police say he was indicted in Chicago February 24 and that he is accused of being the "brains of the arson gang there."

ROMANOFF TERCENTENARY.

Russia Appropriates Big Sum for Celebration.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 1.—Arrangements are complete for the celebration of the tercentenary of the accession of Michael Romanoff to the imperial throne of Russia. A large sum has been appropriated by the Duma for the defraying of the expenses of the festival.

Steers Miles Without Rudder.

With his Gloucester fisherman Independent II. rudderless, Captain McGinnis arrived at T wharf with 100,000 pounds of codfish, after sailing his ship 350 miles by manipulation of the sails. He lost the rudder when the hold was nearly full of fish.

GREATEST HAZARD MISSED, SAYS O'HEARN

Dissenting Commissioner of Fire Prevention Takes Issue With Majority.

While expecting that he has no reflections to cast upon the Fire Hazard Commission, whose report was given a hearing by the Legislative Committee on Metropolitan Affairs Friday, Patrick O'Hearn in his dissenting report refers strongly to what he feels is the need of reference in the bill to the most hazardous part of Boston, the downtown district.

In his report, in part, Mr. O'Hearn says clearly and strongly:

"The most important feature of the so-called fire hazard has been left untouched in the majority report. It was shown that the largest loss by fire is within the so-called building limits of Boston. I therefore believe that it is within these so-called building limits that the first reform should be instituted.

"It is well understood that the greatest fire hazard is the second class construction and this should be absolutely prohibited within any city limits. It is because of the very dangerous character of the construction that Boston is about to expend $1,000,000 for the installation of a high pressure fire service.

"I am opposed to the permanent fire prevention commission recommended in the majority report.

"Continuing, he declared that he did not think such a commission advisable, in his minority report Mr. O'Hearn also disagrees on the matter of creating a Fire Marshal's office.

"The State police now takes care of the duties of a fire marshal's office," he says. "As there are no complaints against the present fire marshal's office, it does not seem necessary to create another.

"It will take this Fire Prevention Commission five years to even get started and to get anywhere near where the District police are today."

TO SELL FIRE HOUSES.

Made Useless By Middleboro's New Auto Truck.

MIDDLEBORO, March 1.—Two famous oldtime fire department houses of this town are to be sold, either by private sale or by auction by the Board of Engineers. The purchase of a new auto combination truck and the passing of the two hose houses, one on the West Side and on East Main street.

There is a question as to the ownership of the latter house, as it has stood on private land so long that there is a question whether the district has a claim on it. The committee on the purchasing of the new auto truck showed that it cost the district $6,000, with an allowance of $350 for the old chemical machine that is displaced.

ALPINE RAILROAD READY.

Loetschberg Line Gives Through Route from London to Italy.

GENEVA, Switzerland, March 1.—The last rail of the Loetschberg Railroad, joining Berne with Brieg, was laid yesterday. The new road opens an international highway to North and South Europe by way of the Loetschberg and Simplon Tunnels across the central Alps. Express train schedules will be started over the new road on June 1, when the formal inauguration of the work, which was attended by tremendous difficulties, is considered a great triumph for the engineering skill.

TO DISCUSS MORMONS.

Unitarian Conference to Hear Mrs. Coleman.

"The Teachings of the Mormon Church" is the topic before the conference of Alliance Branches in the Unitarian churches of Greater Boston, at No. 25 Beacon street tomorrow at 10:30 a. m. The discussion will be opened by Mrs. George W. Coleman, president of the Women's Suffrage Association.

STEWARDS TO MEET.

J. W. Dalton to Talk on Life Savers of Cape Cod.

The bi-monthly meeting of the Boston Hotel and Club Stewards will be held tomorrow evening at the City Club. There will be an illustrated lecture by John W. Dalton on "The Life-Savers of Cape Cod."

Providence Woman Guilty.

PROVIDENCE, March 1.—Mrs. Agnes Nadeau has been convicted by a jury in the Superior Court of killing her husband, Thomas. Mrs. Nadeau is fifty-one years old and the mother of ten children.

PELLETIER IS READY FOR TRIAL OF WOOD

Prosecutor and Counsel for Mill Man Accused in Dynamite Case May Confer Soon.

District Attorney Pelletier has practically completed his preparations for the trial of William M. Wood, president of the American Woolen Company, who will face a jury in the Superior Court in his city March 10 on a charge of complicity in planting dynamite during the Lawrence strike of a year ago.

It is expected the county prosecutor will have a conference with the attorneys representing the millionaire wool man during the latter part of the week, at which it is believed the District Attorney will decide whether or not to grant the request of the defence and, supply Wood's counsel with the government's evidence.

The indictment against Wood was returned several months ago, and both sides are eager for a trial.

How to Cure Rheumatism

Prominent Doctor's Best Prescription Easily Mixed at Home.

This simple and harmless formula has worked wonders for all who have tried it, quickly curing chronic and acute rheumatism, and backache. "From your druggist get one ounce Toris compound (in original sealed package) and one ounce of syrup of Sarsaparilla compound. Take these two ingredients home and put them in a half pint of good whiskey. Shake the bottle and take a tablespoonful before each meal and at bedtime." Good results come after the first few doses. If your druggist does not have Toris compound in stock he will get it for you in a few hours from his wholesale house. Don't be influenced to take a patent medicine instead of this. Insist on having the genuine Toris compound in the original, one-ounce, sealed, yellow package. Hundreds of the worst cases have been cured by this in a short time.

St. Benedict Kidney Tablets Give Immediate Relief.—Advertisement.

The circulation of the AMERICAN is 300,000 more than its next highest competitor and 100,000 more than all the other evening papers of Boston combined.

E. E. GRAY CO.

Blackstone, Hanover, Union Sts. and Haymarket Sq.

Directly Opposite Union Friend & Haymarket Sq. Subway Stations.

ROBBED OF $15,000

BUT WE ARE STILL SAVING THE PUBLIC

1-3 ON COST OF LIVING

LARGEST EMPORIUM IN NEW ENGLAND FOR SALES OF

Groceries, Meats & Provisions

WINES AND LIQUORS

THE MODEL STORE—EVERYTHING, UNDER GLASS

At All Stores for Week Commencing March 3

Flour Finest Minn. Patent "Golden Gate" Brand 1-8 Bag 75c Bbl. **5.75**

Tomatoes Fancy Hand Picked 12c Val. Can **9c**

SELF RISING FLOUR GOLDEN GATE BRAND 25c Value 5 lb. pkg. 21c.

Corn Fancy Maine 12c Value	Can 10c	Squash Green Mountain 15c Value	Can 10c
Peaches Sliced 18c Value	Can 14c	Macaroni or SPAGHETTI 10c Value	Pkg 7c
Beans Fancy Hand Picked 12c Value	Qt. 9c	Prunes Good and Meaty 15c Value	Lb. 6c
Currants Fancy Cleaned 12c Value	10c	Cocoa Great Western 30c Value	1-2 Lb. Can 12c
Salmon Good Alaska 15c Value	Can 9c	Meal Granulated Yellow 25c Value	5 Lb. Sack 19c
Soap "Good Will" 6c Value	6 Bars 21c	Olive Oil "PLAMONA" 50c Value	Pt. Tin 43c

FOR WEDNESDAY ONLY

UNEEDA BISCUIT 3 Pkgs. 10c

Limited to 6 Packages

MAIN STORE SPECIALS

MEAT DEPARTMENT SPECIALS

Chuck Roasts of Beef lb. 13c 16c Value

Steak, Top of Round lb. 25c 27c Value

Corned Beef	Lb. 12c	Beef Tongues CORNED 16c Value	Lb. 16c
Frankforts 14c Value	Lb. 12c	Hamburg Steak 12c Value	Lb. 10c

CRACKER SPECIAL

Baby Lunch 10c Value	Lb. 8c	Leap Year Jumbles 25c Value	Lb. 22c
Fancy Mixed	3 lbs. 25c	Dinner Biscuit	Measure 5c

BAKERY SPECIAL

Home Made Bread 10c Value	Loaf 10c	Squash Pies 15c Value	Ea. 10c
Gingerbread	Loaf 9c	Mocha Cakes	2 for 5c

Kitchen Furnishing Dept.

Waxed Paper, for lunches, sheets 12x15 in., rolls of 20 sheets..2 for 5c

Gas Mantles, inverted or upright style, each..... 5c

Galvanized Poultry Wire, 2-inch mesh, 12-18-24-30-36-48-60-72 inches wide, any length, per square foot..... 2½c

Arabella's Gas Toasters, toasts 4 slices at a time, each..... 10c

Sleeve Board and Sleeve Iron, values 20c and 25c, both for..... 39c

Garden Seeds, all varieties flowers and vegetables.....at lowest prices

WINES AND LIQUORS

SPECIALS FOR WEEK COMMENCING MARCH 3

$4.00 Order Delivered Free by Freight or Express Anywhere in New England Except Local Alcohol

ONE-THIRD SAVING. PURITY and QUALITY GUARANTEED

Sold Only at 116 Canal Street, 1305 Tremont Street and Main Store

SEND ALL MAIL ORDERS TO 154 HANOVER ST.

California Wines		Gray's 44 Whiskey	
PORT, SHERRY, ANGELICA, MUSCATEL, regular full bottle 35c value	18c	A RICH AND MELLOW BLEND OLD WHISKEY. Bottle $1.25 Value	89c

Duffy's Malt Original Bottling	Bot. 79c	California Wine Vintage, fine old Port, Sherry or Muscatel. Gallon gal. $1.00. Quart	50c
Hunter Rye Original Bottling	Bot. 90c	"Elegante" Wine Tawny Port Wine de Pasto Sherry, $1.00 Val. Bottle	69c
G. O. Blake Original Bottling	Bot 85c	Duff Gordon Sherry	Bot. 69c
Scotch Whiskey Gray's Imp. 9 Year Old, $1.50 Val. Bottle	83c	Claret, Best California	Bot. 19c
Black & White Scotch $1.25 Val. Bottle	1.03	Champagne Great Western, Large Bottle, $1.65	57c
Kentucky Taylor Whiskey $1 Value Bottle	75c	Champagna Mumm's Extra Dry, Le Chois Brut. Half Bot.	1.45
Bonnie Rye Whiskey $1 Qt. Bottle	79c	Brandy, Hennessey Imp. in wood Bot.	1.35
Irish Whiskey Imp. in Wood. $1.00 Value	Bot. 83c	Brandy Finest California, Marathon Brand. $1.00 Value	Bot. 69c
Irish Old Bushmill's $1.25 Value Bottle	1.20	Brandy Finest Cognac, Comete Le Brand, $1.25 Value	Lg. Bot. 99c
Gin, Old Tom or Holland $1 Bot. $1.25 Val.	67c	Rum Old New England, Victoria Brand. Lrg. bot. $1.45 Val.	Full Qt. 69c
Gordon Dry Gin	Bot. 89c	Rum Fuller's Bottled in Bond $1.00 Value	Full Qt. 95c
Booth's Old Tom Gin $1.00 Bot. $1.25 Val.	Bot. 85c	Beer, Schlitz	Doz. 1.00
Gray's Handicap 7th Val. Full qt. $1.50.	49c	Pfaff's Bock Beer	Doz. 1.00
King William Scotch Whiskey $1.75 Val. Bottle	1.57	Cocktails Rochlitz's Club, Martini or Manhattan, $1.25 Val.	Bot. 95c
Haig & Haig Scotch Whiskey $1.75 Val. Bottle	1.57	Cocktails Manhattan, Martini or Manhattan, $1.00 Value	79c
Johnnie Walker Scotch Whiskey $1.50 Val. Bottle	1.27		

VERMOUTH M. & R. Bottle 49c **Stout** Guinness's 1-2 Bot. McMullen's 16c Bot. 76c

SPECIAL COMBINATION

99c { Bottle GRAY'S Club Whiskey 75c / Bottle GRAY'S California Port 35c / Bottle GRAY'S California Sherry 35c } ALL THREE BOTTLES **99c**

REGULAR PRICE 1.45

We Give Special Attention to Telephone Orders

ORDER DEPARTMENT, TEL. RICH. 2900

FREE DELIVERY OF GOODS AMOUNTING TO $2.00 WITHIN 15 MILES

PRICE LIST ON APPLICATION

How to Escape the Bad Effects of March Weather

MRS. CHARLES ANSPAUGH.

March is the critical month of the whole year. It is the month of ill health and discomfort. Many have passed with its epidemics of grip and holocausts of colds, which have sown the seeds of disease and arrangements broadcast. March is a month of untoward weather, but is the month that rouses the consequences of February derangements. If one succeeds in getting through with the month of March even tolerably well, the rest of the year will be comparatively easy.

Every household ought to be provided with Peruna, if you have had grip during the winter and have not recovered your former health and strength you surely need Peruna. Peruna restores the appetite. Peruna increases the digestive powers. Peruna regulates the bowels. Peruna strengthens the nerve centers. Peruna does all these things, and without any unteward results. No family should allow themselves to be without Peruna during the month of March.

The symptoms of grip are: First, begins with a cold that due to apposure. Second, a number of people attacked at same time. Third, confined chiefly to head and respiratory organs. Fourth, accompanied by high fever for several days. Fifth, serious after effects. Convalescence slow.

The experiences of the people that Peruna is a remedy for grip have been uniformly good. Very few if any have been disappointed in Peruna as a grip remedy.

Mr. C. O. Peterson, of No. 3,227 N. Hamilton Ave., Chicago, Illinois, had a severe attack of the grip, which left him very weak. He was in a condition that he was unable to do any work. He began to take Peruna and in two weeks was strong and well. The consequence is he always keeps Peruna in his home.

Mr. George E. Pratt, No. 823 16th St., Moline, Illinois, writes concerning his wife: She had had the grip. After using two bottles of Peruna she was greatly relieved. So much so that she continued the treatment for a short time, when she was thoroughly cured. After noting the cure that Peruna had in the case of his wife Mr. Pratt took the medicine himself for the grip. Not, however, until after he had taken several other remedies without any improvement. The Peruna completely cured him.

Mr. C. J. Powers, No. 1,631 Williams St., Denver, Colorado, says that the grip had left him very weak. He took Peruna and at once he began to gain strength and was finally cured. Since then when I do not feel well or have a cold I always take Peruna and it never disappoints me in its action.

Thus we might go on indefinitely to recite cases where people have suffered from the after effects of grip. Then they have resorted to this remedy or that remedy. Finally they have been constrained to take Peruna. The result is always favorable.

If the people generally understood the benefit of Peruna no household would be without it, during the month of March especially, when climatic diseases prevail so extensively.

Mrs. Charles Anspaugh, R. F. D. 1, Kimmell, Indiana, whose portrait is given above, writes: "Peruna has been a godsend to me. I can feel safe in saying that it saved my life, as I was all run down and was just miserable when I commenced taking your Peruna, but am on the road to recovery now. I cannot thank you too much."

Warner's Safe Remedies

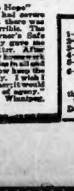
Bright's Disease

Don't neglect your kidneys and run the danger of contracting Bright's Disease. Many do and they pay dearly for disregard of their health. Weak kidneys are common to most people. That is why there are so many cases of kidney disease, dropsy, and Bright's disease—so much rheumatism, sciatica, backache and nervous disorders.

Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Remedy

has proved to be a wonderful remedy for kidney and liver troubles the past 33 years. Thousands praise it and attribute their recovery to it after having failed with everything else.

They recommend it to their friends, and they in turn use it and praise it to other sufferers. This success and indorsement have grown to remarkable proportions.



"Doctors Held Out No Hope"

"Several doctors said I had severe Bright's Disease, and that there was no cure; my agony was terrible. After the first two bottles of Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Remedy came, I got relief, and I could sleep better. After the sixth I was able to do my housework comfortably. I took 15 bottles in all and several boxes of pills. I now keep the pills as a household remedy. I wish I had used your medicine sooner; it would have saved me many hours of agony."—Mrs. C. Boon, W., Portage la Prairie, Manitoba, Can.

EACH FOR A PURPOSE
1—Kidney and Liver Remedy
2—Rheumatic Remedy
3—Diabetic Remedy
4—Asthma Remedy
5—Drops
6—Pills (Constipation)
7—Tablets (Blood)
SOLD BY ALL DEALERS
Write for a free sample giving the number of remedy desired to Warner's Safe Remedy Co. Dept. Rochester, N. Y.

MISSIONARIES TO PROMOTE DESERTED BACK BAY CHURCHES

Rev. Dr. J. A. Richards Proposes That Laymen Start Membership Campaign.

SUNDAY AUTOING BLAMED

Rev. Dr. Elwood Worcester Sounds Alarm at Changing Sabbath Ideals.

Does automobile riding on Sundays by Back Bay people keep Back Bay churches empty?

Rev. Dr. Elwood Worcester, rector of Emmanuel Episcopal Church, Newbury street, says that automobile riding on Sundays by Back Bay people is gradually emptying the churches in that locality.

Rev. Dr. J. A. Richards, pastor of Mt. Vernon Congregational Church, Beacon street and Massachusetts avenue, thinks that automobiles bring more people to churches on the Back Bay than they drive away.

Rev. Dr. A. K. De Blois, pastor of the Commonwealth avenue Baptist Church, lately said there was not enough children in the Back Bay to fill one common-sized church.

These complaints from the different pastors on different grounds, have caused no end of talk in society circles.

Prefer Autoing to Church.

Rev. Dr. Worcester has published a statement to his parishioners in which he says:

"There is the automobile and the changes it has wrought in the social customs of church people, and the pronounced effect it has on church-going habits.

"These conditions are not peculiar to the Back Bay; they are affecting the congregations and resources of the great majority of city churches.

"Nor do I say these words as a reproach or a remonstrance, but as a simple statement of conditions. The fact is that under our present customs change in a way that we have no reason to anticipate the future of our great Boston city churches is very problematic.

Dr. Richards believes that the problem in filling Back Bay churches can be brought about largely by making every member of the churches a missionary and have them go into the houses of the Back Bay and tell the people to go to church on Sundays.

He is very optimistic over the religious conditions on the Back Bay.

"Now in this matter about automobiles keeping people away from church services, I can only speak for my own church and I see nothing to guarantee the conclusion that autos are playing a conspicuous part in reducing church attendance," said Dr. Richards.

Population Changing.

"There are changes coming to the Back Bay, but I think that in several instances they have been made too much of. There is a normal, steady growth among the churches.

"But the best way is to accommodate ourselves to the changed condition of the Back Bay and change some of our methods of working. There are fewer single homes going up in this district. We have more apartment houses. This means, however, home life. But in them, the population is more or less bound to be fluctuatory.

"People are coming and going. To meet this problem we must make every one of our church members a missionary. Want used to be the special work of the minister in inviting every one to church must now become the interest of every one connected with the church."

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Why be a slave to your dressmaker when we make dresses to measure at our factory at about one-third to one-half average dressmakers' prices! You can time, temper and cash. Street and afternoon dresses, evening and ball gowns (empire, directoire and regular styles), suits, coats, chemises, crepe de chine, and many others of the season's latest materials.

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Special attention given to made-to-measure suits, $16.50 up

until March 15th, from the season's newest materials. Style and workmanship guaranteed. Let your gown and suit be designed to individual figure. Mail orders solicited.

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FOR WOMEN AND CHILDREN

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1855 58th ANNIVERSARY WEEK at GILCHRIST'S 1913

Celebrated on a Grander Scale Than Ever Before, in the Way This Store Believes in Celebrating, by Presenting

Great Quantities of Wanted Goods at Prices That Will Make This a Memorable Occasion

The Fundamental Underlying Principle of the Little Store on Winter Street, Established in 1855, Was to Sell Dependable Goods at the Greatest Economies

PROGRESS RELIABILITY ECONOMY

Were the watchwords then, as now. That Gilchrist's today will give better service in distributing standard quality goods, in like measure to its wonderfully increased resources, is best exemplified by the thousands of Anniversary Week Economies announced on this page, and in all departments of the store.

$6.50 Dress Skirts, at $4.47

Of fine all-wool serge, double panel back, newest side effect, black and navy. Sizes up to 30 belt.

$3.50 Corduroy Dress Skirt — Two-piece model, attractively trimmed with pearl buttons, black, blue, brown and taupe. 22 to 25 waist measure. At..... **$1.88**

$5.00 Dress Skirts—All-wool serge, mistures and plain, broad whipcords, black, navy, gray and copenhagen. At..... **$2.88**

Women's $18.75 Coats, at $14.75

Whipcords or men's wear serge, in black, blue or brown, attractively trimmed; sizes 14 years to 44 bust measure.

Women's $15.00 Spring Coats—Full 56" length, of men's wear serge, in navy, beautifully tailored; 34 to 44 bust measure. At..... **$9.75**

$5.00 Bengaline Rain Coats—Black, blue, tan and gray; silklined; trimmed with pearl buttons; sizes 14 to 18 years and 34 to 44 bust measure. At..... **$2.98**

Misses' $16.50 Serge Suits, at $12.00

Beautiful model, lined with braid, all sizes for misses, in tan, navy, black and Copenhagen.

$25.00 Suits—All-wool broadcloth, neatly trimmed; all sizes, 14 to 40; in navy, black, brown and Copenhagen. At..... **$18.00**

$5.00 Corduroy Dresses—Neatly trimmed, in tan, brown, taupe, navy, Copenhagen; sizes 34 to 38..... **$2.95**

$6.98 New Spring Hats $4.98

Many different beautiful models.

$4.98 Straw and Maline Hats, $2.98

$4.08 Straw Hats—Ribbon trimmed, $2.98

$4.00 Peanut Straw Hats—In tan shapes, with colored ribbon trimmed. $2.98

$3.50 Hemp Tam Crown Hats—In double edge, with black facing, contrasting color rim and crown. At..... **$2.49**

$2.00 The "Delphine"—Fine hemp crown, in six different colors; black facing. At..... **$1.50**

49c to 98c Flowers—Roses, Violets, Pansies, Lily of the Valley, etc..... **39c**

No Charge for Trimming Service. Ask About It.

89c White Lawn Waists, at 39c

With fucked front panel of lace and embroidery, collar and cuffs to match.

$1.00 and $1.25 Sample Waists—Of lawn, voile, in button front or back closing styles, trimmed with lace, Swiss embroidery and hand embroidery. At..... **59c**

$2.00 to $4.00 Sample Lawn and Voile Waists—Trimmed with hand embroidery, real and imitation laces, new spring styles. At..... **$1.00**

$2.50 Chiffon Waists—In black and navy over white lining, small sizes only..... **$1.00**

$2.00 White Lawn Waists—With tucked bodice and inverted vests, plain and trimmed styles. At..... **$1.00**

$3.00 and $4.00 Silk Waists—Odd lots, fine messaline and taffeta silks, in many clever collars and novelty styles. At..... **$1.98**

$3.98 Sample White Waists—Of fine sheer chiffon, tailored and dressy styles, in black, white and navy. At..... **$2.29**

$2.98 Wool Sweaters, at $1.98

In close weave, made with V-neck or with rolling collar; in red, navy, white and oxford.

$2.00 to $3.00 Wool Sweaters, in plain hand knitted, in white, navy and oxford, or white with navy or red bands. At..... **$1.00**

$1.98 Domestic Quilted Vests—Satin and cheviot, lined with small log of hand-knitted vests in gray with contrasting colors. At..... **98c**

50c Dressing Sacques, now 27c

Dainties figured lawn, with square necks trimmed with bands of embroidery.

$1.25 Long Serpentine Crepe Kimonos—Figured patterns, in light colors. At..... **78c**

$1.50 Long Serpentine Crepe Kimonos—Smoke and full models, satin trimmed, washed colors. At..... **98c**

Women's $2.00 French Kid Gloves $1.29

Pinest quality gloves, with 2 pearl clasps, Paris point, with silk fiet center embroidery, in white, tan and black.

Women's $2.50 White Kid Gloves—16 button length, suitable for evening dresses to measure at our factory at about one-third to one-half average dressmakers' prices! You can time, temper and cash. Street and afternoon dresses, evening and ball gowns (empire, directoire and regular styles), suits, coats, chemises, crepe de chine, and many others of the season's latest materials.

$5.95 Up

Special attention given to made-to-measure suits, **$16.50 up**

until March 15th, from the season's newest materials. Style and workmanship guaranteed. Let your gown and suit be designed to individual figure. Mail orders solicited.

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Branch Store, Woman's Specialty Shop, 200 Main St., Brockton, Mass.

Women's $2.50 White Kid Gloves—16 button length, undressable; 2 pearl clasps, Paris point, with silk fiet center embroidery, in white, tan and black.

Women's $2.50 White Kid Gloves—16 button length, undressable; 2 pearl clasps, Paris point, with silk fiet center embroidery, in white, tan and black.

Women's $2.50 and $2.00 Pique Kid Gloves—Paris point and fancy embroidered backs, in black, white, tan, champagne, navy, mode, gray and navy.

Women's $1.25 White Doeskin Gloves—Paris point, with pearl clasp and broidery, will wash perfectly. At..... **79c**

Women's $1.00 Cape Gloves—Tan and imperial backs, tan undressable. At..... **65c**

Women's $1.50 Overseam Kid Gloves—In tan, with embroidery, also embroidered self or white; tan, slate and white, embroidered self or black. At..... **$1.05**

Women's 89c Silk Gloves—16-button length, double finger tips, undressable; silk, in white and black only. At..... **59c**

Women's 65c Silk Gloves—2-clasp, double finger tips, Paris point embroidery, in black, white, tan, pongee, gray and navy. At..... **49c**

Women's $1.50 Silk Gloves—16-button length, handsomely embroidered arms, Paris point backs, in white, black, tan, pongee, gray and navy. At..... **98c**

Women's 35c Chamois Suede Gloves—2-clasp, natural color, imperial backs. At..... **19c**

Children's 50c Chamois Suede Gloves—White, natural and gray. At..... **25c**

Men's $1.15 Cape Gloves—Tan mocha only. At..... **79c**

Misses' $1.00 Overseam Kid Gloves—Tan shades only. At..... **69c**

29c Silk Taffeta Ribbons 17c

6-inch ribbon, extra heavy hairlow quality, in pink, white, blue, etc.

19c and 25c Taffeta, Moire and Satin Ribbons—4 to 6 inches wide, in a full range of colors. At..... **11c**

45c Satin Taffeta Ribbons—5-inch, heavy quality, black, white and new colors for floral millinery. At..... **29c**

25c Moire Ribbons—5-inch, heavy hairbow quality, in black, white and colors. At..... **14c**

75c Dresden Ribbons—In floral patterns; with outline moire stripes in pink, blue, maize and blue. At..... **49c**

15c Taffeta Ribbons—5-in., heavy quality in pink, blue, white, etc. At..... **10c**

$1 Cambric Skirts, at 65c

With deep flounces of open embroidery and beading run with ribbon.

50c Combinations—Circular style. **39c**

$1.00 Combinations—Lace and embroidery trimmed. At..... **79c**

$1.25 Combinations—Of allover embroidery. At..... **98c**

$1.75 Combinations—With lace and wide embroidery, or with ribbon. At..... **98c**

$2.50 Combinations—Of fine swiss silk, over embroidered flouncings. At..... **$1.98**

25c Corset Covers—5 styles, lace trimmed. At..... **19c**

25c Corset Covers—Lace and embroidery trimmed. At..... **19c**

39c Corset Covers—Fine nainsook, lace and insertions combined with embroidery. At..... **25c**

29c Drawers—Trimmed with tucks and embroidery.

50c Drawers—Made with tucks and embroidery. At..... **35c**

59c Drawers—Circular style, open and hemstitched. At..... **42c**

$2.50 Night Gowns—Fine nainsook, trimmed with fancy insertions and lace. At..... **$1.98**

$1.50 Night Gowns—Trimmed with wide insertions and lace. At..... **98c**

$1.35 Night Gowns—Combined with lace and embroidery. At..... **78c**

$1.00 Night Gowns—In Empire, square and round neck styles. At..... **65c**

50c Night Gowns—Square and square necks, trimmed with laces. At..... **39c**

50c Flannelette Gowns—Pink and blue stripes, made with turnover collar. At..... **33c**

$1.00 Flannelette Gowns—Double fold front and back, silk braid trimmed, in pink and blue stripes. At..... **69c**

$3.00 and $4.00 Skirts—With deep flounces of embroidery. At..... **$1.98**

$2.50 Skirts—Lace and embroidery flounces. At..... **$1.37**

$2.00 Skirts—Deep flounces of open and inlaid embroidery; made with insertion bands, others with beading run with ribbon. At..... **$1.19**

Women's $1 to $2 Union Suits, at 65c

Sample lots, fine and silk and wool suits, in light and medium weight.

Women's 75c to $1.50 Vests—Light and medium weight. At..... **35c**

$1.50 to $2.50 Silk and Wool Union Suits—Medium weight, long or short sleeves. At..... **$1.00**

Women's 50c Lisle Vests—Extra fine, low neck, no sleeves. At..... **10c**

Women's 25c and 35c Vests—Light weight, pants lace trimmed, straight lisle thread. At..... **19c**

39c and 50c Bleached Vests and Pants—Medium and light weight, each **25c**

$1 Crepe Plisse Petticoats, at 68c

The new material that requires no ironing; in white and colors. At..... **68c**

50c Waverly Gingham Petticoats—In checks, stripes, wide range of styles. At..... **29c**

50c Windsor Percale and Gingham Petticoats—In checks and stripes, also plain gray and blue stripes. At..... **39c**

$1.25 Lace Trimmed Petticoats—Of flared and pleated flounces with underfacing. At..... **$1.00**

$4.00 Taffeta and Messaline Petticoats—In black, white and colors. At..... **$2.98**

$3.50 Chiffon Taffeta and Messaline Petticoats—New models in best quality silk, black and new colors..... **$3.78**

$1.25 and $1.50 House Dresses 88c

Percale, chambrays and gingham dresses, with high or round necks, button front and neatly trimmed with pearl buttons, effects or solid color to match; sizes 34 to 46.

$1.00 Striped Percale Dresses—Button front, full skirt with high waist line, sizes 34 to 44. At..... **79c**

$2.00 Percale and Chambray Dresses—Button front or back, trimmed with embroidery or satin insertions in contrasting colors, sizes 34 to 44. At..... **$1.38**

$1.75 Percale and Chambray Dresses—In style, with high waist line. At..... **$1.00**

Women's 15c Cotton Stockings 10c

Black with unbleached split soles, mill run.

Women's Fine Black Cotton Stockings—Combed yarn, "outsize." At..... **15c**

Women's 20c Silk Lisle Stockings—Plain, in black only. At..... **19c**

Women's 25c Silk Lisle Stockings—All sizes. At..... **25c**

Women's 50c and 75c Silk Stockings—Bright thread silk, absolutely first quality. At..... **39c**

Women's $1.00 and $1.50 Silk Stockings—Full fashioned, all leading colors, widths. At..... **59c**

Children's 25c and 35c Stockings—Fancy tops. At..... **15c**

Girls' $1.98 White Muslin Dresses .. 98c

Pretty effects in tucks and lace, the waists neatly finished with bow of ribbon, and the skirts are full plaited; sizes 6 to 14 years.

Girls' 69c Wash Dresses—Gingham plaid effects, made open to back, sizes 8 to 14 years. At..... **47c**

Girls' $1.50 to $1.25 Wash Dresses—Plaid gingham dresses, made open to back; sizes 6 to 14 years. At..... **67c**

Girls' $2.98 New Spring Coats—Light weight, in plaid effects, with collars and pockets, sizes 8 to 14 years. At..... **$1.98**

25c Rhinestone Buttons, dozen, at 18c

Extra fine quality effects, coming in black, white, pink, sky, red, green and navy.

Women's White and Colored Pearl Buttons—Assorted sizes, doz. At..... **5c**

20c Oriental Pearl Buttons—Fancy colors, sizes 12 to 24. At..... **12½c**

50c to $1.00 Fancy Coat and Suit Buttons—Assorted sizes and colors. At..... **20c**

25c to 50c Fancy Waist and Dress Buttons—Small sizes, doz. At..... **9c**

$2.25 Matting Suit Cases, at $1.59

With two straps, size 24, and cloth protectors to cover handles.

$1.50 Matting Traveling Bags—Size 18 to 21. At..... **$1.05**

$3.98 Suit Cases—Made of fine lace leather, extra heavy frame; size 24. At..... **$2.69**

$5.00 Travelers' Bags—Of linen Cowhide, leather lined, all sizes. At..... **$3.45**

$7.00 and $8.00 Traveling Bags—Genuine cowhide and hard grained cowhide, 3-piece bags, leather lined. All sizes..... **$5.00**

Women's $4 & $5 Shoes, at $2.58

Tan Russia calf and patent colt leathers, button and blucher styles with high arch, good range of sizes and widths.

Women's $5.50 Oxfords and Boots—Button and lace, patent colt, satined and black calf leathers; button boots in tan and black, metal and mode leathers, good range of sizes. At..... **$2.28**

Women's $2.50 and $3.00 Shoes—Button and lace styles, high and low heels, patent and calfskin leathers in a good range of sizes; also oxford ties, samples, Goodyear welt. At..... **$1.95**

Women's $2.50 to $4 Sample Shoes—Button, lace and oxford ties, in the regular leathers and styles, sizes principally 2½ to 4½, B, C and D widths. At..... **$1.00**

Women's House Shoes—Button boot or oxford ties and elastic side bullets, sizes 2½ to 8, E and EE widths. At..... **$1.00**

Children's $1.50 School Shoes, at 98c

High top button style, tan and black leathers, also lace style, sizes 9 to 11 and larger.

Misses' and Girls' $2.00 and $2.50 Shoes—High top tan Russia leather button boots, sizes 12 to 2 and 2½ to 6½, E width. At..... **$1.48**

Misses' $2.00 Shoes—Goodyear welt, in kid skin, blucher style; sizes 11½ to 2, E width. At..... **$1.79**

Boys' $2.00 $1.48 Shoes, at

Blucher style, in box calf leather, with extension soles of solid leather, sizes 1 to 5½, E width.

Little Boys' $1.50 Shoes—Wide natural last, in vici kid, with extension soles, sizes 9 to 13½. At..... **98c**

Children's 29c Gingham Rompers 15c

In pink and blue, for children of 1 to 6 years.

Children's 75c Gingham Wash Suits—Plain and dark check effects, sizes 3 to 8 years. At..... **37½c**

Children's 75c Gingham Dresses—In seersucker, in light and dark stripes; sizes 1 to 6 years. At..... **37c**

Children's $1.25 to $1.50 Wash Dresses—In plain and fancy effects, in light and dark patterns; sizes 1 to 6 years. At..... **49c**

Infants' 50c Silk Bonnets—With embroidered effects, some silk lined; all sizes. At..... **25c**

Infants' 98c to $1.25 Silk Bonnets—Daintily thrugged and trimmed, white and colors. At..... **59c**

Children's $2.50 Spring Coats—Double-breasted effects in imported cheviots, sizes 2 to 6 years. At..... **$1.38**

Children's $2.00 Spring Coats—Of Paco cloth, lined throughout, all good colors; sizes 2 to 6 years. At..... **$1.98**

Children's 15c Cotton Drawers—Sizes 2 to 12 years. At..... **10c**

Children's 39c Cotton Skirts—Embroidery trimmed; sizes 2 to 14 years. At..... **25c**

Children's 50c White Guimpes—Lace trimmed; sizes 6 to 14 years. At..... **29c**

Women's 50c Flannelette Night Gowns—In pink and blue stripes; sizes 2 to 8 yrs. At..... **28c**

Children's 15c Underwaists—Cotton and jersey; sizes 2 to 12 years. At..... **10c**

Children's 25c Drawers—In fancy and plain styles, lace and embroidery trimmed styles. At..... **19c**

Infants' 25c Fleeced Lined Shirts and Bands—Sizes 1 to 3 years. At..... **19c**

Infants' 69c Silk and Wool Shirts—Slightly second; sizes 1 to 3 years. At..... **39c**

Infants' 89c Long and Short Dresses—Embroidered yoke, with lace neck and sleeves. At..... **39c**

Infants' 25c Long Flannelette Skirts. At..... **19c**

50c-75c Venice Lace Collars and Yokes 29c

Round and pointed shapes, in white and ecru.

50c Vestee Guimpes—New style, in plain and fancy materials in contrasting colors, with rolling collar; fastened in front with rhinestone studs. At..... **29c**

50c Epaulette Collars—White crepe de chine, with labot attached. At..... **29c**

$1.00 and $1.25 Guimpes—Of fine net and shadow lace, full length sleeves. At..... **59c**

25c Corsage Bouquets—Roses, forget-me-nots, violets and pansies. At..... **12½c**

50c Chemisettes—Fine shadow lace. At..... **19c**

25c Ruffings—Plain sets, shadow lace and fine Swiss pleated ruffings, white. Per yard, at..... **12½c**

50c Marabout Capettes—Of ostrich, in black and natural, finished with ribbon ties. At..... **25c**

25c Embroidered Louisine Neckwear—Standing and Dutch shapes, solid and fancy effects, in white, pink, sky, natural and navy. At..... **25c**

25c to 39c Mesh Veilings 18c

Shadow dots and lenoto effects, in plain and fancy patterns, black, white, navy, maguis and champagne.

75c Silk Shetland Veils—In white and black, large meshes and dressy effects. At..... **39c**

$1.50 Brussels Chiffon Cloth Veils—Nine 2½1 yards; hemstitched border, in white, black and navy. At..... **98c**

25c Waterproof Militaire—In black and white. At..... **12½c**

50c to 75c Imported Mesh Veilings—Dunelo and shadow patterns, in black, white, maguis and champagne. At..... **25c**

$1.00 to $1.50 Shadow Shetland Veils—1½ yard size; in white and black. At..... **69c**

50c Marabout Trimmings, at 35c

Retro fine quality in white, pink, natural and black.

Bugle Fringes—Wanted narrow width in silver only. At..... **15c**

75c to $1.00 Persian Bands—5 to 25 in. wide, new patterns. At..... **39c**

$1.00 to $1.50 Persian Bands and Fringes—Also festoon novelties, white and black. At..... **69c**

25c Soutache Braids—White, black and colors, 12-yd. pieces. At..... **10c**

$1 Black Striped Mohair, at 69c

Ripley's English dye, 42 in. wide, in deep black and high lustre.

$1.25 Black Lustina Prunella—42-in. wide, English dye, perfect black. **79c**

$1.75 Black Cutting Serges—42 inches wide, fast dye, light and medium weight, perfect black. At..... **$1.19**

$1.50 Black Wool Pean de Soie Suits—In bright finish, perfect black. At..... **98c**

$1.75 Black Wool Pean de Soie—54 in. one grade finer than above..... **$1.19**

$1.50 Black Storm Serges—54 inches, heavy weight, clear black and weather tested color. At..... **98c**

$2.50 Black Spotproof Broadcloths—52 in., very lustrous, spotproof and shrunk. At..... **$1.69**

4500 Yards 25c Silk and Cotton Pongee 15c

A half silk fabric, 25 in. wide, handsome shower dot pattern and good weights in large color assortment, also black.

1700 Yds.—30c Silk Striped Voiles—27 in. wide, in black, white and colors. At..... **25c**

1200 Yds.—50c Fancy Voiles—In short pieces and slightly mussed; 40 in. wide, wide range of styles. At..... **25c**

1200 Yds.—29c French Shirtings—36 in. wide, light grounds with color stripe, and black and white. At..... **19c**

8000 Yds.—25c Rep Poplins and Pongees—27 in. wide, absolutely fast colors, in black, white and colors. At..... **12½c**

4000 Yds.—10c Standard Ginghams—27 in. wide, fast colors in checks, stripes and apron checks. At..... **6¼c**

7000 Yds.—12½c Standard Percales—36 in. wide, light and dark grounds. At..... **8½c**

4200 Yds.—10c Motor Cloth—36 in. wide range of fast colors. At..... **10c**

3640 Yds.—15c Galatea—30 inches wide, in 6a as mill runs, some have slight imperfections, all good fast colors. At..... **9c**

Te Standard Prints—In light and dark colors. At..... **5c**

85c Storm Serge, at 59c

42-inch pure worsted, in gray, old rose, taupe, copenhagen, cadet, old blue, brown, navy and black.

$1.50 Worsted Suitings—54-inch, clay worsted, in gray, brown, etc., in gray, tan, navy, green. **98c**

$2.50 Crepe de Chine Suitings—56 in., in clear shade of navy only. At **$1.50**

$1.75 Spotproof Broadcloths—54 inches, in navy, black and garnet. At..... **$1.29**

$1.00 Checked Suiting—54-in., black and white check. At..... **59c**

$1.25 Fancy Mixture Suitings—54 inches wide, in all colors and black. At..... **59c**

$1.25 Black Panama Cloth—54-inch, all worsted, brown, navy and black. At..... **69c**

$1.50 Fancy Suiting Goods—In novelty effects, all colors. At..... **98c**

Remnants—Serges, cashmeres, fancy suitings, mohairs, etc., all colors, 36 to 54 inches wide..... **29c, 39c, 49c, 79c**

$1 Messaline Charmeuse, at 59c

56-inch extra strong, lustrous finish, in 40 new colors and black.

$1.00 Sportproof Foulards—24 inch, all new patterns, in conventional and floral effects. At..... **59c**

$2.00 Crepe de Chine—40 in., fine quality, lustrous finish, 30 new shades and white and black. At..... **$1.29**

59c Half Silk Fancy Tussah—27 in., in a complete line of colors and black. At..... **29c**

$2.50 and $3.00 Charmeuse—42 inches, rich satin finish, in white and black. At..... **$1.59**

$1.10 Silk Messaline—36 inch, extra heavy, in black, white and 60 new shades. At..... **79c**

$1.00 Fancy Silk Marquisette—36 in., light and dust grounds, with distinctive and dressy effects. At..... **59c**

$1.50 Printed Chiffon Cloth—44 in., popular colorings, with floral and conventional designs. At..... **75c**

$2.50 Sportproof Foulards—24 inches, neat figures and dots, various colors and navy blue. At..... **$1.59**

$1.00 Black Messaline—36 inch, excellent quality. At..... **59c**

$1.25 Black Messaline—36 in., drapes to nature, fine quality. At..... **79c**

$1.50 Black Taffeta—36 in., soft and lustrous, guaranteed. At..... **98c**

$1.50 Black Satin—36 in., heavy cotton quality, mercerized. At..... **98c**

$2.00 Black Taffeta—36 inch, non-crushable, chiffon finish. At..... **$1.25**

79c Costume Corduroy, at 49c

28 in. wide, fine cotton quality, in castor, brown, gray, taupe, natural, navy, black and white.

$1.25 and $1.50 Costume Corduroy—36 in., superfine quality, in castor, brown, gray, taupe, natural, navy, black and white. At..... **79c**

$1 Lining Satins, at 79c

36 in. wide, wear guaranteed, in black, white and colors.

79c Lining Satins—36 in., wear guaranteed two seasons; in black, white and colors. At..... **59c**

$1.00 Black Mesalines—36 in., heavy silk weight, fast dye. At..... **79c**

50c Tailors' English Venetians—In black and colors, also white. At..... **39c**

25c Silk Finished Percalines—36 inch, black, white and colors. At..... **19c**

15c 40-in. Lawns—In black, white and colors. At..... **10c**

$1 Leather Hand Bags 59c

Made of grain leather, with oxidized silver frames and trimmings.

$1.50 Leather Hand Bags—Full silk lined, with inside purse. At..... **98c**

$1.00 Wellesley Shopping Bags—Of 100lb Manila paper, with leather handles.

Men's 50c Bill Fold and Card Cases—Of real leather. At..... **25c**

25c Children's or Norfolk Patent Belts—In black and red. At..... **17c**

Men's $18 Suits, at $12.50

Strictly hand tailored in English, Norfolk and single breasted models, in blue serges, tweeds, worsteds and cassimeres in the newest stripes and new spring styles.

Men's $10.00 Cassimere—Kersey, fancy worsteds and homespuns. At..... **$6.00**

Men's $20.00 and $25.00 Overcoats—All styles and fabrics. At..... **$12.75**

Men's $15.00 Suits—In cheviots, mixtures and blue serges. At..... **$9.65**

Men's $1.00 69c Shirts, at

Negligee style, all sizes, 14 to 17, neat patterns.

$1.00 Shirts—Slightly soiled from handling, all sizes, fine percales. At..... **39c**

Men's $1.00 Madras Pajamas—Fast colors. At..... **79c**

Men's 75c Night Shirts—Fancy printed fronts, all sizes. At..... **39c**

25c and 35c Silk Four-in-Hand Ties—All new patterns and colors. At..... **15c**

Men's 50c Pure Thread Silk Socks 19c

In black, white and colors.

Men's 15c to 25c Sample Socks—In cotton and lisle. At..... **10c**

Men's $1.00 and $1.25 Union Suits—Fine cotton, medium weight, long and short sleeves, all sizes. At..... **69c**

Men's 39c Balbriggan Underwear—Drawers with double seat, sizes 32 to 42. Each, at..... **29c**

Boys' $4.50 Norfolk Suits $2.65

Finely tailored, with extra long coats and full-peg knickerbockers; of fancy and blue cheviots and tweed effects.

Boys' $3.95 School Suits—Fancy gray, brown and brown cheviots, and attractive pencil stripes, sizes 6 to 16 years. At..... **$1.75**

Boys' $1.50 to $2.50 Sample Wash Suits—Linen, percale, madras, ginghams and Rice-Grade galatzes in the best styles, sizes 2 to 10 years. At..... **49c to 98c**

Boys' $6.00 Norfolk Suits—With extra pair of knickerbockers, fancy worsteds and blue in Scotches, cassimeres and homespuns. At..... **$3.65**

Boys' $6.50 to $10.00 Overcoats—In all sizes and fabrics. At..... **$3.75**

$1.50 and $2.25 Ulsterettes—In navy and gray cheviots. At..... **$1.29**

$1.50 and $2.50 Swiss Allover Embroidered Flouncings—In open work patterns, for corset covers and gowns. At..... **98c and $1.49**

45c Flouncings—In fine sheer patterns, in openwork designs. At..... **25c**

25c 18-in. Embroideries—At..... **19c**

35c 18-in. Embroideries—At..... **25c**

42c 18-in. Embroideries—At..... **29c**

75c Printed Linoleums, at 48c

8-4 and 6-4 widths.

40 Pieces—89c Printed Linoleums—In floral and tile effects, 6-4 wide, per sq. yd. At..... **59c**

30 Pieces—85c Printed Linoleums—In floral and tile effects, 6-4 wide, per sq. yd. At..... **69c**

75 Pieces—98c Printed Linoleums—In floral and tile effects, 6-4 wide, per sq. yd. At..... **79c**

50 Pieces—$1.00 to $1.25 Linoleums—8-4 or 2 yds. wide, per sq. yd. At..... **78c**

12 Pieces—$1.50 Linoleums—6-4 wide, per sq. yd. At..... **$1.19**

15 Pieces—75c Linoleums—6-4 wide, per sq. yd. At..... **58c**

25 Pieces—$1.00 Inlaid Linoleums—In floral and tile effects, 6-4 wide, per sq. yd. At..... **78c**

1 Gross—$1.00 Rubber Door Mats—Heavy grade, 17x30 in. each..... **78c**

$37.50 Ardsley Rugs—Size 9x12 ft., oriental, 9x12 feet. At..... **$32.48**

$35.00 Ardsley Rugs—Size 9x12 ft., oriental, 9x10.6 ft. At..... **$29.48**

$28.50 Ardsley Rugs—Size 9x12 ft. **$24.98**

$25.00 Ardsley Rugs—Size 9x12 ft., oriental. At..... **$21.98**

$12.50 Ardsley Rugs—Size 6x9 ft. **$10.98**

$10.95 Ardsley Rugs—Size 6x9 ft., oriental. At..... **$9.48**

$3.75 Ardsley Rugs—Size 27x54 in. At..... **$2.98**

$2.95 Ardsley Rugs—Size 27x54 in. **$2.28**

$30.00 Axminster Rugs—Size 9x12 ft. At..... **$19.98**

$2.50 to $4.50 Rent Princess Laces—In bands, edges and points, up to 9 in. wide.

$4.50 Wilton Rugs—Size 27x54 in. At..... **$3.98**

$1.75 to $2.50 Real Princess Laces—In bands, edges and points, up to 9 in. wide. At..... **$1.29**

75c to 98c Irish Crochet Laces—Edges and insertions to match, ¾ to 2 in. wide, in white and ecru patterns.

25c to 39c Irish Crochet Laces—Edges and insertions to match, ¾ to 2 in. wide, in white and ecru patterns.

$4.75 and $5.50 Venice Point Laces—18 in. wide, in white, cream and ecru, new floral patterns. At..... **98c**

85c to $1.10 French and Cluny Laces—Matched sets of edges and insertions, in white and ecru. At..... **59c**

50c to 12½c Shadow Edges—In white and ecru, new floral effects in lace and insertions, wide widths. At..... **5c**

$1.75 to $2.25 Shadow Laces—42 to 72 in. wide, in black, white and ecru. At..... **$1.15**

37½c to 50c Cotton Allovers—27 in. wide, in white and ecru. At..... **19c**

37½c to 45c Fall Laces—Used for diamond mesh effects in matched sets of edges and insertions. At..... **25c**

75c to $1.25 Shadow Allovers—18 in. wide, white and ecru. At..... **49c**

8c to 10c Pure Linen Torchons—Edges and insertions, medium and wide widths. At..... **2½c**

$1.50 to $2.00 Shadow Allovers—42 in. wide, white and ecru shades. **$1.00**

15c to 20c Shadow Laces—Medium and wide widths, white and ecru. At..... **9c**

25c to 39c Shadow Flouncings—18 in. wide, in white or ecru. At..... **45c**

Women's 17c Linen Handkerchiefs, at 9c

Plain hemstitched.

Women's 10c Handkerchiefs—All linen, initialed, each..... **7c**

Women's 15c Handkerchiefs—All linen, plain hemstitched. At..... **10c**

Women's 25c Handkerchiefs—All linen, initial style. At..... **15c**

Men's 12½c Handkerchiefs—All linen. At..... **9c**

10c and 12½c Bias Seam Tapes, at 6c

Made from lawn, 12 yards long.

20c and 25c Dress Belting—Fine grain silk in black and white, per yard, at..... **12½c**

2 yards for..... **25c**

19c Spool Silk—Black only. At..... **10c**

19c Dress Shields—Silk covered, sizes 3 and 4, pair. At..... **10c**

15c Velvet Grip Supporters—In 3 sizes for cents. At..... **9c**

25c Royale Human Hair Nets—At..... **10c**

$1.00 27-in. Flouncings, at 49c

Elaborately embroidered, showy eyelet effects, on fine quality Swiss, specially designed for Confirmation, Communion and Graduation.

18c to 50c Bands, Galloons and Ribbon Bandings—In openwork and eyelet and blind effects. At..... **10c to 25c**

12c and 15c Edges and Insertions—Cambric, nainsook and Swiss, 1 to 6 in. wide. At..... **7½c and 10c**

$1.50 and $2.25 Flouncings—18 in. wide, in eyelet effects. At..... **$1.29**

$1.50 and $2.50 Swiss Allover Embroideries—In openwork patterns, for corset covers and gowns. At..... **98c and $1.49**

39c Flouncings—18 in., showy patterns in openwork designs. At..... **25c**

25c 18-in. Embroideries—At..... **19c**

35c 18-in. Embroideries—At..... **25c**

42c 18-in. Embroideries—At..... **29c**

50c Hair Brushes 25c

All bristle brushes, large size and exceptional value. At..... **25c**

25c Tooth Brushes—Transparent celluloid handles. At..... **17c**

15c 20c Hanover Dressing Combs—Imported, fine teeth. At..... **10c**

20c Celluloid Dressing Combs—Fine coarse and medium teeth. At..... **10c**

10c Toilet Paper—5 packages for..... **25c**

10c Writing Tablets—Of pure cream laid linen for..... **5c**

25c Jergens' Toilet Soaps—In assorted colors for..... **25c**

$1.00 Fancy Hand Mirrors—Beveled glass. At..... **39c**

75c Celluloid Puff Boxes—Large, in pink and blue. At..... **39c**

$1.00 Fancy Puff Boxes—In white, oriental, 9x10.6 ft. At

TURKEY MAY LEAVE FATE WITH POWERS

European Nations Believed to Oppose Any Scheme to Dismember the Empire.

LONDON, March 1.—Great reticence is being observed concerning Turkey's new move for securing peace with the Balkan Allies. According to the Daily Telegraph there is reason to believe Turkey is about to entrust her cause to the Powers without stipulating any conditions. Assuming this to be the case, the Telegraph says, doubts are expressed whether the Allies will not insist upon Turkey making direct overtures to them and whether they will consent to any terms while Adrianople and Scutari are still holding out.

That the Powers will do their best to arrange an entente which shall be as advantageous as possible to Turkish interests is accounted for by two reasons:

First—It is of the first importance to Europe that such terms shall be granted to Turkey as will allow of her future existence as a strong Asiatic State.

Second—The Powers have been laboring for a solution of the Austro-Russian difficulties on the assumption that the existing military situation is not changed—for example, on the hypothesis that Scutari does not surrender to the Allies. The continuation of hostilities is a permanent danger to the consolidation of the work already done.

Nearly 300 Turkish soldiers were killed or captured in a fight with Greeks near Janina, according to a telegram today. One hundred and seven Turks were killed and 180 taken prisoners.

HUNT MAN'S ASSAILANT.

Roxbury Man Shot by Youth of 18 in Quarrel.

Roxbury and Dorchester police are conducting a search for a seventeen-year-old Italian youth who is alleged to have shot and slightly wounded a countryman in an argument over money matters at Blue Hill avenue and Sarris street, Roxbury, at midnight. The wounded man is Dominick Guarrelo, twenty-six, No. 42 Dacia street, Roxbury. The name of his alleged assailant was given as Carmino Scarmio, living in the rear of No. 18 Dacia street.

Guarrelo was removed to the City Hospital with a slight wound in the abdomen. When last seen Scarmio was going toward Grove Hall.

KEEP THIS AD It's Worth $1.00

Any one patient presenting this ad will receive $1 worth of work to demonstrate that you may have your teeth filled, crowned or extracted without the least pain. This places you under no obligation to have more than the dollar's worth of work.

3.00 Best Bridge Work Per Tooth **3.00**

Pure 22K Gold Crowns. Work Guaranteed 10 Years.

HOTT NEWSOMS SUCTIONS NO GUM RODS TRADE MARK

A scientifically constructed rootless plate. Gives lasting comfort and satisfaction, enabling you to eat anything. Doesn't drop. Easy to remove. Hygienic. So natural in appearance that it cannot be detected. CANNOT BE HAD ELSEWHERE. Shown and demonstrated FREE. Come here in the morning and have us extract your old teeth FREE and go home at night with a new set that fits your mouth perfectly. Lady Attendant.

Gold Fillings $1.00 up. Silver Fillings 50c

5.00 Full Set of Teeth Best red rubber thin roof **5.00**

Gold Tooth Free on Plates

(A-8) **DR. HEWSON**

503 Washington St., Boston

Hrs. 8:30 to 5. Sat. till 9. Sun. 9 to 1. Tel. Ox. 1511-M.

No Adam, No Eve, Say Bostonians

Pastors Call "First Man" a Myth

Even Serpent Thrown Overboard

Rev. Dr. Conrad Only One to Defend Biblical Story as Partly Historical.

Was there an Adam and an Eve?

Did they really exist, or are they just Biblical myths in an allegorical story of the beginning of the world?

This is the latest theological question, and ministers and professors of theology are firing broadsides of sermons and pamphlets at each other, for and against the real existence of Adam and Eve.

The attack upon the existence of Adam and Eve was not entirely unexpected. First Dr. Charles W. Eliot, leading layman of the Unitarians, abolished Hell, and plucked it right out of the Bible. For this the Unitarians have been severely scored by the more conservative members of Protestant denominations.

Poor Old Jonah.

Poor old Jonah and the whale long ago began a battle for existence, the modernists declaring that this story was but an allegory and that a whale never swallowed Jonah. Jonah and the whale have their followers, who declare that the story is true, and that to attempt to explain it away is wrong.

Now the modernists have invaded the Garden of Eden, and the newest theological war is on.

Professor William D. McMillan of the University of Chicago says that Adam and Eve never existed and that they are myths.

Rev. Dr. A. Z. Conrad, pastor of the Park Street Church, says: "What does Professor McMillan know about it? The Garden of Eden story and its characters, Adam and Eve, are partly history and partly allegorical."

Rev. Dr. Howard N. Brown, pastor of King's Chapel, says: "I agree with the Chicago man."

Myth, Says Evans.

Professor Daniel Evans of Andover Theological Seminary, Cambridge, and Professor H. E. W. Fosbroke of the Episcopal Theological School, Cambridge, pronounce Adam and Eve myths.

The controversy over Adam and Eve started last week when Professor William D. McMillan of the University of Chicago told his class:

There can be no doubt that Adam and Eve and their tempter, the serpent, never actually existed. The story cannot be considered anything but a myth evolved by the ancients to account for the presence of human beings upon the earth.

The universally credited theory of evolution smashes the one-man and one-woman theory. There never was a first man or woman.

Dr. Conrad of the Park Street Church is considered one of the most conservative ministers in Boston. He is pastor of the church which was formerly known as "Brimstone Corner."

What Dr. Conrad Says.

"So far as the origin of man is concerned, the Biblical account is unquestionably true," he said.

He said in detail:

Much relative to the Garden of Eden temptation is allegorical. It all antedates history. However, it is a question of accepting revelation. Denials of all revelation are easy to make, but count for absolutely nothing.

What does Professor McMillan know about it? There is no scientific theory if one accepts revelation. The Garden of Eden story and its characters, Adam and Eve, are partly historical and partly allegorical.

This eminent minister said that to explain properly his theory of the Garden of Eden story it would be necessary to prepare a dissertation. He was very positive that the Chicago professor could have no correct scientific theory, as "there is no scientific theory."

Rev. Dr. Howard N. Brown, pastor of the King's Chapel, accepts the theory of Professor McMillan. He said:

Allegory, Says Dr. Brown.

The word myth would describe what the scholarship of today would call the Adam and Eve story. Most of the scholarship of the present day would regard it as being purely allegory. I agree with the Chicago man. It seems to me that the consensus of opinion among learned people of today is to that effect.

The Adam and Eve story is not so much history as it is poetry. I suppose the Hebrews borrowed that from the Babylonian sources as they probably did the flood story. Scholarship of today is getting away from the theories of evolution which have obsessed the learned minds of the past.

Even the Darwinian theory is getting out of date and newer philosophies are coming in. The newer philosophies accept the theory that mankind comes from the Supreme Being, but they do not believe, as the Darwinian theory would require, that creation was accomplished in one big step. They are coming to believe that creation is the result of many smaller steps: man was not created all at once, but in the course of many thousands of years.

Not Even Allegory.

Professor Daniel Evans of Andover Theological Seminary, who is considered one of the best read men in New England upon theology, agrees also with Professor McMillan. He said:

It is now generally conceded by the best Biblical scholarship that the story of Adam and Eve is a myth. I would not even term it an allegory.

This is no wise detracts from the story, as its meaning from an ethical point of view may be made helpful and serviceable.

Professor H. E. W. Fosbroke of the Episcopal Theological School, Cambridge:

This whole story is a myth and I think that nearly every well-known scholar in the church so interprets it. It is a myth to be used in teaching religious truth. Mythically interpreted, it is just as valuable in its teaching and more so than if interpreted literally.

Nothing is lost by regarding this story as mythical, let it be understood.

BIGGEST MONOPLANE YET.

Boston Aviators May Join in Race for International Cup.

NEW YORK, March 1.—Efforts of a syndicate of wealthy Chicago and Boston aviation enthusiasts to win the next international race at Rheims for America are expected to result in the purchase of a fast French monoplane driven by a rotary engine of 100 horsepower, the largest yet used in a speed contest. From Norman Prince of Boston, a cable dispatch reached the Aero Club of America from Pau, to this effect.

"KID CARTER'S" TRIAL.

MacPherson's Slayer to Have Hearing in March.

James D. Jennings, alias "Kid Carter," who was indicted by the Grand Jury in January for the murder of William H. MacPherson in a South End saloon on New Year's Day, will go to trial in the Suffolk Superior Criminal Court on the last week in March. The delay in the trial has been occasioned by the time necessary for preparing the case by counsel.

3,000 JAPANESE FOR BRAZIL.

Will Found a Colony on 50,000 Acres Under Lease.

KOBE, March 1.—One thousand Japanese emigrants left here for Brazil today on the steamship Waukesa, to found a colony on 50,000 acres of land held under lease by a Japanese company, whose colonizing operations are under the patronage of the Japanese government. Two thousand more colonists will sail on following steamships.

The story of Adam and Eve, from Genesis, Chapters 2 and 3 of the King James Bible.

II.-7—And the Lord God formed man of the dust of the ground, and breathed into his nostrils the breath of life; and man became a living soul.

II.-8—And the Lord God planted a garden eastward in Eden; and there he put the man whom he had formed.

II.-21—And the Lord God caused deep sleep to fall upon Adam, and he slept; and he took one of his ribs, and closed up the flesh instead thereof.

II.-22—And the rib, which the Lord God had taken from man, made he a woman, and brought her unto the man.

III.-20—And Adam called his wife's name Eve; because she was the mother of all living.

CARS IN COLLISION; 3 ARE CUT BY GLASS

Vestibules Are Smashed as Trolleys Crash on Cummings Road, Brighton.

Three people were cut by flying glass, nine others were shaken up and the vestibules of two cars were demolished when a trolley car coming down the steep grade on Cummings road, Brighton, crashed into the rear of another electric at the corner of Cummings road and Commonwealth avenue last evening. The injured follow:

Miss May Fenton, No. 47 Gardner street, Cambridge, cut on the face by falling glass.

Motorman W. J. Murphy, face cut and badly shaken up.

Conductor Joseph Shanley, cut about the eye by glass.

A car in charge of Motorman T. F. Kelley and Conductor Shanley had stopped at the corner to transfer to an cross town electric. There were eight passengers aboard. Just as the car came to a stand-still an electric in charge of Motorman Murphy and Conductor M. D. Colby came down the grade behind them.

The brakes on the latter car did not work well, the rails were slippery and a collision resulted. The standing car was forced ahead several feet. The passengers and crew were knocked to the floors and there was considerable excitement for a few minutes. Motorman Murphy stuck to his post.

Miss Fenton was picked up by Conductor Shanley and was carried to a doctor's office. She recovered and was taken to her home in a carriage.

Murphy and Shanley were not badly injured and were able to walk to their homes. The other passengers boarded other cars, unhurt.

Goethals Approves Plan.

WASHINGTON, March 1.—The plan originating with Carroll L. Riker, a New York engineer, to build an ocean jetty off the Newfoundland banks to prevent the mingling of the Labrador current with the Gulf Stream until they reach mid-ocean, was approved today by Colonel George W. Goethals, chief engineer of the Panama Canal.

UNITARIAN IDEAS STIR EPISCOPALIANS

Rev. Dr. Bull Protests New Creed in the Diocesan Board of Education.

Is the Diocesan Board of Education of the Episcopal Church in Massachusetts becoming Unitarian in its teaching?

Rev. H. F. Bull of St. John the Evangelist Church, Bowdoin street, is out with a statement that the board is becoming Unitarian. High churchmen of the diocese have already placed the board under the ban. The Church of the Advent, Brimmer street, will no longer support it. St. John the Evangelist, Bowdoin street, has just joined the ranks of the recusants. There are about fifteen parishes in the diocese which complain that the board of teaching Unitarianism.

Rev. Dr. Frederick Palmer of Andover is the cause of the present trouble. In a lecture delivered recently under the auspices of the board he said that "Christ was the son of Joseph, and that we had within us all the seed of the divine life."

COMING FROM HOLLAND.

Rev. Kirshopp Lake to Succeed Professor Nash.

Rev. Kirshopp Lake, professor of Early Christian Literature and New Testament Exegesis at the University of Leyden, Holland, will become a professor in the Episcopal Theological School, Cambridge. He is to take the courses given by the late Professor Henry S. Nash, who died about three months ago.

$8,500 Salary Too Small.

JERSEY CITY, N. J., March 1.—The reason assigned by Judge John J. Treacy for resigning as judge of the Court of Errors and Appeals is that his salary of $8,500 a year was too small. He will practice law.

Comes 2300 Miles to Marry a Widow

Real Estate Man From State of Washington Will Claim Mrs. Merrill of Salem for His Bride.

Alcinous Y. Sweesy, a retired real estate operator of Aberdeen, Washington, sixty years old, arrived from a journey across the continent yesterday to wed Mrs. Mary Elizabeth Merrill, fifty-five, who is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Herbert Grindall, at No. 850 Watertown street, West Newton.

The wedding of this couple will be the climax of a romance begun several years ago on the Pacific slope.

Mrs. Merrill said yesterday to an AMERICAN reporter:

"I have known Mr. Sweesy for several years. We fell in love just as younger couples do. There is nothing strange, so far as I can see. We've enjoyed each other's company immensely, and now we see no reason why we shouldn't get married. Our children have no objection to the wedding, and everything is going to be happy for us in our declining years."

After procuring a license a special dispensation was secured from Judge Kennedy of the Newton court because of the Sunday law in this State. As soon as Mrs. Merrill's daughter Ernestine arrives from Germany, where she has been studying, the wedding will take place. The Rev. Charles Tilton, pastor of the Methodist Church in West Medford, will officiate. Miss Merrill was expected yesterday, but the steamer was late in reaching New York.

Mr. Sweesy, who has traveled 2,300 miles to claim his bride, is a widower with six children. Mrs. Merrill is the widow of Edward A. Merrill of Salem. She has five children.

Rush Lincoln Memorial.

WASHINGTON, March 1.—As the result of a conference of the Lincoln Memorial Commission, Henry Bacon, the architect, of New York, was instructed to proceed at once to complete the plans. The memorial, for which Congress already has appropriated $2,000,000, will stand in Potomac Park, south of the White House.

ASHLEY PLEADS FOR NEW BEDFORD OFFICE

Mayor Asks President Taft at Hearing to Save Customs District Soon to End.

WASHINGTON, March 1.—President Taft sat in the East room of the White House today as judge in a public hearing on Secretary of the Treasury MacVeagh's plan for the reorganization of the customs service.

The Secretary said:

By wiping out a large amount of the waste timber which now clogs up the customs service—the small offices which are only important to their community—the government will save about $413,000 annually.

The Secretary also claimed that the work of the entire customs service would be much improved by the consolidation.

Senator Johnson of Maine said that his State should have more than one collection district. Senator Dillingham told the President that there should be at least two districts in Vermont.

Calling attention to the fact that New Bedford, Mass., has received $700,000 for dredging its harbor, has asked for $2,000,000 from Congress for the purchase of a dry dock and possesses harbor facilities second to none on the New England coast, Mayor Ashley of New Bedford informed the President that his city "feels a natural resentment at the taking away of that which was presented to her by the first President.

"We absolutely oppose this reorganization which would result in the removal of collectorship from New Bedford," said Mayor Ashley, "because we believe our city to be the logical place for customs collectors and we cannot but resent any plan which does not include our city."

THREE FIGURE SALE

This Sale will be held all this week to give you an opportunity to make an early selection for your

EASTER HAT

We are offering thousands of big values which should appeal to every woman. Don't wait until the rush is on.

BUY NOW

Add as a special inducement we are offering special low prices—On some numbers less than ½.

This Beautiful

FRENCH CURL PLUME

19 in. long, 9 in. wide, Regularly $6.50

This Sale

$3.33

14-inch French Plume. Regular $3.00. Three figure sale..... $1.11
16-inch French Plume. Regular 3.50. Three figure sale..... 2.22
17-inch French Plume. Regular 7.50. Three figure sale..... 2.44
20-inch French Plume. Regular 14.00. Three figure sale..... 4.66
21-inch French Plume. Regular 15.00. Three figure sale..... 7.77
22-inch French Plume. Regular 16.50. Three figure sale..... 8.88
24-inch French Plume. Regular 20.00. Three figure sale..... 9.99

Stay Tied Willows. Regular $6.00. Three figure sale..... $2.33
Stay Tied Willows. Regular 9.00. Three figure sale..... 5.55
Stay Tied Willows. Regular 12.00. Three figure sale..... 6.66
Stay Tied Willows. Regular 12.50. Three figure sale..... 7.77
Stay Tied Willows. Regular 20.00. Three figure sale..... 9.99

REPAIRING

We will guarantee to make from your old feathers a beautiful willow or a French feather; let us estimate. Dyeing and curling done at ½ regular price.

MAIL ORDERS BY PARCEL POST

On receipt of money order or check we will mail any feather desired. We guarantee satisfaction or your money back. WE PAY ALL MAIL CHARGES.

SEND FOR OUR CATALOGUE

CROWN FEATHER CO., Dept. C.

611 WASHINGTON STREET

Tel. 1499-M Ox. Take Elevator. Opposite Siegel's.

—Sale Ends Saturday—

Will You Buy a Last Spring's Suit at About One-Half Price?

Our Annual Sale of "Last Spring's Suits" now going on. Each Spring at this time we sell every suit carried over. This year we offer about three thousand suits—including many of the celebrated Hart, Schaffner & Marx make. Easter coming so early makes this a ten days' sale, instead of the usual three weeks. This means Bigger Bargains and Bigger Business than ever before.

Buy Now While You Can Get Two Suits at About the Price of One

Men's Spring Suits

Last Spring's Suits and a few heavy weights—all high-grade fabrics and good styles that sold at $25.00 and $28.00, now..... **16.50**

Last Spring's Suits, Men's stylish models, Suits that will please the most critical—nobby styles and good sellers at $22.00 and $25.00, now **15.00**

Last Spring's Suits and several styles of heavy weights, many styles to select from. Were $18.00, now..... **12.75**

Last Spring's Suits includes many broken lots of heavy weights—Suits that sold well at $15.00 and $18.00, now..... **10.00**

Young Men's Suits

Hart, Schaffner & Marx and other good makes—includes Sack Suits and many Norfolk Suits.

$8.75 & $10 Suits, now **6.75**
$12.75 & $15 Suits, now **9.75**
$16.50 & $18 Suits, now **12.75**
$20 & $22 Suits, now **15.00**
$25 & $28 Suits, now **16.50**
38 Young Men's Top Coats } Special
Raincoats . . . . . } **5.00**
45 Young Men's Suits }

Boys' Shop—Knickerbocker Suits, Double-Breasted Suits and Norfolk Suits

Many styles have two knickerbockers, ages 7 to 17. Light and Dark Grays, Browns, Olives, Tans, Blue Grays and Serges.

$3.95 and $4.50 Suits on sale at..... **$2.95**
$5.00 and $6.50 Suits on sale at..... **$3.95**
$7.50 and $8.00 Suits on sale at..... **$5.00**
$8.50 and $10.00 Suits on sale at..... **$6.50**
Juvenile Russian and Sailor Suits, ages 3 to 10; $6.50 and $8.00, on sale at..... **$4.95**
Washable Suits, Sailors and Russians, ages 3 to 10. March sale prices..... **49c, $1.89, $2.89**

$12.50 and $14.00 Suits on sale at..... **$8.50**
$1.00 Boys' Knee Pants Suits, 14, 15 and 16 sizes Boys' Top Coats, 14, 15, 16 and 17 sizes **$1.00**
School Knickerbockers..... **59c**
Boys' Blouse Waists..... **39c—2 for 75c**
Boys' $1.50 and $1.00 Shirts..... **89c**

Shoe Department

$4.00 Shoes, Black, Tan and Patent Colt, Lace, Button and Blucher, double and single soles. This sale..... **$2.49**

Last Week of Great Sale—Open Saturday Evening

The Continental Clothing House

Boston's Greatest Clothing Store

651-657 Washington Street, Corner Boylston

BEDFORD PASTOR AND CHIEF IN MERRY WAR

Rev. David C. Torrey Leads Attack on E. P. Kelley, Head of Police.

Did anyone ever hear of "Darkest Bedford"?

Has Bedford been bruited abroad as a community of crime?

Rev. David C. Torrey, pastor of the First Congregational Church of Bedford, makes five accusations against Police Chief Edward P. Kelley.

Accusation No. 4 reads:

"He (the chief) has rushed police news into print, to the deprivation of the town abroad."

Chief Kelley, replying to No. 4, says succinctly:

"No police news has ever been printed but what must appear every year in your town report and is required by law."

This question of police publicity is one of several which are all tangled up in Bedford town politics and which are now coming to a showdown.

Town Meeting Tomorrow.

Tomorrow the Bedford voters, in the first part of the annual town meeting, will elect Selectmen and other officers.

Wednesday, when they hold the adjourned meting to act on other articles in the town warrant, they will decide whether or not the office of Chief of Police shall be abolished.

Tomorrow's election will not decide Chief Kelley's fate, no matter whether Selectman Immanuel Pfeiffer is re-elected or not. Even if Pfeiffer is defeated by David C. Cutler, there will still be two supporters of Kelley on the board—Chairman Irving L. Hodgdon and Selectman Sherman G. Rich. They can re-appoint Kelley, as usual.

But if Cutler, an anti-Kelley man, is elected over Pfeiffer it is believed it will give a good line on what will happen when the article to abolish the chief's office altogether comes up.

Charges and Kelley's Replies.

Pastor Torrey's five charges against Chief Kelley are basis of a petition by the pastor and eleven other citizens for a hearing before the Selectmen.

The four charges, besides the publicity one, with Chief Kelley's reply to each, are as follows:

(1)—"Chief Kelley has been guilty of conduct unbecoming an officer."

"I have lived nearly all my life in Bedford and no act of mine needs explanation or apology."

(2)—"He has made unjustifiable arrests and consequently, too many arrests."

"No arrests have been made where any other reasonable course was open."

(3)—"He has been partial in enforcement of the law."

"No partiality or favors have ever been shown to anybody, and the laws have been enforced with common sense."

(4)—"Has involved the town in unnecessary expense over trivial matters."

"In matters of expense the Selectmen are consulted and their advice is promptly acted upon."

The Chief's Circular.

Chief Kelley has issued the following circular, addressed to Pastor Torrey:

To Rev. David C. Torrey—It can be well said that you have caused more similar positions in our town regarding moral conditions, you by Divine Right and your humble servant by the right of the people. Now let us see how you and I are living up to our positions.

You have attempted to secure municipal action to reimburse a certain party where the respondent in court pleading guilty to using profane language on the streets of Bedford. Do you believe in upholding such acts and do you think it conducive to the cause of morality and good government?

Do you think it is a good example for a pastor and father, as you are, and were at the time, to send your twelve-year-old son to purchase intoxicating liquor on the Lord's Day?—"He who is without sin among you, let him cast the first stone."

WAR DEPARTMENT IN MYSTIC BRIDGE FIGHT

Government Involved in Contest Over Proposed "L" Structure.

Whether the rapid transit facilities of Malden and Everett shall be improved by an overhead Elevated structure, by a subway or by a rapid transit train running along the centre of a broad boulevard to be built from Sullivan square to Malden square is the question which is now puzzling the citizens, the Elevated and the officials at the State House. It has even gone over their heads and is now being considered by the War Department at Washington.

Because the Elevated proposes to build a bridge across the Mystic River parallel to the Alford street bridge between Everett and Charlestown to carry its tracks over the river, and because the citizens of Malden and Everett and other Mystic Valley soon-to-be reports thought another bridge would hinder the development of this navigation plans, the War Department has been appealed to.

Therefore the transportation problem of Malden and Everett has become of national importance.

Don't Want Elevated Now.

Some three years ago, when the overhead structure was suggested as a solution to the ever-crowded trolley on Malden and Everett citizens jumped at the offer. Like some people, they have since reconsidered.

Instead of the same old structure, they now demand a subway or a roadbed on terra firma. In volume and measure just as strong as they were for the elevated structure, they now demand that it be forgotten. Therein comes the tangle of ideas.

Plans for the proposed elevated structure, prepared by the Elevated, show the structure running off towards the west of Everett over the marshland, as if afraid that the citizens of Everett might patronize it. That is just why Everett woke up and decided they didn't want their rapid transit lines along the outskirts. When Everett began to get "mad" about it Malden followed suit, and it wasn't long before Malden was demanding a subway and the passage of the subway through the heart of Everett.

Against Proposed Bridge.

Next came some means of bringing about the subway. The Mystic Valley Waterways Association was formed about this time to deepen the Mystic and Malden Rivers and open them to obtain ocean navigation. The Elevated bridge matter was up for a decision. The boards of trades of Everett, Malden, Medford and Somerville, all having delegations in the Waterways Association, decided that no bridge was wanted because it would prove another hindrance to navigation—and, though this is to be whispered only, because they didn't want an overhead structure.

"Cambridge has secured a subway. Another is being built out Boylston street. We want a subway," became the watchword, and the campaign for subway is now merrily under way.

Plan for Subway Drawn.

Malden is so certain of getting what it wants that an engineer has been engaged at a salary of $5,000 and has prepared the first draft of plans for the proposed subway station.

Likewise, the city engineer, F. W. Estey, has prepared another plan of a subway station. Engineer Curtiss Chamberlain, who has charge of the blue prints for the city of Everett, is likewise at work piling out the most desirable locations for subway stations in his city. When he has decided whether there shall be subway entrances on the east side or the west side of Everett square and a few other minor details, he will put his ideas down on paper and will compare notes with the Malden engineers.

Malden's City Council is now looking over the plans of the subway stations and within a few days it will say which one it likes best.

Just now they are considering the plans of City Engineer Estey and Consulting Engineer George W. S. Herrick, who are ready to tell the Elevated that the proposed subway station plans drawn by Mr. Estey will cost only $100,000 more than the plan which the Elevated thought it had selected sometime ago for the elevated structure terminal.

MISS PAULINE SYLVESTER, of Salem (on top), on whom was grafted fifty-two square inches of skin, and her sister, Miss Bessie, who made sacrifice in skin-grafting operation.

GIRL GIVES SKIN TO HELP HER SISTER

To save her sixteen-year-old sister from long suffering, Miss Bessie Sylvester, a twenty-year-old Salem girl, has given fifty-four square inches of skin for grafting upon Miss Pauline Sylvester's side. The sisters will leave the Massachusetts Homeopathic Hospital for their home some day this week.

Miss Bessie looked forward to the operation without dread. She says she would not hesitate a moment about making the sacrifice for her sister a second time. The operation was performed by Dr. J. Homans Briggs, professor of surgery at Boston University School of Medicine, on February 12.

Miss Bessie is very proud that every inch of the skin "took" and is growing in the pink of condition in place of the awful scars that had disfigured her pretty sister and which had gradually taken away almost all the usefulness of Miss Pauline's left arm.

Miss Pauline's condition was the result of burns received nine years ago when her dress caught fire from a blazing kerosene-soaked "cat-o'-nine-tail" torch in the hands of a playmate. The scarred flesh did not grow with the rest of her body and finally she could not raise her left arm from her side without suffering intense pain and tearing open the flesh under the scar.

Some years ago an older sister, now Mrs. William Mathews of Beverly, gave a few inches of skin to ease Miss Pauline's suffering. Though there are seven children in the family of Mr. and Mrs. John Sylvester, Dr. Briggs assures them that no other volunteers will be needed.

QUINCY AFTER DRUNKS.

Mayor Says He Will Stop Insults to Woman Passengers.

Mayor Eugene R. Stone of Quincy has launched a crusade against individuals arriving in that city on the late trains in a state of intoxication. This became apparent last night when a number of policemen, acting under the Mayor's orders, appeared at the Quincy depot to pass upon the condition of all persons showing signs of indulgence in liquor.

The Mayor said:

"I intend to see to it that no intoxicated persons are permitted to board the trolley cars here. Women have been insulted and such practices must cease."

LEGISLATOR AFTER JOHN A. SULLIVAN

B. F. Sullivan Declares Fin. Com. Chairman Hasn't Investigated Taxation Evils.

"You haven't investigated Boston's taxation system, because you are afraid of Laurence Minot, Gene Gardiner, Francis L. Bangs, Nathan Matthews and others.

Representative Benjamin F. Sullivan of East Boston made this statement to Finance Commission Chairman John A Sullivan before the legislative Committee on Public Service.

In a statement made by Representative Sullivan to back up his charges, he declares that the city of Boston is being defrauded of many thousands of dollars each year by big real estate dealers, aided by the assessors and protected by Chairman Sullivan of the Finance Commission. He says:

Mr. Sullivan's Statement.

"Statements have been made in the press to the effect that John A. Sullivan of the Finance Commission is doing excellent work in the interests of the city. No doubt that is true so far as preventing the expenditure of money in any manner, or in any locality where the average of poor man may be benefited.

"Sullivan's failure to investigate assessments shows that he is a worthy successor of Mr. Matthews. The report of the United Improvement Association on real estate assessments, in answer to Mayor Fitzgerald's request that that body investigate and suggest some manner in which the city could get the least some of the unearned increment, was a severe arraignment of the assessing department of Boston. That report was referred to the Finance Commission by the United Improvement Association more than a year and a half ago with a request to investigate the charges contained therein. The only result so far has been a letter written a few weeks after the matter was referred to the commission, in which ... Sullivan stated that the Finance Commission was then investigating assessments and had already collected dat . and would soon make a report."

Hits Nathan Matthews.

"Councillor Smith is pleading for an investigation of the Assessing Department and promises that if one is not made that he will give a list of mortgages held by savings banks where the loans are more than 60 per cent. of the assessed values. Banks are permitted to loan by law only 60 per cent. of the value, and when a loan is 80 per cent. of the assessed value, either the bank is violating the law or the assessors are not doing their duty.

"I would suggest to Mr. Smith that when he makes out his list he will top it off with the Hotel Oxford property, owned by Nathan Matthews, which in 1910 was assessed for $284,000 and mortgaged to the Boston Five Cent Savings Bank for $185,000, or more than 62 per cent. Of the assessed value and the bank is longing its depositors' money illegally or is the assessors are allowing Mr. Matthews to get away with an unfair valuation, as a favor for services rendered.

"If Mr. John A. Sullivan would spend more time in finding out why property in the city is being defrauded out of many thousands of dollars each year by big real estate dealers, aided by the Assessing Department, instead of chasing day laborers, he would indeed be a valuable public servant."

TUMULTY TO GET $7,500.

Senate Republicans Make Increase Permanent.

WASHINGTON, March 1.—The Republican managers of the general deficiency bill in the Senate this afternoon increased the salary of the secretary to the President from $6,000 to $7,500 a year and made provision that this hereafter should be permanent compensation. The same Democratic members of the appropriations committee who a year ago insisted that the salary should be reduced urged today that the increase be granted.

Senator Bourne wanted the pay fixed at $10,000 a year, but this was not agreed to by the committee. The House will agree to the Senate amendment and Secretary Tumulty will receive the same salary that Secretary Hilles has drawn since he assumed office.

AWAIT ACTION ON BELL.

Friends Hope for His Approval as Election Commissioner.

Next Thursday the thirty days' period, within which the Civil Service Commission must act upon the appointment of Tilton S. Bell as Election Commissioner, expires, and the friends of the ex-Alderman are in bit anxious because of the fact that no word has been received indicating the attitude of the commission. Bell has served as schoolhouse commissioner for the city, and is a former member of the House of Representatives, the State Senate and the Boston City Council. He was appointed by Mayor Fitzgerald to take the place of Election Commissioner Alpheus Sanford, whose term will expire in April.

Weaver Dead from Poison.

LOWELL, March 1.—The body of Gustave Malmville, a weaver, thirty-seven years of age, was found in a room at his boarding place, No. 18 Fourth street, tonight. He had drank a glass of poison. Malmville had been working here several weeks.

MISS ANN T. NOLAN, whose engagement to Arthur Thomas Downey, which was to be a secret until wedding day was fixed, has just been admitted by the young woman's mother.

MEDFORD MAY BUILD NEW TOWN HALL YET

Preparations are under way in Medford to carry out a vote of the town passed in 1908. In that year it was voted to build a new city (town) hall.

From present appearances it is probable that in 1913, or 45 years after the passage of the vote, the city will carry out the order.

New orders for the work have, however, been necessary owing to the lapse of time. The original work was not done in 1868, owing to the big losses of property in the Boston fire of that year, which affected many Medford people. Unless there is an earthquake or something equally as serious in 1913, Mayor Charles S. Taylor says Medford will have a new city hall.

Mayor Taylor will appear before the legislature this week to ask that Medford be given authority to borrow $200,000 outside its debt limit for the construction of the proposed building, authority having been given the Mayor to borrow the money by the present board of aldermen. Options have been secured on several locations, only two of which are receiving serious consideration. These are the Symmes property at the corner of Main street and the Mystic Valley parkway, at the southerly end of the Cradock bridge made famous by Paul Revere's ride "across the bridge into Medford town." The option on the property is $50,000. The other location is on High street, bounded by Governor's avenue and Bradlee road, upon which an option of $26,000 has been given.

PASSES LAW FOR EUGENICS.

Idaho Bill Requires Physical and Mental Quiz Before Marriage.

BOISE, Idaho, March 1.—The Koelsch marriage bill, which, if made into a law, would require the issuance of a certificate testifying to physical and mental fitness before a marriage license could be obtained, passed the Idaho House of Representatives by a vote of 29 to 24.

A resolution providing for the submission to the voters of a State-wide prohibition amendment to the constitution at the next election was introduced in the House by twenty-two members.

CUPID GETS ANOTHER OF 15 NOLAN SISTERS

Newspaperman to Wed One of Pretty Girls in Famous Dorchester Family.

Miss Ann T. Nolan of Dorchester, one of the fourteen interesting sisters of Mrs. George M. Cohan, is to marry Arthur Thomas Downey, a young Boston newspaperman. Miss Nolan is a mailclerk in the Old South Building.

The engagement has not been announced and the cupid did not intend to announce it until they had set the wedding day.

But a few intimate girl friends of Miss Nolan knew of the plans of the couple. Some of these girls told some other girls—"but you mustn't breathe a word of it, my dear"—and so it went until the news trickled into the AMERICAN office yesterday.

Mother Admits It is So.

At the Nolan home, No. 158 Harvard street, Dorchester, Miss Ann Nolan was out. In fact, she was taking dinner in town with young Mr. Downey, with a little trip to the theatre scheduled to follow the dinner.

But Mrs. John F. Nolan, her mother, reluctantly admitted:

"Yes, they are going to be married, but no date has been set. They did not intend to announce their engagement until later. We feel that we do not care for the publicity."

The announcement in this article will, therefore, come as a surprise to acquaintances of Miss Nolan and Mr. Downey.

The news will draw the attention of the public, which has always felt an interest in the fifteen daughters of John F. Nolan, the Dorchester letter carrier, and wife.

They have been called the banner family of New England. A group photograph of the entire Nolan household was sent to Colonel Roosevelt when he was President.

Sisters Brides of Actors

Six years ago Miss Agness Nolan became the bride of George M. Cohan, the actor, in whose theatrical company she had been acting.

On March 3, 1908, Miss Alice Nolan, known in stage life as "Alice Merrill," became the bride of Sam H. Harris, George M. Cohan's theatrical partner. So the theatrical firm married sisters.

A third one of the Nolan girls, Miss Loretta Nolan, has also been on the stage. She was in the ill-fated "Blue Beard" company which was playing in the Iroquois Theatre, Chicago, at the time that playhouse was destroyed by fire, with terrible loss of life. Miss Nolan escaped.

SHOT WITH AIR-GUN.

Boy Told Little Girl to Hold Out Her Hand—She Did.

"Hold up your hand and see if I can hit it," George Sullivan, the eleven-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. John Sullivan of Dorchester, said to Emily Daley, aged five.

The little girl did and got a bullet from an air rifle in her hand. Drs. F. Raymond Burke and Walter L. Sargent probed for the bullet last night, and every precaution is being used to prevent lockjaw.

The accident happened at Hough's Neck. Young Sullivan's parents were visiting there.

DUMMER MEN MEET.

Plan for 150th Anniversary Celebration.

Plans for the 150th anniversary of the founding of the Dummer Academy were completed last night at the banquet of the Society of Sons of Dummer in the City Club. The alumni plan an extensive program for the celebration next June, which will be held in conjunction with the academy's anniversary. The graduates intend to place a floral wreath on the grave of William Dummer, founder of the school, who lies in the Granary cemetery.

HOOD BOWLERS DINE.

Prizes Awarded for Team and Individual Work.

The second annual dinner of the Hood Rubber Company Bowling League was held last night at the American House. A cup was awarded to the team representing the freight department, for winning first honors during the bowling season. Second prize was given to the team representing the clerical force, and twelve individual prizes were presented to the high string men.

RADCLIFFE IDLER PLAY BIG SUCCESS

Third Performance of "The New Lady Bantock" Given Last Evening.

The third performance of "The New Lady Bantock" was given by the Idler Club of Radcliffe College last evening, the other two having taken place on Friday evening and Saturday afternoon. The play is by Jerome K. Jerome, and was presented with great success. The theatre was full on all three occasions, and many failed to obtain tickets.

Miss Lucy Phinney, '13, had general charge of the presentation. The heroine of the play was Miss Katharine Munroe, '14, and one of the prominent parts was taken by Miss Ethel Borden, '14.

Can Almost See Pimples Go

The New Calcium Sulphide Treatment Does Wonders to Every Kind of Skin Eruption.

You don't want to wait forever and a day to get rid of your pimples or other skin eruptions. You want to get rid of them right now. Next week you may want to go somewhere where you wouldn't like to have to take the pimples along.

Pimples Quickly Disappear from Face, Arms, Neck and Back, and Insure a Beautiful Complexion.

You can get rid of them just in time by taking Stuart's Calcium Wafers.

Thousands of wonderful little wafers have cured bad boils in three days, and some cases of skin diseases in a week.

They contain as their main ingredient most thorough, quick and effective blood cleanser known, calcium sulphide.

Remember this, too, that most pimple treatments reek with poison. And they are miserably slow besides.

Stuart's Calcium Wafers have not a particle of poison in them. They are free from mercury, biting drugs or venomous opiates. This is absolutely guaranteed. They cannot do any harm, but they always do good—good that you can see in the mirror before your own eyes a few days after.

Don't be any longer humiliated by having a splotchy face. Don't have strangers stare at you, or allow your friends to be ashamed of you because of your face.

Your blood makes you what you are. The men and women who forge ahead are those with pure blood and pure faces.

Stuart's Calcium Wafers will make you happy because your face will be a welcome sight not only to yourself when you look into the glass, but to everybody else who knows you and talks to you.

Stuart's Calcium Wafers are sold by all first class druggists at 50 cents a box. They are very pleasant to the taste and in tablets are truly remarkable.

The AMERICAN goes into more homes than all the other evening papers of Boston combined. It is the quality newspaper.

DO YOU GET UP WITH A LAME BACK?

Have You Rheumatism, Kidney, Liver or Bladder Trouble?

Pain or dull ache in the back is evidence of kidney trouble. It is Nature's timely warning to show you that the track of health is not clear.

Danger Signals.

If these danger signals are unheeded more serious results follow. Bright's disease, which is the worst form of kidney trouble, may steal upon you.

The mild and immediate effect of Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy is soon realized. It stands the highest for its remarkable curative effect in the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine, you should have the best.

Lame Back.

Lame back is only one of many symptoms of kidney trouble. Other symptoms showing that you need Swamp-Root are, being obliged to pass water often during the day and to get up many times during the night.

Inability to hold urine, smarting in passing, uric acid, headache, dizziness, indigestion, sleeplessness, nervousness, sometimes the heart acts badly, rheumatism, loosing, lack of ambition, may be loss of flesh, sallow complexion.

Prevalency of Kidney Disease.

Most people do not realize the alarming increase and remarkable prevalency of kidney disease. While kidney disorders are the most common diseases that prevail, they are almost the last recognized by patient and physicians, *who usually content themselves with doctoring the effects, while the original disease continues undermines the system.*

Sample Bottle Sent Free.

SPECIAL NOTICE—To prove the wonderful merits of Swamp-Root you may have a sample bottle and a book of valuable information, both sent absolutely free by mail. The book contains many of the thousands of letters received from men and women who found Swamp-Root to be just the remedy they needed. The value and success of Swamp-Root is the address, Binghamton, N. Y., which you will find on every bottle.

Regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles are at all drug stores.

Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., which you will find on every bottle.

Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., be sure to say you read this generous offer in the Boston Sunday American. The genuineness of this offer is guaranteed.

GROWS BEAUTIFUL, HEAVY HAIR WE PROVE IT---25-CENT "DANDERINE"

Destroys dandruff—Stops falling hair—Cleans and invigorates your scalp—Delightful dressing.

To be possessed of a head of heavy, beautiful hair; soft, lustrous, fluffy, wavy and free from dandruff is merely a matter of using a little Danderine.

It is easy and inexpensive to have nice, soft hair and lots of it. Just get a 25-cent bottle of Knowlton's Danderine now—all drug stores recommend it—apply a little as directed and within ten minutes there will be an appearance of abundance; freshness, fluffiness and an incomparable gloss and lustre, and try as you will you cannot find a trace of dandruff or falling hair; but your real surprise will be after two weeks' use, when you will see new hair—fine and downy at first—yes—but really new hair—sprouting out all over your scalp—Danderine is, we believe the only sure hair grower, destroyer of dandruff and cure for itchy scalp, and it never fails to stop falling hair at once.

If you want to prove how pretty and soft your hair really is, moisten a cloth with a little Danderine and carefully draw it through your hair, taking one small strand at a time. Your hair will be soft, glossy and beautiful in just a few moments—a delightful surprise awaits everyone who tries this.

CALLAHAN'S WHISKEY

OUR POLICY is to serve the people **right**—to give **right** goods at **right prices** and the **very best service** whether you buy by mail or at our store on Federal street. Prompt and careful service is a **mighty important** part of our business **to us.** It is one of the things that have made **strong friends** for us **everywhere** in New England. It is a great satisfaction to the person who orders by mail to know a house that will give him just as good service by mail as he could get at the store itself.

4 QTS $3.60 QTS 4.50 · 8 QTS $6

EXPRESS PAID IN NEW ENGLAND

Every order we receive is **very carefully checked** to see that the customer's **wishes have been carried out in very particular** and his goods are shipped **within an hour** after the order is received. If you don't yet know **how good CALLAHAN "A" is,** try it at the prices above the next time you order. If, after trying it, you are not satisfied, your **money will be refunded without any question.**

CALLAHAN "A" is known as **extra value** in every county in New England. It is the leader in our model store on Federal street, and is just as prominently featured in **telephone orders** as it is in orders through the mail.

JOHN F. CALLAHAN & CO.

154 to 156 FEDERAL ST., BOSTON

PHONES FORT HILL 3750-3751

Remember the address and stop at our big clock sign on your way to the South Station.

SUIT TO DISSOLVE CORN PRODUCTS CO.

Federal Officials in New York Begin Action In Courts to Smash the Trust.

NEW YORK, March 1.—Suit to dissolve the corn products' trust was filed today in the District Court for the Southern District of New York by federal District Attorney Wise, who filed a bill in equity under the Sherman law asking for an injunction to restrain the Corn Products Refining Company of New Jersey and four other concerns from carrying out contracts alleged to be in restraint of trade.

The petition filed today alleges that on February 6, 1906, the Corn Products Refining Company was incorporated, and through the issuance of stock to subsidiary corporations it obtained a monopoly of the corn products business.

All corn products companies except the Corn Products Refining Company and the National Starch Company were suspended through agreements and factories located at Waubegan, Pekin and Granite City, Ill., Edgewater, N. J., and Davenport, Iowa, were dismantled in order to gain complete control of the business.

Utah for Mothers' Pensions.

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, March 1.—The mothers' pension bill, providing for a minimum pension of $10 a month to mothers having one child dependent on them for support and $7 a month for each additional child, has passed the Senate.

Gassy Stomach Endangers the Heart

Gas and Other Forms of Indigestion Are Quickly Relieved by Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets.

Undigested food forms gas in the stomach, which causes the walls of that organ to expand and press against the heart. If this pressure should be allowed to become heavy it might result very seriously, as the heart must be kept perfectly free in order to perform its duties.

If the stomach is overworked, its muscles become tired and gradually grow weaker and weaker, until they are unable to take care of the food properly. The glands fail to provide the juices necessary to digest the food. Gases form and cause all sorts of pain, misery and wretchedness, as well as extreme danger to the heart.

It is then that the stomach calls for help. Ordinary medicines are impossible. They not only fail to help the stomach, but injure the entire system. Medical men have studied the stomach and have discovered that the digestive juices consist largely of pepsin, hydrochloric acid and nitrogenous ferments. What, then, would be more natural than to supply these properties artificially when the stomach is unable to produce them?

That is the object of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets. These powerful little agents relieve the stomach of its burden, thereby giving it an opportunity to regain its normal strength. They tone up, strengthen and revitalize the secretory glands, mucous membranes, absorbing glands and muscular walls. They restore to the stomach its lost powers of digestion so that it can again do its work without assistance. They contain, in a concentrated form, every element necessary to digest all sorts of food, whether acid or alkaline.

If you experience an oppressive feeling just inside the lower end of your breast bone and extending upward towards your heart, do not hesitate an instant. Get Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets from the nearest druggist at once and take one. In a few minutes the pain will leave you and you will feel better. Take a tablet after each meal for several days and your stomach will once more perform its duties. All druggists sell them at 50c a box.

MARCH COMES RAGING IN, RIDING ON STORM

Lightnings Knocks Woman and Children Down in Milton—Rain or Snow for Today.

March 1st had every appearance of being a regular lion of a day.

With the exception of the early part of the day there was nothing lamblike with the weather. To make it more emphatic that March is to be ushered in officially as old timers like to see it, the weather man says that today we will have either rain or snow, and that when that storm clears it will be followed by another.

The storm yesterday played havoc in Greater Boston. A furious hailstorm in Quincy threatened every breakable piece of glass in the town.

Lightning Knocks 3 Down.

A bolt of lightning struck the home of Louis Enholm, No. 143 Pleasant street, East Milton, and knocked Mrs. Enholm and her two little children to the floor.

Trees were blown down in Dorchester, and the entire telephone service in Milton was crippled by the storm.

Mrs. Peterson screamed and the customer jumped from the chair. When the lightning had passed Mrs. Peterson resumed her work.

February was very meek during the latter part of its existence, and the precipitation during the entire month was but 2.99 inches or much below normal.

February was a record-breaking month relative to the number of clear days. Seventeen of the twenty-eight were of that character. The lowest temperature recorded was three degrees above zero and on two or three days the mercury crawled nearly to the seventy mark.

Roof and Closet Blaze.

Mrs. Emily Matthews, a neighbor, heard Mrs. Enholm's screams and ran across the street. The roof of the Enholm home was afire and a clothes closet near the chimney on the second floor was also ablaze. The two women attempted to put the fire out, but when Mrs. Matthews was burned about the head they gave up the fight. By this time the fire department arrived. Tables were overturned, chairs were upset, bric-a-brac was strewn about the floors and plastering was knocked from the ceilings on the Enholm house.

Mrs. Fanny Peterson, a woman barber who works in a Peabody square, Dorchester, shop, was having a man. A bolt of lightning played on the wires across the street. Mrs. Peterson dropped the razor she was holding and screamed. The customer, with his face half lathered, leaped from his chair, in a moment the lightning had passed.

"It's gone," said the woman barber. "Sit down again and I'll finish you."

"Gee," retorted the customer as he got back into the barber's chair, "thought I was finished that time."

HINGHAM WANTS HERSEY.

"Please Stick as Our Assessor," Says Townsmen.

A prophet may not be without honor, except in his own country, but it's different with an assessor in Hingham.

Especially when that assessor is Walter W. Hersey. He simply must stand for re-election at Hingham town meeting tomorrow, because nobody will run against him.

Mr. Hersey has been a Hingham official for twenty years—Selectman, Assessor and Overseer of the Poor all the time. His terms as such expire now.

Recently, in deference to a former town meeting opinion that an assessor should not hold down other town jobs, too, Mr. Hersey announced that he would stand for re-election as Selectman and Overseer of the Poor, but not as Assessor.

Immediately it was discovered that everybody wanted Brother Hersey to keep on assessing. Two hundred leading Hinghamites signed a petition, asking him to please be an Assessor again, as well as a Selectman and an Overseer of the Poor.

"O, since you insist," says Mr. Hersey affably. Hence he is slated to be re-elected to the B. of S., the B. of A. and the O. of P. tomorrow, as before.

For who will run against Hersey in Hingham?

As Bert Williams, the sombre comedian, says:

"Nobody!"

BURY BARBARY COAST.

San Francisco Police Close Notorious Dance Halls.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 1.—Many slumming parties attended the "funeral" today of the notorious Barbary Coast. A squad of police officiated. The dance halls on Pacific street were closed. Hereafter, there is to be a dividing line between the cafes and their counterfeits—the dives.

URGE STATE TO GET CHILD LABOR FACTS

Friends of Sullivan Resolve to Plead Cause at State House Hearing Wednesday.

The Legislative Committee on Social Welfare will hold a public hearing on the Sullivan resolve for an investigation of child labor, on Wednesday at 10.30 a. m., in room 446, State House. If there is any opposition to the measure it must show itself at this hearing.

Friends of the measure are anxious to know whether any of the proprietors of "sweat shops" employing children in violation of the spirit and, in some cases, the letter by the child labor laws of the State, will openly oppose the resolve at the hearing.

The opinion of legislators is that the Sullivan resolve will be passed by both branches overwhelmingly. No opposition has as yet appeared to the measure in either branch. The resolve provides for the appointment by the Governor of a special commission of five persons, with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, to investigate child labor conditions in Massachusetts, especially with a view of determining whether the fifty-four-hour-a-week law for women and children employed in the various industries of Massachusetts is being violated or evaded, and, if so, in what manner.

In Favor of Resolve.

Representative Benjamin F. Sullivan of East Boston, father of the resolve, introduced it as a result of the AMERICAN'S expose of child labor conditions in the State, showing how children of tender age are employed in various industries of the State under unhealthful conditions and obliged to work as many as sixteen and eighteen hours out of every twenty-four. The AMERICAN gave names of employers and employes in its expose.

At least five of the eleven members of the Legislative Committee on Social Welfare are understood to be in favor of the Sullivan resolve. The attitude of the other six members is not known, but it can be stated with authority that none of them is opposed to it at present.

The five committeemen understood to be in favor of the resolve are Senators Charles F. McCarthy of Marlboro and William Ross of New Bedford and Representative Michael J. McEttrick of Boston, John J. Conway of West Roxbury and Edward F. McLaughlin of Boston. The other six members are Senator William A. L. Baseley of Uxbridge, Senate chairman of the committee, and Representatives William M. Armstrong of Somerville, House chairman; George B. Chamberlain of Springfield, Allison G. Catheron of Beverly, George H. Ellis of Newton and Windsor H. Wyman of Abington. The latter six are all Republicans.

To Hear All Sides.

The Sullivan resolve provides that all parties concerned shall be represented on the commission to investigate. It says specifically that at least one of the five members shall be a representative of labor, one a representative of the employers and at least one shall be a woman. It provides that the members of the commission shall serve without pay and gives the commission power to summon witnesses and compel the production of books and papers. It also provides for a report to the next Legislature not later than January 4.

PLAN 1914 REUNION.

Dartmouth Alumni of '99 in Annual "Round-up" at Copley Sq.

The Dartmouth College alumni of the class of 1899 held their fifteenth annual "round up" in the Dutch room of the Copley Plaza Hotel last night. Professor F. Richardson, the famous historian, and only honorary member of the alumni, who has never failed since graduation, addressed them in a humorous vein upon the history of the alumni.

Other speakers were E. W. Barston of Springfield; E. L. Silver principal of the New England Normal School; J. W. Hobbs, principal of the Portsmouth, N. H., High School; Major R. P. Johnson and Manchester, Lieutenant F. G. Drake of Fort McKinley, all members of the alumni. Plans were discussed for the reunion at Hanover in June, 1914. There were 150 members and guests present.

MAYOR WIRES ORDERS.

His Names of Nominees Filed with Board.

Under telegraphic instructions from Mayor Fitzgerald, who is at Palm Beach, Fla., his confidential secretary, "Colonel" Dick Field yesterday filed with the civil service commission the names of the Mayor's appointees as commissioners of the new Department of Parks and Recreations.

They are Superintendent D. Henry Sullivan of the public grounds department, and Park Commissioners Robert S. Peabody and Daniel H. Conkley. The papers have been in the safe in the Mayor's office for a fortnight.

Why Duffy's Is Best—and Costs More

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey costs more because it is made solely for medicinal purposes.

The medicinal values in malt whiskey can only be obtained by methods in making that add to the cost but are not necessary in producing beverage whiskies or cheap malts.

We use all malted grain in making Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey. This costs more than if only a small percentage were malted, and the balance raw grain, as in other whiskies. But it gives a better and purer product than could be obtained if part raw grain were used.

All of the grain is malted, and the malting process acts as an automatic check to insure wholesomeness, because no mouldy, defective grain can be malted. This compels a costly but careful selection of sound, healthy grain commanding highest market prices.

To make a perfect medicinal malt it is necessary to take out the injurious by-products found in beverage whiskies. This is done by repeated distillations. Although this adds to the cost, it insures purity—the prime essential in a medicinal malt whiskey.

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey

is the only whiskey that was taxed as a medicine by the U. S. Government during the Spanish War—the one true medicinal whiskey.

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey is most valuable when taken in small doses in treating stomach trouble, indigestion, grippe, colds, bronchitis, pneumonia, throat and lung troubles, insomnia and wasting diseases, and in cases of lowered vitality due to illness or advancing age.

Buy a bottle of Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey to-day and keep it always on hand, ready for emergencies.

Ask your druggist, grocer or dealer for Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey. Take no chances with a cheap substitute. Sold in SEALED BOTTLES ONLY—never in bulk. Price $1.00 a large bottle. Write our doctors for free advice.

SMART AND HEALTHY AT 90.

Mrs Elizabeth Von Wormer, Grovenor Corners, N. Y.

"I have been a user of Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey for over 15 years and it is more than life to me. I am an old lady of 90, yet am smart and in good health, and it is all owing to Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey. I could not live without it."

The Duffy Malt Whiskey Co., Rochester, N. Y.

Filene's

NOTE: Many new Spring single models, one of a kind, may be had now, which later may be unobtainable.

"It is surprising to find Women's

New Spring Coats

So Inexpensive"

"Usually one expects at this time of year to find them way out of reach, but not so at Filene's—

"—for I saw new 'toppy coats,' the kind men wear, for as little as $12.50 and $15, with others in serge plaited and belted at $18.50 and $25. "Dolly Varden silk lining is extensively used; one particularly striking use being in an evening coat at $25. "Everywhere the new matelasse is used. It is a fascinating material. Eponge is also much in evidence."

We Invite YOU to See The New Spring Coats $12.50 and Upwards

(FIFTH FLOOR)

A FIRST SHOWING of Women's

New "Little" Hats for Spring

Monday, March Third

Besides being very, very small, these new hats show many other newnesses, surprising and altogether charming.

The Satin Crown.
The Use of Ribbon Bows.
The Daring Color Combinations.
The Favor Given to "Numidie" Feathers.
The always likable Black and White Combination.

(SIXTH FLOOR)

Filene's

CREPE DE CHINE

One of the scarcest of Summer Silks, so manufacturers tell us. Yet for Monday we can offer

Women's Crepe de Chine Dresses $13.75

New Spring colorings and an attractive Spring style. Skirt is gracefully draped and the waist has a vest from neck to waistline of shadow lace, with shaped button trimmed panel of the crepe de chine.

(SIXTH FLOOR)

Spring News of Women's Suits

To the Woman who finds navy blue best suited to her

A new model in tailored suits of blue serge which might well sell at $25 . . $18.50

Well-tailored and with a touch of flat black silk braid; peau de cygne lined and finished with shields.

To the woman who has thought of black and white for her Spring suit.

Ten new styles at $25 are ready in suits of black-and-white pigeon-foot check, black-and-white striped cords, black-and-white mixtures, homespuns, diagonals.

These $25 suits are in the conservative tailored or more trimmed styles and show such new lines as the tuxedo revers, the high button cutaway, the long English roll collar, belled and blouse suits and norfolks. The black-and-white note is kept and colored pipings are introduced.

(FIFTH FLOOR)

Three Spring Models in

Women's Skirts

$10 Grade at $7.50

Eponge Bedford Cord Poplin

Black, navy, brown, old blue, taupe and new fancy striped Bedford Cord, quality ordinarily used in the better kind of suits and skirts.

New draped serge models at $5 and $7.50.

New worsted mixtures, $5.

New straight line tailored serge models, $5 and

15 out of every 16 skirts fitted at once without alterations.

(FIFTH FLOOR)

Crepe de Chine

Petticoats

Lace trimmed crepe de chine afternoon and evening petticoats; and tailored petticoats in the new long body styles in suit shades.

Five new styles at $5

Other Styles $3.95 to $16.50

With Easter suits and gowns soon to come, these petticoats are a timely suggestion to foresighted women.

(THIRD FLOOR)

FILENE'S Renova CLEANSING PROCESS

Introductory Special for week ending March 8th. Women's Suits cleansed $2.50 (usually $3 to $5). Men's suits cleansed $1.25 (usually $2).

(STREET FLOOR)

We Do Not "Think" They Are Right We KNOW They Are!

"Securitie" GUARANTEED Gloves

and RAMBLER GLOVES

are proved right by frequent tests and by actual comparisons with the best similar styles we can obtain elsewhere.

WE HAVE JUST COMPLETED SUCH A TEST

We bought, we tested, we analyzed, and we proved the superiority of

Securitie Gloves (Kid) $1.50 and More

Rambler Gloves (Lambskin) $1.15 and More

Now, we would like to prove it to you! Try a pair tomorrow.

(STREET FLOOR)

Lingerie Waists

Twelve NEW Styles at $2

Crisp, fresh and dainty and in all the twelve styles at this one price there is not one that is uninteresting.

Ready for the first warm days are low necked, short sleeved waists of voile with lace closely imitating Irish crochet.

For the woman who likes simple waists here is a corded voile with embroidery like hand work. For the woman who likes the very newest are voile waists with detachable velvet trimmings.

In Monday's collection, waists that appeal to almost every taste.

(FIFTH FLOOR)

Afternoon Tea, Filene Restaurant, 3 to 5 daily Special teas, 15c to 50c

(EIGHTH FLOOR)

Wm. Filene's Sons Company

The Children's Barber Shop is Very Popular.

SECOND FLOOR.

JACK ROSE in the Sunday AMERICAN is revealing the tricks of the Underworld. Another amazing installment next Sunday

Charmed by Boston Women, Says Poet Noyes

Predicts Wilson Will Prove Exceptional Man

Famous English Writer Also Admires President-Elect Wilson, the Scholar.

MRS. ALFRED NOYES, and her husband, England's foremost poet, visiting in Boston. The distinguished visitors are delighted with our women. Mrs. Noyes says they are "the best dressed in the world."

Poetry, divorce, Woodrow Wilson, women's fashions, suffrage, how to save money—anything you happen to have at hand that needs analyzing, Alfred Noyes, England's foremost poet, now visiting in Boston, will discuss with you.

Mr. Noyes is the short-hair type of poet, with many opinions outside the realm of verse, while Mrs. Noyes is smart and certain and positive and quite as willing with opinions upon America and Americans as her husband. Mrs. Noyes is seemingly a good deal more English than is her distinguished husband.

"I like you Americans; I shall hate to return to England; and your women—they are both beautiful and charming and splendidly gowned," Mr. Noyes tells you that off-hand when impressions are requested.

Women Best Dressed.

"Your American women—your Yankee women—are the very best dressed women in the world without any doubt," declared Mrs. Noyes in the second breath. "And they are beautiful, too, don't you think so?" she added, looking curiously and brightly at her interrogator. There wasn't the least doubt that she meant it—every word.

Mr. Noyes is young—perhaps he might be thirty-three—which is quite youthful for a poet whose poetry has become the talk of England and is read in every English speaking country on the globe. Then he is tall, too, splendidly built together, and broad in the back and shoulders. And he wears large lensed gold-rimmed spectacles and possesses blond, almost light-colored hair cut short according to the ordinary rules of hair cutting. He is tweed trousered and carries something of a twinkle at the corners of his proportionately small mouth, as well as in his eyes. He has a genuine sense of humor.

When Mr. Noyes talks, Mrs. Noyes rather prefers to sit near her husband and fill in the "intermixes."

"I could discuss American virtures with you for a long time," he says, "and then it seems to me there would be much to tell, We," nodding towards Mrs. Noyes, "will both have to go away," he repeated. Then he smiled, so did his wife. Then the poet placed upon the floor of the railway car in which he just then happened to be traveling to Wellesley the "inimitable British" little purple handbag.

Views on Divorce.

"Cambridge reminds me of Oxford. Boston is a splendid city," he said "The people are splendid. Let us speak of your Boston for a minute. Why, I knew only a few people when I arrived. Now I know—why everybody." He paused for a solitude.

"Divorce? Personally I don't believe in making the divorce laws any more lax than they are. That is, I wouldn't change them for the benefit of those who would profit by the change.

"You see, it's like this: If my wife should chase me about the house every morning with a red hot poker I would feel quite justified in getting up and leaving her. A law would not really mean anything in a case like that.

"I think they are going to loosen up these divorce laws in England. The tendency there, I'm afraid, is like the tendency here. But I do not think we should make lax laws and new laws for the benefit of abnormal people. And that is what we do when we make divorce easy. If we had 3,000,000 round people and twenty square people it would not be good taste to build 3,000,000 square holes just for those twenty square people.

"Europeans by all means know how to save for great wealth better than Americans. You are the best of spenders here—very fine spenders indeed, if the reputation given you is true—but you haven't learned the art of hoarding. Americans do not hoard their money, do they?" he asked naively.

"I regret that I'm not going to be able to attend your inauguration. The English papers devoted comparatively little to your Presidential election, and of course I know of the new President only as I have learned of him from the papers, but feel a lively interest in Mr. Wilson.

Confidence in Wilson.

"He's a scholar, isn't he? There's a notion that scholars aren't practical, but I don't believe it, and you Americans are going to have a splendid chance to find out the truth. I feel that this new man is going to prove the best that you will have perhaps in the next twenty years. I feel that his administration will be likely to prove an epoch making one.

"He said recently that he would go as far as any one in the matter of international arbitration and I approve thoroughly of the sentiment.

"Your women are charming—delightful, sensibly dressed. Suffrage is quite a live topic here than in England. I am in favor of the movement in so far as I think I lean towards suffrage by election and intelligent effort rather than militant methods. Mrs. Noyes is in favor of votes for women, though she doesn't believe in smashing windows to gain the victory.

"You have a good number of young men in America who are writing excellent poetry. Without hesitating I should call James Whitcomb Riley your foremost poet among those who have stood the test of time and criticism. Among the younger poets I can think of several important ones including Arlington Robinson with his 'Town Down the River'; Byrna Hooker, whose poem about a 'Spring Day in New York,' pleased me greatly, and Herman Haggerdorn."

INCINERATOR IS BIG ISSUE AT BRIGHTON

Offer of $2,300 for Field in Allston Refused—Rourke to Explain Plans.

Will Brighton have its proposed high-power incinerator?

That is the principal topic in Ward 25 at present and has been for the past week.

Some of the residents say the odor will be offensive, while others are laboring under the impression that offal will be conveyed from Ward 11 through the streets of Allston and Brighton.

The proposed station is said to be wholly for destroying material of Ward 25

An appropriation of $75,000 was recommended some time ago by the Mayor, and the Council failed to pass it and $23,000 was offered for Dummy Field in Allston. The owner refused to sell the land for such a purpose and that money was transferred for another purpose.

The Women's Civic League have waged a campaign to arouse the interest of the residents for the need of such an incinerator. A meeting has been arranged by the Aberdeen Club to be held tomorrow evening, at which Commissioner Rourke will speak. The Faneuil Improvement Association has gone on record favoring it. The members of the Allston Development Association are opposed to it and have sent a committee to City Hall to protest against its erection until they get more facts.

Lewis J. Hewitt, a member of the Faneuil Improvement Association, says that with the erection of an incinerator in the district it will do away fith the disagreeable odors of kitchen offal, especially during the Summer, for the system proposed by Mr. Rourke makes the collections oftener than now. There is absolutely no odor from the incinerator, he asserts, and when the residents are familiar with its work they will approve it

BRILLIANT PROGRAM FOR EVACUATION DAY

Committee Promises Biggest Celebration of March 17 Boston Has Yet Seen.

If there be good weather on March 17 the "Evacuation Day" celebration will be one of the greatest in the history of South Boston the committee in charge promises.

Chas. E. Quirk, who presided at a meeting Wednesday evening at headquarters at the Columbus Club, on East Broadway, received encouraging reports from the sub-committees. Chairman Quirk informed the committee that he was delighted with the success and progress made with the plans up to date.

The appointment, as chief marshal, of P. Joseph O'Leary being confirmed by the Mayor, he lost no time in getting things started for the patriotic parade.

Chief Marshal O'Leary's long career in military affairs justifies every confidence that the martial features of the celebration will be in good hands.

William Ratigan has been appointed chief of staff.

The committee on tickets for the banquet, to be held on the evening of March 17, at Bethesda Hall, report that there is an unusually great demand and that they fear that as the number is limited there will not be enough to supply all applicants. This year the banquet committee has added a number of interesting features.

The committee has received a communication from Congressman Curley to the effect that he will render every assistance to make this year's celebration successful.

HOLD ONE-ARMED MAN.

Charged With Breaking Into Unfinished House.

John Ryan one-armed, of No. 242 Commercial street, was arrested last night in the West End by Inspector Burke, of Headquarters, charged with breaking and entering an unfurnished house in Wallace street, Malden, the night of Washington's Birthday, and with larceny of $25 worth of tools. Ryan, who is twenty years old, was arrested outside a West End pawn shop. He was turned over to the Malden police.

OPEN BIGGEST DRYDOCK.

Oregon First to Enter Structure at Puget Sound.

SEATTLE, March 1.—The American navy's largest dry dock, constructed at a cost of $2,300,000, was formally opened at the Puget Sound Navy Yard today with the docking of the historic battleship Oregon. Governor Lister, Mayor Cotterill of Seattle, and other State and city officials spoke.

OLD COUPLE DIE BY GAS.

Concord Man and His Wife Asphyxiated in Their Home.

CONCORD, N. H., March 1.—George F. Davis and his wife were found dead in their home, No. 12 Noyes street, at 12-15 p. m. today. Death was due, according to the police, to "accidental poisoning." Davis was seventy years old. He was a carpenter. His wife was several years younger.

LOOK FOR FULL VOTE.

Many Candidates for Public Offices at Lexington Election.

The election of town officers in Lexington tomorrow gives promise of bringing out the full voting strength of that historic community. The candidates for Selectmen are: Frank D. Paine, George H. Childs, William H. Whitaker, Henry A. C. Woodward, George F. Smith and Edward W. Taylor. Edwin A. Bayley, candidate for re-election as moderator, is opposed by James P. Prince

MORE BROCKTON SHOES.

Big Increase in Business Shown in Two Months.

BROCKTON, March 1.—Business men in this city were jubilant today when the Board of Trade announced that the shipment of shoes during the first two months of the present year exceeded the shipments during the corresponding months last year. During the past two months there have been 147,912 cases of shoes shipped from this city.

BIGGER RUSSIAN ARMY.

Plan to Add Three Corps to Peace Footing.

PARIS, March 1.—The Russian government has decided to add three new army corps to the peace footing of the active army, according to a dispatch to the Temps from St. Petersburg. The majority of the members of the Douma appear to approve of the project.

FOR SALE

Store Fixtures and Machinery

(Single Pieces or Units)

BY THE

Butler Apparel Shops

Cor. Washington and Winter Streets

Mahogany and oak counters, show cases and shelving, typewriters, window fixtures, mirrors, gas engines, generators, pneumatic sweeper, carpets, chairs, etc., etc., etc., all in good condition.

Bids will be received until Thursday, March 6, '13. Right to reject any or all bids is reserved. Fixtures may be seen upon application to

L. E. SCHLEBER

At the Building, 449 Washington Street

ENTRANCE ON JACKSON PLACE

Millinery Parlors Second Floor

HENRY SIEGEL CO

Announce

An Opening of Spring Millinery

Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday March 3, 4 and 5

BEGINNING Monday the New Spring Millinery will hold court in our 2d floor Millinery Parlors.

All of the Leading French Modistes have contributed to this display and you will find gorgeous creations from such artists as

Caroline Reboux *Madame Louison*
Maison Lewis *Madame Germaine*
Susanne Talbot

In addition to these we will present accurate reproductions of correct Parisian Millinery and modifications of original styles; also innumerable creations from our own work rooms

This great display was planned primarily to show New England women all of the correct style for the coming season and we cordially invite you to come, even though you have no thought of buying as yet

Mr. Real Estate Dealer

How Many Houses Did You Sell This Week?

Phone

Main 5180

We will give you credit Sunday for your sales if you send us your list.

PIANO SALE

Roxbury Piano Storage Salesrooms

J. P. COLLINS
Founder of the Roxbury Piano Storage Salesrooms. The Largest Distributors of Pianos in America.

Your own price on the balance of the fine Pianos left over from the February Clearance Sale.

NOW CONDUCTING A GREAT

CUT-PRICE PIANO SALE

The Roxbury Piano Storage Salesrooms Co. is cutting and slashing piano prices—saving the piano-buying public from one to two hundred dollars on the best pianos.

Continuing tomorrow, at 8 a. m. sharp, 173 new and slightly used upright pianos—the balance of the Feb. clearance sale—must be sold at any price and at terms to suit customer. A great number of these pianos have been sent in by different unlucky piano dealers who are driven to the wall by the big Piano Trust and forced to turn over their stock to us at from 20c. to 40c. on the dollar. Sale continues until every piano on the sacrifice floor is disposed of.

THE FREDERICK PIANO

What We Give You and How We Help You to Own One

$175.00

$5 Down, $1 a Week

Money back after 60 days' trial if not satisfactory

Your old Piano, Organ, Phonograph, Typewriter, Furniture, Books, Jewelry or anything else of value taken as part payment.

If after three years' use you decide you want to exchange for any other make in stock land we have them will find value allowed.

Could you ask more?

A $300.00 Piano for $170.00.

Choice of three styles of cases to select from.

A beautiful scarf and stool free.

Credit and allow you to pay us on easy terms.

Free delivery anywhere in New England.

We agree to keep piano tuned for insurance.

Our own and maker's two year guarantee.

Other Wonderful Bargains in the World's Best Pianos ON THE EASIEST TERMS

Haynes Upt.	$165	Doll & Sons Upt	$250
Huntington Upt.	95	Hallett & Davis Upt	90
Steinberg Upt.	40	Knabe Upt.	85
Steinway Upt.	175	Emerson Upt.	75
McPhail Upt.	65	Vose Upt.	115
Weber Upt.	89	Everett Upt	110
Chickering Upt	55	Fischer Upt.	80
Huntington Upt.	145	Mason & Hamlin Upt.	110
Radie Upt.	115	Merrill Upt.	120
McPhail Upt.	80	Behning Upt.	50
Chickering Upt.	95	H. F. Miller Upt.	65
Schumann Upt.	175	Ivers & Pond Upt	95

$5 Down $1 a Week | **Free Delivery to Any Point in New England**

SPECIAL

Some of the new 88-note Player-Pianos, also some fine ones slightly used, are on our selling floors at very lowest prices.

$150 to $450 All Values Guaranteed

Roxbury Piano Storage Salesrooms Co.

2418 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.

OPEN MONDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY NIGHTS TILL 9.

NOTICE—Remember the number—We are on the street floor—Get off Elevated trains at Dudley St. Terminal—Our Salesrooms are a few doors from the corner of Dudley and Washington Sts., going towards Forest Hills—Don't look for signs, look for the number, 2418—On the ground floor.

Lowell Branch, 227 Central Street

BEST JOKES OF THE YEAR. You get them as soon as they are invented, if you read the Great City Life Section of the Sunday AMERICAN.

ROCKEFELLER, JR., TO BARE SEX SECRETS

Leading Citizens Join Him in Movement to Present Problem Before Youth of the Country.

NEW YORK, March 1.—John D. Rockefeller, Jr., whose work at the head of the Grand Jury studying vice conditions brought wonderful results, has made himself the head of a committee of 200 whose object shall be to bring forward the sex problem to the youth of America.

To present the subject to the popular mind, large quantities of literature have been prepared under the auspices of the Medical Review of Reviews, Sociological Fund Committee, composed of the following persons besides Mr. Rockefeller: Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt, the Rev. John Haynes Holmes of the Church of the Messiah, Dr. Rimes Fraser of the Rockefeller Institute, Mrs. Charles H. Israels, who has been studying the sex problem out from the view of the dance halls; Cosmo Hamilton, Miss Hesig Martel, Mrs. Rose Pastor Stokes and Dr. William Sneedlin.

POLICE FIGHT STIRS CANTON ELECTORS

Chief's Fate as Candidate for Constable Real Issue at Town Meeting.

Will or will not Henry S. Galligan be one of the constables of Canton after the election returns will be counted next Tuesday? That is the question which agitates the good people of Canton just now, above all the national and other problems which hover over the quiet prohibition town of 5,000 inhabitants. For it was Galligan who, though chief of police, was convicted of drunkenness, upon charges brought against him by a young man named Joseph T. Murphy, who, in turn, claimed that Galligan had for a long time persecuted him and caused him to lose his job as clerk in the offices of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company.

Henry S. Galligan has become the police force of Canton for eight years, and held his present office of chief for three. Murphy brought charges of drunkenness against the chief before Judge Jerald Healy of Canton.

The latter, knowing the chief well, did not care to hear the case and a jury, and Albert R. Avery of Quincy was to sit in judgment. This was satisfactory to the respective chief Galligan himself. A fine of $15 was imposed if Galligan should be drunk and intoxicated within the limits of the township of Canton aforesaid. The chief filed bond and appealed. Two terms of court have elapsed since but the appeal has not come up.

Must Be Member of Force.

Canton's chief of police is appointed by the selectmen from among the members of the force. But those in power in Canton, and those ambitious to come in power are all said to have pledged that Galligan shall not be the chief of the police department under the impending regime. Organizers are anxious to send on to public office some of the three constables who are going to be elected next Tuesday. But there is a hitch in the way. Galligan was turned down, for he had only forty indorsers, and the man next lowest to him had over 100.

Galligan comes now before the people of Canton as independent nominee, signed on by a petition of a hundred and eighty odd voters. He says he is going to be one of the constables or bust.

Mr. Murphy is pitted to Galligan as candidate in an open letter which was published in the Canton Journal. In this Murphy asked the chief in very suggestive [illegible] whether or not on the 6th and eighth days of January, 1913—and whether or not he was in the same condition in which he had been on previous days when he formed the basis of his conviction of drunkenness. The letter was strong and emphatic, and was signed by Murphy.

Then Chief Galligan caused the arrest of Murphy upon the charge of criminal libel, and that case is now pending. When Murphy was arrested he demanded a preliminary hearing and the appropriate report of the proceedings showed that Chief Galligan refuses to answer the new charges of drunkenness on the ground that it might incriminate him.

The whole situation in Canton has been created by a Murphy's sweet story and Canton's newspapers [illegible] the whole town of Canton is [illegible] in the state of the undecided question of next Tuesday.

NORTH SHORE TOWNS BALK HEALTH BOARD

To Use Waters of Ipswich River Despite State Officials' Advice.

The problem of water supply in Salem, Beverly and Peabody is in a way to be summarily settled by the use of the waters of Ipswich river.

The report of the investigating committee, named by Governor Foss, and made public yesterday, advises this.

This advice is given by the Governor's investigators notwithstanding the fact that the Massachusetts State Board of Health has counselled these lower Essex county places to join the Metropolitan water system.

The town of Peabody has thirty-seven old wells, and four ponds for its water supply and yet its officials are in yearly dread of a water famine. Recently a delegation was in from the second or third largest town of the state. Its people use more water per capita than in any other city or town in the Commonwealth—the amount being 165 gallons for every man, woman and child. In straight figures it looks like this: 17,000 people drink up every year [illegible] gallons of water and it [illegible] remembered that in Peabody [illegible] gallons of water go for [illegible] sides.

Peabody Fears Drought.

Out of the four ponds and the thirty-seven wells are pumped each year barely enough water for the regular supply. What the town fears is drought and that the wells may go dry during the Summer season. So the city fathers of this section of the [illegible] problem is for Peabody, Salem, Beverly and Danvers to join the Metropolitan system and thus by [illegible] sons of the spirit of Boston through its water, become finally connected with the Hub. Others are to be found who advise that the whole agitation is nonsense and that if Peabody would but install a meter system for measuring what water is used the resultant economy and reduction of waste would mean a low supply surplus. Those citizens are also heard to argue against accepting the great tameries by supplying them with city water.

Last year after long and diligent investigation it was the Peabody state situation. The State Board of Health recommended the Metropolitan plan. This only stood [illegible] all boards to the Ipswich River as a supply. They argued that this stream does not have a sufficient quantity of water and that a system that would tie in any way practical would cost more than the Metropolitan plan and would be less pure.

Mills are Fighting.

But in spite of the State Board of Health and in the face of the fact that the lowest mills are fighting against any attempt on the part of the town of Peabody to get its water from the river, the majority of citizens in the same town continue to discuss the Ipswich River possibilities.

A special commission was chosen by Governor Foss to examine into the same matters that had occupied the State Board of Health the year before. The Governor's commission was made up of three men, who have already made their work from the [illegible] point of view.

Governor Foss chose a commission of three [illegible] Preston Joan McDonald and Charles R. Cox [illegible] commissioners [illegible] to the commission [illegible] Hon. George W. [illegible] and William [illegible] Allen W. Fredericks, superintendent [illegible] water system of Paterson, N. J.

Brookline to Make $25,000 War on Fly

Brookline, richest town in the United States, is to begin a $25,000 war on the fly. For Summer is coming, and with it comes the disease-breeding fly. Brookline residents are out to starve the fly and for a system of removing the refuse in which the fly breeds, to make Brookline a veritable fly-less town.

According to the statements of eminent physicians and far-seeing city, made to the members of the Brookline Board of Health, the fly carries the germs and spreads typhoid fever, infantile paralysis, erysipelas and other diseases which afflict the human family, as well as glanders and other diseases of horses and cattle.

POPE'S PHYSICIAN TO EXAMINE MORGAN

CAIRO, March 1.—The question of [illegible] flying J. P. Morgan's strongest wish by not depriving him of his usual trip to the continent was discussed today at tea time, when a family meeting was held. Besides Mr. Morgan's daughter, his doctor, Former Senator Aldrich and his daughter, Former Ambassador Carter and Professor Lythgoes were present.

His temperature remaining normal, Mr. Morgan will sail on the tenth on the Adriatic.

WANT GOOD ROADS ACROSS CONTINENT

WASHINGTON, March 1.—The second convention of the Federal Aid Good Roads Congress will be held here on March 6 and 7, under the auspices of the American Automobile Association. It aims to secure federal aid in constructing a comprehensive system of roads clear across the continent.

The idea was born last January at the initial convention of Congress and it was cordially received at that time by members of Congress and high government officials.

All Weather Effects on the skin, face and hands, are quickly relieved by Hood's Lotion—as all people say that use it. Get it today. 50c.

Dys-pep-lets

Made only by C. I. HOOD CO.

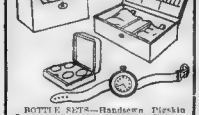
Unlike soda mints, are not a strong alkali—no bad effect—attends their continued use. They quickly sweeten sour stomach, stop belching, relieve heartburn, nausea, headaches. Get a 10c. or 50c. box.

Remember the Name **Dys-pep-lets** Take no substitute

The AMERICAN goes into more homes than all the other evening papers of Boston combined. It is the quality newspaper.

ESTABLISHED 1848
MARK CROSS
TRADE MARK
LONDON
ACTUAL MAKERS
3 Regent Street

Cross English Specialties



BOTTLE SETS—Handsome Pigskin Case Supplied with 8 Crystal Bottles with Silver Screw Tops. Size 13½ Inches Long x 3¾ Wide x 1¾ High x 1¾ Deep. Complete. ... $4.50

STOCKING AND BUTTON BOX—Covered Morocco Velvet Lined. Inches Long x 3¾ Wide x 1¾ Deep ... $2.50

CUFF LINK SETS—Plain or Pearl Links in Attractive Tapestry Box ... $3.50

WATCH BRACELETS—Gunmetal or Sterling Silver Watch on Black Strap. Seal or Ten Pigskin ... $8.00

WATCH BRACELETS— For Men ... $3.00

MARK CROSS
145 TREMONT STREET
210 5th Av., New York 258 B'dway
Agencies Throughout the World

17 Sample Suit Cases

Genuine cowhide, double steel frames, linen lined, best brass locks and catches. Some have straps all around. Sizes 24-26 inch. $5 to $12.50 grades,

$3 to $8.90

Filene's Automatic Bargain Basement

This Purchase of the Entire Stock of Boots of a Retail Shoe Store Is Typical

OF HOW WE GET THE HUNDREDS OF BARGAIN LOTS HERE EVERY DAY

1,885 pairs of Women's, Children's and Men's boots, practically all bearing **nationally known trade-marks** and **every shoe** correct in style and perfect.

Almost every day we are buying lots like this, together with samples, odds and ends, manufacturers' or retailers' overstocks, and in fact any dependable underprice merchandise.

Walk through tomorrow and see these lots. One look at the trade-mark on most of these shoes and you'll instantly recognize the value.

New Spring Samples--Coats and Suits

About 400 Garments
PRACTICALLY ALL DIFFERENT

SUITS Whipcords and Worsteds—mostly in tan shades. Coats silk lined, sulk trimmed collar. $15 GRADE. $7.50

About 100 Odd Suits—Samples and odd suits, practically all different, in plain and trimmed styles. Sizes 16 and 36. $22.50 to $27.50 GRADES. $16.50

150 Sample Suits in the lot. Sizes 16 and 36, also Odd Suits in sizes 34 to 42. $18.50 and $22.50 GRADES $13.50

SAMPLE COATS

—nearly all samples in sizes from 16 and 36. Hardly two or three alike. All Spring models in newest styles and materials.

$12.50-$13.50 Grades	$15-$16.50 Grades	$18.50 Grade
$7.50	$9.75	$11.50

Boots for All the Family at Big Savings

REMEMBER, THEY ARE WELL-KNOWN BRANDS

Women's $3 and $3.50 Boots—Goodyear welt, in gun metal, vici kid, patent colt and Russia calf button and lace, low and high heels, good range of sizes ... $1.89

Women's $3.50 and $4 Boots—well-known makes, Goodyear welts, button and lace, gun metal, vici kid, Russia calf and patent colt, low or high heels ... $2.35

Men's $4 and $5 Trade-Marked Boots—Button or lace styles in several leathers ... $2.75

Men's $3 Goodyear Welt Boots—patent colt, calf skin and Russia calf. Button and lace ... $1.50

Misses' and Children's $2 Boots—in Russia calf, vici kid and calf skin, button and lace. Sizes 8½ to 2 ... $1.45

Children's $1.50 Goodyear Welt Boots—vici kid or patent colt ... $1.10

Boys' $3 Goodyear Welt Boots—in calfskin, medium and heavy soles. Good range of sizes ... $1.90

Infants' $1.00 Boots—vici kid, button or lace styles, nature shape last ... 59c

Just 111 Simple Trimmed Hats For Spring

Several hundred women can take advantage of these unusual savings in up-to-date millinery. ALL DIFFERENT AND TRIMMED WITHIN THE LAST TEN DAYS.

$2.95 $3.95 $5 $6.50 $7.25

They would usually be sold from $5 to $15

Dresses For GIRLS

Wash Dresses—In gingham, percale, linene, seersucker and chambray. Sizes 6 to 14. $1 and $1.25 grades ... 79c

Spring Wash Dresses—Over styles to select from, in ginghams, percales and linenes. Sizes 6 to 14. $1.50 and $1.75 Grade ... $1

White Lawn Dresses—Several styles to choose from, daintily trimmed with embroideries and insertions. Sizes 6 to 14. $7.50 to $9 Grades ... $3.75

White Lawn Dresses—A beautiful lingerie, with laces and insertions. Sizes 6 to 14. $6 Grade ... $3

59c Drawers, Gowns and Short Skirts ... 39c
39c Corset Covers ... 25c
$3.00 Gowns and Princess Slips and Skirts ... $2.00
$1.50 Gowns, Combinations, Princess Slips and Skirts ... 85c

85c Gowns, Skirts and Drawers ... 50c

Undermuslins

$1.00 and $1.25 Gowns, Princess Slips, Combinations and Skirts ... 65c
$1.25 PRINCESS SLIPS, 50c
$1.50 and $1.75 Gowns, Princess Slips, Combinations and Skirts ... $1.00
$2.00 and $2.25 Gowns, Princess Slips, Combinations and Skirts ... $1.39

HUNDREDS OF OTHER BARGAIN LOTS FOR WOMEN, CHILDREN AND MEN

A. SHUMAN & CO.

At a Saving!

Last Spring's Clothing For Men, Young Men and Boys At Clearance Prices

Every garment offered in this sale is a bargain. Remarkable values to select from and your great opportunity to secure Spring Clothing at a very low price. All merchandise of Shuman Quality, made in our own shops, all-wool and non-fading.

Men's Suits
$20 Suits, now ... $15
$25 Suits, now ... $20
$30 Suits, now ... $25

Young Men's Suits
$15 Suits, now ... $10
$20 Suits, now ... $15
$25 Suits, now ... $20

Men's Light-Weight Overcoats and Raincoats
$15 Models, now ... $12
$20 Models, now ... $15
$25 Models, now ... $20

Boys' Suits—Ages 2½ to 17
$6 Suits, now ... $4
$8 Suits, now ... $5
$10 Suits, now ... $6

SHUMAN CORNER ∴ Boston

MAIN SHEET
PART II.
SUNDAY, MARCH 2, 1913.

Boston American
LARGEST CIRCULATION IN NEW ENGLAND

MAIN SHEET
PART II.
SUNDAY, MARCH 2, 1913.

NOW GETTING CLOSE TO MAN IN BRIBE CASE

New Developments in Charges Made by Senator McDevitt of Quincy.

LEGISLATORS ARE ANGRY

Declare Incident May Not Be Closed by Retraction by Author of Charges.

THERE were two big developments in the Legislative bribery charges made by Senator John J. McDevitt of Quincy yesterday.

One was that the bribery charge crept a little nearer to an individual. The circle on whom to fasten it was narrowed to a town.

It was stated that a Democrat representing a Boston suburb was the man who had made this offer of bribery to Senator McDevitt.

The other big development was the determined declaration by Speaker Grafton Cushing of the House of Representatives that the honor of the body over which he presides demand that Senator McDevitt make good his bribery charges.

Many people of Beacon Hill believe that Senator McDevitt has been silent as to the name of this man simply because the man is a friend of his. In fact, it is said in defence of McDevitt's silence that the man has a family.

McDevitt Non-Committal.

McDevitt himself, when questioned, would not positively say that the man is not a friend, nor will he positively say, or rather deny that he had stated that the man who made the bribe offer was a good fellow and a friend, and therefore he did not want to get him into trouble.

The bribe trouble began in a speech which Mr. McDevitt made before the Woman Citizens' Association, in which Mr. McDevitt stated:

It has been my experience that any legislator may leave the State House richer than when he enters, if he so desires. I was in the Senate parlor one day, when a Representative came up to me and started conversation regarding my attitude on a bill he had introduced. He was rubbing his hands. I knew what he meant, but, just to see what he'd say, I said: "What's the matter, have you got the itch?"

"No," he said, "but there's $300 in it if you'll go your share in helping it along."

Speaker Cushing yesterday afternoon made this declaration:

I intend to push this investigation to the very end. I will not be content until every effort has been made to determine the truth or falsity of Senator McDevitt's charges.

The charges reflect upon every member of the Legislature and particularly upon every member of the House of Representatives. As Speaker of the House I believe it to be my duty to do everything in my power to see to it that this matter is thoroughly investigated and that all the facts in connection with it be brought out.

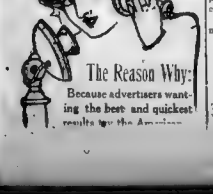
This is a very serious matter and should be treated as such.

We cannot afford to allow such statements to go unchallenged. They are liable to create a false and unjustified impression in the public mind. In the public interest and in the interest of the members of the Legislature and of the House of Representatives in particular, I shall persist in a thorough investigation of this matter.

Monday is the day and noon tomorrow the hour when Senator McDevitt must appear before the Joint Committee on Rules and tell, if he will or if he can what he

Continued on Page 3, Column 7.

Every Day Is a Busy Day With The Ad Taker



The Reason Why:
Because advertisers wanting the best and quickest results use the American

Wedding Secret is Revealed by Teacher

Resignation of Mrs. Mingo at Malden Is Really That of Miss Hilton.

I hereby tender my resignation, to take effect immediately.
(Signed)
MRS. OSCAR E. MINGO.

"Resignation? Mrs. Mingo?" drawled the principal of the Malden High School. "Who is Mrs. Mingo and how can anybody resign who isn't on our teaching staff?"

"Why, that's Miss Hilton's handwriting," volunteered one of the alert young school marms, and then the romance was out.

The other teachers had been calling Abigail R. Hilton "Miss," not knowing that she has been "Mrs." since September 6.

Mrs. Mingo is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edwin A. Hilton of No. 169 Vine street, Everett. She had been an instructor in the commercial department of the Malden High School.

"Why," explained the bride, "there isn't much to tell. You know I have been spending my vacations at Red Beach in Maine. Last Summer I was introduced to Oscar E. Mingo. Mr. Mingo, that's my husband, you know, is in the granite business in Calais. It was love at first sight.

"We went to St. Stephens, N. B., and the Rev. W. C. Goucher performed the marriage ceremony. That was on September 8. The only one we told was my sister, and she kept the secret well."

Oldest Immigration Inspector Resigns

Henry T. Bingham Long in Service at This Port, Mastered Foreign Languages.

Henry T. Bingham, the oldest immigration inspector in the Boston service and one of the oldest in the country, voluntarily resigned yesterday. Mr. Bingham was appointed early in the eighties, before the United States had a service of its own and when the State appointed inspectors.

In 1891 he was appointed United States inspector and has served in that capacity continually except during the second administration of Cleveland, when he was discharged for political reasons. He was re-appointed when McKinley was elected President.

Mr. Bingham is seventy-four years old and lives in Manchester, where he has served as selectman, town treasurer and also as Representative in the Legislature. He speaks Finnish fluently and has considerable knowledge of other foreign languages.

Girl's Voice Leads to Brockton Wedding

Miss Levaggi Won by Nelson Armstrong After Singing in Entertainment.

BROCKTON, March 1.—Nelson D. Armstrong and Miss Stella M. Levaggi were married at St. Edward's parochial residence this afternoon at 5 o'clock, Rev. Edwin J. Doben officiating.

A year and a half ago Armstrong saw Miss Levaggi perform at a local amateur theatrical entertainment. At that time she was appearing at a large number of similar affairs and her rare soprano voice and pleasing manner won her much admiration. Armstrong gained an introduction, pleading his cause successfully after several months.

Miss Levaggi was attended by Miss Theresa Cordeau, and the best man was Victor Levaggi, Jr. The bride is the daughter of Victor Levaggi, a prosperous merchant and Mr Armstrong is the son of Mrs. L. A. Sanvello of Cambridge. Armstrong is twenty-one, and she is twenty. They will reside here, after a honeymoon in the South.

Warn Against Drink Evil by Big Posters

Back Bay Committee Shows What Ten Cents Daily for Rum Will Buy

Ten cents a day spent for liquor would buy in a year: 5 barrels of flour, or 120 pounds of butter, or 120 dozen of eggs, or 730 pounds of sugar.

This is one of the "Think-It-Over" posters which a committee of Back Bay men and women is about to put in conspicuous places about the city and State. The committee is Dr. Charles Putnam, Mr. John Eliot and Mrs. William Tilton. They compose the Alcoholic Committee of the Associated Charities of Boston.

A poster placed at the corner of Pinckney and Charles streets reads thus:

Liquor causes: One-fifth of our insanity, one-fourth of our poverty, one-half of our crime. And is probably connected with two-thirds of our social evil.

These posters will be on exhibition next Thursday at the Twentieth Century Club, No. 3 Joy street, at a meeting of the Boston Association of Temperance Societies.

Manicure Girl Young Bigelow's Bride

Boston Banker Welcomes Elopers

Back Bay Society Given a Real Surprise by News of Wedding of Joseph S. Bigelow, Jr.

MRS. JOSEPH S. BIGELOW, JR., AND HONEYMOON YACHT

The society sensation of the Back Bay season came late yesterday when it was learned that Joseph S. Bigelow, Jr., the young Commonwealth avenue clubman and yachtsman, is married and has been married since last September to Miss Ernestine Ozan, a Temple place manicurist. The bride is of Cuban descent, with all the beauty that the term implies.

The marriage took place in Philadelphia. The couple went aboard Bigelow's yacht, the Seriola, and started on a honeymoon cruise down the Atlantic coast.

Not until a fortnight ago did the bridegroom's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Smith Bigelow, Sr., hear of the secret nuptial.

They rushed South and found the couple aboard the Seriola, off Miami, Fla. There was a stormy meeting, but a peace was pitched up and the manicure bride is being received into the rich Bigelow family.

Father is a Banker.

Miss Frances, elder sister of the bride, admitted the marriage last night, and said, among other things:

"However good her husband is, however blue his blood, he is none too good for my sister. We are Cubans and come of just as good stock as there is."

Miss Ozan has married into one of the most prominent families in Boston, prominent socially, politically and in amateur sports.

Joseph S. Bigelow, Sr., father of the bridegroom in this romance, is vice president of the Webster & Atlas National Bank. The Bigelow family home is at No. 223 Commonwealth avenue.

Joseph S. Bigelow, Jr., is a nephew on his father's side of Albert S. Bigelow, the copper magnate. On his mother's side he is a nephew of Lady Julia Bryant Channing, who was Julia Bryant of Boston and Cohasset.

He was a member of the Harvard class 1909 and is one of the leaders in the younger element in the Somerset, Tennis and Racquet and Eastern Yacht clubs.

Married in Philadelphia.

Mr. Bigelow has long been an ardent admirer of Miss Ozan. Last Fall he evidentally pursued his wooing to some purpose, for one day in September Miss Ozan told her mother and sisters at their home, No. 83 Clifford street, Roxbury, that she was going to Baltimore on a visit.

Then she proceeded demurely to Philadelphia, where she met Mr. Bigelow, who had put in there on the Seriola. There was a quiet ceremony by a justice of the peace, then the couple hastened to the yacht, which started down the coast.

If the yacht had stayed outside, the marriage might not have become known yet. But finally Bigelow brought the Seriola to anchor off the Biscayne Yacht Club at Miami, Fla.

The Seriola is known all up and down the Atlantic seaboard. The moment that Bigelow and his bride came ashore the secret was out. One person heard it, then another and another until, through club gossip and tea table chatter, the report of the marriage finally drifted up to Boston, but without having gotten into the newspapers.

Father Relents.

A fortnight ago Joseph Smith Bigelow, Sr., heard the report. Immediately he and his wife hastened South. They went to a Palm Beach hotel and Mr. Bigelow proceeded to Miami and aboard the Seriola.

Mr. Bigelow, Sr., remonstrated vigorously with Mr. Bigelow, Jr., against the manner in which the Bigelow family had been ignored in the bridal arrangements. But the father's anger subsided finally and

HINGHAM VOTERS ARE PUBLICLY TAGGED

New Town Book Tells Which Party They Voted for at the Primaries.

Every Hingham voter who cast a ballot in the last primaries is tagged in the new Hingham Town Book.

At the rear end of the Town Book they always publish the list of registered voters, just the name, nothing more.

But last Fall some 225 registered men voted at the primaries, the most primaries ever held in the town. They had to call for party ballots. Their political choice was jotted down against them on the list, "D" for Democrat and "R" for Republican.

No Prohibitionists, Socialists, Bull Moosers or others were marked down because there are none such in Hingham—none that voted at the primaries, at least.

Imagine the surprise of Hingham citizens on reading through the new Town Book (just out) to see what they could find that they didn't know before, to discover that the list of registered voters now has the primary voters all tagged.

There are about 1,900 registered voters in the town. One-fourth are marked in the Town Book "D," or "R." Just as they called for a ballot.

You can't change your political coat now in Hingham without an argument. If you voted in the primaries, they have your number.

DRUNK; NEARLY EMBALMED

Knocks Down Undertaker, Runs Three Miles and Takes Pledge.

WILMINGTON, Del., March 1.—Cecil Williams, a negro, living at Middletown, Del., came within an ace of being embalmed. He was pronounced dead by an undertaker and was about to receive an injection of the fluid when he opened his eyes. He was only drunk.

When the undertaker pierced the negro's skin preparatory to draining his heart, Williams jumped up and knocked him down. Then he jumped through a window and ran three miles. He has taken

REPLY BY ENGLAND ON CANAL TOLLS

Ambassador Bryce Files No Complaint, Suggests Arbitration of Any Differences.

WASHINGTON, March 1.—Through James Bryce, the British Ambassador, the reply of Great Britain to the contention of this government that it has a right to pass its own vessels through the Panama Canal free of tolls was made today. The reply is one of the briefest documents of the kind that has been written, the reason for this being that the present government is soon to go out of office, and that the British government has not time to formulate complete answer to all the arguments of Secretary Knox.

Ambassador Bryce, for his government, holds that there is as yet no reason for complaint by Great Britain, because no acts have yet been committed which can give rise to a complaint. He urges that the questions likely to arise be submitted to arbitration before the completion of the canal.

Mr. Bryce says that Great Britain objects to the law passed by Congress, on the ground that, in the opinion of His Majesty's government, it does not give all nations an assurance of equitable treatment.

CAPT. L. E. CLARK DEAD.

Prominent G. A. R. Man Dies in Bermuda.

Cables received in Charlestown announce the death of pneumonia in Bermuda where he had gone for a pleasure trip, of Captain Linus E. Clark, a prominent Grand Army man in New England. Captain Clark was a member of the staff of Department Commander George A. Hosley of the Massachusetts department, and had recently retired from position of chief clerk in the office of the quartermaster general of the State militia. In his younger life he was in the express business.

He was a past commander and adjutant of Abraham Lincoln Post No. 11, G. A. R., of Charlestown, and served in the Civil War in Company A, Eighth Massachusetts Regiment. He was commissioned a captain while serving in Company H., Sixty-first Massachusetts Regiment.

For many years he lived on High street, Charlestown, but lately he has been residing with relatives in Wolfboro, N. H.

'STICKERS' AT MIDDLEBORO.

Only Way Out of Mixup in Election Case.

MIDDLEBORO, March 1.—A complication appears on the ballot for Monday's election. Six candidates who were to run on independent papers filed their papers last Monday when they should have filed

MADERO AND SUAREZ SLAIN IN COLD BLOOD AT NATIONAL PALACE

Fugitive Members of Former President's Family Give Details of the Double Assassination Mutilated Bodies Placed in Auto and Farce of Escape Perpetrated to Conceal Real Facts

HAVANA, March 1.—That Francisco Madero, former President of Mexico, and Jose Pino Suarez, his Vice-President, were assassinated and horribly mutilated in the National Palace, instead of being killed in the rear of the penitentiary in Mexico City, is the statement made here by Francisco Madero, Sr., and his brother, Ernesto Madero, who was Minister of Finance in his nephew's cabinet.

MEN ATTACKED IN DEAD OF NIGHT

The fugitive Madero family arrived here last night, and today gave their astonishing version of the killing of Madero and Suarez to friends.

According to the Maderos, Francisco and Suarez were set upon late at night in the National Palace and murdered. Then their bodies were placed upright in autos and rushed to the prison. Just as the machines whirled around the corner of the prison the fake attempt at rescue was staged. Several shots were fired and the bodies were dumped out into the prison yard.

Word was then sent to the guards in front of the prison that Madero and Suarez had been shot in a fight with a rescuing party. The next day an official investigation was begun to carry out the plot and dispel all suspicion.

The assassination in a room in the National Palace, the Maderos here claim, accounts for the powder marks found on Francisco Madero's face and the holes burned in his clothing by the flame of an exploding revolver.

DE LA BARRA HOPEFUL OF NEW RULE IN MEXICO

MEXICO CITY, March 1.—Foreign Minister Francisco L. de la Barra gave to the International News Service exclusively tonight the following signed interview:

Q.—What is your opinion regarding the concentration of American troops on the Mexican frontier, and the military and naval activity of the United States?

A.—After the conferences I have had the last few days with the American Ambassador, and from my knowledge of the American people and prominent men, I feel that the international horizon is getting clearer as is the situation in this republic.

Q.—Should intervention come, what would be done to protect Americans in Mexico?

A.—I must not consider the possibility of American intervention which would be unjustified.

Q.—Will the common people of Mexico be any better off under this government than they have been for years?

A.—Men of laws as I am, and respectful of the guarantees of our constitution, I will always work to better the moral and material conditions of the proletariat classes of my country. This I demonstrated in a practical manner during my provisional presidency, when I created the national department of labor to benefit the laboring classes, and the national agrarian commission to improve the condition of the people on the farms.

FRANCIS DE LA BARRA.

TO ASK CUBA TO HOLD ALL MADERO FUGITIVES

MEXICO CITY, March 1.—Francisco Madero, Sr., father of the assassinated President, his brother, Ernesto Madero, former Minister of Finance, and all the members of their party now fugitives in Cuba will be brought back to Mexico City for trial.

Having disposed of Francisco, Gustavo and Emilio Madero by killing them, and Raoul, in an unknown manner, the Huerta government will now prosecute and punish the remaining two members of the family who are prominent in government affairs.

The government has requested the Cuban authorities to detain the Maderos and their party in Havana for extradition to Mexico, where they will be tried on a criminal charge growing out of an alleged attempt to bribe the Zapatistas not to submit to Huerta and Diaz.

The Maderos, according to the charges, offered money to Zapata and his followers to remain hostile to the government soon after the execution of Francisco Madero and Jose Pino Suarez. Should they be found guilty, it is regarded as certain that they will be made to suffer the extreme penalty.

Bandits Still Active.

The most daring depredations continue to be committed by rebel bands in the more important Mexican states despite the submission of many hostile leaders and the stern repressive measures instituted by the Huerta government.

Genevevo De La O, who is operating in the State of Morelos, has sent a bold defiance to the government declaring he will destroy all the property he can reach.

A big hacienda was destroyed by De La O bandits last night.

Although government troops have taken possession of the city of Aguas Calientes, Alberto Fuentes has escaped to the hills with a small band. They took all the available state funds with them.

News of trouble in a new quarter was received today, a message from the north border stating that the manifesto had been issued by Maderist forces encamped at Cerajina Springs, Mexico, 18 miles southeast of Douglas, Arizona, in which Huerta and Felix Diaz were condemned to death, to be executed "when apprehended."

Five hundred government troops are marching upon Agua Prieta to attack the rebel forces at Cerajina Springs.

Francisco Villa has re-entered Mexico and is taking an active part in the rebellion in Sonora.

Alberto Guajardo, a commander of irregulars and a close friend of Venustiano Carranza, has joined the Coahuila rebellion. He occupies with 600 men the mining camps at Las Esperanzas, Mesquite and Ahuite.

According to official reports, 8,500 rebels have surrendered in the states of Vera Cruz and Puebla, 1,900 in the state of Mexico and several small detachments in other states.

Diaz for Next President.

The election of Felix Diaz to the presidency was made certain today by the decision of the Liberal Democratic Club to name Francisco De La Barra, a candidate for the presidency, for vice-president on the Diaz ticket. This gives Felix Diaz his chief opponent as a running mate.

CUSTARO AND REYES WERE CUT DOWN IN COLD BLOOD

NEW YORK, March 1.—Fresh details of the Mexican revolution, showing that General Bernardo Reyes, the famous Mexican soldier, was shot to death at the outbreak of the battle of Mexico City under a flag of truce, were revealed here today by a cousin of the late General Reyes, Mrs. E. B. De Rendon, wife of a rich Mexican merchant, who arrived here on the steamer Esperanza, en route for London. She says:

The killing of Gustavo Madero and General Reyes were both murders. Madero was told that he was free, and while crossing the court yard of the National Palace he was shot down.

[illegible] was also shot down.

[illegible] of my husband was not killed in the battle. He was on his way into the National Palace during a lull brought about by a white flag when General Morillo, a Maderist, stepped from the building exclaiming that President Madero wished to discuss peace terms with Reyes entered the Palace arm in arm with Morillo. Once inside, Morillo drew his revolver and shot Reyes dead. At side of General Reyes drew a pistol and shot Morillo dead. Morillo fell cursing the "perfidy of his friends" as though he himself had not acted in the most treacherous man-

MANICURE GIRL BIGELOW'S BRIDE

Commonwealth Avenue Banker Forgives Elopers and Welcomes Daughter-in-Law.

Continued from First Page.

the son and his bride dined with the parents in the grill room of the Royal Palm Hotel at Palm Beach several times. It is said that Robert S. Hale, who is connected with the Bigelow Electric Illuminating Company, and who is a guest of Joseph S. Bigelow, Jr., at Miami, lent his good offices in accelerating harmony.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Smith Bigelow, Sr., arrived back in Boston at the end of the past week, though reluctant to talk, said this much:

Mr. Bigelow's Statement.

"It is perfectly true that my son, Joseph is married to Miss Gazan. But there can be no news in that. Why, they have been married for months. Last September, I believe, they were married in Philadelphia. A surprise to me? Why no. I have known it for some time.

"Do I approve? Well, my wife and I have just returned from a visit to them, at Miami. I certainly would not have taken my wife to Florida, where she would meet Mrs. Bigelow, Jr., if I were surprised, or if I did not approve.

"They are at Miami, aboard Joe's boat, the Sorino. They are very happy and Mrs. Bigelow is a charming young woman. I do not understand that she is a manicure, as you say. I thought she had been always at home, taking care of her mother, who is rather advanced in years and afflicted with rheumatism.

"My son is long since of age.

"Will we receive her here? Of course we will. Whenever my son sees fit to marry, we, the parents, will of course receive. We will always receive my son and my son's wife.

"Too know, of course, that he is an ardent yachtsman. Yes, he thinks more of that schooner, the Serlola, than of most anything else. It is a beautiful boat. It only draws a couple of feet of water, and the new engine he has had placed in her makes her about as delightful a place to spend a honeymoon in as I can imagine."

Tried to Keep It Secret.

"Madame Frances," Mrs. Bigelow's eldest sister, who has been South this Winter for the purpose of visiting the bridal couple, said last night:

"Yes, 'Esther,' as we call her, for short, is married.

"My sister, it is true, has been a manicure. But for the last three or four years she has devoted all her time to keeping house for my mother, who is crippled with rheumatism.

"Esther has written us from Palm Beach that she was afraid the papers had heard of the marriage and expressed the hope that nothing would come of it.

"But, however good her husband is, however blue his blood, he is none too good for my sister. We are Cubans and come of just as good stock as there is."

The Quickest, Simplest Cough Cure

Easily and Cheaply Made at Home. Saves $2.00.

This recipe makes a pint of cough syrup—enough to last a family a long time. You couldn't buy as much or as good syrup for $2.00.

Simple as it is, it gives almost instant relief and usually stops the most obstinate cough in 24 hours. This is partly due to the fact that it is slightly laxative, stimulates the appetite and has an excellent tonic effect. It is pleasant to take—children like it. An excellent remedy, too, for whooping cough, croup, sore lungs, asthma, throat troubles, etc.

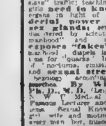
Mix one pint of granulated sugar with one pint of warm water, and stir for 2 minutes. Put 2½ ounces of Pinex (fifty cents' worth) in a pint bottle, and add the Sugar Syrup. It keeps perfectly. Take a teaspoonful every one, two or three hours.

Pinex is one of the oldest and best-known remedial agents for the throat membranes. Pinex is the most valuable concentrated compound of Norway white pine extract, and is rich in guaiacol and all the other natural healing elements. Other preparations will not work in this formula.

The good results from this recipe have endeared it to thousands of housewives in the United States and Canada, which explains why the plan has been imitated often, but never successfully.

A guaranty of absolute satisfaction, or money promptly refunded, goes with this recipe. Your druggist has it, or will get it for you. If not, send to The Pinex Co., Ft. Wayne, Ind.

Dr. Hall's new and complete book of



SEXUAL KNOWLEDGE

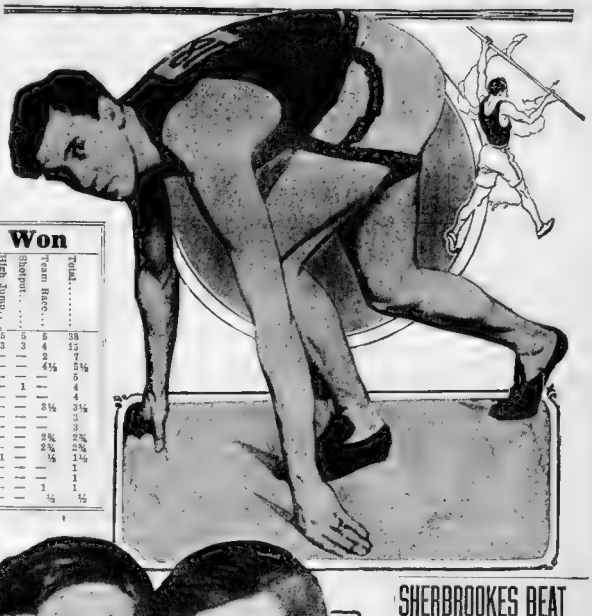
(Illustrated only $1 00)

NEW BOOK ALL SHOULD READ

Plain Truths of Sex Life every person should know. Every married man, married woman, husband and wife, young man, young woman, should read it. Every parent should read it for the benefit of children, parents, guardians, etc. Every physician should read it for reference. Every teacher should read it. Every lecturer should read it. Every minister should read it. Every lawyer should read it. Every judge should read it. Every statesman should read it. Every author should read it. Every editor should read it. Every publisher should read it. Every bookseller should read it. Every librarian should read it. Every reader should read it. Every writer should read it. Every speaker should read it. Every teacher should read it. Every student should read it. Every man should read it. Every woman should read it. Every child should read it. Every person should read it. Every one should read it. Every one should read it. Every one

EXETER BOYS WIN GREAT SCHOOL MEET

PICKED TEAM OF STAR B. A. A. RUNNERS BREAKS WORLD INDOOR RECORD FOR 3120 YARDS



Six stars at B. A. A. meet. At left, Noble of Noble & Greenough, winner of 45-yard hurdles. At right, Teschner of Exeter, winner of 40-yard dash; second in 300 yards. Below, B. A. A. team that broke a world record. From left to right: Halpin, Caldwell, Hedlund and Eugene Marceau

How Points Were Won

	40-Yard Dash.	45 Hurdle.....	300 Yards.	600 Yards.....	1,000 Yards.....	One Mile.....	High Jump.....	Shotput.....	Team Race.....	Total.....
Exeter	6	5	4	5	5	—	5	5	5	38
Noble & Greenough	—	5	—	—	—	—	3	3	4	15
English High	—	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	2	7
Worcester Academy	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	4½	5½
Arlington High	—	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	5
Newton High	—	—	3	—	—	—	—	1	—	4
Powder Point	3	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	4
Lowell High	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3½	3½
Dorchester High	—	—	—	—	—	3	—	—	—	3
Boston Latin	—	—	—	—	3	—	—	—	—	3
Volkmann School	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2¾	2¾
Stone School	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2¾	2¾
Lawrence High	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	½	1½
Springfield High	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	1
Portland (Me.) High	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	1
Malden High	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1
Allen School	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	½	½

TY COBB WEAKENS; SAYS HE'LL REPORT

"Georgia Peach" Notifies Jennings He'll Join Squad, but Is Not Ready to Sign.

DETROIT, Mich., March 1.—Ty Cobb today notified Manager Jennings at Gulfport that he would report to him in camp some time in March, but he still refuses to sign his contract.

This is taken to mean, at the home office, that Cobb intends to play, but means to get at least part of the raise to $15,000 that he has demanded.

This opinion is strengthened by the fact that Ty has consented training earlier than he ever has since he came up as a "busher" with the evident intention of demonstrating early that he is better than he ever was and deserves the money. He has been working out for a week with a college team in Georgia and for a day or two with George Stallings' Boston Nationals.

Oscar Stanage ended his hold out today, owning to the terms set forth for him by President Navin. His signed contract arrived, and with it a promise that he would start for Gulfport immediately.

His action is taken to be the result of the ultimatum sent out by the Detroit club a short time ago that no unsigned Tiger need report, and all not in condition at the opening of the season would be suspended without pay until ready to deliver big league ball.

DUBUC JOINS FOLD.

Tiger Pitcher and Club Owner Come to Agreement Over Terms.

DETROIT, Mich., March 1.—Jean Dubuc, the only Tiger hurler who pitched baseball worthy of the name last season, came to Detroit today, had a conference with President Navin, and effected a compromise on his holdout proposition.

His contract covers two years, and is believed to call for a slight advance over the figures first offered him, which were in themselves $1,500 higher than his last year's salary.

Winners and Times in School Meet Events

TRACK EVENTS.

Events.	Name and School.	Time.
40-yd. dash,	E. A. Teschner, Exeter	0:04 4-5
300-yd. run,	I. T. Howe, E. H. S.	0:34 3-5
600-yd. run,	J. J. Donnelly, Exeter	1:22 1-5
1000-yd. run,	G. Dougherty, Exeter	2:29 1-5
One-mile run,	G. Goldsmith, Arlington	4:47
45-yard hurdles,	M. Noble, N. & G.	0:06 2-5

FIELD EVENTS.

Events.	Name and School.	Distance.
Running high jump,	L. Compton, Exeter	6ft. 1in.
16-pound shotput,	C. B. Hurd, Exeter	38ft. 8in.

Wellesley Girls Win Banquet by Loss to Winchester

The Winchester High School girls' team concluded the basketball season by defeating the Wellesley High girls, at Winchester, yesterday afternoon, by the score of 42 to 28, and celebrated their victory by giving the visitors a reception and lunch.

The Winchester girls played a fine game, team work being the marked feature and accounting for the victory. Miss Barbara Wellington was the star player for Winchester, making fifteen baskets from the floor. At the end of the first half the score stood 19 to 11 in favor of Winchester.

The summary:

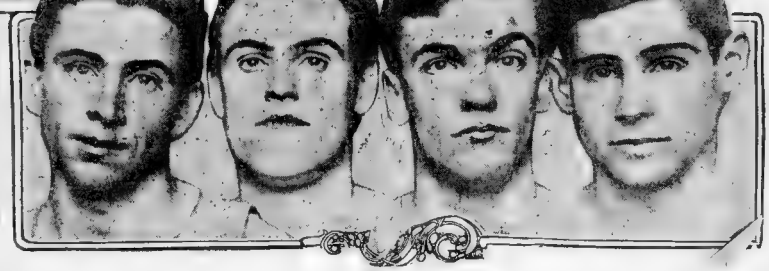
WINCHESTER GIRLS		WELLESLEY GIRLS
Miss Wellington, rf	rg	Miss Hodge
Miss Foster, lf	lg	Miss Tolle
Miss H. Lewis, c	c	Miss Austin
Miss Avery, lg	rf	Miss Lyman
Miss H. Lewis, rg	lf	Miss Bishop

Score—Winchester Girls 42, Wellesley Girls 28. Goals from the floor—Miss Wellington 10, Miss Foster 5, Miss Bishop 7, Miss Austin 2. Goals from fouls—Miss Foster 2. Miss Austin 2. Referee—Miss Paine. Umpire—Miss Armsfield. Timers—Miss Metcalf and Miss Paine. Time—Two 20-minute periods. Attendance 300.

Wakefield has been added to the following girls on the Providence team: Miss Marion Fiske, manager; Miss Esther Ayer, Miss Frances Foster, Miss Lenel McEwen.

Wakefield Y. M. C. A. Wins.

Wakefield Y. M. C. A. defeated the Richardson Light Guard at Wakefield last evening in a one-sided game, 50 to 20. The stars were Deede and Horrigan for the winners and Widell and Flanagan for the losers.



Academy Athletes Swamp Rivals Before a Great Crowd at Mechanics Hall—Stirring Finishes Arouse Keen Enthusiasm—Surprise in Result of the Mile Run.

By THOMAS J. HALPIN

Quarter-mile Champion of the United States and Canada.

EXETER won the twenty-fourth annual schoolboy meet in Mechanics Hall yesterday afternoon, before one of the most enthusiastic crowds that has ever witnessed the local meets. The races were thrilling and marked by exciting finishes, although no new records were set up.

Exeter "cleaned up" with 38 points of a possible 72, barring team races. Noble & Greenough was second, with 15 points; English High, third, with 7.

Teschner, of Exeter, won the 40-yard dash in great fashion from a fast field. Rice, of Powder Point, was second.

The feature race of the meet—the relay between Dartmouth and the B. A. A.—proved to be one of the greatest yet seen in the local hall, the Unicorn team winning by a few feet in world's record time of 6:59.

Caples, the former holder of the 600 yard championship, was forced to lower his colors to J. J. Donnelly of Exeter. Caples finished third, with C. Nathan second in the race.

The three hundred yard race was one of the closest seen in any meet ever held in schoolboy circles. Irving Howe finished across the tape a winner, with Teschner second.

The 1,000 yard run found Gregg Dougherty, the favorite, a winner over Leo Cusick of the Boston Latin school while an unknown, in the person of Bancroft of Newton, was third.

The mile run was won by Goldsmith of Arlington who was pushed all the way by E. Dempsey of Dorchester High School.

The high jump was won by another Exeter favorite in the person of L. Compton, who cleared the bar at the height of 6 feet, ¼ inch.

The shot put was won by C. B. Hurd of Exeter Academy who heaved the iron missile 38 feet, ⅝ inches.

The opening event of the classic schoolboy meet was the trial and semi-final heats in the forty yard

Continued on Page 4, Column 1.

Young Von L. Meyer Fights for Place on the Harvard Crew

The Harvard crew has been strengthened by the rowing of George Von L. Meyer, Jr., son of the Secretary of the Navy, who is the latest junior to fill every rowing colony, and his coming is hailed with delight. He rowed on the varsity eight two years ago, and was certain of his position, but an injury to his knee developed and kept him out of the rowing game for the past two seasons.

This Fall he was pronounced physically fit to try it again, and took preliminary practice. When the varsity candidates were called out, he responded, and is now rowing on the first crew.

Whether he can hold his position at seven, where he is rowing, will depend mainly on Trumbull of last year's freshman crew, who is putting up a rub for the position.

Middies Defeat Penn.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., March 1.—The Naval Academy men defeated the representatives of the University of Pennsylvania here this afternoon by 14 to 5 points. The midshipmen secured four falls and a decision, while the Quakers had to be content with one fall and one decision.

SHERBROOKES BEAT CANADIAN RIVALS

Stewartons Lose Out in Extra Period Game at Arena, 5 to 3.

The Boston hockey enthusiasts saw two rival Canadian teams battle at the Arena last evening when the Sherbrookes of Quebec defeated the Stewartons of Ottawa, 5 to 3, in a fast game. Although these teams are highly rated in Canada, Boston fans did not take to their style of play after being accustomed to the fast and pretty playing of the B. A. A. that they have witnessed this season.

The teams played three twenty-minute periods, Canadian style. Although the men were fast no team work was displayed.

The Sherbrookes won by superior individual playing and better direction of their shots. The Sherbrookes also presented a wonderful defence and when the "yellow jacket" did go down the ice they were stopped before they could get set for a good shot at the net.

The game was rough, players on both sides offending. Time and time again the puck was kept going up and down the ice. The first goal was raced by Mayhew in 2m. 25s. and resulted from his own individual playing. "Mayo" took the puck near his own cage, cleverly evaded the forwards and shot the goal from the boards far up on the left. Springer scored the second Sherbrooke goal after 1m. 55s. of play, also a pretty shot from the side.

With two points against them the "Yellow Jackets" started to play hard hockey and many penalties resulted. Nagle was counted up against the boards

Continued on Page 4, Column 3.

L. R. MURDOCH.

FIRST NEWS FROM THE BASEBALL BATTLEFIELDS

The Boston AMERICAN—Sunday and daily—will have the first and most complete news from the training camps of the Red Sox, world's champions, at Hot Springs, and the Pilgrims, National Leaguers, at Athens, Ga. L. R. Murdoch, sporting editor, will represent the AMERICAN at Hot Springs, and A. H. C. Mitchell, one of the best-known baseball writers in the country, is now at Athens. They will keep the readers of the Boston AMERICAN informed daily from the training camps with live, graphic, up-to-the-minute stories of the preparations of the two Boston teams for the 1913 season until the two clubs arrive home ready to open the league season. Special photographers will provide the AMERICAN with the first and best pictures of both teams in training.

A. H. C. MITCHELL.

BUY THE AMERICAN--DAILY AND SUNDAY--FOR FIRST, BEST, MOST COMPLETE BASEBALL NEWS

HALPIN'S OWN STORY OF HOW HIS TEAM BROKE A RECORD

SUNDAY AMERICAN SPORTING NEWS

RESULTS OF GAMES IN THE BASEBALL TRAINING CAMPS

SCHOOLBOY STARS SHOW REAL SPEED

Best in New England Battle for Honors at Great Meet in Mechanics Hall.

Continued from Preceding Page

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[illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [

WORLD'S CHAMPIONS BEGIN TO LIMBER UP AT HOT SPRINGS

SUNDAY AMERICAN SPORTING NEWS

PILGRIMS AT ATHENS; FIGHT TO CLIMB OUT OF CELLAR POSITION

MARCHING TO GEORGIA!—BOSTON PILGRIMS OFF FOR THE 1913 PENNANT RACE

WORLD CHAMPIONS BEGIN CAMPAIGN AT HOT SPRINGS

Jake Stahl Meets His Battery Men at Training Camp Today—Will Ginger Them Up in Preparation for Main Squad Which Leaves Boston Friday

HOT SPRINGS, Ark., March 1.—Manager Garland Stahl's pitchers and catchers are due at 10:30 in the morning and the big chief confidently believes that Southpaw Ray Collins, who is a member of the "hold-out" club, will be the only absentee

Incidentally, Stahl sincerely regrets that Collins has not accepted the "very fine" contract President McAleer has tendered him. He is a whale of a youngster, addicted to taking on a lot of superfluous flesh in the Winter time, and proved on the 1912 training trip that he is of the type of athlete who needs all the early work possible.

Tonight Stahl told the Boston Sunday AMERICAN correspondent how he intended conducting next week's practice work. He said

My regulars do not arrive for another week. It is only the battery men who are due in the morning. I have inspected Majestic Park, our Spring home, and it is in ideally, perfect condition. I intend working out the pitchers and catchers daily, commencing Monday, if the weather remains so bright and pleasant.

STAHL IS LONESOME.

I will take advantage of the heat of midday and the boys will work between the hours of 10 and 1. Only moderate road work will be indulged in, unless the weather should turn raw or cold, or it should rain. Then, I will take the pitchers and catchers over the hills and make them negotiate the complete Derby distance

I will be glad when the boys come to town, as it has been lonesome without them, and I will confess that I am anxious to start active work going. My reason for bringing the battery candidates a week in advance of the regulars was to have them ready for our coming series with the Pittsburg Pirates.

In the early games I will work my young pitchers, as I want to find out just what they amount to, and I will appreciate the fact that Fred Clarke's hard-hitting crew will give just the sort of practice we need."

FIRST GAME MONDAY.

Harney Dreyfuss' groundkeeper, who is personally superintending the work of patching up Whittington Park —It is a little sort of a joke yarn in comparison to Majestic Park, made strenuous objections to the early birds' among the diamond colony getting on the green this afternoon. He won his point, and the baseball "bugs" were denied the pleasure of seeing the maiden baseball matinee of the season

The weather was bright and warm, and quite a good-sized mob made the trip out to Whittington Park, only to be told that too games had been postponed until Monday. They complained, but their kick got them nothing.

Stahl is stopping at the Eastman Hotel and that bounty will again house the world's champions. This afternoon Stahl visited the Bucketoff bath house and found that Manager Hogaboom had everything in readiness for the Bostonians.

Stahl had his athletes bathe in that interior last Spring, instead of at the Eastman, as in addition to the 500 or 700 guests that are generally on deck throughout the month of March, the Pittsburgh Pirates, who also put up at the Eastman, baths in the hotel and there are scarcely enough tubs or attendants to wait on the two ball players properly Hence Stahl stole a march on Clarke by getting a bath house all to himself.

Stahl Stands Pat on Catchers

There will not be any new catchers in the party that arrives in the morning. That's because Stahl is well fortified behind the bat and made up his mind many moons ago to stand pat on his staff. So the old big four—Carrigan, Cady, Nunamaker and Thomas—will stick in office.

Not counting "Dutch" Leonard, the hero of last season's Denver League race, which was won by Denver through his brilliant work on the slab, after which the Denver team bowled over Joe Cantillon's Millwaukee outfit, the American Association champions, in the post season series between the two teams. Stahl will have six new hurlers. They are George Foster, Joe Marina and Grover Cleveland Hunt, who reach camp on Monday, Johnnie Watkins, with Sharon, Pa., last season, and Karl Mosely and Earl Ainsworth, who graduated from the Wilkesbarre, Pa., Pennsylvania teams.

"I have never seen any of the juveniles in action, but all six come well recommended, and I think I will unearth one or more live ones," was the big chief's comment on his assortment of hid bonnets.

Incidentally, Stahl is very sweet on Leonard and is confident that "Dutch" will stick with the Red Sox this time.

SENIORS WIN GAMES.

NEWBURYPORT, Mass., March 1.—Newburyport High School held an interclass meet in City Hall this afternoon for the purpose of determining the team to represent the school in the dual meet with Salem High next Saturday. The orgies won 64 1-3 points, the sophomores 23 1-3 and Juniors 2, the freshmen failing to score.

STAHL FIRST ON DECK

THE Red Sox manager was the first of the world's champion to arrive at Hot Springs. The picture shows Stahl starting out for a "hike" through the mountains. He will meet his first squad at Hot Springs today.

CAMBRIDGE LATIN AND ENGLISH HIGH WIN HOCKEY GAMES

Beat Brookline High and Boston Latin in School Games at Boston Arena.

Cambridge Latin and Boston English High were easy winners in the two hockey games played in the special Boston AMERICAN schoolboy series at the Boston Arena yesterday morning. A live, enthusiastic crowd saw the games.

Both contests were one-sided, with the victors scoring at will. Both by large scores. The lack of outdoor ice recently had undoubtedly hindered the training work of the boys.

In the first game Cambridge Latin found Brookline High to be easy opponents and won by a score of 8 to 0. For the first five minutes of play the Brookline boys put up a stubborn game, but after this the contest was never in doubt.

Cambridge Too Fast.

The Cambridge players were too fast on their skates for Brookline, and occasional flashes of great teamwork bewildered the Brookline players. Baker was the first to score, caging the puck after a scramble in front of the goal. Thomas followed with another goal and Captain Donald Sands finished the first half by caging two goals.

The second period found the Cambridge boys again smothering the Brookline goal tenders and four more goals were registered in this period Thomas, Sands, Baker and Bradley each got goals for the winning team, while Howe and Carl Theisehoef played well for Brookline.

CAMBRIDGE LATIN	BROOKLINE HIGH.
Sands, Fitzgerald, Coward, rw	Howe, lw
Thomas, c	c, Theseler
Sands, r	r, Kinney
Baker, lw	rw, Hicks
Anderson, Sanderson, cp	p, Jenness
Bradley, Mooney, g	g, Paine

Score—Cambridge Latin, 8; Brookline High, 0. Goals made by—Sands, Thomas, Sands, 3, Baker, 2. Referee—Hall.

English High Too Strong.

Boston English High seven were far too strong for their rivals, Boston Latin, and won by the overwhelming score of 14 to 0. From the faceoff the English team showed better hockey than the Warren Avenue boys and the play was mostly in front of the Latin cage.

Some good individual playing on the part of the English boys marked this game with "Mickey" Ros he taking most of the glory Rosen was a clever skater and a good dribbler and he scored three goals by his clever individual work.

Parsons was also with the puck all of the time and scored three goals for English. In the second half Manager Morrill used many of his substitutes and they proved as strong as the first team.

The Boston Latin defence was very weak and the English players went through with ease. Murray made many good stops at the goal but did not receive strong support.

ENGLISH HIGH.	BOSTON LATIN.
Quinney, Bond, rw	lw, Hardy
Rosen, c	c, Murray
Roche, Parsons, r	r, Lavin
Parsons, Ware, Bethune, lw	lw, Melntosh
Carolan, Alberta, cp	cp, Lahiff
Lahiff, Gately, p	p, Murphy
O'Donald, g	g, Mirrar

Score—English High 14, Latin 0. Goals scored by English—Parsons, 6; Rosen, 3; Roche, 2; Quinney 2, Ware. Referee—Francis Goal judges—Cregg and Hill. Time—Two forty-one minute halves. Time—Twenty-minute halves.

U. S. S. CAROLINA WINS.

Sailor Boys Defeat Page Class Five by Score of 23 to 19.

North Carolina defeated the Page Class for the second time this year on their home floor at Vine Street Church, by the score of 23 to 19. It was the most exciting game played on this court for this season and the hardy sailor boy champions of the navy. The middies have a few open dates which they wish to fill with some good fast semi-pro. teams. Address James Doyle, U. S. S North Carolina, Charlestown.

The summary:

U. S. S. NO. CAROLINA.	PAGE CLASS.
Smith, rf	rg, Martin
Bonfanti, lf	lg, Hurd
Lombardier, c	c, Rockwell, Lloyd
Havens, rg	rf, Hurd
Score 23-19 Goals from Score—Motiechan 3, Smith 4, Lombardier, Davey 2, Martin 2, Rockwell 2. Goals on free trios—Lombardier 3, Davey 2, Bonfanti 1. Referee—Collins. Umpire—Doyle. Time—Smith. Time, 20-minute halves. Attendance, 500.

DARTMOUTH IS A LOSER.

Drops Last Basketball Game of Season to Cornell.

HANOVER, N. H., March 1.—In the final game of the season the Cornell basketball team defeated the Dartmouth quintet by a score of 27 to 25. At the end of the first half, the Green was ahead, 20 to 8, but the last five minutes of the game Cornell, by taking full advantage of a substitute guard, scored fourteen points. Fouls on both sides played the major part of the scoring.

Racing Results

AT JUAREZ.

FIRST RACE—Four furlongs, two-year-olds, selling: Ben Ami, 3-1, 1 and 1-2, won; Beautiful Bill, 3-1, 2 and 1-2, second; La Rebella, 4-1, 8-5 and 1-2, third. Time, :48 3-5. Mary Wood, Della Mac, Virginia S., Hinifax, Attica and Fawn also ran.

SECOND RACE—Six furlongs, three-year-olds and upward, selling: Bowling Sprays, 4-1, 2-1 and 4-5 won; Jack Kelly, 3-1, even and 1-2, second; Bell, 4-1, 2 and 1-2, third. Time, 1:14 3-5. Pretty Dale, Vieo, Ernest R., Ring Lee, Rush Gray, Jr., and Dorothy Dale also ran.

Bill Anderson, 105.

THIRD RACE—Six furlongs, three-year-olds and upward, selling: Ben Ami, 8-5, 4-5 and 3-10 won; Quid Nunc, 4-1, 10-1 and 4-1, second; Wilhite, 3-1, 1 and 1-2, third. Time, 1:14. Sam Sampson, Belinda, Fanny, Angelus, Gift and Dave Montgomery also ran.

FOURTH RACE—Six furlongs; 1 eight, 2 1-2, won; Winning Witch, 3-1, second; Kodak, 3-1, third. Time, 1:15 3-5. Bachelor Girl, Mocker, Pilfered, Doughboy, Tinty and Sweet Alice also ran.

FIFTH RACE—Five and one-half furlongs; Royal Lady, 6-1, won; Papa Nick, 2-5, second; Sir Attorney, out, third. Time—1:07 2-5. King Stalwart, Bob Abed, Sparkette, Lee Friar and Mike Mistry also ran.

SIXTH RACE—Mile and a sixteenth; Canteen, 3-1, won; Sherry Portland, 3-1, second; Ben Farley, 4-1, third. Time—1:48. Rosepland and Rose also ran.

Racing Is Assured at Gotham Tracks the Coming Summer

NEW YORK, March 1.—That racing will be revived in this State—and at a few tracks adjacent to Gotham—was the positive assertion of a member of the Jockey Club today.

The informant added that the tracks which will open are still unknown, as that matter is up to the stockholders. But that there will be racing is a certainty.

This official also stated that the stockholders of a few courses are favorably disposed toward holding a few meetings this season, limited in scope as to the number of days and the amounts to be distributed to horsemen.

As far as could be learned, the tentative program calls for Belmont Park, Empire City, Saratoga and possibly Aqueduct and Jamaica to reopen. Sheepshead Bay and Gravesend will not run, as the probable loss is beyond the inclination of their stockholders.

MELROSE HIGH WINS.

Defeats Winchester Five, 55 to 18, in Fast Game.

The Melrose High basketball team easily defeated Winchester High, 55 to 18, at the Melrose Y. M. C. A. last evening. Peabody played a great game for Melrose and caged five baskets from the floor. The Melrose second team beat Winchester second, 20 to 6 The lineup:

MELROSE HIGH	WINCHESTER HIGH.
Kentzell, rf	lb, Meaken
Peabody, lf	rb, Doyle
Peabody, c	c, Ryder
Marshall, Davidson, rg	lg, Proctor
Moore, lg	rg, Johnson

Goals from floor—Winchester, 8; Winchester 18, Goals from foul—Winchester, 8; Melrose, 20. Referee—Johnson, Melrose. Umpire—Proctor. Goals from fouls—Peabody, 9; Johnson, 8. Referee—Johnson, Melrose. Umpire—Merriam. Scorer—Fales. Time—Cochrane.

LOWELL CRIMSON LOSES.

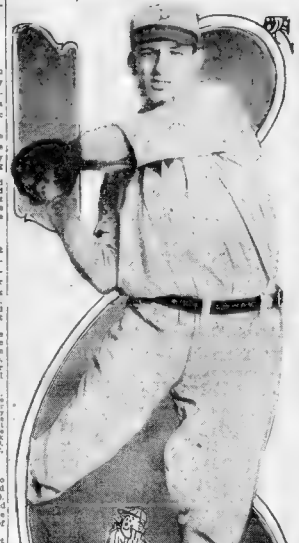
Newburyport Club Wins Bowling Match, 3 to 1

NEWBURYPORT, March 1.—The Harvard Club of this city and the Harvard Club of Lowell bowled at the Dalton Club this afternoon, the local team winning, 3 points to 1. Jacoby and Walker led. Legate of B. A. A. bowled on the Newburyport team. The score:

Newburyport—Tappan, 79, 83, 82—244; Dodge, 90, 94, 87—271; Ford, 91, 102, 107—307; Walker, 100, 115, 85—300; Legate, 105, 105, 90—300. Totals, 475, 491, 443—1397.	Lowell—Hatch, 80, 71, 76—227; Wahl, 70, 78, 85—233; Pickering, 89, 80, 85—254; Weatherbee, 105, 92, 106—303; Jacoby, 114, 97, 104—315. Totals, 464 [illegible] 451—1321.

FIRST MAN AT ATHENS

"BUSTER BROWN," the Pilgrim pitcher who landed ahead of the rest in the training camp. This picture, the first to arrive in Boston from the Pilgrim squad, shows "Buster" in action at Manager Stallings' plantation.



PILGRIMS IN CAMP; FIGHT TO CLIMB UP THE LEAGUE LADDER

Stallings' Bunch Arrives at Athens from Boston and Joins the Squad That Trained at Haddock—New Manager to Build Up Fighting Team

By A. H. C. MITCHELL.

Special Representative of the Boston Sunday American with the Boston National Baseball Team.

ATLANTA, Ga., March 1.—George Stallings, manager of the Boston Nationals, and his string of ball players left Haddock, Ga., this noon for Athens, arriving at his regular training place at 10 o'clock tonight.

When he reached the tiny Georgia college city he found a few of his faithful already gathered. He expects the rest of them by tomorrow night and will start active practice Monday morning

Far be it from anybody to allege that the Pilgrims have not done some work this far. Manager Stallings has had a small but decidedly select crew of players in Haddock for two weeks and they have worked as steadily and as vigorously as any of the men will when the training season actually begins in earnest.

FARM HANDS IN THE OUTFIELD.

Of course there has been nothing but a pig-lot diamond to work on, for the Stallings farm at Haddock is not well provided in that respect. And in consequence, fielding practice has been, as it were, largely on the pig. Everything else has been done, however, and the men are rounding into condition fast. They have worked twice a day, at 9 30 in the morning and 2 in the afternoon.

Batting practice has been one of the features, with some of the Stallings farm hands in the outfield to get the ball back in the diamond. The pitchers have all worked steadily, though, of course, taking things moderately easy.

One of the best looking of the new men is Pitcher Ira Hogue, the big Cincinnati lad who was kicked around the Carolina Association last year. This lad is tall and slim, but he has shoulders like a barn door and is the most amazing worker who has been on Stallings' pay roll in years. Hogue turns out at daylight and if not headed off by the boys milk the cows and do other chores. He is the first man in uniform in the morning and the last to take it off at night.

Ten minutes after supper time he is in the hay, and snoring fit to take the rafters off the house. This lad has a marvelous burst of speed, looks promising. He may need another year of seasoning, but if he gets it anywhere except on the Boston Club he will be let out with a strong string attached.

Otto Hess has turned up in first class shape. The big blonde was overweight, of course, but had been busy all Winter and is hard and fit He has started his work with a rush and seems to be fully as good as he was last year. Of course the question of whether he can perform another "come back" is yet to be decided. But the start is promising.

Devlin and McHugue are two more men whose work at Haddock was particularly pleasing to Stallings and both seem set for a big year.

The players had two cyclonic visitations this week. One was Ty Cobb, who did a couple of days' work with the Braves. The other was a young tornado that did considerable damage and pumped up the practice because of the rain that accompanied it.

Eastern Crowd En Route.

At 2 o'clock this afternoon the Eastern delegation of the club left New York for Athens. The party that left Boston last night was joined in New York by Cecil Thompson of Derry, N. Y., a left-handed pitcher secured from Sacramento He was with the New York outfit at the Springs three or four years ago, and is a California two years ago. It is thought he is about ripe now for the big league.

Also Walter Mazarville, the little short stop, joined the squad in New York. Cy Seymour, the old New York outfielder, who lives in the Bronx, was on hand, too There will be players Bill Sweeney, George Tyler, Fred Mitchell, Trainer Jim Nesi and "Rubber" Henry Blood, together with four newspaper men, a photographer a secretary Nickerson, completed the party who left New York in the afternoon 4 will reach Athens today.

President Gaffney found time to go to the New York ball park to see the team off and wish all hands good luck.

Titus Joins at Philadelphia.

Silent John Titus, the club's veteran right hander, boarded the train at West Philadelphia and at Washington Bill McKechnie and Joseph Schultz joined the delegation, increasing the total in the Eastern party to seventeen. McKechnie is to be sure Pittsburgh infielder, who was sent to Boston last Fall, but Lees and Wood of the Boston Nationals. Schultz is a shortstop secured from the Akron, Ohio, club, Ellis Hale is at Pittsburg.

All the ball players look to be in fair shape for so early in the season, but all of them down to fighting weight. Cy Seymour says he is lighter now than he has been for six years in starting out for Spring training. He says he is in fine shape and looks it. He is glad to get back to the majors again and says he will try hard to stay there.

The most sensational amusement indulged in by the party was the dark horse race between Captain Bill Sweeney, the undisputed champion of the club, was walloped three times running by one of the newspapermen after which he said he would quit the game and stick to second base in future.

Japanese Boxer Togo at His Old Vocation Waiting on Table

FORT SMITH, Ark., March 1.—Only a year ago Young Togo, the Jap, was the hero of Fort Smith, for he had put this sizzling town on the fight map. Nothing was too good for Togo in the days when the little Jap was knocking out 200-pound dubs.

And now, just twelve months later, he comes back to Fort Smith, broken in health and spirit. No longer is he a hero. Instead he is glad to "sling hash" in a Fort Smith restaurant.

The Jap was never a topnotcher, but clever managing did much to get him to the front. Togo was a 4-foot 10-inch 108-pound punching bag. He was very tough, and that let him out!

Putting Nelson all wicked him down twenty-two times in six rounds, but could not stop him. And Nelson had thirty pounds the better of the weights.

Fort Smith business men raised $10,000 and tried to get Coulon for Togo, but the bantam champion had other engagements. Then Togo tired of waiting for Coulon and went to the Coast.

Social League Results.

Following is the results of the games played in the Boston Social Union Basketball League at the Enlish High drill hall last night:

SOUTH BAY UNIONS. ROXBURY LEAGUE.

Hines, rf	lb, Rowe
Brown, f	rb, Lynch, Fallon
Walter, c	c, Fallon
Wyatt, Donovan, rb	rf, Graham
Hall, lb	lf, Barry

Score—South Bay Unions 23, Roxbury League 19. Goals from floor—Hines 3, Brown 5, Walter 3, Wyatt, Donovan, Farrell 2, Hubbard 2, Graham 2, Rowe, Lynch 2, Fallon 2, Barry. Goals from fouls—Hines 3, Farrell 2, Hubbard 2. Referee—Burns. Umpire—O'Donnell. Scorer—Burns. Time—15 minutes. Attendance, 200.

SOUTH BAY UNION JRS. BOX. NSIGH., JRS.

Welch, rf	lb, Fitzgerald
M. Hines, lf	lb, Pellegrini
Brown, c	c, Wright
McGillivray, rb	rf, Wright
McCormack, lb	lf, Sullivan

Score—South Bay Union 21, Roxbury Neighborhood House 19. Goals from floor—Welch 2, Brown 3, Graham 3, Wright, Sullivan 2, Goals from fouls—Welch 4, M. Hines, Referee—O'Donnell. Umpire—Cassidy. Scorer—Burns. Time—10m. periods. Attendance—200.

ROXBURY LEAGUE JRS. EDGELEY ST. JRS.

J. Cavanaugh, rf	lb, Wheeler
D. Cavanaugh, lf	rb, Kelley
Dolan, c	c, Wheeler
O'Mara, rb	rf, Kelley
McCann, lb	lf, Hanrahan

Score—Roxbury League 20, Edgeley Street 8. Goals from floor—J. Cavanaugh 5, D. Cavanaugh 2, Lindsay, Donovan, Cavanaugh, Wheeler, Goals from fouls—Sparrow 3. Referee—Cassidy. Umpire—O'Donnell. Scorer—Burns. Time—10m. Time—12m. Attendance—200.

Posse Girls Beat Thayer Girls at Basketball, 33-5

The Posse Gymnasium girls beat the Thayer Academy girls of Braintree, 33 to 5, at basketball yesterday before a crowd of 200 at Posse gymnasium in this city. Miss Gilpin of the Posse five threw eight goals from the floor, twice as many as any other player. The score:

POSSE GYM.	THAYER ACADEMY.
Miss Gilpin, rf	lf, Miss Lyon
Miss Dyer, lf	rf, Miss C. Kimball
Miss Brown, c	Miss E. Kimball
Miss Mooney, lb	lb, Miss Somers
Miss Wooler, rb	rb, Miss Welch

Goals from floor—Miss Gilpin 8, Miss Parker 2, Miss Brown, 4 each Miss C. Kimball, 2. Goals from foul—Miss Gilpin 1; Miss E. Kimball 1. Referee—Miss Quinlan. Umpire—Miss Beauchford Timer—Miss Webber Scorer—Miss McGovern. Time—Two 15 minute halves.

PRESBYTERIAN TEAM WINS.

Beats Union Chapel Basketball Five at Quincy Y. M. C. A.

At the Quincy Y. M. C. A. yesterday afternoon the First Presbyterian basketball team of Quincy defeated the Union Chapel five by the score of 31 to 4. The summary:

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN	UNION CHAPEL
Falconer, rf	lf, J. West
Mcleod, lf	rf, Bateman
Matherson, lf	Avery
Mcleod, c	c, Burnett
Summers, rb	lb, W. West
Mcleod, lb	rb, LeClair

Score—First Presbyterian 31, Union Chapel 4. Goals from floor—Falconer 8, Mcleod 2, Matherson 4, Avery 1. Goals from fouls—Mcleod 4, Avery 1. Referee—Lair. Umpire—Bates. Time—10-minute halves. Attendance—200.

LANCASTER GIRLS WIN.

Fitchburg Basketball Players Beaten by 12 to 4 Score.

LANCASTER, March 1.—The Lancaster High School girls defeated the Triads of Fitchburg this afternoon in the Thayer Gym 12 to 4. The locals outplayed the visitors. Miss Pilling and Miss Mahan especially excelling. The summary.

LANCASTER H. S.	TRIADS
Miss Pilling, rf	rb, Miss Thier
Miss Mahan, lf	rb, Miss Brown
Miss Moseley, c	c, Miss Goodale
Miss Schneider, rb	lf, Miss Louis

Score—L. H. S. Girls, 12, Triads, 4. Goals from floor—Miss Pilling, 2, Miss Mahan, 2. Miss Ross, Goals from fouls—Miss Mahan, 4, Miss Ross, 2. Referee—Harrington. Umpire—McIntyre. Time—10-min. halves. Attendance—200.

Cushing Academy Girls Win, 4 to 2, Over Alethia Maids

ASHBURNHAM, March 1. — Cushing Academy Girls defeated the Worcester Alethian Girls, claimants of the New England championship, in a fast and exciting game this afternoon by a 4 to 2 score.

Both teams passed well but the close guarding of each side made goal throwing hardly possible. Misses Dobson, Kitchen and Smith played best for the winners, while Misses Butler and Bigelow were like stars of the Worcester team

Summary:

CUSHING GIRLS.	WORCESTER ALETHIA
Kitchen, rf	rb, Powers
Davis, lf	rb, Marsh
Smith, c	c, Lester, Bigelow
Dobson, rb	rf, Bigelow, Butler
Hall, lb	lf, Alethea 2

Score—Cushing Girls 4, Alethea 2. Goals from floor—Smith, Bigelow. Goals from fouls—Kitchen 2, Butler. Referee—Cassidy. Umpire—Cregg. Time—Two 15-minute periods. Attendance—200.

COLUMBIA BEATS PENN.

Carries off Victory at Basketball for the Second Time.

PHILADELPHIA, March 1—For the second time this season Pennsylvania went down to defeat before Columbia in the closing game of the intercollegiate league championship series of 1913. Columbia outclassed the Red and Blue from the start of the game and ran up a big score in the first half, which ended 21 to 4. Only once during the entire contest was Pennsylvania caught inside the Columbia basket, but could not score, as the ball was put over-hand from the centre of the floor. In the second half, when at one time Columbia had ten scores by only 4 points. The lineup:

PENNSYLVANIA	COLUMBIA.
Reisner, f	f, Meiman
Wilson, f	f, Reisner
Schiff, c	c, Wagner
Williams, g	g, Hall
Substitutions—Crane for Reed, Reader for Schiff, Reynolds for Reed, for Meiman, Field for Wagner, Jacques 4, Vetter 2, Reisner, Reed, Neubert 2, Hall, Wagner 2, Meiman 2, Schiff 3, Reichach 3 out of 5, Hessen 7 out of 12 Lee 3 out of 5. Score at end of first half—Columbia, 21; Penn 4. Referee—Callahaner, Georgetown. Time—Seventy. Ho. Johns. Time of halves—20 minutes.

Army Five Wins Final.

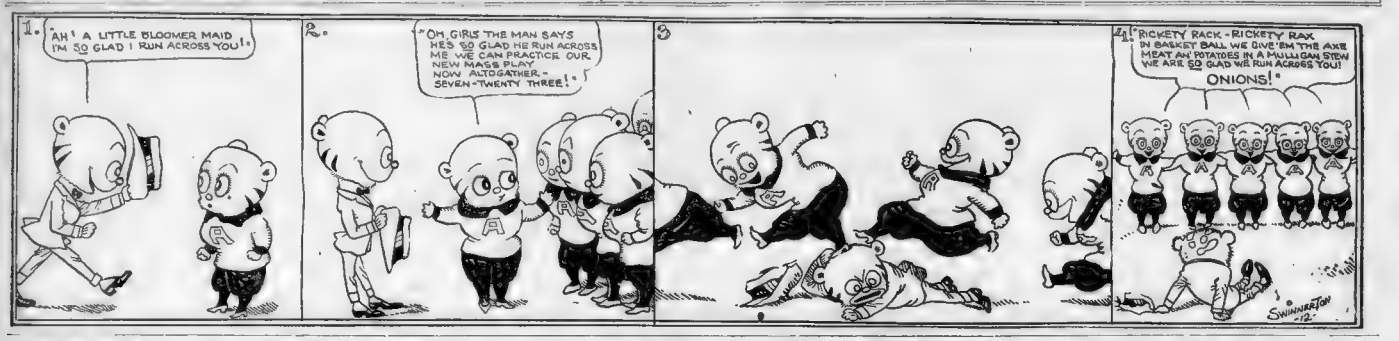
WEST POINT, N. Y., March 1.—The Cadets defeated the team from New York University at basketball here today by a score of 29 to 21. It was the Army's last game and wound up a very successful season the Cadets being beat only once and that by Union last week.

BOMBARDIER WELLS FAVORS TEN-ROUND BOUT WITH M'CARTY

SUNDAY AMERICAN SPORTING NEWS

NEWS OF BOWLING LEAGUES AND BOWLERS OF GREATER BOSTON

Mr. Jack in a Mixup with Rickety-Rack — By J. Swinnerton



FLORIDA TENNIS TOURNEY IS LIKE COURTS AT NEWPORT

PALM BEACH, Fla., March 1.—In the preliminary and first round matches of the annual singles tennis championship of [illegible] today, all top favorites were winners. Percy Sivers of Princeton, present title holder, and will [illegible] winner in a challenge match.

[illegible] Lawn Tennis Association [illegible] afternoon acted as referees [illegible] President Robert D. Wrenn, [illegible] W. H. Sowell, Treasurer R[illegible] Lawrence Kinnicutt, [illegible] Jr., and Julian Curtis [illegible] Dewey.

[illegible] come through today with [illegible] for [illegible] round in [illegible] singles. The [illegible] round of [illegible] played Monday, in which [illegible] from New York, Philadelphia [illegible] Boston are numbered.

[illegible] Dodge, Boston; [illegible] Hoar, Concord, Mass.; [illegible] Bancroft, Philadelphia; [

BOSTON READY FOR ITS ANNUAL MOTOR VEHICLE DISPLAY

Extensive Arrangements Have Been Perfected for a Most Brilliant Staging of Machines and Accessories

The motor show which will open in Mechanics building on next Saturday evening will be more comprehensive, more extensive and more far-reaching in its effects than ever before in its history. It will give the motor followers of this section an opportunity to view one of the largest and most complete collection of motor vehicles and accessories ever gathered under one roof.

The list of exhibitors comprises practically all the complete lines of recognized manufactured cars made in the entire United States, and more makes of cars will be shown here than were displayed in the combined shows in New York city.

Although most of the models displayed have been on the road now for almost six months, the result being that they are pretty well familiar to all who are interested in motor vehicles and motoring, many new features will be seen, and the show will serve to impress upon the public the rapid strides made in the past few years by the manufacturers of automobiles. It will bring out the great advancements that have been made in mechanical and body construction.

Manager Chester I. Campbell and his entire force have been busy for weeks preparing for the show, and when the doors of the building are thrown open to the public on next Saturday evening one of the most complete automobile shows ever staged in this country will be set in progress.

The decorative features are in themselves an attraction, and Boston will see this year, without exception, the most beautiful stage setting ever given a trade show or any event of like character.

The idea of the giving of a great show like the Boston Automobile Show a setting that will live up to the precedent established, and which the public demands, requires not only much thought, but much labor and expense as well, but that it is productive of great results is shown by the enormous attendance at previous shows, and out of this many converts to motoring. In the beginning many people attended these shows with no thoughts of purchasing an automobile, but with the beautiful environment given the cars the spell woves and a signed order is the result.

Grand Hall is to be a scene of splendor with realistic scenic effects representing "The Hanging Gardens of Babylon," and all the arts and crafts of the most elaborate stage productions have been enlisted in this work during the past six months.

The visitor enters upon a scene of the most beautiful character, the motive of the whole being derived, according to the designer, from one of the wonders of the world.

The main floor scene will be one of a huge tropical garden with real palm trees twenty-five feet high from the Bermudas, to form the various aisles, the spaces being located by illuminated glass turrets bearing the name of the exhibitors.

One of the most novel features is to be the waterfalls on either side, tippling down from the second terrace with foundation pools on the main floor. Glass, electricity and rock foundation lend their aid in producing charming effects to the cascades, which, starting from nowhere sixty feet above the floor level

In Department B, or Exhibition Hall, one can be transported by the imagination and in vision by the change from horseless days to the "Gay Nineties of a Century Ago." Every column, bracket and beam to be obliterated by scenic paintings and papier mache work, producing a charming, quiet garden effect. The white picket fence of our forefathers serve as dividing lines for the various exhibitors. Old fashioned hollyhocks, honey flowers and bluebells cling to the fences in the good old-time way, and the entrances to the various gardens are through regular colonial arched portieres, over which decorative vines and flowers are twined.

Landscape backgrounds will form an artistic setting in perspective, and old-time arbors cover stairways and hitherto open spaces, making an entirely different scene from any attempted heretofore.

The out-of-door effect this year will be carried throughout the balcony surrounding the light well in Exhibition Hall.

Boston Men Motor to San Francisco

Dr. F. R. Dame of Somerville, who with a friend left Boston the latter part of July in a four-cylinder, four-passenger Lenox touring car, has arrived in San Francisco, according to a letter received by Salesmanager William Blanchard, of the Lenox Motor Car Company.

The tour across the continent has been a go-as-you-please affair in which Dr. Dame has been seeking to rejuvenate his health and at the same time pay expenses. He made arrangements before starting from Boston to act as a sales representative for Randall-Faichney, makers of the Jericho horn and other automobile accessories.

Dr. Dame's tour has been over the Santa Fe trail and he reports good business and the best health he ever enjoyed. In his letter to Salesmanager Blanchard he says that he has not spent a dollar in making mechanical repairs of any kind on the Lenox car. It has brought him through what seemed impassable roads to and responded to all the tasks it was put to.

"This is the first Lenox car that has made a transcontinental trip and Dr. Dame's letter is simply a re-assurance of what I have always known about the flexibility of the Lenox," says Salesmanager Blanchard.

Burman to Drive Entire 500 Miles

"Bob" Burman, the Speed King, is working night and day to prepare his Keeton car for the Indianapolis 500-mile race and is on the job from early morning until late at night, either at the Keeton factory in Detroit or at the factory of the Wisconsin Engine Works at Milwaukee, where he is assembling the motor, which is manufactured there after the designs of Forrest M. Keeton and his engineers. Burman is allowing no grass to grow under his feet as he is determined to be on the speedway in Indianapolis by April 15 to prepare for the race for a fortune.

With his experiences of previous years as a guide he is designing a car which will have many novel and interesting features. About his car he places a great deal of mystery, but does state that the wheelbase will be hardly over ninety inches, while the top of the radiator will come only a little above his waist. Burman turned over to the race last year and escaped with his life when the accident that he was in a wooden wheel giving way. He will use the regular equipment of the Keeton car the year, this having been first to announce wire wheels as regular equipment, with wood wheels optional.

Thus far Burman has not chosen his driving mate, but will do so very soon, as it is highly improbable that he will endeavor to duplicate the feat of Ray Dawson and drive the complete race.

AUTO TESTER IS BOYS' HERO

HAS A HARD BUT VERY FASCINATING JOB

"Speed" Schmidt, the Studebaker Tester, with Group of Admiring Juveniles.

SMALL BOYS DREAM OF BEING TESTERS

Deadwood Dick's Career Dreary Compared to 'Speed' Schmidt in Juvenile Esteem.

The small boy of Detroit no longer hopes to grow up a bandit bold or a civic czar. His aims are centered on a calling which offers every thrill there ever was in the old-time ideals, with a glorious lot of added attractions of the most up-to-date sort.

In juvenile esteem, "Speed" Schmidt, the Studebaker tester, lives a life compared to which the careers of Deadwood Dick and the Red Rover of the Spanish Main seem dull, dreary and antiquated indeed.

Before the broad gate of the Studebaker Plant 1, Detroit's small boy population gathers daily and lingers long with all its heroes as they dash in and out in almost continuous procession, dropping off from one car, passing only to attach an initialed O. K. and taking the wheel of another to whirl out again on the course. Nor is the small boy alone in his admiration; almost always the gathering about the gate includes a score or more of admiring men, each of whom would gladly give a large share of his possessions to replace one of the testing crew.

Out on the 20-mile triangle of rough, sandy Michigan road, in a car or a dozen dreds of other pairs of curious eyes that watch "Speed" Schmidt and his comrades as they whirl by past. Even in the still watches of the night, when the rest of the world is asleep, many a little Detroit boy wakes to creep to his window and watch for the coming of a pair of headlights which float noiselessly by. And the little boy sighs in every fibre and wishes for the coming of a pair of land of dreams, where he, too, becomes a tester and, riding along roads that shimmer in the quiet course, turns into the blazing trail which the electric lights carve out of the gloom.

The drudgery of manufacturing detail lies behind the tester; he has qualified as an expert in all the departments. His present duty is that of an artist who gives to each completed car the master touch of adjustment which puts the various units into perfect, rhythmical accord, ready for the future owner who may be waiting in Bangor or Bankok, in Los Angeles or London. He draws good pay and doesn't work, for are not all manner of pieces in manufacturing and sales always filled in the Studebaker organization by men who have come from the "test Hill?"

TAKES POSSESSION OF ITS NEW HOME

The United States Tire Company Joins Commonwealth Avenue Colony.

The first of the month witnessed the opening of the new retail establishment of the United States Tire & Rubber Company, at the corner of Massachusetts avenue and Boston street, which is under the direct management of Mr. E. H. Badger, who has for some time past been looking after the [illegible] concern.

The building in itself comprises the [illegible] of the company, and contains [illegible] counters, panels, etc. The floor is covered with rubber tiling, made by the United States Rubber Company; in fact, the slightest detail has not been overlooked in bringing on the most up-to-date idea in a building of this nature.

The building contains four stories and a basement, the second floor of which is used for its general offices, while the third and fourth floors will be devoted to carrying a very large stock of pneumatics, which is necessary to supply the rapidly increasing demand of the automobile user.

In the basement a most complete motor truck department has been installed, consisting of lubricating presses, drills, etc., with a concrete runway into the basement, whereby an owner of a truck desiring the tires taken off can run his car into the basement where it will remain under shelter until such time as the necessary tire changes take place.

The local management anticipates a trade in business for the coming season, and on this account have a complete assortment of all sizes of pneumatic, motor truck, motor cycle and bicycle tires.

Republic Rubber Men to Have Model Club

Carrying out a matter President A. L. Robinson of the Republic Rubber Company at Youngstown, Ohio, has had in mind for a considerable period, the direction of a model bowling club. He recently authorized the construction of a [illegible] bowling alley, which will be located just across the street from the main office in Albert street, will cover a ground space of 60x130 feet, and will be of brick construction, three stories high.

The first floor will be given over to bowling alleys, pool tables, shower baths, reading and lounging rooms, and connected to a lunch room in which all employees can have their coffee and other light refreshments at the noon hour, and the third floor will be devoted to dining rooms for office employes, a suite of six rooms being set apart as living apartments for the steward. The second floor also will be used for meetings in which employes are interested. It is the intention to begin the construction work at once.

The new clubhouse will be partially under the control of the 1,500 employes of the plant.

Great Business Is Anticipated

Three Large Contracts Closed by R-C-H Corporation Indicates Great Spring Activity.

Indications of the opening of an extremely busy Spring and Summer were given during the past week, when three large contracts were closed for handling of the R-C-H in various parts of the country. From San Francisco, H. O. Harrison came to the Detroit factory and closed for the entire State of California on a contract for nearly 1,000 cars. The Harvey Haynes Company becomes the Minneapolis representative on a contract of several hundred cars, while a large number was also specified in the selling agreement signed by the J. Harry Schoolcraft Company of Philadelphia. The closing of all three of these contracts within one week, in addition to several agreements with smaller figures, makes a total business for the period that is extraordinary. It testifies to the popularity of the R-C-H and the confidence felt in the proposition by dealers in various parts of the country.

In all three of the cities mentioned the R-C-H Corporation plans to establish branches hereafter, but will for the present have this done to the first year as it was felt that the efficiency of the sales organization could be increased and the interests of present and future owners could be well looked after by the assigning of the branch factory to distributors. Former branch managers will remain in the territory handling the business as district sales managers.

Not to Drop Guarantee.

Since the announcement was made that the manufacturer members of the Motor and Accessory Manufacturers had agreed no longer to guarantee tires on a mileage basis, but only on the post of materials, a great many questions and inquiries have been received by the Ajax Grieb Rubber Company, which is a member of the new organization, whether the company intends to abandon its 5,000-mile guarantee on its tires.

In response to these queries, a statement has been issued by C. Matlack, secretary and general manager of the Ajax-Grieb Rubber Company, in which it is made clear that the guarantee remains in force as heretofore. Mr. Matlack says:

"We have for the past eight years given a written guarantee for 5,000 miles on Ajax tires and we shall continue to do so.

SEES GREAT SIGNS OF PROSPERITY

Mr Frank B Stearns, president of the F B Stearns Company, returned from his mid-Winter vacation in Florida and Cuba.

While in the southland Mr. Stearns took occasion to investigate business conditions very carefully, and upon his return to the factory gave it as his opinion that the next six months in the South would be productive of good business, in other lines as well as the automobile business. In commenting upon the business outlook, Mr. Stearns remarked:

"The present prosperity, which for some months past has been felt in the North in manufacturing lines has moved to the South, and from the reports at my command I am sure of the optimism that prevails all of the Southern States now in for continued good business. It is from our sales supervisors, who are constantly traveling through the various parts of the country, lead me to believe that the good business conditions, which I found in the southern country and the Atlantic coast, are not local but extend through the Southern States to the West and that all manufacturers should look for a healthy business in practically all parts of the country."

Sends Order for Cole by Wireless

Perhaps one of the first automobile sales that have been made by wireless telegraphy was recorded during the past week when E. W. Paige, a well-known Pittsfield merchant, while aboard ship between Florida and his home, sent a Marconi to the G. & J. Hulsh Company, Massachusetts and Rhode Island distributors of the Cole, ordering a four-passenger, six-cylinder, sixty-horsepower Cole car. The following day he received a thousand dollars deposit as a guarantee.

The wireless transaction was carried on by code wireless and telegraph. Mr Paige was at Ormond Beach, Florida, when the Hulsh headquarters here got in the market for a powerful six-cylinder. He immediately wired him, stating the car he could give him delivery. Mr. Paige wired back that if they could give him certain equipment and color he would take the car, and said that he was leaving that night for Jacksonville and the next boating would take the steamer for Cuba.

Mr Hulsh did not know what the name of the steamer was, but by getting busy with the Chamber of Commerce he discovered what boat it was and wired to Jacksonville to have the message relayed by wireless.

"The reputation of the Cole is pretty firmly established when you can sell a man a car by telegraph without his ever having seen the model," said Mr. Hulsh. "Mr. Paige formerly owned a four-cylinder Cole Forty, and it gave him such good service that he was willing to take a chance on buying a car without even having seen it."

A NEW HUPMOBILE.

A six-passenger car with a wheel base of 126 inches has been added to the Hupmobile line. This model carries the same motor as model 32, with its wheel base of 106 inches, continued from last season, practically without change. Minor improvements are to be found in the body lines, and trimmings are black and nickel throughout.

The same features of the unit power plant, the long stroke and small bore, 3½ by 5½, with cylinders cast in block, the multiple-disk clutch and three-speed selective sliding gear set, the floating rear axle and the low centre of gravity are all retained. Tires are 32 by 3½ on the roadster and four-passenger car, 32 by 4½ on the coupe and 33 by 4 on the six-passenger product.

Pope-Hartfords Abroad.

President George L. Dodd of the Pope-Hartford Company of Boston, in a letter to Manager Lewis of the home office, reports that upon alighting from the steamer at San Juan, Porto Rico, he almost immediately counted three Pope cars, and further says that the roads there are among the very best he has seen in all his southern travels thus far. He reports excellent weather and good health to his many Boston friends.

At the Boston Show.

The new Garford Six has the distinction of being the first car sold at the recent New York Automobile Show. It will be on exhibition for the first time in New England at the Boston Automobile Show March 8 to 15.

The New England Branch has already booked a number of orders for future delivery to customers who have merely had a description of the car. The R. & L. Company New England agents, expect to duplicate the success here of the New York and Chicago branches.

Meeting of Good Roads Experts

The second Federal Aid Good Roads Convention will be held in Washington March 6. The holding of the convention in Washington failures in attendance of many members of Congress, who in numerous instances will serve as delegates for their local Boards of Trade and automobile and good roads association.

Though the program has been left somewhat open, in order to provide adequate time for several general discussions, an outline of the proceedings will quickly indicate its widespread scope. For the morning session of March 6 the registration of delegates, organization of the convention and the appointment of the resolutions committee will occupy the time, with a probable recession in the form of a call on the President of the United States, at the White House.

For the afternoon gathering invitations to address the convention have been extended to the Hon. Jonathan Bourne, Jr., of Oregon, chairman of the Joint Committee on Federal Aid for the sixty-second Congress; the Hon. Dorsey W. Shackleford, of Missouri, vice-chairman of the Joint Committee on Federal Aid for the sixty-second Congress; Henry W. Anderson of Richmond, Va., a well known advocate of good roads and participant in many conventions; and Jean de Pulitzky, director of the French Ministry of Engineers, and chief engineer of roads and bridges of France. Logan Waller Page, director of the office of public roads of the Department of Agriculture, will preside at this session.

In the evening addresses arranged for will include those by C. C. Stutz, chairman of the Committee on Federal Aid for the Lincoln Highway; Warden Thomas J. Tynan of the Colorado State Penitentiary, who has made a most notable success in the employment of convicts in road building; and Charles Reeder Terry, chairman of the A. A. A. legislative board. Mr. Tynan's talk will be illustrated and will be followed by an additional illustrated exposition of good building in California and the southwest.

For Friday, March 7, the morning will be the first time in the history of the most important proposed Inter-State roads which are under consideration in all parts of the country. The list is a most imposing one and represents country wide belief in the practicability of the proposition of building both Inter-State and Intra-State roads.

A. C. A. LABORATORY.

The Useful Work of This Valuable Department to Be Continued.

Final action regarding the policy to be pursued with respect to the Testing Laboratory of The Automobile Club of America has recently been taken by the Board of Governors. It has been decided to continue the useful work which this department of the club has been building up and to increase the scope of this work.

For over five years past the Laboratory has been passing through a formative state, until it possesses the finest, most complete engine testing equipment in the world.

It is the intention of the club to make this apparatus of the greatest possible benefit both to its members and all other automobile users, as well as to the industry. Anyone desiring the use of the facilities of the Laboratory, either for development tests of a confidential nature, or for acquainting the public with the facts regarding the value or other merits in which they are interested by submitting it for official test, will be accorded every privilege which the Laboratory can extend.

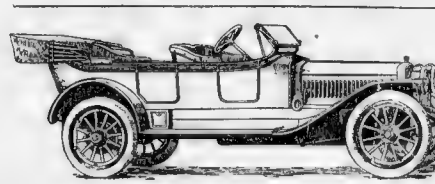
Now with Packard.

William R. McCulla has accepted a position with the Packard Motor Car Company as assistant research engineer. Mr. McCulla's experience with automobiles dates back to 1899, when his father purchased the second car that speared in Ireland. In his youthful days he had some spectacular experience as a racing driver. He has been identified with such well known foreign makes as Mercedes, Renault, English Napier and Rolls Royce. He is a specialist in carburetion.

Visits Pierce Plant.

A. W. Maguire, the local agent for Pierce Arrow cars, left last evening for Buffalo on a little visit to the factory to arrange for the shipping of several cars for the Boston Automobile Show. All the cars to be exhibited by Mr. Maguire at both the pleasure and truck shows will be regular stock models, in addition to luxurious limousines and the latest designs in touring cars there will also be exhibited a polished stock chassis, in order to prove as big a hit at the Boston show as it did at New York and Chicago.

WINTON SIX



Beauty "Bred in the Bone"

"Most beautiful car on the market" is what car buyers say about the Winton Six.

And, as every Winton Six owner knows, its beauty is not limited to graceful lines and superb finish, but is "bred in the bone." This best-proved of all sixes has the beauty of right construction—nothing left out that ought to be in and nothing put in that doesn't belong. It has the beauty of strength, of endurance, of durability. It is made right, and it stays right; freeing the owner from risk, worry, dismay, and remorse, and giving him the certainty of continuous satisfaction.

You are invited to Telephone Us for Demonstration

The Winton Motor Car Co. 674 Commonwealth Avenue

The Celebrated Pullman MOTOR CARS ARE SOLD BY $4250 R. G. M. PROCTOR 1008 Commonwealth Ave.

Radiator Repairing Done By Experts

We Also Specialize in Plating, Enameling, Lamp Repairing and Black Nickeling.

BOICE-PERRINE CO.

601 Boylston St. Phone B. B. 1517

18-17 Harcourt St. 3836-7

No-Rim-Cut Tires 10% Oversize

Mark What the Meter Says

On the tire question, let your meter talk. Look at tire bills only.

Thirty makers say, "Our Tire is Best." But the verdict of meters, after 14 years, has given Goodyear tires the largest sale in the world. And that sale doubles yearly.

Reason Says This

A tire that can't rim-cut must save all that rim-cutting wastes.

And reason says that a rim-cutting ruins 23 per cent. of all old-type tires.

An oversize tire, of equal quality, must outwear skimpy tires.

Our 10 per cent. oversize, under average conditions, adds 25 per cent. to the tire mileage.

Reason also says that a tire which has come to outsell all rivals must in some way excel them.

Get the Facts

Now isn't it wise to get the actual facts?

Here is a tire which, through sheer merit, has become the sensation of Tiredom.

Men have used two million of them — on perhaps 300,000 cars. So many men could meet it well be received. Why don't you learn what won them? Make your own comparisons. No-Rim-Cut tires will certainly not cost you more per mile than others.

If they do for you what they have done for legions, it means an enormous economy.

We Deserve it

We deserve this test.

For 14 years our experts have worked, in the ablest way, to end tire upkeep.

Year by year they have made these tires better—embodied in them a dozen strong features found in no other tire.

They have saved motor car owners many millions of dollars. They have won over all the rest.

We surely deserve your verdict on them.

GOODYEAR AKRON, OHIO

No-Rim-Cut Tires With or Without Non-Skid Treads

Write for the Goodyear Tire Book—14th-year edition. It tells all known ways to economize on tires.

THE GOODYEAR TIRE & RUBBER CO., Akron, Ohio

This Company has no connection whatever with any other rubber concern which uses the Goodyear name.

Boston Branch, 669 Boylston St.

Phone, Back Bay 3335-3336-3337-3338.

LEXINGTON TO BE IN SUFFRAGE MARCH

Lexington is to be represented in the inaugural suffrage procession at Washington tomorrow by Mrs. Ralph Edgar Lane, treasurer of the Lexington Equal Suffrage League.

Mrs. Lane will have the honor of carrying the historic Lexington banner which was presented to the League last November by Miss Caroline Worthington of East Lexington, and which is ninety-three years old. The banner bears in letters of gold, "Something Must Be Done." This speech was uttered by Mother Harrington on the morning of the 19th of April, 1775, when she saw the British approaching Lexington. It was the original emblem of the society formed in East Lexington in 1857, by the women, who believed in the "Rights of Women to the Ballot."

Park Square Site for Edison Company

The Edison Electric Illuminating Company yesterday purchased 6,000 feet of land on Stuart street, near Park square, and announced that it will build a six-story fireproof sub-station to serve a territory about a mile in diameter. The total expenditure by the company will be between $300,000 and $400,000.

The first floor of the building to be erected on the Park square lands will be for machinery, the second for switchboard purposes, the third and fourth for storage batteries, and the fifth and sixth are to be reserved for the present.

The site is near the corner of Berkley street. It goes through a part of the old railroad freight shed, which will have to be torn down.

MAIL WAGON HIT; MOTORMAN IS HELD

James Faherty, thirty, of No. 183 Union street, Brighton, employed as a motorman by the Elevated, was held in $100 for a hearing Saturday by United States Commissioner Hayes, in the Federal building yesterday. He was charged with wilfully obstructing a United States parcel post delivery wagon at Commonwealth avenue and Back Bay road on January 6. It is charged that Faher allowed his car to run into the wagon, the impact hurling driver Patrick Mahon to the street and causing him to sustain injury.

Wanted: More Nickels, Apply to Uncle Sam

Boston accepted the new nickel of Uncle Sam so enthusiastically yesterday that Colonel George H. Doty, in charge of the United States Sub-Treasury, has requested the Treasury Department in Washington to send a second allotment.

One hundred thousand of them went in a jiffy yesterday. Several hundred persons called at the sub-treasury during the day to exchange other coins for them. The new five-cent coin is much handsomer than the old. On one side is the model of a standing bison, the words "United States of America, E Pluribus Unum," and "Five Cents." On the other side is the head of the Goddess of Liberty, with the word "Liberty" above and the date "1913" below.

L. H. SPAULDING GETS SENTENCED

Leonard H. Spaulding, a Lowell shoe manufacturer, and his negro chauffeur, William H. Grant, were sentenced to six months in the House of Correction yesterday by Judge Perkins in the Brookline Municipal Court, for assault upon Evan S. Cameron, No. 49 St. Mary's street, that town. Both appealed.

Cameron, a former Princeton football star, is alleged to have found Spaulding in his house. A scuffle followed during which it is alleged the chauffeur came to his employer's assistance and stabbed Cameron in the neck with a pocket knife.

Cardenio F. King's Condition Is Serious

The condition of Cardenio F. King, though unchanged today, is considered to be very serious.

The physicians have not yet decided whether or not it would be advisable to operate upon the former promoter. The operation would so endanger his life that the physicians do not care to operate until they are convinced that it is imperative.

King is making an effort to maintain his courage, but says that one must have an inventive, and adds that he has none.

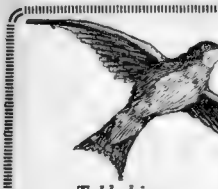
In addition to his incurable malady (hernia), the prisoner is suffering from an attack of acute indigestion.

SUFFRAGISTS FORGE ORDERS TO TROOPS

LONDON, England, March 1.—Militant suffragettes at Pontypool in Monmouthshire, have adopted a novel method to harass the British government.

Forged telegrams were sent to the police and military authorities at Pontypool today purporting to come from Colonel Seely, the War Minister, and Inspector McCarty of Scotland Yards, giving notice that the military reservists at Pontypool would be ordered out forthwith.

The telegrams stated that England was on the verge of war with Germany, and that the reservists all over the country would be called out within forty-eight hours



2D PAGE Of Our Grand Spring Opening Sale

Read on Page 3B of Other Great Concessions on NEW SPRING GOODS

MAIL ORDERS FILLED.

R. H. WHITE Co.

Table Linens

38c Satin Finish Table Damask—Full bleached, best mercerized quality, 58-inch..... .25

50c Satin Finish Table Damask—64 inches wide, subject to slight mixweaves..... .29

65c Cream Damask—Extra heavy, pure linen, 64 inches wide, short lengths..... .44

85c Satin Damask—Pure Irish linen, full bleached handsome designs.. .67

$1.10 Satin Damask—Fine imported pure linen, 70 inches wide, extra heavy..... .87

$2.00 Doz. Damask Napkins—Heavy pure linen, hemmed ready for use, 17x19 inches..... 1.30

$2.00 Doz. Damask Napkins—Pure Irish linen, 22x22 inches..... 1.95

$3.75 Doz. Damask Napkins—22x22 inches, celebrated "Gold Medal" brand..... 2.95

$1.50 Hemstitched Damask Cloths—Pure linen, two yards long..... 1.10

$3.75 Satin Damask—Pattern cloths, 4x10 and 8x12 sizes; heavy pure Irish linen..... 2.57

Many other Bargains equally as great in this department, but not advertised.

Towels and Crashes

[illegible] Hemstitched Towels—Subject to slight imperfections, colored borders..... .06

15c Turkish Bath Towels—Snow white, heavy quality, 20x40 inches..... .10½

[illegible] Kaback Towels—Fine quality, [illegible] white and [illegible]..... .11

[illegible] Turkish Bath Towels—Extra large size, very absorbent..... .17

[illegible] Hemstitched Huck Towels—Size [illegible] inches..... .19

[illegible] Crash Towels—Heavy [illegible] cotton..... .04¼

[illegible] Hemstitched Huck Towels—[illegible] inches..... .09½

[illegible] Hemstitched Huck Towels—[illegible] inches..... .12½

Many other Bargains equally as great in this department, but not advertised.

White Goods

15c Shirting Madras—32 inches wide..... .09½

19c Mercerized Poplin — White only, 27 inches wide..... .11½

25c White Piques—27 inches wide, all desirable weits..... .19

50c Persian Lawn—45 inches wide; for communion dresses..... .25

59c Ramie Linen Suiting—Medium weight, pure linen, white only..... .37½

75c French Ramie Suiting—Finest imported quality, 46 inches wide, white only, Yd..... .49

$1.25 Longcloth—Superfine quality, 36 inches wide, 10-yard pieces.. .98

Many other Bargains equally as great in this department, but not advertised.

Aprons

49c Bungalow and Kimono Aprons in light and dark percales..... .29

59c Coverall Aprons—With pockets.. .33

69c Dress Aprons—With sleeves, also extra large kimono aprons, dainty trimmings..... .39

Many other Bargains equally as great in this department, but not advertised.

Sheets and Cottons

19c Unbleached Sheeting—39 inch, slightly damaged on selvedge..... .06½

12½c Bleached Pillow Cases—42x36 inches..... .08½

16c Bleached Pillow Cases—42x38½ inches, standard "Rival" brand..... .11½

45c Bleached Sheets—Good quality; 72x90 inches..... .33

80c Bleached Sheets—81x99 inches, standard "Rival" brand .57

95c "Pequot" Bleached Sheets, 81x99 inches..... .79

Many other Bargains equally as great in this department, but not advertised.

Blankets and Quilts

$1.50 Woolnap Blankets — Double bed size, white or gray..... 1.09

$3.50 to $6.00 White Blankets—In extra large sizes, subject to slight mill imperfections..... 2.79

$2.00 Bed Comfortables, extra large size, handsome border effects..... 1.57

$2.50 Satin-bound Bedspreads — Cut corners, double bed size, heavy quality..... 1.39

Many other Bargains equally as great in this department, but not advertised.

Pictures

$1.00 16x20 Colored Landscapes—Gold burnished frames..... .59

$1.00 Genuine Old Prints—Antique gilt frames..... .59

$2.00 16x20 Carbonettes—Copies of old masters, antique gilt frames..... .98

$2.00 Religious Pictures—Colored gilt frames..... .98

$2.00 Colored Landscapes—Gilt oval frames..... .98

$2.00 Old Prints—Antique gilt frames..... .98

$3.50 Pastels—Antique gilt frames.. 1.75

$4.00 20x28 Carbonettes—Copies of old masters, broad circassian effect frames..... 1.98

$4.00 Cupids—Broad, oval circassian effect frames..... 1.98

Many other Bargains equally as great in this department, but not advertised.

Trunks

$4.50 to $18.50 Sample Trunks—Dress and Steamer Trunks..2.75 to 13.50

$13.50 Steamer Trunks—38 size, heavy hardware, 3-ply veneer frame..... 9.00

$32.50 Wardrobe Trunks—Ladies' and gents', 45 inches, heavy hardware, guaranteed trunks, 18.50 and 19.50

Many other Bargains equally as great in this department, but not advertised.

Bags

$6.00 Traveling Bags—Genuine cowhide; 16, 17 sizes..... 2.98

$8.00 Traveling Bags—Genuine cowhide, black and tan; 14, 15, 16 sizes..... 3.98

$8.50 Traveling Bags—Genuine cowhide, black and tan, only 16, 17 sizes..... 4.90

Many other Bargains equally as great in this department, but not advertised.

Portieres and Couch Covers

$2.50 Couch Covers—Oriental style, heavy and stiff..... 1.79

$4.50 Verdure Tapestry Couch Covers..... 2.69

$7.50 Couch Covers—Very heavy Turkish style..... 5.00

$5.00 Velour Portieres—Solid colors with finish edge, each..... 2.50

$7.00 Velour Portieres—Plain color with brocade border, each..... 3.50

$5.00 Mercerized Brocade and Armure Style Portieres, pair..... 3.75

Many other Bargains equally as great in this department, but not advertised.

Curtains

75c Muslin Curtains—Hattenberg braid edge. Pr..... .50

$2.00 Flat Muslin Curtains—Trimmed with pretty edges and insertions. Pr..... 1.50

$1.50 Marquisette Curtains—Arab color. Pr..... .98

$2.50 Marquisette Curtains—White. 1.48

$3.00 Marquisette Curtains—White. 1.98

$1.00 and $1.25 Plain Scrim Curtains—With cluny style edge; also plain scrim curtains with valance. Pr..... .75

$3.00 Voile Scrim Curtains—White and cream, with valance insertion and edge. Pr..... 1.98

$4.00 Voile Scrim Curtains—Fine filet style. Pr..... 2.50

$2.00 Bobbinet Lace Curtains—With braid and Marie Antoinette corner work, white. Pr..... 1.00

$7.00 to $9.00 Marie Antoinette Lace Curtains. Pr..... 5.00

$5.00 Swiss Irish Point Lace Curtains—Odd lots. Pr..... 3.50

75c Linen Cluny Edge Hobbinet Curtain Arab Lace—Yard..... .35

$1.50 Lace Panels—Combination of Marie Antoinette and Renaissance..... 1.00

$2.50 Lace Panels—Combination of Marie Antoinette and Renaissance..... 1.50

20c Curtain Scrims—Colored border, yard..... .10

35c Curtain Scrims—Colored border, yard..... .15

39c Curtain Muslins—Bordered with pretty designs, cream, yard..... .17

$1.75 to 2.00 Curtain Madras—50 inches wide, colored, yard..... 1.00

Many other Bargains equally as great in this department, but not advertised.

Wall Papers

6c to 50c Wall Papers—Sold only with borders to match, suitable for all rooms. Per roll..... .03½ to .25

12½c to $1.00 Wall Papers—Sold without borders, suitable for all rooms. Per roll..... .06 to .50

25c to 60c Oatmeal Wall Papers—Plain and figured. Per roll..... .18 to .35

75c to $1.00 Leatherette Wall Papers. Per roll..... .37½ to .50

6c to 25c Cut-Out Borders and Decorations—To go with all plain effects. Per yard..... .03 to .17½

Many other Bargains equally as great in this department, but not advertised.

Upholstery Goods

27c to 50c Printed Taffetas and Fancy Tickings—36 in. wide, also English Cretonnes, 30 in. wide..... .25

$1.00 Figured Jutes—Yard..... .50

$1.00 English Taffetas—50 in. wide; plain colors rose, green, red and tan, yard..... .50

$1.50 Wool Upholstery Goods—50 in. wide, plain colors, yard..... .75

$2.50 Imported Cretonnes—50 in. wide, yard..... .98

$2.50 Imported Armure and Tapestries, yard..... .98

$3.50 Titian Velours—Curtain lengths; colors green, red and brown, yard. 1.50

$2.00, $2.50 and $3.00 Verdure Tapestries—For furniture coverings, 50 in. wide, yard..... 2.00

$4.50 Shadow Velours—50 in. wide, adaptable for furniture or hangings; colors green or red, yard..... 2.00

$7.00 Silk Satin Damasks—50 in. wide; colors green and ecru, mulberry and cream, yard..... 3.50

$15.00 Jute Velour Table Covers—Persian colors, size 2x3½ yards..... 7.50

$4.50 Japanese Screens, 4-fold, black cloth, gold stenciled..... 2.98

$10.00 Matting Covered Box—Red cedar lined, moth proof, length 42 in., width 19 inches, height 17 inches; with tray..... 5.98

Many other Bargains equally as great in this department, but not advertised.

Kitchen Goods

39c Gallon Oil Can—Galvanized, guaranteed not to leak..... .19

59c Gray Enamel Saucepan—8-quart, first quality..... .39

65c 10-Qt. Gray Enamel Berlin Kettles—First quality..... .49

69c 4-Pt. Gray Enamel Milk or Rice Boiler—First quality..... .50

70c Five-Foot Skirt Board—Selected wood, free from knots..... .35

$1.00 Five-Foot Hardwood Gem Step Ladder—With pail rest (not the cheap ladder)..... .85

$1.10 Ironing Tables—Strong and serviceable, with iron ratchet, adjustable to height..... .85

89c White Enamel Cuspidor—Perfectly sanitary, 9¾ in. diameter by 6¼ deep..... .45

The Large Heavy Galvanized Iron Garbage Can—With covers fitting outside, large size, 23½x12½ in..... .53

$2.25 and $2.50 Heavy Japanned Tin Fish Kettle—Size 20 in. and 22 in., with drainer..... 1.45 and 1.25

Many other Bargains equally as great in this department, but not advertised.

Furniture

$16.00 4-Piece Mission Sets—Arm chair and arm rocker, side chair and table..... 8.75

$29.50 Oak Dining Room Sets—Pedestal Table and 6 cane seats, full box frame chairs, suitable for small rooms or cottages..... 15.00

$65.00 Solid Mahogany Colonial Dining Room Table, with 6 mahogany leather slip seat chairs, 7-piece set for..... 45.00

$30.00 Colonial Dressers Mahogany finish, 4 drawers, large mirror 15.00

$10.00, $12.00 and $13.00 Iron Beds—40 designs, different sizes..... 5.00

$12.00, $15.00 and $18.00 All Brass Beds—Mostly single size..... 8.00

Many other Bargains equally as great in this department, but not advertised.

Domestic Rugs

$1.25 Wool and Fiber Rugs..... .79

$1.25 Prairie Grass Rugs..... .85

$1.75 Prairie Grass Rugs..... .95

$2.00 Colonial Rugs..... .98

$1.75 Velvet Rugs..... 1.19

$2.00 Symrna Rugs..... 1.39

$4.75 Wilton Rugs..... 2.38

$7.50 Wilton Rugs..... 3.75

Carpets

$2.50 Royal Wilton Carpet..... 1.25

$1.85 Body Brussels Carpet..... .95

$2.60 Bigelow Axminster Carpet.... 1.35

$1.75 Wilton Velvet Carpet..... 1.10

Many other Bargains equally as great in this department, but not advertised.

Linoleums

65c Cork Linoleum—2 yards wide, square yard..... .39

75c Cork Linoleum—2 yards wide, (slightly imperfect), square yard....49

$1.50 Inlaid Linoleum—Square yard .89

Many other Bargains equally as great in this department, but not advertised.

Mattings

$16.00—116 Warp China Mattings—40 yards..... 6.98

$12.50 Japanese Matting—40 yards..7.65

Many other Bargains equally as great in this department, but not advertised.

Wonderful Values in New Spring Apparel

Take your pick of our big assortment of newest Spring apparel at a little more than one-half price. It's an opportunity to save at the beginning of the season when you can get the full good of your purchase and be among the first to wear the new modes—a point that should appeal to every woman and miss. Here is the cream of the new fashions in coats, suits, dresses and skirts. The radical changes in style make the purchase of new garments a necessity this season, no matter in how good condition is your suit of last spring. Make the most of the opportunities in this sale.

Smart Spring Suits

$18.00 to $22.50 Value SALE PRICE $12.90

One style illustrated of the splendid assortment of distinctly new models, all beautifully tailored, some slightly flaring, straight front models, also new Russian blouse effects; decidedly smart skirts. In navy, black and Copenhagen serges and wanted hairline stripes.

New Spring Suits

$25.00 Value SALE PRICE $15.00

Large assortment of models, including the short cutaway coat and draped side-kick pleated skirts; large self ornaments and novelty button effects; collars and revers beautifully inlaid with eponge or Bulgarian trimming; silk lined with finest peau de cygne; all Spring colorings and materials, serges, Bedford cords, cheviots, novelty stripes and shepherd checks.

Smart Serge Suits

$25.00 Value SALE PRICE 17.50

$12.90

Of imported men's wear serge, one-button cutaway style, large revers and collar of novelty Eponge, finished with small buttons and band of satin, French back bloused with rows of small satin buttons. Skirt draped and trimmed in back. Colors: Navy blue, black and Copenhagen.

$23.50

Made of Cheney Bros.' foulards in all the new patterns, bodice effectively trimmed with shadow lace and Bulgarian trimming and marquisette; new deep cuffs of shadow lace, beautifully draped skirt with new panel back; in all the new attractive shades. As illustrated.

Eponge Street Dresses

$19.75 Value SALE PRICE $12.50

New Russian blouse effects, with smart vests and collars in contrasting moire, beautifully emb'd bodice with small buttons and suede belt; skirt with draped panel in back and embroidered to match waist; other models with new pointed collars and shadow lace flchus.

Reception Gowns

$29.75 Value SALE PRICE $15.00

In crepe meteor, crepe duchesse and charmeuse; bodice elaborately trimmed with bandeaux shadow lace, beautifully draped over shoulder, finished at waist with crush belt; skirt artistically draped, showing new set lines. In all rose, light blue, wisteria, peach, pink and white.

Afternoon Gowns

$32.50 Value SALE PRICE $23.50

$7.50

samples, one or two of a kind, and some are worth even more than the values quoted.

New Wash Dresses

$1.50 Value SALE PRICE 79c

Trim one-piece wash dresses of Amoskeag ginghams in the neat gray and blue stripes; Dutch neck model with three-quarter sleeves; sizes range from 34 to 44.

New Wash Dresses

$5.00 to $7.50 Value SALE PRICE... $2.95

New smart models in fine ginghams, chambrays, piques, lawns and lingerie; a large assortment of styles, including round and square necks, long and short sleeves, new ideas in waists and skirts; excellent workmanship.

New Wash Dresses

$12.50 to $16.50 Value SALE PRICE... $7.50

Dainty creations in lingerie, fine lawns and marquisettes; all new styles, prettily trimmed with laces and silk; many are manufacturers' samples and $1.25 Misses' and Juniors' Wash Dresses—Chambray, linon and percales, trimmed with contrasting materials, embroidery and fancy buttons, all sizes. Value $1.25. Sale Price..... 89c

$14.50 Misses' and Small Women's Serge Suits—Shawl collar of satin, cutaway front fastened with large self button, mannish sleeves and tailored breast pocket, guaranteed satin lining. Two-piece skirt. Tan, cadet, navy and black. Value $14.50. Sale Price..... $10.00

$17.50 Misses' and Small Women's Serge Suits—Sizes 14 to 18 years, 32 to 36 bust. Semi-fitted back with self buttons, three-buttoned cutaway front, inlaid satin collar, soft satin lined, skirt panel back, side panel front draped. Tan, cadet, navy and black. Value $17.50. Sale Price..... $12.50

$18.50 Misses' and Small Women's Serge Suits—Sizes 14 to 18 years, 32 to 36 bust. Semi fitted coat, macrame collar, lined throughout with self-colored guaranteed satin or peau de cygne. Skirt panel back with side panel front. Navy, copenhagen, tan and black. Value $18.50. Sale Price..... $13.75

$14.50 Juniors' Serge Suits—Cut on straight lines, high waisted back, braid trimmed, inlaid satin collar and sleeves with braid trimming, 3-button straight front, guaranteed satin lining, skirt panel back, side plaited. Value $14.50. Sale Price... $10.00

$1.00 Misses', Small Women's and Girls' Middy Blouses—Some with sailor collar and cuffs of contrasting colors; others all white, braid trimmed, all sizes. Value $1.00. Sale Price... 69c

R. H. WHITE CO.

MAIN SHEET PART III.
SUNDAY, MARCH 2, 1913.

Boston American
LARGEST CIRCULATION IN NEW ENGLAND

MAIN SHEET PART III.
SUNDAY, MARCH 2, 1913.

FIRST "YANKEE" WAS A CANNIBAL DECLARES TECH PROFESSOR

Unearths Bones and Pottery Relics at Ipswich, and in Connecticut That Indicate Prehistoric Race Lived Here

NEW ENGLAND'S prehistoric man—who antedates the oldest inhabitant by some 3,000 to 10,000 years—has been unearthed and classified.

And, horrors of horrors, he was a cannibal and of the orang-outang type.

Indications are that New England's original settlers took delight in devouring the less powerful members of their tribe.

Any patriotic New Englanders to whom this fact may be displeasing may find comfort in the point, however, that the prehistoric man of the orang-outang type is superior to the gorilla type—such as that whose bones were recently dug up in Sussex, England.

Tech Man's Investigation.

Hervey W. Shimer of No. 2 Albemarle Chambers, Back Bay, assistant professor of paleontology at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology has unearthed strange utensils and remains in a shell mound at Ipswich, which show that the earliest type of New Englander dwelt from 3,000 to 5,000 and perhaps 10,000 years ago less than forty miles from the heart of Boston.

Professor Shimer has also found similar traces at Gardner's Island off the coast of Connecticut.

At Ipswich also pieces of broken bones of a human victim that, Professor Shimer declares, was undoubtedly being sacrificed to gratify a cannabilistic appetite, were found.

Professor Shimer said,

Massachusetts has its prehistoric man, unlawfully from 3000 to 5000 years old, as the remains found at Ipswich indicate. These remains may be much older—perhaps 10,000 years old.

In passing let me state that in this country as yet there are evidences that man was present before the close of the glacial period, from 10,000 to 20,000 years ago, though I believe that we are upon the verge of discoveries that will place man's existence here much farther back than has hitherto been thought.

In the "kitchen-midden" or shell mound at Ipswich, we know from the structure of the remains found that the person to whom they belonged must have lived as far back as I have stated. How much farther I cannot say.

"Oldest Inhabitant."

This was perhaps New England's prehistoric man.

Besides the fireplace there were a number of bones broken into short pieces—human bones—which indicate that the earliest type of man was a cannibal.

At another kitchen-midden which I explored at Gardner's Island, off the Connecticut shore, I found the remains of a Great Auk, a bird now extinct, and pottery utensils made in the most primitive fashion, wholly unlike the European prehistoric pottery, indicating that these early people lived here before the invasion of the European types. Here we also found the bones of a wild turkey and also a vast number of shells of the clam and scallop.

To give a brief description of these, our earliest known predecessors here, they lived in huts built of wood and skins. No stone houses have been discovered, and the only stones used were one or two in the fireplace. These people lived by hunting and fishing. There are no evidences that they farmed or subsisted at all by the soil.

They were exceedingly primitive—as their utensils prove, the latter being wholly without any attempt at that decorative effect so common in the pottery of the earlier European peoples.

It is probable that these people were cannibals.

Their bones were built near the seashore or upon the borders of some large lake, and they probably were nomadic to a degree. However, the shell mounds indicate that they returned for a part of each year to what might have been called their Summer homes.

Superior to Gorilla Type.

As I have said, the "Neanderthal man," the man of the lower (earlier) glacial period and the man of the preceding era were of the gorilla type.

The Neanderthal type man as lived in New England is of the lighter bone structure and greater brain capacity, and presumably, for his later fashion. We have the survival of this race in greater numbers and its acquisition to the higher civilization.

Our New England prehistoric type plainly lived here during what we know as the Bronze age in Europe and Central Asia. These American people were no doubt descendants of that Eastern Asia stock, since, as has been said, their bone formation conforms with the bone structure of the orang-outang descendants of Eastern Asia.

We have living today people descended from the feeblest or very earliest type, the gorilla type, such as tribes in Japan and in Australia.

Mme. Edvina Has Dear Memories of Boston

Prima Donna Says Reception in That City Marked One of Her Happiest Days.

LONDON, March 1.—Seated in her luxurious suite in a fashionable West End hotel, amid a veritable garden of flowers, Madame Edvina chatted to the writer on matters operatic. She has just returned from Boston, where she has been singing with the Boston Opera Company.

I spent some delightful days in Boston," she said, "where everybody seemed to be my friend. This was my first trip to America, for my appearances heretofore have been confined to Covent Garden. In Boston I sang "Louise" and the reception given me on that occasion will always linger in my memory as one of the happiest days of my life."

Mme. Edvina, speaking of what she considers necessary for success in opera, said:

"It is courage that we singers require most to make reputations, for the life is very hard, but then it is worth all that because one gets so much real joy out of singing. One cannot sing and be unhappy; thus the harder the work the greater the happiness."

Madame Edvina in private life is the Honorable Mrs. Cecil Edwardes. She is a relative of Lord Kensington and before becoming a singer was prominent in London and Canadian society.

'The Wilcox Glide' Is Latest Freak Dance

Named After Poetess, It Is a Sort of Combination of the Varsouvienne and Minuet.

NEW YORK, March 1.—A new dance, the Ella Wheeler Wilcox glide, was introduced last evening in Earl Hall, Columbia University, at a reception given by the Western Club of the college, under the auspices of the University Forum.

Mrs. Wilcox herself consented to dance the newly invented steps with Louis F. Chalif, formerly of the Metropolitan Opera Company, as her partner. The dance is a sort of a combination of the varsouvienne and the minuet, and is intended to supplant dances such as the turkey trot, which have come under the ban.

Miss Jane Beers is the inventor of the "Wilcox glide."

Space Expert Again in City Hall Annex

Under New Contract Ralph Comfort Will Study Needs of Filing Department.

Ralph Comfort, New York efficiency expert, has been given another contract for the allotment of space in the new City Hall annex.

Under his original contract for $5,000 he allotted the space for the various city departments which will occupy the new annex, and was able to save several thousand square feet of space over the apportionment made by the architect.

Under the new contract, which calls for the payment of $4,000, the expert will study and determine department filing needs and submit floor plans locating each person and proposed piece of equipment in the offices of the annex.

Taft Gives Rostron Congressional Medal

Carpathia's Commander, Who Saved 700 Titanic Survivors, Gets Highest Civilian Honor.

WASHINGTON, March 1.—Captain Arthur H. Rostron, who, when in command of the steamer Carpathia saved 700 Titanic survivors, today was presented by President Taft with the congressional medal of honor for heroism, the highest honor Congress bestows on civilians. The presentation took place in the East room of the White House.

The president commended Captain Rostron for his act. Congress appropriated $1,000 for the medal. After the ceremony Captain Rostron went to the British embassy, where Ambassador Heyre decorated him with the American cross of honor.

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NONE SPARED AT PILGRIM FUN FEST

Famous Publicity Association in Mirth Functions at Filene Restaurant.

BURNS EXPOSES SLEUTH

A fun storm broke over Boston last night and the echoes of its artillery rang for hours above the city. The centre of the storm was in the restaurant of the Filene building, corner of Summer and Washington streets. The storm and lines were the bright and merry men of the Pilgrim Publicity Association.

Two hundred and fifty men were present when the storm broke. The shocks began with the arrival of the guests. Staid, respectable, keen-eyed business citizens, as they are, they shivered from eyebrow to toe as one by one they stepped out of the elevator to enter the hall.

Instantly they were plunged in darkness. Before recovery was possible a spot light was shot at each man in succession, revealing his pale features and shivering frame with startling like brightness.

"Search every man for weapons; those are the conditions Burns insisted on before he consented to come here," called out a stern voice from amid the cave-like gloom.

Again Plunged Into Darkness.

To a searching over, the quivering, outraged guests entered the banquet hall, where again all was darkness.

Once more, the spotlight came into play. This time it dragged into glare three men of fame and mystery.

"Who are those men?" asked Chairman Carroll Swan in behalf of the alarmed company.

The sepulchral voices answer in succession.

"Stealthy Steve."

"Nick Carter."

"Sherlock Holmes."

As the spotlight shot its piercing shafts about Conan Doyle's old friend, that worthy was caught in the very act of injecting inspiration into his left forearm with the aid of a bicycle pump. Sherlock declared he was "Burns, the famous detective."

At this, the other two called out in anger:

"He's a faker and a liar; he's not Burns."

Chairman Swan—"If you are not William J. Burns, then in heaven's name who are you?"

Scorched into confession, Sherlock made reply, as he pulled off his "Burns make-up."

"'Tis true; I am not Burns, but only Hawkshaw, the great detective."

At this Hawkshaw got fired from the ball and, visibly annoyed, the chairman rose to make apology for the base intrusion. He then inquired:

"Can anybody tell me where the great detective is?"

And Burns Shows Up.

"Right here," exclaimed the real Burns, who, as he rose in the spotlight was greeted with the chorus from all the guests:

"They say, Billy Burns, he hain't got no style.

"He is style all the while; style all the while."

Burns refused to speak until the guests to the right and left of him were searched. The results were shocking to the sensitive company. In George Coleman's hip pocket was discovered a pint of Maryland Rye, almost full; Fire Commissioner Cole was caught with a can of benzine and some fire extinguishers inside his vest, and from the inside pocket of Mr. Burns himself was dragged forth, amid yells of execration, a roll of counterfeit bills big enough to choke a camel.

The brave sleuths who performed this splendid deed of search work were introduced as "the smallest men in the Burns detective agency."

One stood six feet six inches in his stockings, and would tip the scales in any wholesale market at 200. The other was a mite larger. His was two inches taller and would weigh in on any racecourse paddock at 201.

It was a frightful night. But all was not terror. There came sweetest melody from on high. And, looking towards the balcony, the hard-breathing guests beheld a veritable dream of angelic femininity, who, in sweetest of soprano, was trilling: "Oh, you beautiful doll."

Another Rude Awakening.

Hawkshaw had but the briefest reign. The rudest kind of rude awakening came when the spotlight and the Burns gleams unveiled the awful fact that the captivating lady was none other than the merely masculine Walter Anderson, and that Harry McDevitt, the famous Dartmouth quarterback, was the sweet singing elevator boy who owned the exquisite contralto.

When the exuberance of fun had bottled over and the dinner was done, the speaking began. The chief speakers introduced by President Swan were Edward King Hannah of New York and William J. Burns, chief of the Burns Detective Agency.

The guests at the head table to the right and left of Toastmaster Carroll J. Swan were:

Henry King Hannah, William J. Burns, A. L. Filene, Charles H. Smith and F. N. O'Leary of the Burns Detectives, George W. Coleman, president Associated Advertising Clubs of America, Fire Commissioner Charles H. Cole, and the following heads of departments in the Filene store: L. E. Schlesser, assistant store manager; B. J. Frost, comptroller; T. A. Coy, store manager; J. R. Simpson, merchandise manager; W. H. Bell, advertising manager; Louis Rivers, superintendent of basement store; Frank A. Black, assistant advertising manager; William H. McLeod, advertising writer, and D. E. Speer, chief of window dressers.

Ethel Belmont Wants Husband Back

IN FIRST STORY OF HER WOOING, SHE SAYS:

I Shall Always Love Raymond ★ Shall Dance Under His Name ★ He Has Never Supported Me

"Won't Get Divorce," Says Show Girl

"Raymond and I Had Our Life All Planned, but It Was Only a Bubble," Says Actress.

MRS. ETHEL LORAINE BELMONT, the show girl, whose married life with young Raymond Belmont of New York city consisted of a one-week honeymoon, has told for the first time to any newspaper the complete story of her romance, the way she and her husband were separated and how much she now loves and always will love this second son of August Belmont, the powerful banker.

The burden of her interview, as given to the Sunday AMERICAN, is found in three brief, passionate sentences:

"I love Raymond Belmont and I always shall love him.

"I am not getting a divorce from him and I never shall.

"I want Raymond to come back to me and I always shall want him."

Another sentence contained a world of philosophy—rather bitter philosophy—based upon the show girl's realization that life is not always what one dreams. She said:

"Many girls in my profession have married men of wealth and have lived happily. Raymond and I had planned just how we were to live. But, you see, it was just a bubble."

Through her interview the tall, dark-eyed dancer uttered no word of bitterness against Raymond Belmont himself.

"Like One Dead."

She asserts frankly that her husband has not supported her, that he has "been like one dead," and that she is entitled to some consideration.

But she does not say that these circumstances are really her husband's fault. She merely mentions them in justifying her own plans, like her suit for separate maintenance and her arrangements to return to the stage and to use the Belmont name.

She indicates that Belmont here is to blame. She says:

"Every husband should support his wife, no matter what his father may say or think."

The beach show of the Eastern Dog Association, just held in Mechanics building, where she exhibited her Pekinese spaniels, brought Mrs. Belmont to Boston for the appearance on the stage in this city and her husband was here in his Harvard days three years ago.

On the afternoon when she was interviewed Mrs. Belmont was alone in the crowd, except for Cupid, one of her prize winning Pekinese.

"Cupid" a Prize Winner.

Over in one corner, away from the throng, Mrs. Ethel Loraine Belmont stood clasping Cupid in her arms. Cupid had acquitted himself nobly, winning a first

Continued on Page 2, Column 6.

MRS. ETHEL LORAINE BELMONT, her millionaire New York husband, who left her by his father's order, and the Pekinese spaniels which she exhibited at Boston Dog Show.

Have Golden Wedding Day at State House

Mr. and Mrs. John Fowl, Assisted by Governor Foss, Receive in Marble Hall.

For the first time in the history of the State House, Mr. and Mrs. John A. Fowl of Dorchester yesterday afternoon, through the courtesy of Sergeant-at-Arms Thomas F. Peldick, observed their golden wedding anniversary in the Hall of Flags, State House. Mr. and Mrs. Fowl were assisted in receiving part of the time by Governor Foss.

The guests were escorted from Doric Hall through Marble Hall, passing through a double line formed by members of the Daughters of Veterans, the Ladies' Auxiliary and the Women's Relief Corps, into Marble Hall, where the receiving party stood.

Among the G. A. R. officials present were Past National Commander John E. Gilman, Department Commander George A. Hosley, Past Department Commanders Granville K. Fiske and John A. Parker, Department Junior Vice-Commander Thomas J. Ames, Assistant Adjutant General Wilfred A. Netherclift and Edward G. Stanton, Chairman of the Massachusetts Congressional Commission.

KERN AS CAUCUS HEAD.

Indiana Man to Be Chosen by Senate Democrats.

WASHINGTON, March 1.—A call for the first Democratic caucus of the Senate of the sixty-third Congress for Wednesday, March 5, was issued today by Senator Martin, the present caucus chairman. There is no opposition to Senator Kern of Indiana, for chairman, and he probably will be chosen by acclamation.

HIRED DETECTIVES TO PROTECT GIRLS

Boise, Idaho, School Superintendent Tells How He Guarded Pupils.

The story of how the Boise City School Board hired detectives at $120 a month to apprehend men who were luring young girls from school was related at the Twentieth Century Club yesterday afternoon by Mark L. Keeler, superintendent of schools of Boise City.

Mr. Meek, as principal speaker, took the Boston and New England teachers in task for what he termed "conservative methods."

"In the West we have fewer rules and fewer precedents to guide us," he began. "It is as essential for the schools to look after the morals of the streets as it is to protect the morals of the study room." The speaker was applauded when he sounded the praises of the Massachusetts educational system.

L. R. Alderman, State Superintendent of Education in Oregon, in a brief address said:

"The school should fit girls and boys for practical living, and anything that has no bearing upon life can well be neglected for more vital matters."

CHURCH CLOCKS TO STOP

Halt 10 Minutes Today to Honor John Wesley.

CHICAGO, March 1.—Every Methodist preacher in the United States will stop his church clock for 10 minutes tomorrow in honor of the name of John Wesley, founder of Methodism, the anniversary of whose birth falls on March 2. If an appeal which was sent broadcast over the Nation yesterday is observed.

Rev. Joseph H. Hingeley of Evanston, Ill., is in charge of the movement.

$170,000 WASTE UPON COMMON'S RESOILING, SAYS EXPERT HORTON

Lexington Horticulturist and Former Park Commission Employe Makes Sensational Charges Regarding the Work

Declares Wrong Methods of Landscape Man Have Overfed Soil and Prepared Conditions That Will Cause Indigestion

HAS $170,000 of the people's money been wasted in connection with soil renovation and tree preservation on Boston Common?

Arthur E. Horton of "Fair Oaks," Lexington, horticulturist, drainage expert and formerly employed by the Metropolitan Park Commission, says that it has. Ernest E. Smith, member of the City Council and former chairman of the Parkman Fund Committee of that body, declares he is convinced that the Common is being used for experiments.

Mr. Horton's charges are of a sensational nature. He says:

Horton's Charges.

"While the sum of $170,000, or over, has been expended upon Boston Common under the direction of Olmsted Brothers of Brookline, landscape architects, and under the particular direction of Frederick Law Olmsted, no report available to the public has ever been filed in connection with the work. And, mind you, the work began three years ago. Frederick Law Olmsted has been given a free rein, and has been doing as he saw fit with the Common. Just think of it, the enormous sum of $10,276.56 was expended for manure alone. Those figures, I maintain, are without precedent. The average cost per acre of the soil renovation on the Common reached the astounding sum of $47,556. These are not haphazard figures, but are taken from a magazine article written by Mr. Olmsted himself. That's the only thing we have to refer to. Let me quote Mr. Olmsted's own words.

"The total area covered by the soil improvement work of the season of 1910 on the Common was 6.828 acres, and the average cost per acre was $7,550. In this connection it is interesting to note that the assessed valuation of the land held vacant and withdrawn from other productive purposes to serve the ends of public recreation on the Common is $864,329 per acre. At 6% to cover interest and loss of taxes this means an annual carrying charge of $51,859 per acre, exclusive of maintenance. It is a very economical investment to make an additional expenditure of $7,550 if it very materially increases the value of the service rendered by a thing, for which the public is more than satisfied to bear the burden of carrying charges amounting to more than $50,000 a year."

An Experimental Station.

"Now that was signed by Frederick Law Olmsted, Mr. Olmsted has made the Common an experimental station for the nation. He is trying this and that and the trees are being ruined. Boston Common under his methods is suffering from indigestion. They have practically killed the soil with pitchforks in their irrigation scheme to get water in. Why the American Indian wouldn't have done that.

"In spite of the fact that the Bureau of Soils experts in Department of Agriculture at Washington recommended that little manure be used on the Common, Mr. Olmsted declared he knew wrong and distributed the material to a depth of three feet in some instances. In consequence of this distribution the trees will be wiped out of existence unless something is done in the way of rinsing the soil of the vast amount of plant food it now contains.

"Soil in this condition is as different from a person's stomach in a state of indigestion. The more food added only aggravates the situation. This would be particularly true of a very rich food and especially so in powder form.

"I've been the first one who has dared to tackle this matter. Last Summer I went to the Finance Committee and they referred me to Councillor Smith, who deserves great credit for the stand he has taken in the matter. When I was up in the office of the Finance Committee a gentleman there said to me:

"'I don't see what you are going to accomplish. You're going to have all of Olmsted's pupils against you.'

Should Have Read Father's Works.

"Had Mr. F. L. Olmsted read the invaluable writings of his father, the unfortunate and irreparable error on Boston Common concerning reseiling would never have been made. In reference to his statement that on account of the value of the land on the Common being very nearly $1,000,000 per acre, and that it is a very economical expenditure of $7,550, it would seem to indicate that he holds the land was worth but $100 per acre.

SAYS COMMON WILL HAVE "INDIGESTION"

Expert Horton Declares Soil Has Been Fed Too Richly and Predicts Trouble.

...ering the cents would be sufficient to ...oil for soil renovation. As a matter ...fact it strikes me that the value of ...e soil has very little to do with the ...ethod of treatment.

"Boston Common should not be made ...n experimental station for the na...tion. In fact, with so many tried and ...ue authorities, almost from the earliest ...mes to the present, experimental work ...s hardly necessary in the preparation ...f the soil for the proper growth of fi...st or shade trees. We ought not to ...take any chance of losing the trees.

"Unless something is done to relieve ...he tremendous indigestion which is bound ...o take place by ——— of the heavy ...doses of plant food poured into it, we ...are bound to lose the trees there.

Says Dentistry is Wrong.

"Now for the grass experiments and tree ...dentistry. There would be no need of the ...latter if Mr. Olmsted's methods were ...correct. He is filling in with cement, but ...that practice, as he is doing it, is wrong, ...and is nothing more nor less than a ...waste of money. If anyone doubts that ...grass experiments are being conducted ...let him saunter along the path leading to ...Beacon street from the neighborhood of ...the frog pond. To his right he will wonder, if he is a layman, regarding the ...grassy squares, marked out by their own ...contrasting colors. Those are where the ...pet theories are being tried out at the ...expense of the people."

Councilor Smith said: "I think there ...has been some experimenting going on over ...at the Common. As the result of investi...gations I believe that water is the thing ...the trees need. Moreover, I believe that ...the best methods have not been used and ...that such a large use of manure was unnecessary. A competition of the trees on ...the Common and Public Garden is striking. The Public Garden trees are in much ...better shape and all this is done, I believe, ...on a liberal use of water.

Mayor Fitzgerald has called for a further appropriation of $50,000 for soil ...renovation, but as a matter of fact, the ...money will be spent in grading and the ...construction of paths about the bandstand. If to be used for soil renovation ...it would interest him to know that ...part of the work should be done on ...different lands.

The Bay of Olmsted Brothers was first ...[illegible] the way of renewing ...life to the Common in 1910, when ...[illegible] their employment, Superintendent D. Henry Sullivan of the Public Grounds Department, said:

Efforts, Says Sullivan.

During Mayor Hibbard's administration the condition of the trees on the Common aroused widespread comment. It was felt that something must be done if they were to be saved. I felt that I would be well to have advice, and we had a meeting, which was attended by Theodore Wegner, Mr. F. L. Olmsted, City Engineer Jackson and a number of other persons interested.

This Man Is Shown Cutting Away the Decayed Portion That Threatens the Life of One of the Beautiful Shade Trees on Boston Common. About 10 Trees Will Be Treated.

ONE of the tree dentists of Frederick Law Olmsted, directing the work of resurfacing the Common and saving its trees, shown at work upon a tree that is partly decayed. Afterbeing treated with creosote and asphaltum, the cavity is filled with cement.

With Mayor Hibbard's authority I engaged Mr. Olmsted to direct the work. The first appropriation was $70,000, the second $41,000, the latter in April, 1911. In November, of the same year, we got $25,000 for the work and another $25,000 in November of last year. In all, I believe we have expended something like $170,000.

"I believe that the treatment has been in every way effective. It is true that no report on the work or the expenditures has ever been made public. We had expected to make a general report after the work had been completed."

The following tab e was unearthed by the Sunday AMERICAN on the work on Common under the supervision of Olmsted Brothers up to February 1, 1912

Irrigation system, put in in 1909 and 1910: Laying and furnishing pipe	$6,614.61
Labor and work and experiments and ... in connection with surface and subsurface irrigation	5 000 00
Laborers on ...	614 84
Superintendence and investigations, and ...	1,393 35
Sod, ...	
20,000 feet of soil improvement done by ...	
... of the Public Grounds Department in Summer of 1910	6,182.89
6.50 acres of soil improvement done under contract by Coleman Brothers, in 1911	49,061.55
2.75 acres of soil improvement done under contract by Boston Contracting Company in 1911 and 1912	
Pruning in of improved area and ...	
... and other expenses incurred by the Public Grounds Department	8,787 97
Preliminary investigations, plans, superintendence, engineering, accounting and clerical	5,209 44
Tree planting, planting plan and investigation as to best kinds of trees to use; experiments in grass cultivation; ...	
Root pruning, mauuring, watering, etc., 61 trees, by employees of Public Grounds Department	305 00
Transplanting one tree, by employees of Public Grounds Department	247 94
Transplanting 31 trees, under contract for Coleman Brothers	1,412.44
Labor in connection with grass experiments	610.18
Engineering, investigations, superintendence, landscape architects	2,613.39
Walks and drains:	
2,000 square yards ...	$ 115.33
... square yards ...	2,251 33
2,750 lineal feet of drains ... under contract by Coleman Brothers..	6 165 00
Ordinary architects	
Resetting of Frog Pond curb	
Work done under contract by Boston Contracting Company	1,733.45
Superintendence and engineering, landscape architects	905 00
Miscellaneous expenditures:	
Numerous plans and stories by landscape architects for treatment of different parts of the Common, such as ball ground, ... grove, Ladies' Mall, children's playground, etc.....	6 681 51
	$113,746.85

The items marked with asterisk are approximate only. They are included in the statements of which only a part was expended under the direction of Olmsted Brothers

To add ties to the above, figures furnished by City Auditor Mitchell show that the following sums were expended during 1912 and 1915 under the supervision of Olmsted Brothers in connection with the Common:

Soil work and repairing	$12,062 40
Grand total	$125,521 00

Olmsted Man Tells of Work.

In the absence of F. L. Olmsted, who is in Panama, Hans J. Koehler, horticulturist and expert in charge of the work for Olmsted Brothers, gave out the following

"Here is the way our work has been carried out. We dug trenches thirty feet wide and three feet deep, which we paralleled to the trees. Then the old roots were cut off at from five to twenty-five feet from the trees, according to the size.

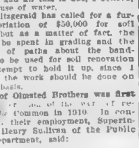
"The trenches were filled with the following: A mixture of one-third stable manure in bulk, fairly well decayed. The other two-thirds consisted of top soil, saved from the premises, subsoil saved from the premises, and top soil carted in from the outside. In addition was added 3,000 pounds of ground bone to the acre, and 4,500 pounds of lime to the acre, a fairly heavy dose.

"During the Summer of 1910, a number of exhaustive experiments were conducted to test the relative value of different methods. The conclusions reached were that it was not desirable to install any sub-surface irrigation arrangements and that the methods of surface watering is highly successful for level surfaces and gentle slopes. We decided that it could be extended to the steeper slopes by puncturing the turf by manual forks and that this puncturing was desirable as a means of loosening and aerating the soil.

"The Public Garden trees are in better condition than those on the Common because the garden is lower-lying ground. On the Common we are endeavoring not only to increase the amount of plant food but to hold the water better.

"The tree dentistry we are doing comes out of the ordinary appropriation and is from the Parkman fund. We are cutting out decay, which results in large cavities and we intend to fill with cement, after properly treating with creosote and asphaltum. In all we are doing only about a dozen trees, as the question of filling trees is one over which there is a chance for great difference of opinion. We feel we are justified in experimenting along this line."

Proof!



Positive Proof for *all* Sufferers from CATARRH and Asthma

Just send your name and address for a Free package of a wonderful remedy for Catarrh and Asthma and Foster Proofs. You must not allow this dreaded disease to rob you of health and strength when you can even doubtful of its power to cure you. Thousands of grateful testimonials including many cases of chronic and acute cases. Thousands of sufferers who have tried all else and even dietary, will gladly testify. **Just send for this Free Treatment and be convinced.**

Catarrh and Asthma are too serious to neglect. In the foul fumes of Catarrh and Asthma the germs of Consumption find a congenial home and the whole system is poisoned and left open to the attacks of numerous diseases. Horrible suffering of the victims days are one long torture and nights sleepless agony.

My method cures by means of vaporized air, where the dropping of the throat, hawking, foul breath, head noises, hearing, taste and smell. Nasal ones, watery eyes, feels the stake in the nose, pressure pasting for breath and sleeping nights.

Do not delay another moment. I will send you my book together with the Free Proof and Treatment. It will be mailed in a plain wrapper. Let me hear from you at once. Write today. Address me personally. Be sure and mention your disease.

T. GORHAM, 568 Gorham Bldg., Battle Creek, Michigan.

One of the great health centers of the world

THIS LARGE ROOM SIZE

ENGLISH BRUSSELS RUG

SENT TO YOUR HOME, EXPRESS CHARGES PREPAID, ON

TEN DAYS' FREE TRIAL

IF IT PLEASES YOU, AND YOU DECIDE TO KEEP IT, PAY

50 CENTS WEEKLY

or $5 every 2 weeks. Otherwise return it at our expense.

MAIL ORDERS FILLED EVERYWHERE

We pay all express charges

No Deposit Required

Can be had in Red, Green, Tan and Oriental color combinations. Only the best of dyes are used and the shading of these colors are guaranteed to fade proof. Size of rug 9 x 12 feet.

We give a written Bond to refund the ORIGINAL WHOLESALE MILL PRICE.

16.75

Order by Mail, Enclosing this ad. with your order.

National Manufacturing Co. Dept. A 2

104-106 West 17th Street, New York

MRS. BELMONT IS SEEKING HUSBAND

Declares She Still Loves Son of New York Millionaire.

Continued from First Page.

...a second prize. He had just been reunited to his mistress from the judging ring.

Lastly winning dogs and their owners are surrounded by congratulating friends. But Mrs. Belmont stood alone. As the reporter approached her she lifted Cupid to her face and rubbed her cheek against his silky coat. Her lips moved and Cupid responded his complish approval of this confidential communication by wagging his tail frantically.

A little later, after she had been talking for a moment, Mrs. Belmont spoke of being lonesome and said:

"That was what I was telling Cupid while I was standing here alone. I was telling Cupid how lonesome I am and what a dear doggie he is. That was what made Cupid wag his tail so hard."

Mrs. Belmont's slender, graceful figure was gowned in a dark-blue broadcloth suit, made with the scout-directoire effect.

Her hat was a toque of black straw, trimmed with black chiffon and with a black heron's plume.

On her left hand she wore three diamond rings. One of the rings bore twin diamonds.

Her Story of the Romance.

Mrs Belmont was asked to tell the Sunday AMERICAN just how she came to meet Raymond Belmont and what the real story is of her marriage to and quick separation from the rich turfman's son.

Mrs. Belmont's eyes grew on her dark eyes snapped and the burnt forth:

"I met Raymond four years ago. I was playing at the Casino Theatre (New York city). We dined together several times. I saw him every night while we were playing the Casino. When I went away to another city Raymond would come on for a day or two and we would renew our dinner parties."

"Did you love Mr. Belmont then?" she was asked.

The dancer smiled, shrugged her shoulders the least bit and replied:

"Yes, I liked Raymond Belmont from the first time I met him. He is nice. And he is—well, for lack of a better phrase—he is what one calls a mighty good sport; the kind that everybody likes.

"Do you know, nearly all of these nouveau rich girls in New York are good fellows. I know several of them. Well, Raymond was one of the nicest of them all. I knew him real well, too."

Mrs. Belmont paused, poked a stray lock of hair up under the edge of the little black toque, in front, with the other arm and went on.

"Well, there were four happy years. I came to love Raymond better and better. He kept telling me how fond he was of me.

"Last September I went out to California to attend a friend's wedding. When I returned I saw Mr. Belmont at Raymond Brook. All of a sudden he said 'Why don't we let us get married, too?'"

Mrs. Belmont paused for another moment, then resumed

"I Was Too Happy."

"Well, we made arrangements and, with a friend of his, we motored to the 'Little Church Around the Corner' and were married."

The New York accounts of the Belmont marriage last November said that the couple were wedded by a retired Baptist clergyman at his home. Mrs. Belmont's statement seems to place the ceremony in Manhattan.

Asked if she was happy in her bridal, Mrs. Belmont sort of chuckled the least mite of a chuckle. Then her eyes clouded over a little. She closed her dark eyes until they were mere slits. She said quietly:

"I was just as happy as a girl could be. I was too happy. I know such happiness couldn't last."

Asked about her plans, she said:

"I have got to look out for myself, as I just said. With this in mind, I have been studying classical dancing, like Maude Allen and Ruth St. Denis. It is the hardest work I have done for years. But I have got to support myself. Just as soon as I complete my lessons I am going back on the stage. I have just received an offer for an engagement of fifty weeks. I expect to begin the middle of April."

"And under what name——"

Only once was Mrs. Raymond Belmont in her bridal. When it appear on the stage my name will be advertised in the MRS. RAYMOND BELMONT IN CLASSICAL DANCES. And that name I will be sent until somebody other than myself forces me to change it."

MRS. ISABEL WOODMAN WAITT, Boston newspaper woman, whose first book bristles with clever phrases.

Campaign Here To Take Isle of Pines

Boston Man Leading Movement for Annexation of Beautiful Island Near Cuba.

Led by F. J. Evans of No. 18 Tremont street, Boston, 6,000 inhabitants of the Isle of Pines in the Caribbean Sea and many investors and business men in this country are backing a gigantic appeal to the President and the Senate at Washington for the annexation of this little island to the United States.

The projected fight, which is of record by Mr. Evans here, hinges upon the contention that not only is the Isle of Pines today rightfully subject to the dominion of Uncle Sam, but that 95 per cent. of the $10 000 000 annual invested there belongs to Americans.

The petition, which is to launch the movement at the Washington, is being signed by thousands of the well wishers of the islanders.

In discussing the movement Mr. Evans asserts that it was due to representations of the War Department that the nearly two millions of American money was invested in the little Caribbean island. Mr. Evans declares that it is a mooted question whether the island is even now under the domain of Cuba or of the United States.

By the treaty of Paris Spain ceded the Isle of Pines to this country in 1898, and the little island was directed by President McKinley to be placed upon the official maps of the United States. The War Department also informed intending settlers and investors that it was our territory and part of the United States.

As a result a large number of Americans invested their capital and came to live here under the protection of the American government. The island has become an American colony and over 95 per cent of the land there has been bought by American. The majority of the population is American.

K. OF C. GOING TO OPERA.

Will Hear Neilsen in "Martha" on March 24.

The large committee of the Grand Knights' Associa i n of the K. of C. of Greater Boston handed in James A. Flynn, who made the arrangements for an "opera night at the Boston Opera House on Easter Monday, Mar. 24. The opera will be "Martha," with Alice Neilson and John McCormack in the cast.

Hold Crazed Man.

Antonio Bianfano, twenty-five, who claims to reside in Worcester, was taken to the Physiological Hospital, Roxbury, last night, in order that his mental status might be determined. He was taken into custody by the police of the Jamaica Plain station, after he had been seen acting wildly about the streets holding delusions that two men were chasing him.

ISABEL WOODMAN'S FIRST BOOK ISSUED

Boston Newspaper Woman Wins Prominence by "What-Shall-I-Do-Girl."

A Boston newspaper woman, Isabel Woodman Waitt, has sprung into literary prominence with her first book, "The-What-Shall-I-Do-Girl."

The new book has just been published by L. C. Page Co.

Mrs Waitt comes from a family of literary people, the late Samuel Adams Drake, the historian, having been her grandfather.

A former private secretary of Nathaniel C. Fowler, Jr., of Boston, Mrs. Waitt became very much interested in the working conditions of young women in a great city, and her entrance in the newspaper world in 1911, when she became a feature writer of the Boston Journal staff, made her the more anxious to contribute something for the benefit of the middle class girl, "who is neither rich enough nor poor enough to know where to turn for helpful guidance toward the goal of her best efforts."

Last Spring she began to write her first book, conceiving the unique idea of telling the story of a girl who was thrown upon her own resources and who established her own vocational bureau among her friends.

The young woman sends letters to her old schoolmates, who already have made good in the business marts of life, and the word pictures which return from the stenographer, the milliner, the nurse, the story-at-home girl, the actress, the newspaper woman, the librarian and others engaged in still different occupations are fairly bristling with bits of epigrammatic philosophy, charmingly woven in with the personality of the different types of girls.

FIRED FOR COMPETENCY.

Bad Actor Improves So Much He Loses Job.

Will H. Murphy, who comes to B. F. Keith's Theatre this week with Blanche Nichols in "The School for Acting," has but one ambition in life. That is to find an actor who is bad enough to play the role of the aspiring young amateur in his travesty, and he so bad that he will be funny.

"I have had several actors in the part since we first tried out the skit," says Mr. Murphy, "but I had to let the first fellow out after a couple of weeks—and by do you suppose? Simply because he improved so in the part. That's a fact.

"The role is that of a would-be Booth, and whoever plays the part ought to be so bad that he will bring tears to the eyes before he has been on the stage five minutes, simply through his 'rottenness.'

"Well, when I first put out the first applicant for the part—he was the worst actor I have ever seen on the stage—I was so delighted with his awfully bad performance that I raised his salary at the end of the first week. Imagine my surprise when I found that such performance he was improving a little. After all our trouble in rehearsing him, I had a lurking suspicion that he might become a really good actor if he persevered, and that was just what did happen. Of course, it was fatal to his success in the part. At the end of two weeks I was obliged to discharge him for competency."

Just Where Is Paris?

PARIS, March 1.—The French government has ordered four officers to proceed to the wireless station at Arlington, Ga., to work in connection with the American naval officers there on the preliminary tests to determine the exact difference of longitude between Washington and Paris. They will sail on board the Provence on March 8.

Rheumatism

A Home Cure Given By One Who Had It

In the Spring of 1903 I was attacked by Muscular and Inflammatory Rheumatism. I suffered as only those who have it know, for over three years. I tried remedy after remedy, and doctor after doctor but such relief as I received was only temporary. Finally, I found a remedy that cured me completely, and it has never returned. I am glad to say that I am one who were terribly afflicted and was beyond the help of medicine, and was cured to stay cured. I want every sufferer from any form of rheumatism to try this marvelous healing power. Don't send a cent; simply mail your name and address and I will send you this free trial. After you have used it and found that it has cured you, and you want to tell others of its merits, then you may send me the price of it, one dollar, but understand I do not want you to send a penny unless entirely satisfied to send it. Isn't that fair? Why suffer another day when you can try it as I have offered you free? Don't delay! Write today.

Mark H. Jackson, No. 248 Alhambra Bldg., Syracuse, N. Y.

REV. MR. BABCOCK TO BE NAMED FOR BISHOP

Archdeacon Will Be Candidate as Suffragan at Annual Convention in April.

Archdeacon Samuel G Babcock will be nominated for the office of suffragan bishop of the Episcopal diocese of Massachusetts at the next annual convention in this city, April 9. This has been officially announced by his many friends and supporters in the church.

The name of Dean Rousmaniere of St. John's Cathedral may not be presented, as he is wanted in his present position to further the work of the cathedral, which will be renovated and remodelled at an expense of $150,000 after Easter.

Archdeacon Babcock has been ten years in his present position and is very familiar with the details of missionary work in the diocese.

During the absence of Bishop Lawrence he has conducted the affairs of the diocese and there is no man so closely in touch with the needs of the religious work in this State.

The election of Archdeacon Babcock will mean the combining the offices of archdeacon and suffragan bishop into one.

Other candidates for this position of suffragan are Rev. Joan Cecil Foster, rector of the Church of the Messiah, this city, who is the nominee of the Brookline churchmen; Rev W. G. Thayer, D. D. head master of St. Mark's School, Southborough, whose name will be presented by the conservative wing of Massachusetts clergy.

QUIGLEY A BANKRUPT.

Theatrical Agent Recently Lost Western Union Suit.

John J. Quigley, a theatrical agent at No. 84 Boylston street, formerly a newsboy, was petitioned into bankruptcy yesterday at the instance of three creditors with claims aggravating $554.

Quigley, who recently lost a suit for $10,000 against the Western Union Telegraph Company for receiving libellous messages about him, admits his inability to pay his debts.

TO GIVE TALK ON BULGARIA.

W. W. Sleeper, Former Resident, to Be Heard in Jordan Hall.

William W. Sleeper, a former resident of Bulgaria, will deliver a lecture on that country at Jordan Hall, Monday evening, March 10. Mrs. May Sleeper Boggis will assist in the program. There will be folk songs by members of the choir of the Greek church. Miss Seraphim Canoutas, a native of Greece, and wife of a Greek lawyer in this city, will recite in English the Greek national hymn.

WANTED IDEAS

An Opportunity To Make Money

Inventors, men of ideas and inventive ability, should write today for our list of inventions needed, and prizes offered by leading manufacturers.

Patents secured or our fee returned. "Why Some Inventors Fail," "How to Get Your Patent and Your Money," and other valuable booklets sent free to any address.

RANDOLPH & CO.
Patent Attorneys,
618 "F" Street, N. W.,
WASHINGTON, D. C.

Send us a trial order NOW for

HAYNER BOTTLED-IN-BOND WHISKEY

THIS is the ideal whiskey for the home —rich, pure, delicious—guaranteed to please in every way—or your money back.

Insist On Bottled-in-Bond
Be particular in your selection —avoid blends and compounds —and remember there is only one way you can be SURE of getting absolutely pure, straight whiskey—and that is to *insist* on BOTTLED-IN-BOND.

That's What We Offer You
Hayner fine, old Private Stock Bottled-in-Bond Whiskey—shipped in strong, sealed case—direct from distillery to you—and all it costs you is $3.20 for FOUR full quarts—express paid by us.

There Is No Question
about a whiskey like this—you KNOW it is good and pure—the U. S. Government's official Green Stamp over the cork is your assurance that it is bottled-in-bond, fully aged, full 100% proof and full measure.

Nowhere Else Can You Do As Well
Blends and compounds can be had anywhere and at any price—but when it comes to BOTTLED-IN-BOND—Hayner Whiskey has no equal.

How Can We Do It?
We sell our entire product direct from Distillery to Consumer—thus saving you all the profit of the middleman and dealer —and giving you this fine old whiskey at the distiller's price.

Send Us Your Order—
Try this whiskey—*at our risk* and on our guarantee—you will find it as fine a whiskey as you ever tasted and the *best* value you ever bought—or you may send it back at our expense and we will return your money without a word.

You Take No Chances
Our guarantee is fair and square—it means what it says—we *must* send you a quality that will strike you as rich, pure, delicious—pleasing in every way—and we will do it.

No letter is necessary—

Cut Out and Use This Coupon
and address our nearest office

THE HAYNER DISTILLING COMPANY
Enclosed find $3.20 for which send to me FOUR full quarts Hayner Private Stock Whiskey, Bottled-in-Bond (Express charges paid)—as per your offer. It is understood that if this whiskey is not found as represented and satisfactory in every way, it may be returned at your expense—and my $3.20 to be promptly refunded. M-94

Name.....

Address.....

No orders filled for less than 4 quarts.

Orders for Arizona, California, Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Oregon, Utah, Washington or Wyoming must be sent to our Denver office. Prices: Prepaid or D. Quarts for $3.20 by Freight Prepaid. T3-8

FULL QUARTS
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3.20
IN SEALED CASE
EXPRESS CHARGES PAID
GUARANTEED UNDER THE PURE FOOD AND DRUGS ACT JUNE 30 1906 SERIAL NO. 9101
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PRIVATE STOCK
WHISKEY
BOTTLED IN BOND
THE HAYNER DISTILLING COMPANY
DISTILLERY NO. 13 DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
GUARANTEED UNDER THE FOOD AND DRUGS ACT JUNE 30 1906 SERIAL NO. 9101

THE HAYNER DISTILLING CO., Dept. M-94 51-53 High St., BOSTON, MASS.

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Distillery at Troy, Ohio ESTABLISHED 1866 Capital $500,000.00 Paid Paid

White's Grand Spring Opening Sale

WITH SIXTY DEPARTMENTS READY WITH

Begins Monday at 8:30 A. M.

Brand New Goods at Record-Making Price Concessions

A Money-Saving Event of Rare Occurrence

Begins Monday at 8:30 A. M.

We planned this sale months ago with the purpose of making hundreds of new friends and strengthening the ties of our thousands of old friends.

MAIL ORDERS FILLED

R. H. WHITE CO.

Every Dollar Spent in This Sale Means Much to Boston and New England Families

Women's Suits

$16.00 New Serge Coats—Deep lapel and roll collar, combination buttons, full length, semi-fitted, lined to waist with guaranteed satin; storm serges, whipcords and novelties..10.00

$29.75 New Matelasse Coats—Epinge, ¾ length, straight lines, cutaway 2-button, deep collar and revers, faced with self-colored peau de cygne; peau de cygne lined throughout 17.50

Many other Bargains equally as great in this department, but not advertised.

Women's Skirts

$5 to $7.50 New Skirts — Spring skirts in French serges, chiffon panama, novelty stripes and gray novelty mixtures, new panel models with fitted belts; all belt measurements. Sale Price .....

Many other Bargains equally as great in this department, but not advertised.

Lingerie Waists

$1.00 to $1.25 Lingerie Waists—Of sheer batiste, high or Dutch neck, with dainty laces and embroideries.. .59

$2.00 Lingerie Waists—Of sheer batiste and fine marquisette, high or Dutch neck, with Val. and cluny and fine embroideries 1.00

$2.25 Lingerie Waists—Of sheer batiste, dainthily trimmed with Val. laces 1.25

$2.98 Tailored Waists—Fine quality linon, fronts daintily embroidered, laundered collar and cuffs 1.35

$3.00 Tailored Waists—All linen, fronts daintily embroidered, laundered collar and cuffs 1.59

$3.50 Lingerie Waists—In all white and white with Bulgarian embroidery, trimmed with cluny laces 1.69

$3.98 to $4.00 Lingerie Waists—Of fine batiste, trimmed with dainty laces..2.00

$3.50 to $5.00 Lingerie Waists—Of sheer batiste and marquisette, fine embroideries 2.75

$5.00 to $6.50 Lingerie Waists—Of sheer batiste and marquisette, with cluny and Val. laces 3.95

Many other Bargains equally as great in this department, but not advertised.

Silk and Chiffon Waists

$2.00 Wash Silk Waists—Tailored or semi-tailored, in neat striped silk, French collar and cuffs.....1.85

$3.00 to $4.00 Jap Wash Silk Waists —Some Dutch neck styles, lace trimmings 1.85

$4.00 Messaline and Chiffon Waists —Dainty new models, tailored and semi-tailored.....2.85

$5.50 Messaline and Chiffon Waists— In plain and striped effects 3.95

$5.50 to $8.50 White Washable Crepe de Chine Waists—In tailored and dressy models.....5.00

$8.00 to $10.00 Chiffon Waists— Dressy models with dainty vest yokes 5.00

Many other Bargains equally as great in this department, but not advertised.

Millinery

$3.00 to $5.00 Sample Ready-to-Wear Hats—Nearly a hundred smart, snappy styles to choose from (no two alike). Every hat up to the minute in style and material.....1.49

$2.50 Hand-Made Untrimmed Hats—Black velvet brims with tam crowns of fine silk braid in imitation of legHorn, in all good colors. Three new shapes all with tam crowns on net frames; an inexpensive stick-up makes this hat look worth $5.00.....1.55

$7.50 to $10.00 Trimmed Hats—About 100, trimmed in our own workrooms especially for this sale. French chips, asaze, braid with velvet flanges, plain hemp and hemp with full velvet facings, trimmed with flowers, fancy feathers, fancy effects, black and subdued colors, as well as the new Bulgarian colorings.....5.00

Many other Bargains equally as great in this department, but not advertised.

Art Embroideries

25c D. M. C. Embroidered Cotton—White, short skeins, dozen..... .14

25c Stamped Pillow Case Tubing... .15

29c Hand-Embroidered Doilies—12-inch; colors..... .19

25c Imitation Mexican Drawn Scarfs and Squares..... .19

40c Stamped Lisle Thread, etc..... .25

60c Best Silk Floss Pillows—22x22—18x24 ..... .33

60c Best Silk Floss Pillows—24 in.... .37

50c Stamped India Linen Waists—3 yards ..... .35

$1.50 Dyed Sheepskins—Red, tan, brown, green..... .65

$1.00 Satin Pillows—Complete..... .65

$1.50 Embroidered Bureau Sets—White and colors, set..... .98

$2.98 Stamped Linen Luncheon Sets—13 pcs., set..... .98

$3.00 Stamped Underwear Sets—3 pcs., set..... .98

$3.00 Leather Pillows—Hand made, 2 whole skins..... 1.69

Many other Bargains equally as great in this department, but not advertised.

Undermuslins

$1.00 Night Gowns—Hamburg and Madeira yokes; cluny lace insertion and edges; others with cluny yokes with wide ribbon run embroidery ..... .69

$1.50 to $2.00 Night Gowns—Trimmed with laces and embroideries in effective designs..... .98

$2.00 to $3.00 Night Gowns—Trimmed with choice laces and fine embroideries 1.50

$3.00 to $4.00 Night Gowns—Exquisitely trimmed with fine laces and embroideries, beautiful models 1.95

$1.00 Combinations — Various styles, trimmed with laces and embroideries, princess and waist line models; others of pliise crepe with insertion and edges of torchon lace ..... .69

$1.50 Combinations—Trimmed with laces and embroideries, elaborate and simple models ..... .98

$2.00 Combinations—An attractive variety, trimmed with laces and embroideries 1.50

$3.00 to $4.00 Combinations—Beautiful models, trimmed with fine laces and embroideries 1.95

$1.00 Drawers—Various styles, trimmed with fine Swiss embroidery and lace insertions ..... .69

$2.00 Silk Petticoats—Of messaline in beautiful colors, several models; dust ruffles 1.95

$4.00 Silk Petticoats—Of messaline regular and extra large sizes in plaited models; silk and cotton dust ruffles 2.95

Many other Bargains equally as great in this department, but not advertised.

Kimonos

$1.98 and $2.95 Kimonos—Of fine ducking, Reeds, trimmed with satin, empire and loose models, choice colors 1.19

Many other Bargains equally as great in this department but not advertised.

Infants' Wear

69c Children's Gingham and Percale Wash Dresses—In blue and white stripes; plain colors of blue or pink, trimmed with contrasting colors and pipings, sizes 2 to 6 years ..... .50

85c Children's White French Dresses —Waist trimmed with tucks and embroidery and insertion, wide hem at bottom of skirt, sizes 2 to 6 years ..... .69

$1.50 Infants' Long and Short Dresses—Sizes up to 2 years, several styles, dainty trimmings of lace or hamburg ..... .98

$1.50 Children's White Princess Dresses—Some with silkoline embroidered yokes; others with square yoke of hamburg insertion, sizes 2 to 6 years ..... .98

$2.50 Children's White Princess Dresses—Hand embroidered yokes, ribbon and beading at waist line; other styles with deep allover embroidered flounce, hamburg and lace trimmed waist, sizes 2 to 6....1.85

$2.98 Children's All Wool Sweaters —White and gray, hand knit stitch, sizes 1 to 5 years 1.98

Many other Bargains equally as great in this department, but not advertised.

Corsets

No Corsets fitted Monday, March 3rd. Models may be selected and fitting appointments made.

39c Waist Ruffles—Four full hamburg ruffles ..... .29

50c Debevoise Brassieres—Firm cambric, with hamburg insertion yokes, non-rustable boning, genuine Debevoise guarantee; sizes 36 to 42..... .38

$1.00 Genuine De Bevoise Brassieres, firm cambric with all hamburg yoke; non-rustable boning; De Bevoise guarantee; sizes 32 to 42 and 46 only ..... .76

$1.00 White Special Corsets—Made of coutil, with close-fitting bust and long hip, four hose supporters; adjustable bust tape, lace top trim, spear hook and eyelet hooks at lower edge of front clasp, sizes 19 to 26..... .87

$2.00 American Lady Corsets—Firm batiste, low, close-fitting bust with long hip and extended skirt, lace top trim, adjustable bust tape, nonrustable boning throughout; usual American Lady guarantee; sizes 19 to 26..... 1.23

$3.00 Redfern Corsets—Firm coutil with medium bust and hip, six webbing hose supporters, lace trimmed top, finished with satin bow, spear hook on front, elastic side draw tape in bust, usual Redfern guarantee. (Sizes 19, 20 and 21) 2.85

$8.00 Redfern Corsets—Firm batiste, medium high bust with long, closefitting hip; wide satin ribbon top trim, finished with hamburg and satin bow, adjustable bust tape, six wide webbing hose supporters; every pair sold with the usual Redfern guarantee; sizes 20 to 29 only..3.55

Many other Bargains equally as great in this department, but not advertised.

Gloves

50c 2-Clasp Chamois Suede Gloves—White, gray, natural ..... .29

75c 2-Clasp Chamoisette Gloves—Mocha finish, white, tan, gray, black, with contrasting wide embroidery ..... .45

79c 2-Clasp Schmaschen Glace Gloves—New fresh goods, black, tan, gray, white ..... .55

$1.00 16-Button Length Silk Gloves, Paris point embroidery, double tipped, white and black ..... .69

$1.00 1-Clasp Cape Gloves—Prix-seam sewn, tan ..... .69

$1.00 1-Clasp Washable Doeskin Gloves—Half pique sewn, Paris point embroidery, white only ..... .75

$1.15 Pique Sewn Gloves—1-Clasp, Paris point embroidered backs, in tan, stitched white or self, and white, stitched black or self ..... .79

$1.50 1-Clasp Cape Gloves—Outseam sewn, four needle embroidery, black, embroidered white, white, embroidered black, and latest tan shades 1.10

$1.50 Pique Sewn Glace Gloves—2-Clasp, in tan and white, with the new heavy black silk embroidered backs, pearl clasp 1.15

$2.50 16-Button Length White Glace Gloves — Overseam sewn, pearl clasps at the wrists 1.59

$2.25 Misses' 1-Clasp Glace Lambskin Gloves—Pique sewn, Paris point embroidery, also Boys' Cape, pique sewn ..... .95

$1.50 Men's Cape Gloves—Prix-seam sewn, four needle embroidery, latest tan shades 1.10

Many other Bargains equally as great in this department, but not advertised.

Neckwear and Veilings

25c and 29c Neckwear—Irish lace trimmed and Swiss embroidered jabots, single and double; batiste collars with pointed back; ruffling of net and shadow laces, 2 to 3 inches wide..... .15

50c Neckwear—Stocks with jabots attached, laces of net and lawn, lace trimmed with velvet bow in back, Swiss and round collars in white and ecru; ruffling made of Point d'Esprit and shadow laces, 2½ to 3½ inches wide, in white and ecru ..... .29

75c Neckwear—Sleeveless guimpes of Point d'Esprit and shadow laces with high collar boned, white and ecru, Irish lace stocks with jabots attached ..... .39

75c and $1.00 Neckwear—Venise lace collars, square, round and new epaulet styles, Venise lace yokes, pointed effects in white, black and ecru ..... .49

$1.00 Neckwear—Batiste embroidered square collars with points on shoulder; white sleeveless guimpes made of fine allover laces ..... .69

$1.50 to $2.50 Neckwear—Venise and Mecsmas sets, large squares pointed and deep back collars with deep cuffs for waist or coat; also round collars, small patterns ..... .95

50c Veilings—Shetland and shadow meshes, in ivory white, black and colors ..... .29

$1.50 Chiffon Cloth Veils—Hemstitched on all sides, 1 yard by 2 yards, all colors ..... .95

$3.00 Irish Lace Yokes—Rose pattern, with high collar, pyrfect fitting 3.50

Many other Bargains equally as great in this department, but not advertised.

Laces

25c Platt Val. and Shadow Laces —Edges and bands up to 6 inches wide..... .12½

25c to 37½c All-Linen Cluny Laces —Broken sets, edges up to 6 inches wide ..... .15

60c to $1.00 Laces—Black Chantilly edges and bands; silk-embroidered bands; black Venise bands and edges, also silk-run laces ..... .25

$1.00 and $2.00 Nets—Allovers, Orientals, striped and shadow nets, in White, Ecru and cream ..... .59

$1.25 Real Irish Lace—2 inches wide, edge and insertion to match ..... .85

$1.50 to $2.00 Shadow Lace Allovers—18 inches wide, silk-run patterns in white and ecru.... .95

$1.75 and $2.25 Shadow Nets—36 and 42 inches wide, in white and ecru 1.25

$2.00 to $3.00 Oriental Allovers—In white and ecru, small patterns, also net allovers with Venise inserts 1.50

$1.00 Chiffon Cloth—43 in. wide, black, white and full line of colors ..... .65

Many other Bargains equally as great in this department, but not advertised.

Hair Goods

$2.50 20-inch Switches of fine, wavy hair 1.90

$3.50 24-inch Switches of fine, wavy hair .....

Hair Restorer—One application immediately restores gray or faded hair, no after washing, easy to apply. Special ..... .85

Many other Bargains equally as great in this department, but not advertised.

Ribbons

25c Hair Bow Taffeta Ribbon—5¼ inches wide, in all the wanted colors; also Dresden ribbon, 6 inches wide, in light flowered patterns.... .15

35c Dresden Ribbon—In Bulgarian colorings, 5½ inches wide; hairbow ribbon, fancy patterns, 5 inches wide; also taffeta ribbon, 7 inches wide ..... .19

45c Colored Velvet Ribbon—Satin back, 2¼ inches wide, in all the new military colors ..... .25

79c to $1.00 Satin Tapestry French Ribbons—3¼ and 4 inches wide, for millinery and wide sashes, all the new color combinations ..... .39

89c to $1.75 Imported Ribbons—4 to 5½ inches wide, changeable faille, striped satin, fancy silk ribbon woven with gilt ombre, all the new colors ..... .49

$1.60 to $2.00 Millinery Ribbons—Bulgarian colorings in large patterns on silk or satin Dresden, in light and dark effects ..... .59

Many other Bargains equally as great in this department, but not advertised.

Handkerchiefs

25c Hand-Embroidered Sheer Linen Handkerchiefs — Dainty corner effects ..... .12½

50c All-Linen Hemstitched Handkerchiefs — Hand embroidered and hand drawn; one corner and all - round embroidered styles ..... .25

75c All-Linen Initial Handkerchiefs—Block and assorted fancy initials; 6 in a package..... .45

75c Women's Handkerchiefs—With the colored Longfellow initial 6 in a box for .....

Many other Bargains equally as great in this department, but not advertised.

Embroideries

25c Embroideries—4 to 8 inches wide; cambric and muslin..... .15

50c to 65c Skirting and Corset Cover Embroideries — Cambric and nainsook, small dainty patterns ..... .37½

25c to 37½c Ribbon Beadings—The narrow hand loom goods, also the wider widths ..... .15

$1.25 Flouncings—45 inches wide, large open patterns for dresses. .69

$2.00 Flouncings—45 inches wide, lace effects and deeply embroidered styles ..... .95

Many other Bargains equally as great in this department, but not advertised.

Women's Hosiery

25c Silk Lisle Hose—Double top, heels, soles and toes; black.... .18

35c Black Cotton Hose—Medium weight, high spliced heels, double soles and toes; regular and outsizes ..... .25

35c Split-Sole Hose—Medium weight, full fashioned, regular and outsizes ..... .25

25c Silk Lisle Hose—Full fashioned, medium weight, high spliced heels, black ..... .25

50c Silk Lisle Hose—Full fashioned, spliced heels, double top; black ... .35

$1.00 Silk Hose—Lisle top, high spliced heels, black ..... .65

25c Cotton Hose—For boys and girls 1x1 ribbed, medium weight. .19

Many other Bargains equally as great in this department, but not advertised.

Women's Underwear

35c Vests—Swiss ribbed lisle vests, crochet lace yokes, silk ribbon run ..... .25

50c Vests—Swiss ribbed lisle vests, hand crochet yokes, various patterns ..... .35

80c Vests—Spring needle-shaped vests and tights, Spring weight, high neck, long sleeves, ankle and knee tights, 3 for 1.00 Each ..... .37

50c Union Suits—Fine stitch cotton suits, low neck, no sleeves, lace trimmed pants ..... .35

$1.00 Union Suits—Of lustrous silk lisle, silk finished fine spring needle stitch, low neck, no sleeves, lace and tight knee pants ..... .59

Many other Bargains equally as great in this department, but not advertised.

White's Sewmachine Club

$2.00 to Join and $1.00 a Week.

Positively the last week this offer is open. Absolute guarantee given, free repairs and exchange of broken parts for 10 years. Join now and receive a "Housemate de Luxe Sewmachine," factory price $65.00, for just half price, that is..... .....32.50

Opening Special for Monday Only —10 Automatic Drophead Sewmachines, perfect lockstitch, satisfactory attachments, free guarantee, value $30.00, Monday only 15.75

Free Lessons and Free Delivery, of all Sewmachines in New England.

Many other Bargains equally as great in this department, but not advertised.

Silks

60c 24-in. All-Silk Pongee—Natural color ..... .38

75c 24-in. Heavy Black Dress Duchesse ..... .48

$1.00 36-in. All-Silk Black Diagonal Serge ..... .49

89c 23-in. Wash Silks—Neat shirting stripes ..... .59

89c 36-in. Pure Silk Rough Pongee—Natural color ..... .59

89c 35-in. Rich Black Satin Dress Messaline ..... .59

$1.00 36-in. Colored Dress Messalines —All shades ..... .69

$1.00 36-in. Black Peau de Cygne—Rich black ..... .69

$1.25 36-in. Heavy Soft Black Satin Duchesse ..... .89

$1.75 40-in. Charmeuse—Finest Spring shades 1.13

Many other Bargains equally as great in this department, but not advertised.

Dress Goods

75c 54-in. Homespun Suiting—Spring colors ..... .39

59c Double Width Cream Bedford Cord ..... .39

50c 36-in. All-Wool Lustrous Batiste All colors ..... .39

60c 42-in. All-Wool Storm Serges —Two shades, blue and black ... .49

75c 44-in. Shepherd Checks—Best sizes, fast colors ..... .58

75c 42-in. French Serges—Finest Spring colors ..... .53

75c 42-in. Silk and Wool and All-Wool Spring Dress Goods ..... .59

$1.00 54-in. Fine All-Wool Chiffon Panamas—Colors and black..... .59

$1.00 44-in. All-Wool Whipcords—Richest Spring Colors..... .75

Many other Bargains equally as great in this department, but not advertised.

Wash Goods

19c Printed Dress Lawns—40 inches wide, in dots, stripes and neat style effects, slightly imperfect 07½

12½c Percales—36 inches wide, good assortment, including plenty of shirting styles ..... .08½

15c Pride of America Zephyr Ginghams, 32 inches wide, all perfect, in stripes, checks and plain colors ..... .09

19c Mercerized Foulards—36 inches wide, good styles, including dark grounds ..... .10

19c Seersucker Batiste—Over 100 styles, fines dots and stripes and white, full pieces and all perfect ..... .12½

25c Scotch Ginghams—32 inches wide, genuine imported goods, stripes, checks and plaids ..... .17

29c Scotch Madras—32 inches wide, large range of styles suitable for shirts and pajamas ..... .17

29c Dress Poplin—Fully mercerized, rich lustre, fast color street and evening shades ..... .19

29c Half Silk Foulard—24 inches wide, over 50 different styles .. .15

29c Silk Warp Broaded Tussah—22 inches wide, beautiful design, in street and evening shades ..... .25

79c Silk Warp Batine—40 inches wide, broad drapes like an all silk fabric ..... .59

Many other Bargains equally as great in this department, but not advertised.

Linings

25c Percaline—36 inches, full beetled finish, in black, white and all the desirable shades ..... .19

25c Sateen —36 inches, bright lustrous finish in all the most wanted shades ..... .19

25c Tailors' Canvas—All shrunk, ready for use ..... .19

79c Satin—36 inches, guaranteed for two seasons, good assortment of colors ..... .65

$1.00 Satin—36 inches, extra heavy quality, wear guaranteed ..... .79

Many other Bargains equally as great in this department, but not advertised.

Smallwares

5c Ironing Wax—With handles..6 for .05

5c Hair Nets—Knotted ends, all colors ..... 4 for .10

5c Basting Cotton—500-yard spools ..... 4 for .10

10c Machine Oil—In cans ..... .07

5c Asbestos Iron Holders ..... 3 for .10

20c Spool Silk for Machine—400 yards ..... .12

15c Fin-On Hose Supporters ..... .10

25c Fad Hose Supporters..... .15

25c Silk Covered Dress Shields..3 for .25

37½c Detachable Dress Shields—Sizes 3 and 4 ..... .19

62c Belding's Gold Label Sewing Silk —5-4 on a spool, black only..... .49

Many other Bargains equally as great in this department, but not advertised.

Toilet Goods

10c Face Chamois—In sanitary sealed packages..... .07

25c Nail Brushes—Various styles.. .15

50c Seamless Rubber Gloves—Good quality ..... .29

$1.12 2-qt. Hot Water Bottles..... .89

$1.25 and $1.48 Rubber Cushioned Hair Brushes ..... .98

$1.98 Real Ebony Back Mirrors....1.25

Many other Bargains equally as great in this department, but not advertised.

Hand Bags

$2.50 Hair Seal Leather Bags—With metal frames in various designs and finishes, leather lined and inside coin purse..... 1.65

$3.00 Real Morocco Bags—With metal frames, various styles, silk lined. 1.

$3.00 Goat Seal Bags—Leather lined, inside purse, double strap handles 1.95

Many other Bargains equally as great in this department, but not advertised.

Men's Clothing

$20.00 Men's and Young Men's Suits —New Spring styles and patterns, silk lined and Norfolk jackets....10.50

$20.00 Men's and Young Men's Silk Lined Top Coats—This season's models 10.50

$15.00 Men's and Young Men's Double Texture Rain Coats for..11.50

Many other Bargains equally as great in this department, but not advertised.

Boys' Clothing

50c Blouses—New Spring goods, neat stripe effects; ages 7 to 15 .38

$1.00 New Spring Sample Shirts and Blouses—In soisette, madras and plain white plaited goods; all sizes .59

$1.00 New Spring Sample Golf Caps —Large, full shape; new suiting patterns, all sizes..... .65

$1.00 Sample Pajamas—All new goods, in flannelette and white madras; made with silk frogs and cut very full; ages 8 to 15..... .67

$1.00 Woolen Knickerbocker Pants—In neat mixtures to wear with odd coat; ages 7 to 17..... .73

$1.00 to $1.25 Wash Suits—New spring samples. One of the best makes, handsome patterns and best materials. Ages 2 to 8 years..... .74

$2.50 and $4.00 New Spring Sample Reefers—In neat gray and brown mixtures. Ages 2½ to 7 years....2.88

$5.00 Sample Spring Suits—All wool, gray and brown mixtures; bottom faced coat. Pants have taped and double-stitched seams and watch pocket. Ages 8 to 17..... 3.90

Many other Bargains equally as great in this department, but not advertised.

Men's Furnishings

$1.00 Men's Silk Neckwear—With wide flowing ends, in figures, stripes and two-tone effects ..... .65

$1.50 and $2.00 Men's Knitted Neckwear—Plain colors and cross stripes; a splendid assortment .... .95

$1.50 and $2.00 Men's Shirts—Soft cuffs; mercerized cloths, and the popular Russian cords, good patterns in best colors 1.00

$1.50 Men's Pajamas—Mercerized plain colors and madras; all sizes 1.00

Many other Bargains equally as great in this department, but not advertised.

Men's Hosiery

35c Black Cotton Hose—Medium weight, heavy spliced heels and toes ..... .12½

25c Silk Lisle Hose—Full fashioned, high spliced heels, double soles and toes, black, pair ..... .18

50c Silk Hose—Pure thread, fine gauge, high spliced heels and lisle soles and toes, black and colors.. .35

Many other Bargains equally as great in this department, but not advertised.

Men's Underwear

39c Underwear—Medium weight Balbriggan shirts, short sleeve, ankle drawers ..... .29

50c Underwear—Medium ribbed Balbriggan long sleeve shirts and ankle drawers ..... .38

89c Union Suits—Fine ribbed cotton Union Suits, medium weight, short sleeves, ankle length.... .59

$1.00 Union Suits—Fine ribbed cotton Suits, light to medium weight..... .79

Many other Bargains equally as great in this department, but not advertised.

READ OUR OTHER GREAT SALE NEWS ON . . . . . PAGE 8S

Frank James' Last Stand!

OR

"BANDIT'S FAREWELL TO THE WORLD"

INTRODUCTION.

MANY . . . of my fellow men . . . to forget . . . years . . . but . . . I . . . 'good old days' brought back to him the other day when he read in the newspapers of Frank James' last . . . Missouri bandit and train robber had . . . off to accompany to the Frank James and the brother of Jesse James.

Jesse James!

How the name thrilled boyish hearts a generation ago!

And how . . . the boys who . . . brave were the dead. THEN it . . . Frank James, the . . . James, the . . . bandit, and . . . today for Law and Order.

Well, as we . . . the word . . .

The James boys, we . . . some (although our fathers . . . old-fashioned . . . years ago) . . . their fame . . . at a Civil War . . . when the better . . . fun of Missouri . . . were . . . and on the . . . every guest on . . .

Frank James, at eighteen and Jesse James, at fourteen, were members of "Butcher" Quantrell's band of guerillas.

When the war closed there was . . . a . . . ing against the . . . James . . . their home town of Kearney (not the . . . boys . . . used in . . . their . . . there. They were . . . blamed for every . . . thing. On a . . . ry night in 1867 a band of . . . citizens called a . . . the home of Dr. S. . . . stepfather of the James . . . pounding for Jesse, who was . . . of a fever.

Jesse . . . to escape.

Later . . . Frank was apprehended . . . a neighboring town, charged with . . . horse stealing.

Frank . . . shot three men and got away. So started the career of the James boys in outlawry. The country . . . Jesse began to hear of them . . . March 20, 1866, when they . . . a . . . and . . . Russellville, Kentucky, and . . . $14,000 from the . . . bank.

Here an attempt is made to tell something of the career of the James boys after the fashion of the . . . penny dime novel, a dime novel . . . by the way, sold for a nickel.

CHAPTER IX.

THE JAMES BOYS CLEAN UP $10,000

THURSDAY, September 20, 1872.

This is the big day of the great fair in Kansas City.

Thousands have been pouring into town from Leavenworth and Sedalia, St. Joe and Moberly.

At 3 o'clock this afternoon the celebrated racer, Ethan Allen, will trot a mile against a running mate on the exhibition track.

There are twenty thousand people on the fair grounds, a record breaking attendance. Thirty thousand more are walking the Kansas City streets.

In one of the ticket booths Treasurer Hall has finished counting up the day's receipts. He has called a messenger.

There is almost $10,000 in hard cash.

"Take this money," he says, "to the First National Bank. It is after banking hours, but they are waiting for it."

The messenger starts off, the tin box in his right hand. Who thinks of danger, here in Kansas City and on the big day of the Fair?

Hoof beats!

Seven strange-looking horsemen approach.

Their dress and manner suggest that the seven horsemen are "part of the show."

If . . . seems to be some mistake about that, for one of the horsemen dismounts just as the messenger with the money comes along.

This horseman is none other than Jesse James, the outlaw!

Jesse James holds a pistol close up to the face of the bank messenger.

And that is all.

The outlaw takes the tin box, remounts, gives the signal to his evil followers and is off.

Not a shot has been fired—not a life has been sacrificed.

The James gang are $10,000 to the good.

"Clean work, men!" says the leader, as they seat themselves in a field a few miles out of town, to divide the spoils.

The "great event of the day," Ethan Allen against a running mate, proved to be a tame affair.

The future of Kansas city's big week was the visit of the James boys.

CHAPTER XVI.

THE BANK ROBBERY AT ST. GENEVIEVE.

FIVE horsemen ride into town in the early morning.

Three come from the south.

Two ride in from the north.

It is Spring and one of the most beautiful mornings of the year.

The town of St. Genevieve, in Missouri, a French Catholic community one hundred years old.

What are these five horsemen after? Who are they?

Wait! We shall soon know!

Two well-dressed residents of St. Genevieve may be seen walking along the one street of the industrious and thrifty little village.

One of these two men is O. D. Harris, cashier, and the other, F. A. Romer, son of the president of the Savings Association Bank of St. Genevieve.

The cashier unlocks the door of the little bank building. He is still chatting amiably to young Romer.

They step in together, to find—

Five fierce horsemen waiting for them!

"Open that safe," demands one of the bandits, "or I'll blow you to Kingdom Come!"

Young Romer ducks for the street. A bullet grazes his shoulder as he runs.

He who unlocks the safe. The disgusted robbers get away with only $8,500. They had expected $100,000, Who are they?

Jesse James, Bob and Cole Younger and two others.

Frank James and Jim Younger are in Nebraska, storing information about the express service.

CHAPTER XXII.

THE JAMES'S TAKE UP TRAIN ROBBING.

MIDNIGHT!

We are fourteen miles east of Council Bluffs on the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railroad.

What is this gang of silent armed men doing here at this hour?

Who are they?

Jesse James, Frank James, Jim and Cole Younger and Texas Tony.

They talk in whispers.

The train is due at 3 a. m.

See, the robbers have loosened the rails!

Yes, and half a dozen ties have been placed across the track!

Hear the rumble of the approaching train!

Engineer John Rafferty sees the danger ahead.

The brave engineer sees too late. His train is making forty-miles an hour.

"My God!" he says, "the rails move!"

Crash, crash, tear, roar, crash

The train is ditched.

Rafferty is dead.

Fifteen are dead

Many are dying

It is Sunday morning.

The James gang take $6,000 from the express car.

Then they mingle among the passengers They get away with $25,000, $50,000 as offered for their capture, dead or alive.

This, on July 21, 1873.

CHAPTER XXVIII.

WHEN THE HOME TOWN SENTIMENT FAVORED JESSE AND FRANK.

THE third detective has just been killed by the terrible James boys.

He was a brave man.

John W. Wicher was thirty, handsome and fearless.

He had come from the Pinkerton offices in Chicago

"I am afraid of nothing," he says.

Spies have spotted him from the moment of his arrival in Missouri. Jesse James has been warned that this young Pinkerton is going to the James place in Kearney disguised as a tramp "in search of work."

Wicher is tortured and murdered. Allen Pinkerton is aroused.

William Pinkerton, taking five of his best men with him, goes to Kansas City to direct the man hunt.

With many citizens the detectives surround the little home of Dr. and Mrs. Samuels.

Mrs. Samuels is the mother of the James boys.

This is January 25, 1875.

Frank and Jesse James were seen in the front yard this morning.

But it is now night. Frank and Jesse are fifty miles away.

The posse do not know this.

The house is set on fire.

Somebody in the crowd throws a hand grenade through a window.

The explosion kills the eight-year-old son of Dr. and Mrs. Samuels.

Mrs. Samuels, mother of the James boys, has an arm so horribly shattered that amputation is necessary.

Immediately there is a change of feeling in the little community

CHAPTER XXXIII.

"I've Killed Jesse James!"

"SEND this message to Governor Crittenden":

A young man has entered the telegraph office at St. Joseph, Missouri.

It is Monday, the third day of April, in The year 1882.

"Yes. What is the message?"

The young man is visibly agitated. His hands shake. His voice trembles. He appears to be not much more than twenty-one.

"Jesse James is dead! I shot and killed him here this morning I claim the reward, my $500.00!"

"Are you serious or crazy?"

"None of your business! How much will it cost? Here's the money! Where shall I find Clit Marshal Craig?"

This was Bob Ford.

Bob Ford and Charley Ford had been living with the robber chieftain for some months in a house at the corner of Thirteenth and Lafayette streets in St. Joe.

Jesse James was known as "Howard."

The Ford boys were called "Johnson."

Jesse had about $800 left. He was planning a bank robbery.

"It's a hot day," said Jesse.

He placed his coat and vest on the bed.

He took off his pistols, fearful that the neighbors might notice them.

He picked up a dusting brush. He stood upon a chair to dust a picture. This was the chance the Fords had been waiting for for weeks.

They wanted the $50,000 reward.

They stepped between Jesse James and his guns and shot him in the back.

He died with his boots on!

The Fords were tried, found guilty, sentenced to death, pardoned and paid $10,000.

CHAPTER XXXV.

ASK PA IF HE EVER PLAYED "JESSE JAMES"?

The story of the James Boys come back today to the OLD boys who were YOUNG boys in the early 80's.

The publishers still print and sell books about the "Jesse Boys."

Thirty years ago there was hardly a geography in the United States which sooner or later, did not joke a "James Boys" book from Teacher.

The geography is a useful book.

And the Theatre!

Every boy saw the James H. Wallick "Bands King" show at least once and nearly every boy put it on in his shed or barn. Admission, one nail, two pins, or, if you had regular scenery, a cent.

The only trouble was that everybody wanted to be Jesse James—Frank was second choice—and nobody would take the part of Bob Ford.

Strange creatures, boys!

And now, the telegraph tells us, "Frank James is dying!"

He has gone up into the mountains to prepare for that Visitor who, soon or late comes to all.

Frank James must be all of sixty-eight by this time.

Six months after the murder of Jesse James by Bob Ford, Frank James walked into the office of Governor Crittenden at Jefferson City, Missouri, and surrendered.

Taking off his pistol belt, he placed it on a table with his revolvers.

"Governor," he said, "take these revolvers. No living man but me has had his hand on them since 1861!"

They sent Frank James to State Prison, where he contracted consumption and was pardoned.

Four . . . nearly thirty years ago, when Frank James was still a young man.

Ever since he has walked in the paths of justice. The country had forgotten all about him—except where boys still read paper-covered novels with bright pictures on the outside covers—when the telegraph ticked off the news that the other day that Jesse James' brother had gone up in the mountains to die.

KEEP YOUR SKIN CLEAR

With Daily Use of

CUTICURA SOAP

And occasional use of Cuticura Ointment. No other emollients do so much to prevent pore-clogging, pimples, blackheads, red, rough hands, dandruff, itching scalps and falling hair.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Send postal for free sample of each with 32-p. book. Address "Cuticura," Dept. 18P, Boston.

FREE TO

ASTHMA SUFFERERS

A New Home Cure That Anyone Can Use Without Discomfort or Loss of Time.

We have a New Method that cures Asthma and we want to try it at our expense. No matter whether you live in a land of standing or recedi . . . whether you are in person or . . . or whether you are managed in an . . . no matter in what country you live . . . you can write us and we will . . . you a trial of our New Method . . . Asthma. . . . you have suffered . . . years . . . you have spent . . . money . . . you have . . . hope . . . you . . . you . . . you

THIRTY-FIVE GOING TO SOUTH AMERICA

Chamber of Commerce Trade Extension Tour Committee Secures Bookings.

The Chamber of Commerce Trade Extension tour to South America has been made up, and the trip is now certain.

The committee in charge of the tour yesterday paid a deposit of $5,000 to C. V. Dancy & Son, the booking agents, to secure the booking of a party of thirty-five over the entire trip. The committee has not yet given up hope of securing fifty travelers, but if no more applications should be received those who have already signed are numerous enough to secure all the advantages offered by the steamship lines for a party of fifty.

The Chamber of Commerce has officially announced that the tour will be made, and from now on the committee will be busy with the details.

An interesting annex to the tour proper is the band of Panama enthusiasts who want to accompany the party as far as the Canal.

Mayor Heads List.

These are headed by Mayor Fitzgerald and include a number of prominent business men who feel that they can leave their business for one month, if not for three months.

The United Fruit steamer, which will take the party to the Canal, will come from New York and sail from Long Wharf. It is expected that at least seventy-five will go on the first leg of the trip.

A complete roster of the Trade Extension party will be issued in a few days.

H. L. Dillingham, secretary of the tour committee, said:

The interest displayed by New England business houses in the tour has been remarkable. In very few cases did the committee find a firm which thought the trip was impractical or useless. Everywhere we received encouragement, promises of support and in many cases pledges.

Many Applications.

If the committee had been willing to accept all applications for the tour there would have been no difficulty in getting one hundred instead of thirty-five. If we had been willing to take delegates from outside New England we could easily have secured a very large party.

This, however, is distinctly a New England venture. We want to tell South America about New England and its manufactures and resources, and other parts of the country understand that from the very nature of the enterprise it would have to be exclusive.

The men who are going are a credit to New England and will create a fine impression in the South. Their aim is not to sell goods, but to interest South America in our commodities and establish trade relations.

DEAN MARQUIS TO TALK.

Detroit Man to Address Episcopal Clergy.

The Very Rev. Samuel G. Marquis, D. D., dean of St. Paul's Cathedral, Detroit, will address the Episcopal ministers of Greater Boston in St. Paul's Parish rooms tomorrow at 1 p. m. Dean Marquis was formerly in charge of Trinity Church, Bridgewater.

Piles Quickly Cured at Home

Instant Relief, Permanent Cure—Trial Package Mailed Free to All in Plain Wrapper.

The Pyramid Smile.

Many cases of Piles have been cured by a trial package of Pyramid Pile Remedy, without further treatment. When it proves its value to you, get more from your druggist at 50c a box, and be sure you get the kind you ask for. Simply fill out free coupon below and mail today. Save yourself from the surgeon's knife and its torture, the doctor and his bills.

FREE PACKAGE COUPON

PYRAMID DRUG COMPANY, 40, Pyramid Bldg., Marshall, Mich. Kindly send me a sample of Pyramid Pile Remedy, at once by mail, FREE, in plain wrapper

Name .....

Street .....

City ..... State .....

NOSE AND HEAD STOPPED UP FROM COLD OR CATARRH; OPEN AT ONCE

My Cleansing, Healing Balm Instantly Clears Nose, Head and Throat—Stops Nasty Catarrhal Discharges. Dull Headache Goes.

Try "Ely's Cream Balm."

Get a small bottle anyway, just to try it—Apply a little in the nostrils and instantly your clogged nose and stopped-up air passages of the head will open; you will breathe freely; dullness and headache disappear. By morning the catarrh, cold-in-head or catarrhal sore throat will be gone.

End such misery now! Get the small bottle of "Ely's Cream Balm" at any drug store. This sweet, fragrant balm dissolves by the heat of the nostrils; penetrates and heals the inflamed, swollen membrane which lines the nose, head and throat, clears the air passages, stops nasty discharges and a feeling of cleansing, soothing relief comes immediately.

Don't lay awake tonight truggling for breath, with head stuffed; nostrils closed, hawking and blowing. Catarrh or a cold, with it's running nose, foul mucous dropping into the throat, and raw dryness is distressing but truly needless.

Put your faith—just once—in "Ely's Cream Balm" and your cold or catarrh will surely disappear.

Freakish Initiations Put Under Ban at Harvard

No More Mock Proposals ★ *Still May Pose as Mutt & Jeff* ★ *Imitate "General" Rosalie* ★ *Or Dress as Chorus Girls*

SOME RECENT INITIATION STUNTS AT HARVARD AND EDITORIAL COMPLAINT

Here is "Jeff" proposing to a "young woman," who is receiving his advances with less emotion than a cigar store Indian. And right along side of him is "Mutt," caught while asking the fatal question.

Harvard Illustrated Magazine Takes Up Club to "Purify" Long Established "Stunts."

The editors of the Harvard Illustrated Magazine attack the fraternity initiation "stunts" in the current issue of their publication.

Dean Byron Satterlee Hurlbut of Harvard, however, thinks that "the editors of the Illustrated are probably acting on exaggerated information."

One of the striking sentences in the Illustrated's editorial reads:

When initiations involve the invasion of outside homes, even with permission, and such farces as mock proposals of marriage to young women in those homes, or the boorish antics of men old enough to know better, no one really gains anything by it.

The majority of initiations on record, however, have nothing to do with proposals. The only time when that was tried was when the D. K. E. (the Dickey) attempted it in 1903 and promptly suffered the temporary closing of its fraternity. Since then no proposal "stunt" has been known.

What the Editors Say.

Dean Hurlbut does not think "it is a part of the policy of the fraternities to make light of young women in any way."

The editorial in the Illustrated is printed under the caption, "On Initiations," and is as follows:

Differing points of view are likely to give different estimations of the value of initiations, particularly of the more vigorous fraternity initiations. Anyone, however, is likely to agree that, if characterized both by good humor and to a fair degree of decency, it will give the inmate, when it is over, a stronger feeling of informal acquaintanceship with the other members, and very much practically any other method of spending that same length of time. And here is no disbelief in a man or merely making a man act like a fool for a little while if he is really a man, his new role will be obviously a counterfeit, and if he is really a fool, his acting will gain by its sincerity. In any case it is likely to teach him the value of a good-natured disposition.

But the audiences for the more foolish performances should be quite exclusive, restricted in fact to members of the society, particularly if those members also represent a real variety in a large group in daily life. When initiations involve the invasion of outside homes even with permission, and such farces as mock proposals of marriage to young women in those homes, or the boorish antics of men old enough to know better, no one really gains anything by it. On the contrary, there must be a loss of self-respect by the persons involved and also a loss of respect by the public for the university which those persons are presumably representing. To make light of a young man's self-conceit is all right; to make light of a young woman's self-respect and dignity is all wrong. And the pleasure of the foolish pranks of those Harvard boys is so easily called up by such performances, is not a glowing advertisement to Harvard, to Cambridge and not a High School. As wise men we can afford to meet the public eye, as gamboling lambs we can scarcely afford to be our own and only spectators.

Dean Hurlbut's Views.

Dean Hurlbut was asked yesterday his opinion of the situation. It happened that the Dean had not seen the editorial, but when the nature of it was told to him he made this statement:

I have not seen the article, but I do not think that that sort of a statement of the case is justified. Certainly no such cases have come under my observation, although naturally I have seen many initiations.

I do not think it is a part of the policy of the fraternities to make light of young women in any way, and I believe the editors of the Illustrated are probably acting on exaggerated information. I certainly should not be

In the right-hand corner are "Uncle Reuben" and "Aunty Mary." From the country? Yes. See the handbag. The hike of the suffragists is seen in the picture to the extreme right.

The Harvard Illustrated Magazine presents its views on initiations.

HARVARD MAGAZINE VS. DEAN HURLBUT ON INITIATIONS

"When initiations involve mock proposals of marriage to young women, no one really gains anything by it—to make light of a young woman's self-respect and dignity is all wrong."—*Harvard Illustrated Magazine.*

"I do not think it is part of the policy of the fraternities to make light of young women in any way, and I believe the editors of the Illustrated are probably acting on exaggerated information."—*Dean Hurlbut.*

This is "Rosalie Jones," commander-in-chief of the suffrage division, during the attack on Washington.

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Here that such a form of initiation was [illegible] do not think the statement is true.

The purely foolish initiation stunts, which have [illegible] characterized the initiation proceedings [illegible] objectionable, in the [illegible]

It is thought that the Illustrated's editorial, so far as the word "proposing" goes, is based on the old D. K. E. efforts in that line.

The story of these has been written in "The Diary of a Freshman," by A. J. Hamilton and given rise to many stories, including exaggerations, about the D. K. E., the institute and other leading Harvard fraternities and organizations.

The point is also made, too, by those opposed to the Illustrated's editorial, that none of the Illustrated's editors are fraternity men in final clubs at Harvard.

Latest "Foolishness."

The latest initiation "foolishness" was perpetrated by the "Dickey" the past week, when candidates were called to give an imitation of "General" Rosalie Jones and her indomitable band of suffragettes "biking" from New York to Washington.

The collegians put on bicycling feminine garb, carried "Votes for Women" bunbers and made, or tried to make, suffragette speeches in Harvard square.

Other candidates have dressed as Mutt and Jeff and have paraded the streets.

Princeton Hardwick, the noted halfback, dressed as a chorus girl and executed a supposed dance in Harvard square.

Others have been obliged to sell newspapers at Boston Symphony concerts.

The initiation "stunts" in Harvard square have almost invariably drawn an immense crowd of citizens in the square, and whatever pranks the boys have played have been taken with utmost good nature.

Play by Radcliffe Freshmen.

The Radcliffe College Freshmen have begun to rehearse for the play which they are to present on March 15. Miss Alice Kelsey is the coach, and the committee in charge are: General chairman, Eunice Allen; costumes, Mary Morris and Doris Miller; properties, Katharina Hodge, Penelope Norris and Mary Gibbs; prompter, Helen Beveridge.

BURGLAR INSURANCE CHEAPEST IN BOSTON

Only 14 Houses Robbed Here Since Jan. 1—300 in New York in Same Period.

"Boston is such a moral city and so free from burglars and hold-up men that the rate of insurance on these two risks is the lowest in the country."

Walter Small, in charge of the burglar and hold-up insurance department of Fiske & Co., made this statement to the AMERICAN.

The statement from Mr. Small is augmented by other facts, [illegible] as to the risk that the average [illegible] of Boston runs, compared with [illegible] cities.

In New York there have been 300 robberies since January 1. The insurance companies, tired of the secrecy of the police department, have issued statements giving that number. In Boston during the same period, or for two months, there have been but fourteen breaks in dwelling houses and stores. Only one of these breaks was of any consequence. That was at the store of E. E. Gray on Hanover street, two weeks ago, when the safe was looted of $10,000.

Mr. Small says that the average Boston man can insure the property in his home at a rate of $7.50 on a thousand. In New York the rate is $12.50 and in Chicago it is $18. Mr. Small said:

There are many reasons why Boston has a low rate. First, I believe we have the best police force in the country. It is certain that house breakers give Boston a wide berth. Then we have the petty thief and the pickpocket, but big jobs are rarely attempted in this city.

For instance, if a man insures his household property against the work of the burglar he can, by paying about one-fifteenth more on his premium, insure himself against a violent hold-up. There is but little call for this sort of policy in Boston. In Chicago and New York many of them are issued.

During the past two months there has been but one holdup reported in Boston. There have been several so-called hold ups, but they were really common assault cases.

The total losses in Boston in two months netted the burglars not more than $2,000, according to the estimates made by the police.

Joseph Dugan, former deputy superintendent of the Boston police, said:

Boston is free from burglars because the police wage a relentless war upon them. There is always one great contributory cause for burglaries and that is gambling. Gambling is the direct cause of many crimes and the gamblers have been routed from the city.

CARMEN MELIS' BOW IN ROLE OF MALIELLA

"Jewels of the Madonna," Wolf-Ferrari Opera, Draws Big Matinee Audience.

By FREDERICK JOHNS.

Carmen Melis debuted as the sensuous and wanton Maliella in "Jewels of the Madonna" yesterday afternoon.

The Wolf-Ferrari opera drew a very large [illegible] despite the fact that it was its [illegible] performance. Its melodies [illegible] as much enthusiasm as before [illegible] serenade when played as an [illegible] repeated.

[illegible] from serenade. It is going to [illegible] the unruly gurdy [illegible] is sure as fate, and it will be dragged into vaudeville, and popular songe writers will be running around it. Possibly the opera will be shelved because the serenade has been worked to death.

Carmen Melis made one of the hits of her career as the bad beautiful Maliella. Much of the music is in the high voice and there are few singers with such a wonderful high voice as Melis. If her actility was a little rough the tone was sensuous enough. Melis is an extremely realistic actress and she realizes in face and [illegible] the character that Edvina had to suggest by her indomitable spirit.

Ramon Blanchart appeared for the first time as Rafaelo, the Camorrist. Friday night he sang Germont in "Traviata" and last night "Ricoletto." The illness or absence of the other baritones compelled him to assume three roles in two days. His willingness saved the opera yesterday afternoon and under the circumstances [illegible] would be unjust.

[illegible] was admirable as Genaro, and the others in the cast were acceptable. The orchestra, under Caplet, did as well as [illegible] performance.

Act [illegible] the period performance last evening Evelyn Scotney appeared as Gilda in the [illegible] of Rigoletto and the Duke [illegible].

SAVES THREE IN RIVER

Lineman With Ladder Does Good Work in the Charles.

With the aid of a thirty-five-foot ladder, John Burns, a lineman for the New England Telephone Company, saved three persons who had broken through [illegible] ice and [illegible] fell into the Charles River at Cambridge yesterday. Edward Olson, a six-year-old boy, who lives at No. 14 Maynard place, fell in first. In trying to rescue him Grover Hawkins, a nurse at the Stillman Infirmary, lost his balance and fell in. Then A. W. Hardy, Jr., a foreman for the telephone company, in trying to save the others, broke through. Burns, with his ladder, got all three out.

Funeral of Ernest Jackson.

The funeral of Ernest Jackson, instructor and prominent member of the Harvard Class of 1913, was held yesterday at King's Chapel. Twenty-four members of his class were present. Burial was at Mt. Auburn Cemetery.

MORE RIGID LAWS ON BOILERS URGED

The thousands employed at plants where compressed air is used are in daily peril through an oversight in not placing compressed air tanks under supervision of the State boiler inspectors.

Under the law, boilers which have been condemned by the State boiler inspectors may be, and often are, utilized as compressed air tanks and subjected to a pressure of from ten to twenty pounds per square inch more than State boiler inspectors would allow. The excessive pressure is dangerous.

This fact has been discovered by Representative William J. Lee of Quincy who has introduced a bill in the Legislature seeking to remove the danger by providing for the inspection of all tanks containing compressed air for use in [illegible] pneumatic machinery. The bill now is in the hands of the Legislative Committee on Mercantile Affairs.

Representative Lee introduced his bill as a result of the [illegible] pressed air tanks at Quincy, [illegible] of two men. He declares that as a result of an investigation made by him he has found that so far as State law is involved, there is nothing to prevent a similar explosion at any [illegible] of which compressed air tanks are used for operating pneumatic [illegible].

WANT BOOKS BACK

Rubber Company Men Appeal to Court in Case Before Grand Jury.

Warren B. Wheeler and Stillman Shaw filed a motion yesterday in the United States District Court, to secure the return of the books of the Wheeler & Shaw Corporation, fiscal agents of the American Rubber Company.

The rubber company has been for two years under prosecution by the government, charged with use of the mails to defraud. The books were secured in an attempt to secure the reindictment of both Wheeler and Shaw.

A hearing on the motion was granted to take place before Judge Dodge, [illegible] over the Grand Jury reports on this case Tuesday.

2 Pairs Lace Curtains FREE

[illegible] Friend Sons Co., Dept. 67, CONCORD JUNCTION, Mass.

Du Pont Of Paris

RESTAURATEUR

40 West, Cor. Tremont St.

My restaurant is most refined and elegant, and is situated in the heart of the best theatre and shopping district.

LUNCHEON 11-3

DINNER A LA CARTE OR TABLE D'HOTE WITH MUSIC 5-8 P. M.

THE TECHNOLA

Makes Music Interesting
Makes Home Attractive

There are 10,000 Selections ANYONE Can Play On This Piano

The Technola is the BEST player-piano obtainable at its price

It is a *good* piano for hand playing—for practice, for accompaniments and all the uses of a home piano. It can be played by music roll by every member of the family and will furnish the best of music whenever you want it.

$450 Purchasable for cash or on liberal credit terms

The Technola Player-Piano is made by the makers of the Pianola. Pianos which alone excel it in musical capacity. Come in and hear and play the Technola yourself.

Music Rolls for all Player-Pianos

Complete line of Pianola Player-Pianos—the Steinway, Weber, Steck, Wheelock, Stuyvesant and Stroud, at prices ranging from $545.00 upwards.

M. Steinert & Sons Co

Steinert Hall **162 Boylston Street**

Stores in all principal Cities of New England

BATES AND FELKER DISCUSS THE LAWS

Former Governor and New Hampshire Executive Speakers Before B. U. Asso'n.

"In Mexico respect for the law has departed and respect for nothing but brute force reigns."

With these words former Governor John L. Bates summed up the situation in Mexico as he viewed it in an address delivered before the members of the Boston University Law School Association at the American House yesterday afternoon.

Mr. Bates was honored not he was appointed in the early days of the Madero regime.

Toastmaster Charles H. Parker called upon Governor Oliver D. Felker of New Hampshire, the special guest of the association and a graduate of the law school in 1887. The latter declared that he believed in the recall of judicial decisions under certain conditions.

Recommendations affecting the status of auditors and masters with regard to their appointment and methods of procedure were discussed by various speakers.

Tribute to Governor Felker.

About 200 members of the association were present and the speakers were introduced by President John E. Hannigan.

Mr. Bates paid a high tribute to Governor Felker. "It's a rare thing to see a New England state run Governor of New Hampshire," he said. "They generally come to Massachusetts for office. There has been as much progress in there since they have come here to live. The position of United States Senator. Referring to the recall, the speaker said:

"Our judiciary has been a source of experience, and as for myself, I don't suppose the people would want to get a look writing [illegible] to the point of being an [illegible] author. As a part of humanity I [illegible] to think that we should [illegible] the extremes in judicial [illegible] don't have to look very far [illegible] my mail on the recall of judges." Governor Felker said.

Believes in the Recall.

"I believe in the recall under certain conditions. Our courts are composed of human beings who were by nature endowed with no greater degree of infallibility than any other persons. Still, with their years of training their liability to err is reduced to practically the lowest amount of any class of public servants."

Daniel T. O'Connell in moving for the appointment of a committee to investigate that certain recommendations with regard to the powers of auditors and masters had been referred at which, if approved will tend to eliminate present evils and one to the delay of some in making reports and conducting hearings. His committee recommended that list of some thirty attorneys for positions as masters and auditors be prepared and submitted to the Supreme and Supreme Courts for action such as the latter bodies saw fit, to adopt with regard to them.

President Hannigan announced that Senator Lodge will deliver an address on "The Democracy of Abraham Lincoln" in the law school on the afternoon of Friday, March 14.

DR. CROTHERS TO SPEAK.

To Give Postponed Roxbury Lecture Wednesday.

Rev. Dr. Samuel M. Crothers, who was unable to lecture before the Mothers' and Home Makers' Club of the Roxbury Evening Centre, in the Roxbury High School Annex last week will speak before the club on Wednesday, at 2:45 p. m.

Call to Rev. C. R. Bailey.

The Rev Charles R Bailey rector of St. John's Episcopal Church in Taunton has been called to the pastorate of St. Ann's Mission, Revere. It is believed that he will accept. He formerly held a pastorate in Manchester, N. H.

ARE YOU BASHFUL?

A French Discovery.

Eminent French physicians have discovered a scientific, effective and sure method for the cure of Bashfulness, Timidity, Lack of Self-Confidence in all who have been annoyed with the same and have sought in vain for relief. [illegible] Send no money. Simply send your name and address and we will send you a large package of the [illegible] free of charge. Write today. Address: BRAM SCIENTIFIQUE PHARMACAL Dept. A, Box 105, Hochelaga, Montreal, Canada.

Now, Where's the Right Girl?

Here's Dandiest Husband for Her and He's Mayor of Cambridge

While John Edward Barry, the young and handsome Mayor of Cambridge, Massachusetts—population 110,000 (forty-seventh city in the United States)—attempted last night at the South Station to launch off the interrogator who approached him on the subject, there is little or no doubt that the handsome young Mayor's re-election next Tuesday week will be followed, sooner or later, by the announcement that he is practically the match from Lenox.

The Mayor left last night for Washington, D. C., to be the guest there of the Congressman Fiolans of Lynn over the inaugural ball. He appeared to be quite ready to talk with reporters about anything under the sun—anything having to do with Cambridge and the Mayor's office, don't you know—except his reported pledge to take a wife soon after the opening of his third term.

"Who started that report?" asked Mr. Barry, "WHERE did it start?"

"Why!" he was told, "all the NEWSPAPERS printed it!"

"O" said the Mayor of Cambridge.

Which might have meant, "Very well, the report MUST be true, then," or which might have meant something entirely different.

Mr Barry will be home again in time to start a short, sharp and decisive campaign next Friday night. His big effort, this year, will be three monster rallies on the nights of Monday, Tuesday, the eve of Election Day. These night-before rallies will be held at North Cambridge, Cambridgeport and East Cambridge.

Women Heckled Him.

He carried last year by a majority of 1,770 over this Republican opponent, Mr. Barry goes to the polls this year with the endorsement of the Citizens' movement in addition to the nomination of the Democratic party. His only opponent on the ballot will be Arthur F. Blanchard, who has been put forward by the Young Men's Progressive League. Mr. Blanchard is the son of the Republican candidate of a year ago.

The one interest of the Democrats just now they say, is to make sure the Republicans don't. They are taking steps

If my good women in Massachusetts ignore that none but married men should be put on guard.

Some of these ladies heckled former Mayor and Governor Louis A. Frothingham especially when he aspired to the Governorship.

Frothingham was beaten by a well-known married man.

They went after David I. Walsh, who tried twice before he could squeeze into the Lieutenant-Governorship.

They say David I. MUST wed before he can have the Chair.

That hammer they got after "Eddie" Barry.

The Mayor had just vetoed a city ordinance selling for the publication of the local pool register which should give the name AND AGE of every city employe.

He's a Sphynx on Marriage.

Mr Barry's veto was inspired by chivalry. His splendid message on the subject was printed everywhere in the United States.

It seemed to have made an instantaneous hit with everybody except the gallant ladies who believe that city fathers should show a good example.

Charlotte Smith wrote him a letter.

"A very nice message, Mrs. Smith said, "but the question that interests the girls, Mr Barry, is: Have YOU procured a marriage license?"

There wouldn't seem to be anything the bachelor Mayor could say, except that he was "thinking it over." So that's what he said.

Mrs Smith stirred the reporters. The reporters stirred the young Mayor.

"O, boys!" he said.

"Why?"

I haven't got time."

(Ended out.)

"Well, find the girl for me!"

(Ended out.)

"Shucks! I intend to get married when I'm re-elected for a third term!"

And there you are!

Russell Field—named in honor of Governor William E. Russell—the finest enclosed baseball park and athletic field in New England, will be opened this Spring at North Cambridge.

Along the lobe of "industrial development" the Barry regime has brought in the shirt and $1,000,000 worth of additional taxable property.

Brought up in Father Scully's old parish at Cambridgeport, the bachelor Mayor is not only a No License advocate but a most uncompromising teetotaller. He will neither touch, taste nor handle.

10,000 EAGLES TO MARCH.

Tenth Annual Field Day Is Set for June 9.

Members of the Fraternal Order of Eagles from all New England will come to Boston on Monday June 9, to attend the tenth annual field day of the New England Field Day Association. The arrangements will be in charge of Aerie No. 45 of Roxbury. William Ade, secretary of the Boston Aerie and president of the Field Day Association, is chairman of the arrangements committee. There will be a parade in which it is estimated 10,000 members in costume will take part.

SOUR STOMACH, INDIGESTION, GAS OR DYSPEPSIA—PAPE'S DIAPEPSIN

This delightful stomach regulator brings relief in five minutes—Puts an end to Stomach trouble forever.

"Really dear" put bad stomachs in order— really does correct sour stomach, indigestion, dyspepsia, gas, heartburn and sourness in five minutes—that is just what "makes Pape's Diapepsin the best selling stomach regulator in the world. If what you eat ferments into stubborn lumps, you belch gas and eructate sour, undigested food and acid; head is dizzy and achey; breath foul, tongue coated; your insides filled with bile and indigestible waste, remember the moment Diapepsin comes in contact with the stomach all such distress vanishes. It's truly astonishing—almost marvelous, and the joy is its harmlessness.

A large fifty-cent case of Pape's Diapepsin will give you a hundred dollars' worth of satisfaction or your druggist hands you your money back.

It's worth its weight in gold to men and women who can't get their stomachs regulated. It belongs in your home—should always be kept handy in case of a sick, sour, upset stomach during the day or at night. It's the quickest, surest and most harmless stomach doctor in the world.

Here's Dandiest Husband for Her and He's Mayor of Cambridge

HIS name is John Edward Barry, and he is said to have said that he means to quit the Bachelor Club as soon as he's re-elected. And oh, girls! Tuesday, March 11 is election day in Cambridge!

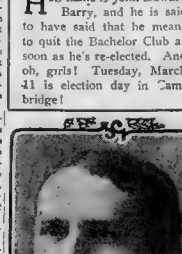

Photo Enhanced

J. EDWARD BARRY

Here's his specifications:

Age	Thirty-eight
Height	Six Feet
Weight	235 pounds
Eyes	Blue
Complexion	Clear
Mark	Firm chin
Reputation	The Great Pacificator
Pastimes	Walking and swimming
Boost	Never tasted liquor
More Scoot	You'll always know where to find him, because he belongs to the Elks!

MANY CANDIDATES IN FIELD AT ARLINGTON

There are eight candidates for the three places on the Board of Selectmen at the town election in Arlington tomorrow. The present Selectmen, Herbert W. Hawood, Jacob Bitzer and Alfred V. Noyes, were nominated at the town caucus. Edward Birch and Edward T. Ryan, who were in the contest last year, and Augustus F. Crowley and Thomas J. Donnell, two new men in the contest, are confident of winning.

The eighth man to seek a place on the board is D. Arthur Swan, whose candidacy is indorsed by many influential men of the town. The candidates, except the caucus nominees, are running on nomination papers.

Mr. Hawood is a market gardener, Mr. Donnelly a felt manufacturer and a director of the New Monotony Trust Company of Arlington, Mr. Bitzer is a member of the firm of Bitzer & Schwab and Mr. Noyes, manufacturers, Mr. Noyes is an insurance man, Mr. Ryan is a plumber, Mr. Birch is a machine manufacturer, Mr. Crowley a lawyer and Mr. Swan is president of a rubber company in Boston.

This is the first year in the history of the town when so many have been candidates for Selectmen. A heavy vote is expected.

RECORD FOR KILGOUR.

Remarkable Experiences for the Clever Actor.

Joseph Kilgour has had an unusually full run of experience in his chosen profession. He is said to have created more unusual parts than the average leading man.

Possibly the part he created in "Captain Barrington" brought him the most public fame. It was General Washington. He played this role for nearly two years, a large portion of that time being in New York.

Mr. Kilgour was in no sense born into the profession. For nearly fifteen years of life he was a prominent member of the Chicago Stock Exchange. He was cleaned out during the panic of 1893, and being broke, like a great many other people at that time, he turned to acting as a means of gaining a temporary livelihood. So appropriate was his natural talent for the stage, however, that at the advice of Will J. Davis of the Illinois Theatre, Chicago, Mr. Kilgour finally went on the stage for good. Practically his first big part was that of the art merchant in "Nobody."

PENSION FUND CONCERT.

Will Be Given Sunday Afternoon Instead of Evening.

The public which has been so generous of its patronage to the Sunday afternoon concerts in Symphony Hall the year will have its only opportunity to hear the Symphony Orchestra under Dr. Muck at the second concert in aid of the Pension Fund, Sunday afternoon, March 9, at 3:30 o'clock. Heretofore the Pension Fund concerts have been given on Sunday evenings, but experience has shown that there is such a large and eager public for Sunday afternoon concerts that it has been decided to try the experiment of changing the time. Next Sunday's concert will begin with the overture to "Tannhauser," followed by "The Siegfried Idyl." The first part of the concert will end with the performance of Richard Strauss' tone poem, "Don Juan," which has not been played by the orchestra for two years. The second half of the program will be devoted to the "Pathetic" Symphony of Tschaikowsky.

DESMOND HOLDS HIS OWN COUNSEL IN 24

Lauriat Avenue's "Mayor" Refuses to Commit Himself on Boiling Politics of Dorchester.

"Con" Desmond, "Mayor of Lauriat avenue," possessor of several pens that have been used in signing important city documents, and owner of numerous medals awarded him for bravery, is a "free lance" in the politics of Ward 24, and refuses to be quoted on anything the boys of the district may have up their sleeves in the way of political emolument in the next State election. /

But that is not the case with Archibald "Tyrone" Carey of the Field's Corner section of the ward. He comes out in the open and says he feels sure to think that all factions are not level-headed enough to take advantage of the fine work performed by "Bill" Curran in his endeavor to form a "Ward Twenty-four Universal Democratic Club."

"Tyrone" is accused of having a "toe in his bonnet" and of being fortified with ideas too numerous to mention, according to "Spike" Fielding, who hangs his hat and coat in one of the "101 clubs" further down the avenue. "Spike" aired his own ideas on a cool August day two years ago, and what he says goes in some quarters.

"Tyrone" Invokes the Muse.

Hearing of "Spike's" philippic, "Tyrone," regarded as an authority on commercial and political topics, strode in his Hamletian fashion to the curbing that separates Dorchester avenue from Freeport street and Dorchester avenue and recited this finished bit of English for the benefit of his contemner. Pleasant it is for the bees the gods

When the great Jove nods,

But the little tin gods make their mistake That they miss the hour the great Jove wakes.

Asked for an interpretation of the Jove matter, "Tyrone" bowed his head in deep thought and muttered (not sputtered) something about "Bill" Curran possessing more bone sense than all the spikes and platform chair-warmers from Savin Hill to the railroad crossing in Mattapan square.

"Bill" Curran is all to the merry when it comes to organizing clubs," said "Tyrone," "and his enthusiasm in the Ward 24 Universal Democratic Club affair will result in achievements that will make some of those wiseacres look like zero with the ring removed."

This line of talk, enjoyed by several leaders and near leaders, led to a number of questions, the answers to which let others "in on some political doings in Ward 24" that may result in "Con" Desmond's saying "Bully for you!" to the "Tyrone" and finding out "Who's who" and "What's what" in the latest political alignment in his ward. When "Con" seeks information he generally gets it (Read "Confessions of My Street Commissioner Campaign," by Milton Paige).

Suspicious of the "Interests."

"Piddlewinks" Murphy of the "Among Ourselves Club" on the Dorchester avenue line told his confrere that he was of the opinion there would be "more doing" in the next Mayoralty contest than in the State fight. He said he did not like the name "Telegraph" connected with a Democratic organization of any ground that the executive committee might get the ear of the "interests" and "press out others from "getting theirs," whatever that means.

"Piddlewinks" is strong for the organization with the gold letters on the window in the Field's Corner section. He says he is an admirer of Sir Walter Scott and believed the latter when he said:

Despite his title, power and self,

The wretch concentrated all in self,

Living, shall forfeit all renown

And, dying, shall go down

To the vile dust from which he sprung

Unwept, unhonored and unsung

There are twelve precincts in the ward. Each precinct has its quota of statesmen. The ward is entitled to three Representatives. They are doing good work in the lower branch. Representative Buckley, one of their number, fought for the passage of a bill to declare drunkenness a disease instead of a crime. One in the Senate, Senator, in their Cummings' stronghold, the boys say "Jack" is right on that point.

He has a right to say, there are many bold enough to say that they were a number of leading lights of the ward afflicted with the disease that went to a famous hostelry on Washington street, not far from a large department store, and listened to the merry tinkle of the ice in the glasses and the "pop pours" of the nectar that followed a toast to a leader of Democracy.

Freedom in Jealousy.

One of the bold enough fellows, who is thinking of joining the Bull Moose movement in the ward, told "Patsy" Carey he heard how one of the attendants at the dinner, called for the purpose of organizing another club in the ward, say:

"Confidence is everywhere the parent of deception; free government certainly is jealousy and not in confidence."

Patsy intimated that Thomas Jefferson was the author of that little speech, and that the man who made it at the dinner should have appropriated it for his own use on that occasion, no matter what kind of a club was being founded. Rookpooh! for the free government, said Patsy!

All of which goes to show that Ward 24 is the rendezvous for independent men, and that "Con" Desmond is no man's colley.

If you do not believe it, ask "Con" Desmond.

Credit Accounts.

Cut out this advertisement, IT WILL GIVE YOU CREDIT FOR $1.00 and open an account with us. Spring is near and it is time to think of buying your suit or anything you may wish in the line of clothing, jewelry, etc., for yourself or family. We can supply whatever you may desire by just paying us A SMALL SUM EACH WEEK. You can do your buying at the different stores in Boston AT THEIR CASH PRICES. *Any business done with us is strictly confidential.*

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Made of fine silk finished Corduroy or all-wool Amoskeag Serge, in black, brown and navy. Value $5.00.

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Workmanship and Fit Guaranteed

Send Your Correct Measurements.

Mail Orders Promptly, and Carefully Filled

YOUR MONEY BACK IF NOT SATISFACTORY

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LADIES FOR EASTER

You Need a Spring Suit Why pay more than..... 9.00

for a tailor-made suit, all complete, material, linings. Best of workmanship, which you cannot duplicate elsewhere for double the price of $9.00. We have contracted with ten of the largest manufacturers of N. Y. to take all the short ends of their best Spring woolens.

During our long career we have always given perfect satisfaction and we will do all of the fitting ourselves. Those who know our ability will appreciate this treat; those who do not should come and be convinced. Our other garments complete as follows:

Separate Skirts, $3.50 and 5.00
One-Piece Dress..... 5.00

GARMENTS MADE FROM YOUR MATERIAL

Tailor-Made Suits..... 5.00
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Separate Skirts, 1.00 and 1.50
One-Piece Dresses..... 3.00

Absolute Satisfaction Guaranteed

Harry Goldberg & Stern

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MARK NOSE MUST LIKE YOUR OWN.

GIBSON METHOD.

A. STANLEY GIBSON, M. D.

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GIRLS! GIRLS! GIRLS!

By our patented machinery, we will make that tarnished, worn-out silverware

Mesh Bag for 25 Cents

LOOK BETTER THAN NEW

Your new silver bag gold plated—will then look like solid gold.

It cannot be done elsewhere. Bring it in at once.

Forks and Spoons, Silver Plated 5c

John L. DesLauries' Jewelry Factory

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The New England Plating & Engraving Co.

5 DOCK SQ., Near Faneuil Hall, Boston, Mass.

TAKE NO CHANCES

Bring Your Mesh Bag to Our Factory to be repaired and done right. We will make it look like new.

FOR 10c

we will plate your old Silver Bag and Purse.

Forks and Spoons, Silver Plated 5c

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Special This Week FEATHERS CURLED 15c

REPAIRING and DYEING

Mail or bring your old feathers and have them made into beautiful new feathers in any color.

Feather Hospital, Temple Place, Boston. Fifth Floor

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I am making Suits and Dresses for the best dressers in Boston and vicinity. Why not you? My prices are reasonable.

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84½ Berkeley St., Boston, Mass.

HAIR ON LADIES' FACES Neck, Breast and Arms

PERMANENTLY removed in 3 years experience without pain to client or face, no one else can do it. Ugly hair is a curse. Why not get rid of it forever? Let me prove it. Call or write for my reliable system in Boston. I have made calls in Brighton, Cambridge, Somerville, Malden and suburbs in Boston, hour 10 to 5; evening appointments for scattered ladies. MME. GARDNER, ED., 140 Tremont St., room 602.

FREE TO WOMEN.

GREATEST superfluous hair remover known; positively eradicates superfluous hair growth quickly, no free sample, all charges prepaid; write quick and you will receive by return mail. MME. R. CHAMBERS MFG. CO., 73 Chambers st., Boston.

LADIES' SUITS

To order at $15, price during the next 30 days. J. GOLDMAN, the Famous Ladies' Tailor, 78A Tremont st. (Pick, cor. Worcester st.), Boston, 4th floor.

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Repair Printing Done Cheap

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PUFFS 20c and Braids made from Combings, Switches, $1.00 and up. Send for Booklet. Mail orders filled. Hair dressing, manicuring, shampooing, facial massage. Parlors, 2d floor. Hair goods department, 1st floor. Miss Ellen Sullivan, 2 Winter st., Boston.

Spring Suits LATEST STYLES $9.00

ORDER NOW and have the first choice of our large spring materials. Remember, we make to order now—don't wait until hot months, then rush a suit through our workrooms—come and have the regular fit things which you are entitled to. Remember, we have the best equipment, workshop in this city. Our workmen the best paid. Know what you are getting.

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FREE SHIRT WAIST with every order for a suit OUR PRICES ARE LOWER

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Telephone Order Look For 771 Not connected with any other Green.

For The Ladies

Easter Suits Made To Order at $8.00

This is the greatest offer made to Boston! It includes materials, lining and workmanship and we guarantee it absolutely.

Look at our patterns and styles and you will see as hundreds of other have—give us a call. You will become a regular customer.

Remember this—our work is backed by a reputation of 20 years and we guarantee satisfaction to each and every customer or refund the money.

Our Lady's suit material and workmanship is the best. Ours is the only Tailoring Store in Boston. We will also make you a smart tailor-made suit for $12.50. Dresses $8. Long coats $6, all sizes.

Be sure of the name and number

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Warts, Pimples, Blotches and all Facial Blemishes Corrected Permanently. 17 years experience. Consultation Free. Hours 9 to 6. Sundays 10 to 1 Tues., Fri. Eves. 7 to 8.

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A more sensible support for Swollen Limbs, Varicose Veins and Fallen Arches than our Coolfoot Laced Stockings, made to measure for $2.00 and sold by most $1.50? Adjustable, washable, durable. Blanks on request.

Notice—So called Immovable Bones and Gloves below the ankles are worthless, nasty and quickly cured without discomfort by our patriotically original method established over 20 years; no cutting, scraping or burning and patient proved on 3 feet entire time. COOLISS LIMB SPECIALTY CO., Dept. A., No. 18 COURT SQUARE (Smith Building), Boston, Mass.

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KINDLING WOOD

10 BUSHELS $10; good kindling wood, from 3 to 6 inches long, delivered. Write or 'phone. Woods' Wood Yard, 64 Harvest St., Dorchester. Tel. South Boston 196.

Razors Concaved & Honed, Shears and Clippers Ground. Full line of instruments for barbers and tailors. 179 Washington St., Boston. Up one flight.

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Tailor-Made Suits to Order, $15.00. Skirt $5.00. Alterations to Fit. LAMODE CO., 507 Washington St.

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Venetian Red in Pure Linseed Oil Per 4c Pound

We have on hand 4200 pounds Venetian Red, ground in pure linseed oil, in 12½ and 25-pound cans, which we will sell for 4c per pound. We guarantee these goods not to be hard; the reason for selling at this price is that the packages and labels are slightly damaged. Also remember, any color ready mixed paint or interior varnish for $1.00 per gallon.

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With every lamp is packed a Bestov Lamp Burner, which is as well as better than the burner that comes with the lamp. It is the ordinary machine with an improvement. Nays! Nays! Nays!

Try This FREE! Stops Backache

Not a Sample, NOT A TRIAL, Not a Test or Proof Treatment, but a Regular, Full, Complete Course, TO TRY FREE.

THE TRUE REMEDY FOR

Kidneys, Bladder, Rheumatism

My New Three-fold LEXOID Treatment Is Now Saving Thousands From That Back-Breaking, Digging, Twisting, Terrible, Torturing Agony, Eases Stiff Joints, Quiets Those Heart-Wringing Rheumatic Pains, Soothes Those Unbearable Bladder Troubles and Quickly Stops the Pain.

The Greatest Offer Ever Made!

Don't spend another needless day of suffering. I will send you my **REGULAR, FULL, COMPLETE, THREE-FOLD LEXOID, COMBINED COURSE OF TREATMENT** without a penny's expense, **CHARGES PAID, TO TRY FREE,** just as my unequalled offer states. **I DON'T MEAN A SMALL, WORTHLESS SAMPLE,** or a **TRIAL TEST TREATMENT,** that you can't tell anything about. I mean a **REGULAR, FULL TREATMENT,** and when I say a full treatment, **I MEAN A FULL TREATMENT,** just as I say. I will send it to you **COMPLETE—CHARGES PAID—DELIVERED TO YOUR DOOR—READY FOR YOU TO USE—SO YOU CAN COMMENCE IT AT ONCE.**

Now, I hope you won't doubt me, because you do not know me personally, and you do not know my word is good as gold. You may have seen ads before, offering full treatments, and then when you answered them, found out that in each case you got a small trial treatment, lasting a few days or a week, and that you had to send money first to get the full treatment, and you may think this offer is just like all the rest—**IT IS NOT**—please don't think I am trying to fool you—No—I don't do that kind of business. Don't think there is a string to this offer—there are no strings to this offer—**NO, INDEED.** I said I would send you a full, complete treatment, and **I WILL DO SO.** You won't be fooled. I will send you a **REGULAR FULL TREATMENT,** just as I say I will. I will send it charges paid, as soon as I hear from you—**THE SAME DAY—BY RETURN MAIL.** There are no promises to make—no papers to sign—no references to give—no charges or C. O. D.'s to pay, and you are not obligated to spend a penny.

My treatment has helped thousands to regain their health. Those with tired, lame, aching backs, with unbearable bladder and urinary troubles, others stiff and bent with rheumatism—and it has made them well, the most chronic, severe, long-standing, obstinate cases, after all else had failed to cure them. Hundreds using my treatment in despair, have gone their way rejoicing. They were hopeless, and it made them well. They were suffering, and it eased their pains, soothed their aches, brightened their lives and made them happy, and now, I offer you my wonderful treatment **TO TRY FREE—TAKE IT—USE IT—AND SEE FOR YOURSELF.**

If you have backache, **KIDNEY, BLADDER TROUBLE or RHEUMATISM,** dizziness, puffy swellings under the eyes or in the feet and ankles, nervousness, tired and worn-out feeling, if the urine is light and pale, dark colored or cloudy, if you make water often, getting up during the night, if it smarts and burns in passing, if there is sediment or brick dust when it stands, **YOU NEED MY TREATMENT WITHOUT A MINUTE'S DELAY.**

My specialty is such diseases. I treat thousands of cases—helping them after all else has failed. I am successful in my life work, because I love it. I love my profession. My whole mind and soul are wrapped up in it, and I am happy. You would be happy, too, if you were bringing happiness to thousands of suffering people right along as I am now. I love to feel I am helping people to enjoy life, and I want to help you to see the bright side of life, and enjoy every minute of **TRUE HEALTH AND HAPPINESS.**

I want to help you to get well, and be strong again, so you can work, and walk, and run, and jump without pain; so you can sleep without disturbance, and wake up refreshed and rested, able to use every muscle, nerve, chord and joint of your body without suffering misery all the time.

I want you to try my regular **FULL, COMPLETE TREATMENT.** My new scientific course of medicines. Harmless, soothing, healing, penetrating remedies, that **REACH THE SPOT, DRIVE AWAY URIC ACID, CLEANSE, PURIFY, STRENGTHEN, INVIGORATE AND ENCOURAGE THE KIDNEYS TO PROPERLY FILTER THE BLOOD. THAT STOP THE PAIN, GIVE STRENGTH TO THE NERVES, NEW LIFE AND AMBITION TO THE MIND AND BODY, AND DO IT QUICKLY, QUIETLY, WITHOUT LOSS OF TIME.**

My Unequaled Offer

Now, here is my offer—I will send you **A REGULAR, FULL COMPLETE, THREE-FOLD LEXOID COURSE OF TREATMENT, WITHOUT A PENNY IN ADVANCE—CHARGES PAID—READY TO USE—TO TRY FREE,** just as I promise. Remember, I don't mean a **SAMPLE,** or a **TRIAL,** or a **TEST,** such as others call **PROOF TREATMENTS. I MEAN A REGULAR, FULL, COMPLETE COURSE OF REMEDIES—SO YOU CAN COMMENCE AT ONCE.**

Take it when it comes. **USE HALF OF IT, AND SEE JUST WHAT IT DOES.** Then when you know it has helped you, **WHEN YOU KNOW YOU ARE GETTING BETTER,** just send me a small amount, an amount within your easy reach—an amount you can easily afford to spare—that is all I'll ask. I know you'll be willing to do your part **WHEN IT HELPS YOU—AND YOUR WORD IS GOOD ENOUGH FOR ME.** It will help you quickly. But you are to pay nothing **UNLESS IT DOES.** Try it first, pay afterwards when you know. **NOT BEFORE.** When you have used half of it, if you are not satisfied, return what's left, **AND PAY NOTHING. IT DON'T COST YOU A PENNY TO TRY MY TREATMENT**—I will send it to you charges paid, **TAKE IT, TRY IT, AND FIND OUT.**

I am the only one today making this offer, sending a full treatment, on free trial for such diseases. You know I could not afford to do it, if I did not feel sure it would help you—if I did not know its curing powers. That's why I can afford to send it first—**BUT YOU ARE THE ONE TO DECIDE;** you are the one to be the judge. It must help you, it must satisfy you—**BEFORE YOU SEND A PENNY.** And you are the one to say: **I WILL TAKE YOUR WORD.** It's all left right with you yourself. What you say goes. That's all I care for. I don't want a penny unless it helps you. I would not take a cent that I am not entitled to. I believe in giving everyone a square deal—in being honest—it's my religion—I want to do what's right—that's why I am making you the **BROADEST, MOST STRAIGHTFORWARD FAIREST, MOST LIBERAL ONE-SIDED OFFER, EVER MADE.** When I have confidence enough in my treatment to send it to you this way, I know you'll **BE WILLING TO TRY IT AT MY EXPENSE—THAT'S ALL I ASK.** Don't send a penny in your letter, **NOT EVEN A POSTAGE STAMP;** just your name and address and where to send the treatment. Address your letter to me personally, like this:

DR. H. MICHELL DeWERTH,
180 Lexoid Building, Cleveland, Ohio.

NOTE—Every suffering reader should write at once for Dr. DeWerth's wonderful treatment. The remedies he sends have helped thousands to cure themselves at home. The fact that he sends a full treatment, to try free, instead of samples as others do, not only shows his confidence in the treatment, but also that he is a fair, just, broad, liberal, honest man, as well, and worthy of the utmost confidence. It seems now that any one who continues to suffer, with this wonderful treatment, that is helping thousands, within their reach, to try free, at his expense, has no right to complain.

DON'T SEND ANY MONEY—JUST SEND THIS COUPON

Doctor H. Michell DeWerth
180 Lexoid Bldg., Cleveland, Ohio.

Please send me your REGULAR, FULL, COMPLETE, THREE-FOLD LEXOID COURSE OF TREATMENT as you promise above, all charges paid, TO TRY FREE. Also your FREE book about Uric Acid, Kidney, Bladder Trouble and Rheumatism.

My Name is.....

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St. or R. F. D......

H.A.

"Perfectly Cured."

Gentlemen: I suppose you will be glad to hear that I no longer suffer with kidney trouble and that your medicine has completely cured me. I feel free and have no more symptoms of kidney trouble. If this testimonial will be of any benefit to other sufferers, you have my full permission to publish same. I will answer all letters addressed to me from those that wish to learn the truth regarding curative properties of your medicine. I am

Yours respectfully,
J. E. BOATS,
Zoar Grove, Pa.

"A Well Man Again."

THE LEXOID CO.

Gentlemen: After I had tried the LEXOID treatment I had no hesitation in saying I could now recommend it to any one who has a bad case of kidney and bladder trouble as I had. I was troubled with my back, it pained me so I could hardly rest nights, and my bladder was so I could hardly get my water started. Two bottles of the LEXOID medicine, as I can say I am a well man again, what I couldn't say for a number of years. I am 71 years old, and don't have an ache or a pain anywhere. Thanks to LEXOID for it, and also to Doctor DeWerth for the interest he has taken in my case.

I can recommend LEXOID to any one who is suffering as I did, for I am sure it will help them.

You have the privilege to use this if it will help any one that is suffering as I did, for I owe that everyone that I have met. I am one's good friend and patient.

Yours truly,
JOHN BEAN
Rumbell, Minn.

"Lexoid Did Cure Me."

THE LEXOID CO.

Gentlemen: Some time ago I wrote you in regard to my health. I will say that I feel as well as a man can feel. At my age I am in my 70th year. I can say when I started to you for treatment I was suffering with kidney trouble and rheumatism. I took LEXOID treatment for two months and I weighed 162 pounds. Before I used it I had to cure me of kidney trouble, but I received relief from LEXOID at once. To me I will say that LEXOID did more for me than anyone who wants a letter from me will get one by sending a stamp. I am a man of few words.

Yours respectfully,
SAM'L BROWN,
No. Limington, Me.

"Perfectly Cured."

Dear Doctor:—I write this to let you know what the LEXOID treatment has done for me. When I commenced the treatment I was suffering from a severe kidney trouble. I used to take a dose after dinner for a headache, which would take me several months to get rid of. I also had a pain in the small of my back, which was very severe, also in the loins. My urine was thick and cloudy with sediment like brick dust, and there was a scum floating over it. My back was so weak I could scarcely get around. I commenced on the LEXOID treatment in the first of September and the pains are all gone, and my urine is clear and has a normal color, and my kidneys are better as I feel perfectly cured. I know my address to any one who may take LEXOID. Send for it. Yours truly,

ALEX JOHN MACKETT,
Nevada, Ca.

"Well As I Ever Was."

Dear Sir—Yours of the 15th at hand. Will say that I am glad if the correspondence I have anyone who is suffering as I did, as I was, can get a statement of my case from beginning.

Two years ago I went to Canada and while constructing a telephone line a great deal of the streets there had to drive the horses in water of the place. It affected my stomach, then my kidneys, and finally put me in a condition that I had to quit work. I came home and continued to grow from bad to worse. I took treatment from several Doctors here, and Doctors of Kansas City, as well as with very indifferent results. At last I was advised to use Peruna, and as all else had failed, I concluded to try it. I was completely discouraged, as I was in such a condition that I thought my time was short for me. About three months ago I saw a testimonial from a party concerning LEXOID treatment, and thought to try it. I sent for a box, and after using it for a short time I felt like a new man. I continued using it for about two months, and was well as ever. I have not had a pain since. I have not had to use anything I want, and

R. F. CHANDLER, Irvine, Ky.

"Effective in Its Cure."

Dear Sir—I had rheumatism and kidney trouble for at least 10 years. I tried many remedies, but found no relief. At last I concluded to try LEXOID, and have used but little more than half of the contents of one box. I have worked day after day since using LEXOID, and have had no trouble. I believe LEXOID is effective in its cure. I have recommended it to many friends, and will continue to do so. I am a farmer and have a large farm to look after, and LEXOID is indeed a one home treatment for kidney trouble and rheumatism. I am glad to say that I am entirely cured, and now I feel like a new man altogether. I am glad to say that I am entirely cured, and now I feel like a new man altogether.

E. J. RANDALL,
Pattonville, Texas.

R. F. D. No. 1.

"In Bed With Rheumatism."

Dear Sir—When I started your treatment I was nearly dead than alive had been confined to my bed with rheumatism for several weeks, and can't find no relief no matter what I used. Had spent quite a lot of money when I commenced the LEXOID treatment. In a few days I was feeling better and continued to feel better and finally say that I am entirely well free from all pains and aches. I cannot and pray blessings on you and LEXOID for what it has done for me. I am so thankful that I am entirely cured, and will recommend LEXOID to all sufferers. Thanking you for relief I have received, I remain

MRS. ANNIE L. DIAMOND,
Wyanet, Ill.

Dr. DeWerth Has Hundreds More of Just Such Letters on File in His Offices.

"Lexoid Cure Me."

THE LEXOID CO.

Gentlemen: Some time ago I wrote you in regard to my health. I will say that I feel as well as a man can feel. At my age I am in my 70th year. I can say when I started to you for treatment I was suffering with kidney trouble and rheumatism. I took LEXOID treatment for two months and I weighed 162 pounds. Before I used it I had to cure me of kidney trouble, but I received relief from LEXOID at once. To me I will say that LEXOID did more for me than anyone who wants a letter from me will get one by sending a stamp. I am a man of few words.

Yours respectfully,
SAM'L BROWN,
No. Limington, Me.

"Perfectly Cured."

Dear Doctor:—I write this to let you know what the LEXOID treatment has done for me. When I commenced the treatment I was suffering from a severe kidney trouble. I used to take a dose after dinner for a headache, which would take me several months to get rid of. I also had a pain in the small of my back, which was very severe, also in the loins. My urine was thick and cloudy with sediment like brick dust, and there was a scum floating over it. My back was so weak I could scarcely get around. I commenced on the LEXOID treatment in the first of September and the pains are all gone, and my urine is clear and has a normal color, and my kidneys are better as I feel perfectly cured. I know my address to any one who may take LEXOID. Send for it. Yours truly,

ALEX JOHN MACKETT,
Nevada, Ca.

"Effective in Its Cure."

Dear Sir—I had rheumatism and kidney trouble for at least 10 years. I tried many remedies, but found no relief. At last I concluded to try LEXOID, and have used but little more than half of the contents of one box. I have worked day after day since using LEXOID, and have had no trouble. I believe LEXOID is effective in its cure. I have recommended it to many friends, and will continue to do so. I am a farmer and have a large farm to look after, and LEXOID is indeed a one home treatment for kidney trouble and rheumatism. I am glad to say that I am entirely cured, and now I feel like a new man altogether. I am glad to say that I am entirely cured, and now I feel like a new man altogether.

E. J. RANDALL,
Pattonville, Texas.

R. F. D. No. 1.

"In Bed With Rheumatism."

Dear Sir—When I started your treatment I was nearly dead than alive had been confined to my bed with rheumatism for several weeks, and can't find no relief no matter what I used. Had spent quite a lot of money when I commenced the LEXOID treatment. In a few days I was feeling better and continued to feel better and finally say that I am entirely well free from all pains and aches. I cannot and pray blessings on you and LEXOID for what it has done for me. I am so thankful that I am entirely cured, and will recommend LEXOID to all sufferers. Thanking you for relief I have received, I remain

MRS. ANNIE L. DIAMOND,
Wyanet, Ill.

EASTER CARDS

You can see them now better than later. You can stand at the counter and not be jostled—no elbows against your sides; better opportunity to move about and examine the tokens than when the crowd comes.

Shepard Norwell Company

WINTER ST. TEMPLE PL. TREMONT ST.

KNOX HATS

Can't say too much for the Spring styles. The value is there, the style is there; fresh, new, beautiful. The question that the feathers ask is: "Why don't you take me?"—$10.00 to $35.00.

THE SHEPARD SEMI-ANNUAL NOTION SALE

The qualities, prices and varieties that have come to represent the **SHEPARD** standard could not fail to win the preference of frugal people.

"NOTIONS"—The word has grown amazingly broad and inclusive in its application. Arising needs develop new NOTIONS. Article after article has been added, until the assortment is almost without limit.

If you don't like crowds, sit quietly at home and leisurely make out a list of what you want, mail it to us, and we will deliver the goods by electric, gasolene, or horse power—or parcel post them to you. *But we prefer to have you come*

We are alert in our watch of this wonderfully progressive interest—no shortcomings — **COMPLETENESS** and **SATISFACTION,** always.

Dressmakers, who absorb great quantities of **NOTIONS,** are the largest and steadiest purchasers at our counters. That fact is a tribute to their money-wise discrimination, as well as to our leadership.

WE Guard the stocks closely. Never admit trash of any kind. Stand between you and shams.

THE ENTIRE THOROUGHFARE WILL BE SURRENDERED TO NOTIONS

YOU Know our NOTION Store. Know its practical advantages. Confirm the claims we make.

PINS AND NEEDLES

Pin Cubes, containing 144 pins, jet, white and assorted colors; value 12½c; sale price.....7¢

Kirby Beard English Pins, value 10c to 15c; sale price.....8¢

Mourning Pins, in boxes, value 5c a box . . . . 10 boxes 8¢

Pin Sheets, black, white and assorted colors, value 5c a paper; sale price.....2 for 5¢

Dressmakers' Pins, half-pound boxes, value 25c; sale price..15¢

English Pins, 600 count, value 5c; sale price.....4¢

English Pins, 400 count; sale price . . . . . .2 for 5¢

Safety Pins, "Clinton," "Victoria" and "Stewarts," value 5c a card; sale price.....2 for 5¢

Milward's Sewing Needles, value 5c a paper; sale price...2 for 5¢

Invisible Hair Pins, assorted sizes in cabinets, value 5c; sale price . . . . . .3 for 10¢

Wire Hair Pins, straight or crimped, value 5c paper, sale price.....2 for 5¢

Hair Pins, large size, heavy and invisible, value 5c cabinet; sale price.....3 for 10¢

SUPPORTERS

"Velvet Grip" and "Lindsay Sew-on" White Supporters, value 12½c a pair.....3 pairs 25¢

White Sew-on Supporters, made of heavy suspender elastic, with rubber button, value 10c; sale price.....4 pairs 25¢

Pin-on Supporters, with rubber button, black, blue, pink, for women and misses, value 15c; sale price. . . . . 10¢

Satin Pad Garters, black, blue, white, value 25c; sale price .19¢

DRESS SHIELDS

Light-Weight Shields, sizes 2, 3, 4, value 10c a pair...4 pairs 25¢

"Zephyrweight" Shields, washable, every pair warranted, sizes 2, 3, 4, values 15c and 17c pair; sale price.....2 pairs 25¢

Silk-Covered Shields, sizes 2, 3, 4, regular value 20c and 25c pair.....2 pairs 25¢

SEWING SILKS

Black Silk, pure dye, standard quality, size A-O, 1-oz. spools, value 75c; sale price...43¢

Belding's "Prize Medal" Silk, black and white, all sizes, value 60c spool; sale price. . . .40¢

"Eureka" Black Silk, pure dye, best quality, sizes A B O, value 60c spool, sale price..39¢

Silk, black, white, navy, brown and slate, size A, large spool, value 25c; sale price.....20¢

Silk, black and white, put up expressly for dressmaking, value 25c spool; sale price..18¢

Silk, black only, for hand or machine use, sizes A-B-O, large spools, value 15c; sale price .....10¢

Our Best Silk, black, white and colors, 100-yard spools, value 10c; sale price 75c dozen, or, each.....7¢

Sewing Silk, Keswick & Springfield make, black, white and colors, 100-yard spools, value 5c; sale price.....3 for 10¢

Darning Silk, black, white and tan, value 5c; sale price.....3 for 10¢

BEST NOTIONS AT MUCH LESS THAN OUR USUAL PRICES

SEWING MACHINE SUPPLIES

Best grade of Needles for Standard, Singer, New Home, Shepard, White, Wheeler & Wilson Domestic, Davis, Wilcox & Gibbs and Household Machines, a dozen.....12¢

9¢ for 18c Henderson's Stainless Oil.

18¢ for 25c Henderson's Stainless Oil.

15¢ for 20c Full-Length Machine Belts.

10¢ for 25c "Star" Needle Threader.

TAPE, BRAID, BINDING, BELTING

English Tape, white, ¼ to 1 inch wide, 10 yards, values 8c to 16c; sale price.....5¢

White Tape, half-inch wide, 24-yard pieces, value 12½c; sale price.....5¢

India Block Tape, assorted widths, value 3c; sale price.....3 for 5¢

Weighted Tape, black and white, value 10c yard; sale price....6¢

Lingerie Braid, blue, pink, white, 10-yard pieces, value 10c; sale price.....5¢

Featherstitched Braid, white and colored; sale price.....5¢

Embroidery Braids and Insertions, in colors, 6 yard pieces, value 25c; sale price. . . . . .15¢

Taffeta Binding, our best quality, black and white, value 15c; sale price .....11¢

Silk Taffeta Binding, 5/4 line, black and white, value 12½c; sale price .....9¢

Silk Taffeta Binding, 5¼ line, staple colors, value 12½c; sale price .....9¢

Prussian Binding, best quality, black and white, 9-yard pieces, value 25c; sale price.....18¢

Prussian Binding, good quality, black and white, value 19c; sale price .....12¢

Curvus Binding, black and white, 12-yard pieces, value 35c; sale price .....20¢

Double Silk Serge Belting, black and white, 9-yard pieces, ⅞ in., value 65c; sale price..50¢

1 in., value 75c; sale price...55¢

Grosgrain Silk Belting, best quality, black and white, 2 in., value 25c yd.; sale price.17¢

2¼ in., val. 30c yd.; sale price.20¢

Grosgrain Cotton Belting, black and white, 1⅝ & 2 in., val. 10c; sale price..5¢

1⅝ & 2 in., val. 12½c; sale price 6¢

SHEARS

Every Pair Fully Warranted

DRESSMAKERS' NICKEL PLATED Worth 50c and 75c. Sale price.....39c

Stork Embroidery Scissors, 3½ and 4 inches, value 50c; sale price .....39¢

Steel Scissors, 3½ to 6 inches, value 25c; sale price.....19¢

Embroidery Scissors, gilt handles, 2½ inches, value 19c; sale price .....15¢

Steel Nail Files, assorted lengths, value 10c; sale price.....7¢

BEST NOTIONS

Two-Hundred-Yard Spools CLARK'S O.N.T. COATS' WILLIMANTIC Black and White Value 5c, Sale Price **3 SPOOLS FOR 10c**

Five-Hundred-Yard Spools BASTING COTTON Value 4c, Sale Price **4 SPOOLS FOR 10c**

Kerr's Black LUSTRE THREAD Value 12½c, Sale Price **3 SPOOLS FOR 25c**

Linen-finished BLACK THREAD Value 5c, Sale Price **2 SPOOLS FOR 5c**

Merrick's and O. N. T. DARNING COTTON White, Black, Tan. Value 3c, Sale Price **3 SPOOLS FOR 5c**

DEXTER'S DARNING COTTON Black, White and Colors Value 3c, Sale Price **6 SPOOLS FOR 10c**

Mercerized DARNING COTTON Black, White, Tan, Slate Value 5c, Sale Price **3 SPOOLS FOR 10c**

WAXED DENTAL FLOSS Value 10c, Sale Price **4 SPOOLS FOR 25c**

MISCELLANEOUS

Whatever other retailers may do, you will always find us resolute and firm in the policy of keeping out inferior grades. Our pride is centred in giving REAL values.

Thimbles—Celluloid or German silver—value 5c.....2 for 5¢

Kid Curlers, all colors and sizes, value 8c, 10c, 15c; sale price..6¢

Tape Measures, 60 inches long, value 5c; sale price...3 for 10¢

Stitched Sateen Tape Measure, 60 inches long, value 10c; sale price .....5¢

Vienna Oval Hat Elastic, black and white, 12-yard pieces, value 25c; sale price .....10¢

Darning Eggs, natural wood, value 5c; sale price.....2 for 5¢

Shoe Laces, 1, 1¼ and 1½ yards long, value 10c dozen; sale price .....5¢

Black Silk Shoe Laces, value 20c pair; sale price.....15¢

Tailors' Chalk, box containing 72 pieces, value 25c; sale price.18¢

Ironing Wax with handle, value 15c dozen; sale price.....8¢

Nickel-plated Spool Stands, value 15c; sale price.....10¢

Dress Weights, sizes 3, 4, 5, box containing 100; sale price.....40¢

Tomato Pin Cushions, value 5c; sale price.....3 for 10¢

Warren's Silk-Covered Featherbone, 12-yard boxes, value $1.00; sale price... .....69¢

All-over Hair Nets, large size, three shades of brown, value 15c; sale price.....3 for 25¢

Collar Supporters, Keitel's and real whalebone, white only, value 10c card; sale price.....5¢

Removable and Spiral Collar Supporters, value 5c; sale price.....3 for 10¢

Celluloid Collar Supporters, value 5c; sale price.....3 for 10¢

Dust Cloths, large size, value 20c; sale price.....2 for 25¢

Dust Caps, an assortment of patterns, value 10c; sale price.....4 for 25¢

Asbestos Iron Holders, best quality, value 5c; sale price..3 for 10¢

Folding Coat Hangers, nickel plated, value 10c each; sale price.....4 for 25¢

Net Foundation Collars, value 5c; sale price.....3 for 10¢

Elastic Sanitary Belts; small, medium and large, value 25c; sale price .....19¢

Sanitary Skirt Protector, value 25c; sale price.....19¢

Cable Cord, black and white, large balls, value 60c; sale price .....45¢

"EUREKA" HOOKS-AND-EYES— White and black, value 3c a card; sale price..... **3 FOR 5c**

HOOKS-AND-EYES— Black and white, 2 dozen extra loops, value 5c card; sale price..... **3 FOR 10c**

INVISIBLE HOOKS-AND-EYES— Black and white, value 5c a card; sale price..... **3 FOR 10c**

LINING SPECIALS

17c for 25c Italian Cloth, 36 in., black and colors.

65c for 75c Guaranteed Satin, 36 in., all colors.

75c for $1.00 Yarn-dyed Black Satin, 36 in.

REMNANTS ½ PRICE

Satins—Sateens—Percalines—Lawns—Venetians —Canvas and Cambric.

NOTICE

We've had a general sweep up and clean out of all Silks that lagged—and some that didn't lag. The trade current that's been surging through the store carried them out. But there'll be no lull—because

SPRING SILKS GREET YOU

BROCHE CREPES Are conspicuous—softly crinkly; light, airy and classic in their draping grace. There's a quiet, elegant billowness about Crepe that few other Silks can equal. For modest richness these Broche Crepes fill a niche almost their own—40 to 42 inches wide...$2.00 and $3.50

BROCADED SATIN—Used alone or in combination with plain contrasting or concording color—36 inches wide.....$1.50, $2.00 and $2.50

CHARMEUSSE—Think of Charmeuse perfection and then look—beauties you never suspected. Don't make up your mind by the price-tags. It's your good fortune that there *are* such $1.50, $2.00 and $2.25 Charmeuses.

There isn't a weak spot in the SHEPARD Silk Store. Latest spinnings and tintings turning up there every day, almost. An all-the-time flood of freshness and brightness.

THE SHEPARD DRESS GOODS FULL RANKS FOR SPRING

We can't do them justice with newspaper talk. Such color blendings and contrasts! Such weaving! Art studies. No fuzz and fuss about these European and American novelty fabrics. Distinct styles, every one rich, charming.

TWO-TONED STRIPED SUITINGS—50 inches wide—soft brown, gray and blue shades. Just a touch of dashiness in the effect—good, honest stuff, at..$1.35

PEBLIM EPONGE—Plain and stripes; singly or combined it makes a dress full of beauty surprises. Nell rose, gold brown, old blue and black; 52 inches wide.....$3.00

BORDERED VOILES—One season teaches another—that's why Voiles are lovelier this year than last. And such colors—nile, gold, lavender, tan, old blue and mais; 46 inches wide.....$3.25

CHANGEABLE BORDERED POPLINS—The dressy, ribby and cordy woven delicacy that wears so well—and the glinting of the chasing tints adds interest—brown-and-green, rose-and-reseda, helio-and-myrtle; 46 inches wide.....$3.50

GLACE POPLINS—Vivid with decorative floral borders—patterns that out-Persian the Persianest you ever saw—blue-and-brown, rose-and-moss green, old blue-and-tan; 46 inches wide.....$3.00

SHEPHERD CHECKS—Replete with Scotch and English solidity and substance. Ideal for land or sea. Whatever style you please. Keep the *need* in mind. The choosing will be easy.

44 inches wide, at.....$1.00 | 54 inches wide, at.....$1.75
47 inches wide, at.....$1.25 | 54 inches wide, at.....$2.00

BED PUFFS

THREE GREAT SPECIALS

80 BED PUFFS, filled with clean, carded cotton, covered with silkoline, choice designs.....$2.00

40 BED PUFFS, filled with fluffy wool, both sides covered with figured French sateen with plain border, value $5.00; special..$3.50

50 BED PUFFS, filled with pure wool, one side covered with Cheney's figured silk with plain border, reverse side covered with plain silk, value $7.50; special $5.00

BED SPREADS

48 Satin-finished Scalloped-edged Spreads, cut corners, size 90x100 inches; special at.....$3.45

36 Fine Scalloped-edged Spreads, cut corners, large enough for full-sized bed, slight imperfections, value $5.00; special.....$3.95

A good Spread may be or may not be a mite wrong. A little dust rubs in and for that mere speck of a spot you save $1.05.

BLANKETS

There's a buzz through Blankets. Business hardly ever lags. When you buy here your profit isn't nebulous. The motive of the following offerings is to make *good* business better:

OUR "JOHNSTON" BLANKET 50 PER CENT WOOL

Full bed size, pink or blue borders—one of the Shepard standbys.....$3.50

OUR "FALMOUTH" BLANKET 65 PER CENT WOOL

Large size, pink or blue borders; soft, luxurious and warmthful $4.00

GOLDEN FLEECE BLANKET 75 PER CENT WOOL

Woven of fine California yarn —big, tuck-in size; pink, blue, yellow borders $5.00

$5.75 BLANKETS $4.75
Only 28 pairs. Heavy Western fleece, full size, weight five pounds, pink or blue borders.

$7.00 BLANKETS $5.75
Only 22 pairs. Fine selected wool, finished with white ribbon binding four inches wide; size 78x84 inches.

THE SHEPARD NEW STORE FOR CHILDREN IS READY

You will now find the **CHILDREN'S** store a half block nearer Tremont Street.

YOUR CHILD'S DRESS—What shall it be? Easy to ask, hard to answer. But we have answered it for you. We've never before had so much in garments for the little ones to make mothers exclaim with delight. New things—and pretty things—till you wonder who thought them all out. How shall we tell you of them, or even name them? Won't try. Only dodge about here and there; take at random and pass on with an urgent invitation for you to come and see them.

Infants' White Slips and Dresses, Dutch neck, yoke and Bishop models.....50¢ to $4.95

Children's Wash Dresses, made of gingham, chambray or crash; Russian, waist and middy models; sizes 2 to 6 years.....50¢ to $3.95

Girls' Wash Dresses, all the new effects in checks, plaids and stripes, gored or pleated skirts; sizes 6 to 14 years; exceptional values at.....$2.95

Children's, Girls' and Junior Misses' White Dresses, trimmed with laces and embroideries. Dainty, graceful styles for all occasions; prices range from.....$1.95 to $15.00

GLOVES, UMBRELLAS AND TOILET GOODS

AT HOME TO YOU MONDAY IN THE SHEPARD NEW STORE

"RELIABLE" GLOVES

Casting about for a trade-name to fit our Gloves we chose **"RELIABLE"** and had the word, in its relation to Gloves, copyrighted.

We have a legal monopoly of the strong adjective. The character of our Gloves justifies the appropriation. Here are special values to introduce the **SHEPARD** New Store for Gloves. They are without rivalry.

Women's "Reliable" One-Clasp Cape Gloves, prixseams, spear back, several shades of tan; special at.....85¢

Women's "Reliable" Sixteen-Button Imported White Kid Mousquetaire Gloves, overseam sewn; special at $1.95

Men's "Reliable" Cape Gloves, prixseams, spear back, several shades of tan; a splendid quality; special at.....75¢

Children's "Reliable" Cape Gloves, prixseams, broad model; sizes for children from 1 to 17 years; special at.....$1.00

UMBRELLAS

They are settled in the new home—but not for long. Scores will surely hie hence as soon as the following has been read and assimilated by prudent people.

Women's Silk Umbrellas, black, blue, green and red, mission wood, silver and gun metal handles, silk case and tassel to match; value $3.00; special.....$1.95

Men's Silk Umbrellas, mounted on fine, strong paragon frames, plain or silver-trimmed mission or boxwood handles; values $3.00 and $4.00; special.....$2.50

Children's Umbrellas, sturdy American taffeta, horn, mission and boxwood handles, case and tassel to match; value $1.50; special $1.00

There are many other Umbrellas for you to see, and the ones at higher prices are relatively as great values as the foregoing.

TOILET GOODS

They are now arranged in the new store and occupy about double the space they did formerly.

PEROXIDE, 16-ounce bottle; visualize the size—generous isn't it? Regular price 15c; special.....9¢

COTTON, Antiseptic Absorbent Cotton. It should always be kept handy in home or hospital; pound package; value 25c; special .....17¢

RUBBER HOT WATER BOTTLES, red or chocolate colored, every one guaranteed for a year; 2- and 3- quart sizes; value $1.25 and $1.50; special .....59¢

HAIR BRUSHES—Samples of imported makes, ebony, rose and light-tinted woods, solid back, pure bristles; values $1.25 to $2.50; special.....95¢

Complete assortment of **SHEPARD "PURITAN" TOILET ARTICLES.**

WASH GOODS

The Shepard Wash Goods Store is three floors up. Bear it in mind. You can't go there without finding something to your advantage. Don't think of what *has been,* judge now.

MERCERIZED BROCADED POPLINS—28 inches wide. The figures are in self colors, value 37½c; special.....25¢

LOOM GOLD MESSALINE—A refined silk-finished cotton with foulard patterns, 28 inches wide; special.....29¢

NON-CRUSH LINEN SUITING —36 inches wide—all the new-est colors. Nothing better for suits or dresses.....59¢

10¢ for 17c White Mercerized Nainsook—40 inches wide.

11¢ for 19c White Mercerized Poplins with self-colored stripes, 28 inches wide.

KNIT UNDERWEAR

In shifting the stocks we have at last contrived to get all the Men's, Women's and Children's Knit Underwear in the *same* section. This means greater convenience for you—and us.

Women's Pearler Cotton Union Suits, hand-trimmed, regular and extra sizes, high neck, long sleeves, ankle length, worth $1.00 and $1.25; choice.....69¢

Misses' Bleached Cotton Union Suits, medium weight, high neck, long sleeves, ankle length, worth 50c and 58c; choice .....28¢

SPECIAL OFFERING OF 450 PAIR SCRIM AND MARQUISETTE CURTAINS

Many are our own private patterns and cannot be seen anywhere else. Some of the marquisettes are beautifully hand-drawn and others are trimmed with strong, artistic linen lace.

THEY ARE WORTH FROM $2.00 TO $6.00. CHOICE $1.25 TO $4.50 PAIR

SLIP COVERS, WINDOW SHADES, WALL PAPERS, AWNINGS

Place Your Orders With Us Before the Height of the Season.

Our experts will gladly submit original sketches, ideas and estimates for all kinds of furnishings and interior decorations

RATTAN AND WILLOW FURNITURE

Very few people know much about them. Do you? The variety here is complete; prices are for the thrifty. That's true all through the SHEPARD stores.

WANT ADS AND REAL ESTATE
SUNDAY, MARCH 2, 1913.

Boston American

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN NEW ENGLAND

MAIN SHEET PART IV.
SUNDAY, MARCH 2, 1913

The Wilson Cabinet--As It Looks to Close Advisers of the President-Elect

COL. G. W. GOETHALS, 53, of New York, Secretary of War.

E. L. NORRIS, 46, of Montana, Secretary of Interior.

JOSEPHUS DANIELS, 49, of North Carolina, Secretary of Navy.

WILLIAM J. BRYAN, 51, of Nebraska, Secretary of State.

OBADIAH GARDNER, 59, of Maine, Secretary of Agriculture.

W. G. M'ADOO, 48, of New York, Secretary of Treasury.

WILLIAM C. REDFIELD, 55, of New York, Secretary of Commerce.

W. B. WILSON, 49, of Pennsylvania, Secretary of Labor.

JAMES C. M'REYNOLDS, 49, of Tennessee, Attorney-General.

A. S. BURLESON, 48, of Texas, Postmaster-General.

SAYS REVERE IS VICE-RIDDEN BY RULE OF GRAFT

Charles H. Sweney Makes Startling Charges in Campaign for Selectmen.

CHALLENGE, BRING PROOF

REVERE—that town just a little east of Boston, where Boston folk go on hot Sundays in Summer to catch a breath of cool, invigorating sea air—will have a town election on Monday, March 3

Don't think for a moment that Revere is merely a place where you can shoot the chutes for a dime or purchase a glass of pink lemonade for five cents. Not a bit of it. There are in that town nearly 6,000 bona-fide voters And there is some hub-bub this year over the election. There are nearly twenty candidates for the Board of Selectmen.

You can hear town officials being cooked, boiled and roasted alive (verbally) on every street corner.

Produce Evidence, Says Chief.

"There is nothing in these charges of corruption," says C. P. Chaney, acting chief of Police "If there are any illegal resorts in this town, and these candidates have evidence, why don't they bring the evidence to police headquarters? We will stamp them out. They are dealing with glittering generalities Not a one of them will make good."

There are three big questions to be decided at the election on March 3. They are:

Whether the town will vote for license. Whether liquor saloons allegedly to be running will be permitted to exist.

Whether the various town departments will be run on an economic basis.

All of the candidates have promised reforms.

Louis E. Vincent says he is able, aggressive and fearless. He claims to be the candidate for the Board of Selectmen who has a tempered backbone. Just what a tempered backbone is, in the vernacular of the medical profession, Mr. Vincent does not state.

Fruit Salad on the Stump.

Then there is Mr. Charles Garbutt, who lives at Beachmont. Mr. Garbutt has injected something new in political campaigns in Revere—namely hot chocolate and fruit salad.

"Both are conducive to good government," says Mr. Garbutt. The Garbutt Club is composed of twenty-five hustling youngsters, who drink chocolate and eat fruit salad every evening. "Out with the grafters. Down with bosses. Let joy and peace reign in Revere." Those are the slogans of the Garbutt Club

Charles H. Sweney lives at Revere Beach. That is called Precinct 2. Mr. Sweney says some awful sassy things about his town. He is a candidate for the Board of Selectmen. His charming wife, who is very handsome, is his secretary. When an AMERICAN reporter called at his home, No. 611 Beach street, Mrs. Sweney was busily engaged addressing circular letters. She is just as ea

Continued on Page 2, Column 5.

SWEENEY'S CHARGES OF REVERE GRAFT

Profesional politicians governing Revere permit gambling resorts and liquor dives to thrive.

Political grafters have collected hundreds of dollars from the proprietors of places along the boulevard.

A few steps from the post-office there is a gambling joint and liquor nuisance doing a big business.

A certain club operates a high class gambling resort during the Summer months and is protected by certain town officials—*From statement of Charles H. Sweney.*

Taft Spends a Sad Day in Farewell

A Handshake and a Word of Cheer for His Associates at White House on Last Saturday.

WASHINGTON, March 1.—President Taft was engaged in the saddest duty of his years in the White House today when he spent the afternoon saying farewell to his associates The President had a genial handshake and a word of good wishes for the multitude who called to wish him God speed

He also made his last public appearance at the Knights of Columbus banquet. The next time he appears in public will be in his historic home down the avenue with President-elect Wilson when he receives the plaudits of the population, for on the return trip it is the new President who will bow to the cheers.

Late in the afternoon the President visited the Press Club to say farewell to the newspaper men of Washington. Afterward he went to the Universale Club to spend the remainder of the evening. He was the first president of the club.

TVEITMORE IS FREED.

CHICAGO, March 1.—Olve F. Tveitmoe of San Francisco and Peter Smith of Cleveland, imprisoned dynamite conspirators, were ordered released from the Federal penitentiary at Fort Leavenworth, Kas., by the United States Circuit Court of Appeals here today following approval of their bonds. Tveitmoe's bail is $60,000 and Smith's $40,000

The Time--Now
The Place—
Ask for
The Ad Taker

Main 5180

Miss Ad Taker will tell you why it pays to place your ads in the American

WEBB BILL IS LAW; VETO IS OVERRIDDEN

House Follows Lead of Senate and Nullifies President's Action by 244-95 Vote.

WASHINGTON, March 1.—By a vote of 244 to 95 the House today overrode President Taft's veto of the Webb bill prohibiting interstate shipment of liquors for general sale into prohibition territory Yesterday the Senate also overrode the veto and the bill now becomes a law.

This is the first veto of the President that has not been sustained by Congress. Attempts have been made to override other vetoes, but there has been a failure to get the required two-thirds majority in either the House or the Senate.

The Webb bill carries heavy penalties in fines and imprisonment for those engaged in the manufacture of liquors and who ship into dry States or districts for the purpose of sale.

The purpose of the law is to break up the "blind tigers" and like illegal methods for the distribution of liquors in the prohibition States. President Taft vetoed the bill on the ground of unconstitutionality.

HAS BELMONT PORTRAIT.

Countess Unable to Sell Hastily Done Canvass.

NEWPORT, March 1.—The much heralded personage, the Countess Lwoff-Parlaghy, sent her representative, Mr. Liss, to Newport the other day to reclaim a painting of August Belmont at "By-the-Sea" on Bellevue avenue, which she brought to Newport last August, fully expecting to be able to sell to the great financier and turf man. In this the Countess was apparently unsuccessful. She has now removed the canvas, which was done in a very hurried manner. The Princess is a Russian portrait artist, who came to America in 1908 with a string of servants little less than a mile long.

WANT "LIFER" PARDONED.

Petition for Palmer Child Slayer to Be Heard Wednesday.

A hearing will be given Wednesday morning at the State House by the Pardon Committee of the Governor's Council on the petition of Bishop Lawrence and others for the pardon of Edward F. Costello of Palmer, who was sentenced April 9, 1901, to life imprisonment for the murder of his child.

The man was a brakeman and had lost a leg in an accident. He became morose in a fit of jealousy he fired a shot at his wife. It killed the child. He was under the influence of liquor at the time. Costello is a model prisoner.

"TAKE YOUR FUR COAT FOR INAUGURATION," EXPERT TELLS WILSON

MIDDLETOWN, Ct., March 1.—Uncle Horace Johnson, the hoary headed seer who predicted the blizzard that overwhelmed Washington the day Taft took office, despite the weather bureau's prediction of "fair," is out with some advice to President-elect Wilson.

It is: "Mr. Wilson, take along your fur coat to Washington. You will need it."

Uncle Horace, who is in his eighty-ninth year, is no tyro. He has been forecasting for seventy-five years.

Hikers Clamorous and Noisy, Says Gibbons

Cardinal Annoyed by Reports That in Receiving Suffragists He Indorsed Cause.

BALTIMORE, Md., March 1.—"Noisy, clamorous and spectacular" were the terms used by Cardinal Gibbons in describing the recent visit of the hiking suffragists to this city. He was speaking before the women's auxiliary of the St. Raphael Institute here when the annual meeting was in progress Its head

"I wish to say a few words of unstinted praise in behalf of the noble and modest women who have devoted their lives to the sisterhood and the service and spirit of the poor

"Here we have a class of women who know their place. Then look at the other picture in contrast. Or one band we see good accomplished in a quiet, modest way. On the other, we see a noisy, clamorous and spectacular way of other women, and as an example of this I point to the hikers who were among you a few days ago."

10,000 SUFFRAGISTS MARCH TOMORROW

Historic Tableaux to Be Feature of Great Demonstration at Capital.

WASHINGTON, March 1.—With suffragists stepping off almost every train, with two special train loads of suffragists due tomorrow from New York, in addition to big marching delegations of women due from the South and adjoining States, it looks as though the much-heralded parade for Monday afternoon would fulfill the highest expectations of the parade committee It is expected that 10,000 women will be in line.

The last instructions are being given to the "petticoat cavalry," the fair maidens have polished up their bended gowns, the numerous units have orders to play their most inspiring march music, and everything is in readiness for the great procession of women down Pennsylvania avenue, when the gun on Capitol Hill booms the announcement at promptly 2 o'clock for the suffrage army to get under way.

The final details of preparation for the big national suffrage event were disposed of this afternoon with a dress rehearsal of the participants in the beautiful tableaux, to be given on the Treasury steps and on the Plaza fronting the Government building.

Washington society is keen with curiosity over this feature of the big suffrage demonstration, particularly the beautiful society girls who will represent the bare-foot dancers.

This will be the most magnificent feature of the whole afternoon suffrage program, which concludes with a big mass meeting at Continental Hall, which well-known speakers will address.

The American at Inauguration

The AMERICAN has sent a corps of special writers to Washington to report for AMERICAN readers the big suffrage parade and the inauguration ceremonies

NELLIE BLY, the famous woman reporter, will march in the suffrage parade on Monday and will describe this great event.

JOHN TEMPLE GRAVES the celebrated political writer, will tell of the statesmen, their sayings and doings, at the Inauguration.

ELIAS A. McQUAID, the AMERICAN'S special writer, will tell in his usual breezy fashion the part that Massachusetts and other New England folks play at the Inauguration.

ANDREW H. KELLER will accompany the city Democratic leaders and will write of their part in the great Democratic day of days.

"DICK" SEARS, the "AMERICAN'S photographer, will photograph all the big events and important people

THE BEST STORIES AND THE BEST PICTURES OF THE INAUGURATION AND THE SUFFRAGE PARADE WILL BE FOUND IN THE AMERICAN.

BRANDEIS NOT GOING TO THE INAUGURATION

Noted Publicist, Said to Be Slated for Cabinet, Now Reported Out of It.

'PEOPLE'S LAWYER' SILENT

LOUIS D. BRANDEIS, who various reports have said to be slated for a place in Woodrow Wilson's cabinet is not going to Washington for the inauguration ceremonies. Mr. Brandeis and two fraternity brothers remain quietly at home at 1 Mitchell Terrace, Dorchester.

Later reports [illegible] William C. Redfield will be Secretary of Commerce and Labor.

The fact that influential Democrats in the country are trying to prevent the selection as Secretary of Commerce will not interfere with the Brandeis workaday plan

Nor will it interfere with Mrs. Brandeis, who will be busy in the Brandeis home in this place, devoting her time to her household duties. Miss Susan Brandeis will attend her classes at Bryn Mawr, and Miss Elisabeth Brandeis her school duties in Brookline

Mr. Brandeis refuses to discuss the Cabinet question. The Brooklyn Eagle makes the unqualified announcement that Representative William C. Redfield of Brooklyn has been offered, and has accepted, the position of Secretary of Commerce.

BOSTON SUFFRAGISTS OFF TO THE CAPITAL FOR INAUGURAL PAGEANT

On to Washington! was the all-day-long slogan of Boston's fair suffragists yesterday, and despite the rain another good-sized contingent of women who will represent the old Bay State in the Inaugural parade Tuesday slipped out of town bound for the capital.

At the Boston suffrage headquarters it was estimated that about 100 Massachusetts women will be represented in the State delegation which on Inaugural day morn will gather and form on South Capitol street between D and C streets, Washington.

Massachusetts, according to the suffrage headquarters here will have a striking and strong representation with its delegates each wearing a wide yellow sash from shoulder to waist bearing the words Massachusetts in large black letters

Miss Margaret Foley and Mrs. Mary Hutcheson Page will probably be toe leading spirits among the Bay State women in Washington, for whose ranks will be numbered Miss Jane Pace, Mrs. John Leonard, Mrs. Anna Bond Stephens, Mrs. F. A. Keith, Mrs. L. S. W. Harriman, Mrs. Ralph E. Lane of Lexington, Mrs. Arthur Gay, Miss Eva Channing, Miss Grace Hanshaw, Mrs. H. S. Luscomb, Miss Florence Luscomb, Mrs. R. Gorham Fuller, Miss Marion Nichols, Mrs. C. Birdsall, Mrs. C. B. Cartland and others.

Tomorrow still another group is expected to leave for Washington. Massachusetts arrivals, when they reach the capital will be quartered at the different hotels, according to inclination, and Monday, for those who are already there, will probably be spent in visiting friends or sight seeing

Arrangements to [illegible] the Bay State women will be the notice that the Bay State women will gather, it is stated, between D and C streets.

CAPITAL GAILY AWAITS WILSON INAUGURATION

Washington Is Crowded Already; Railroads Swamped; 300,000 Are Expected.

MARSHALLS HAVE ARRIVED

WASHINGTON, March 1.—Inauguration festivities are on in full blast today. Crowds are surging into the city Banners and flags and gayety proclaim the inaugural holiday

The arrival of Vice President-elect Thomas R. Marshall, the incoming hosts of marchers, the unwonted air of excitement in every corner of the city and the presence of a big troop of Culver Military Academy cadets, the Vice-President's personal escort, are the signs today that a new President and Vice-President of Democratic politics and Democratic manner are to be inducted on Tuesday next.

Souvenir venders are reaping a harvest. Guests are flocking for little remembrances of the greatest inaugural in history.

Railroads are swamped already. Fully 300,000 persons will be here from all corners of the country by Tuesday morning. The Vice-President-elect called at the White House today to pay his respects to President Taft. The President received his distinguished visitor in the East Room and chatted with him for several minutes Afterward the Vice-President-elect was

[illegible] through the White House by Secretary Hilles who showed him the more personal portion of the executive mansion. [illegible] is seldom seen by outsiders

Mrs. Marshall Photographed.

While Mrs. Marshall sat for photographs at two studios, Mr. Marshall greeted newspaper men and friends

The Marshalls have made no social engagements, except for Monday evening, when they will be the guests of honor at a dinner given in the New Willard by Mr and Mrs. John E. Lamb, and Mr. and Mrs. P. M. Farley of Terre Haute, Ind. Other guests will be the Indiana Senators and Congressmen. They have not chosen the church at which they will regularly attend services, but it will be one of the Episcopalian Churches. Tomorrow Mr. Marshall will attend an Episcopal Church, with a part of the Culver military brigade.

Governor Mann and staff of Virginia are expected here tonight. Other Governors will arrive tomorrow and Monday

Mrs. John A. Wilson and Edwin Wilson of the President-elect, came to the city today, and registered at the Shoreham Hotel, where the Wilson family will gather Monday night for a private dinner.

Pennsylvania Avenue Ablaze.

Military organizations are not expected to reach the city before Monday morning The Public Comfort Committee, while swamped with business, is attending to it expeditiously, and will have rooms enough for all belated appointees

The civic and military organizations' committee reported today that everything is in readiness for Tuesday's big parade. Militia commanders met General Mills today to receive directions as to formation of the marchers.

Three hours is given for the parade to pass a given point, and the commanders are insisting that all orders be mar [illegible] to the [illegible] forth for a short time with the wonderful illumination scheme of festooned bulbs.

Tomorrow night and every night until

CAPITAL EN FETE FOR INAUGURATION

Vice President-Elect Marshall and Wife Arrive in Washington for Big Ceremony.

the end of next week the White Way will convert the avenue into a gay White Way.

The Cabinet Slate.

Here are the probable selections for the Cabinet:

State—W. J. Bryan.
Treasury—Wilson G. McAdoo.
Attorney-General—J. C. McReynolds.
War—Colonel Goethals.
Navy—Josephus Daniels.
Postmaster-General — Albert S. Burleson.
Interior—R. L. Norris of Montana.
Agriculture—Richard Gardiner.
Commerce—Louis B. Brandeis.
Labor—Representative William B. Wilson.

While this list does not entirely square with information coming from Trenton, the Senators who promenaded it say the Cabinet is still a fluid state, and that changes in portfolios are likely almost hourly.

It is known definitely that Mr. Wilson has asked Attorney-General Wickersham to turn over all the information in his possession to Chancellor Walker of New Jersey and from this it is taken that Walker, and not McReynolds may be Wickersham's successor.

Strong Boom for Nixon.

There was a report today that Congressman W. Tom C. Redfield of Brooklyn stands a good chance of being appointed Secretary of Commerce. This is the position Louis D. Brandeis of Massachusetts was slated for, and in case Mr. Brandeis is decided upon, Mr. Brandeis would go into the Attorney Generalship, Mr. Redfield is the tariff expert whom Democratic leaders consulted so frequently in the campaign.

There was also a strong boom for Lewis Nixon for Secretary of the Navy. It was pointed out that Mr. Nixon is a shipbuilder and his great familiarity with that business would make him a valuable secretary.

James S. Daniels of North Carolina, who is reported as being a certainty for the War portfolio, may be Postmaster-General instead.

MASSACHUSETTS WILL HAVE AT LEAST 2,000 IN PARADE AT WASHINGTON

With its hundred odd women marchers and military organizations numbering between 2000 and 3000 men, Massachusetts will probably be one of the most striking!y represented states in the inaugural procession.

Leroy Sweetser, colonel of the Eighth Regiment, will have charge of the Bostonmilitary pageant, which will include twelve companies of the Coast Artillery, under the command of Major C. E. Lombard; twelve companies of the Eighth Regiment, under Lieutenant-Colonel Frank A. Graves; the Fifth Regiment (to be Colonel F. P. Cutting, a first sou, regiment in charge of Lieutenant-Colonel Chapin), the Cadets and including the second Corps of Cadets as the first artillery; troops A, B and C of the Second Infantry, and Company G of the Ninth Regiment as the second battalion; Companies E, F and G of the Naval Brigade in charge of the senior naval officers, as the third battalion, and a separate provisional battalion consisting of Companies A, D, E, F, H and I of the Ninth Infantry.

The ambulance company of the Hospital Corps will be at the head of the column. Then come, with troop B of the First Cavalry as escort, the unit to the pool on it, received with the Governor's staff.

In addition to the regular military organizations the Fusilier Veterans, under command of Major J. W. H. Myrick, will leave the south Station today at 10 a. m. by special train and will arrive in New York at 3.32 this afternoon, where a stop over of two hours will be made, after which the company will go to Baltimore to be the guests of Captain Fred J. Tabor until Tuesday morning.

Several members of the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company will be on Major Myrick's staff.

The Coast Artillery, including the Boston Light Infantry, the Somerville and Lynn companies and the Cadet Corps, will troop B of the First Cavalry as escort, will be met by the pool on it, received with the Governor's staff.

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SUNDAY, MARCH 2, 1913.

Boston American SUNDAY DIRECTORY

Real Estate, Apartments and Want Ads

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Male Help Wanted.
10c a line of 7 words. 20c display.

WANTED

Colored man for head waiter, European plan, city hotel, must have references covering all time employed during last 5 years; man who has been captain under 1st class head waiter would be considered. All letters confidential. Address

T 312, Boston American

Male Help Wanted.
10c a line of 7 words. 20c display.

PATTERN MAKER

WANTED — Metal pattern maker, one with some experience on machine and tool work preferred. METZ CO., Crescent Park, Waltham, Mass.

Male Help Wanted.
10c a line of 7 words. 20c display.

WANTED

REPAIRER ON LADIES' GUN METAL SHOES

APPLY

ESSEX SHOE MFG. CO.,

60 K Street, South Boston

Male Help Wanted.
10c a line of 7 words. 20c display.

GOOD BOAT BUILDERS

GEO. LAWLEY & SON CORPORATION,

NEPONSET, MASS.

Male Help Wanted.
10c a line of 7 words. 20c display.

BOYS WANTED

for stock and shipping departments, first-class references required. Apply to employment department or superintendent.

MAGRANE HOUSTON CO.

FREE EMPLOYMENT OFFICE—Maintained by the Commonwealth of Massachusetts; instruction given all; 8 Keeblad st., Boston, engineers; drug assistants, nurses, stenographers and technical help, taxi or seed stamps for basket.

MEN WANTED—Railroad and steamship; BOSTON CUNARD EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, 2-3, 31 Merchants' Row, Washington st., Boston, Mass.

BAKER—Second baker or helper; ROLLEY BAKERY, 99 Blue Hill ave., Cambridge; see FOREMAN.

BILLERKEEPER—Wanted, for Panama Canal; examination soon; salary $100 month; experience unnecessary; write qualifications; no agents; references; write Box 6G, hour, free steamship, transportation to Isthmus; no fee charged; opportunity to be American citizens (final passing); write at once for application blank; INTERNATIONAL CANAL COMMISSION, Washington, D. C.

BOOKKEEPER, two assistants; Boston office work. Apply at third floor of AMERICAN, Monday, 8 A. M.

BOY—Wanted, American boy, 16-17 years, to run collection letters. Apply 9 A. M. MASON & CO., 7-9 Bromfield st., Boston.

BOYS—Wanted, 2 boys; apply 37 Regent Square, Dorchester, Saturday.

BRASS FINISHER—Wanted, man with some experience in brass finishing. Address K 29, Boston American.

CABINET FOREMAN Wanted for small wood turning mill in mid-state town; must be able to cut man and adjust; steady position for right man; state age, experience and salary expected; a good chance for the right man. K 30, Boston American.

CUTTERS—Leather and scrap wanted immediately; must be talesman with some experience; steady work; state wages expected. Address, CUSHMAN SHOE MFG. CO., Lynn, Mass.

DRIVER—Laundry driver and helper, must live near Boston; steady work to reasonable man; the district of Roxbury preferred; state wages. Address K 31, Boston American.

DRAUGHTSMAN ASSISTANT—Wanted, a machine construction draughtsman and one for tracing. GOLDING MFG. CO., Franklin.

ENGINEER—Wanted, a chief engineer, must be competent to handle a small steam turbine; must be willing to work nights; state wages expected in first letter and when can start. Address K 32, Boston American.

ENGINEER—Wanted, engineer with more than ordinary experience; white; not required to wear uniform; must be willing to work nights; state wages expected in first letter. Address K 33, Boston American.

GENERAL WORK—Wanted, for general work, young man; state wages expected. Address K 34, Boston American.

HAND TRIMMER—Wanted, a first-class hand trimmer; good wages and steady work to the right man; state wages expected. Address K 35, Boston American.

HARNESSMAKER—Wanted, a first-class harnessmaker; general repair work; none but those who can come well recommended and be of good habits, young men preferred. Box 227, East Walpole, Mass.

KNITTERS—Experienced on Vanes and Bleeds; firm machines, familiar with knitting saturasleeves, also welting, running and setting by hand stitch. If you can do this work satisfactorily, write us; the Portsmouth Company, Portsmouth, N. H.

JOHN E. MANNING & CO., Kennebec, Pike, Somerset sts., Boston, Mass.

KITCHEN MAN—Wanted, steady man; $10 per week. FULLER'S LUNCH, 2260 Dorchester ave., Dorchester; apply to Mr. Fuller.

LAUNDRY MANAGER—Family laundry and must want steady position; must have good reference from last laundry. V 320, Boston American.

LAUNDRY WORK—Mature woman to work on ironer; experience preferred; wages $7 per week. 121 Bowdoin st., Dorchester.

MACHINES—Wanted several machinists on light work, no rough workmen need apply; good wages and steady work to the right men. Apply to J. 427 Boylston st., Boston.

MACHINIST—Wanted, machinist, steady work if satisfactory. GOLDING MFG. CO., Franklin.

MAN—Young man about 20 to 25 years old, wears shoes and make himself generally useful in office; $6 per week to start. Apply to Mr. LINCOLN, 70 Sudbury st., room 606. See MR. LINCOLN OFFICE.

MANAGER—For branch office, big future, must have $1000 to $2000 cash. Box 1, Boston.

OFFICE BOY—Wanted for office work. Apply to the third floor, AMERICAN office.

OPERATOR on custom pants. BURKE & CO., 18 School st.

PRESSERS on custom pants. BURKE & CO., 18 School st.

OPERATORS experienced on ladies' overcoat; $20 to $25 per week. WILSON BROS., Sudbury st.

SALESMAN—Wanted, salesman for Boston and vicinity to call on office; write K 36, Boston American.

STITCHERS—Wanted, two stitchers. EAGLE HAMMOCK CO., 60 Kneeland st., Boston.

MEN—Steel head setter, wanted young man, about 5 feet 6 inches, 150, Northampton st., Boston.

THE CURRENT—Wants a boy to learn the subscription service of theatres rentaries; one now employed who will take odd jobs from time to time. Address V 319 Boston American.

TURNSTILE—Wanted, Apply DUPEE MFG. CO., Swanton st., Winchester.

WEAVERS—Wanted a few two-loom weavers on white flannels; women preferred. HAMRIL & SMITH CO., Quebec st.

WEAVERS—Wanted for German ribbon looms; steady work. H. H. ARNOLD MFG. CO., Bernardston, N. H.

WINDOW DRESSER—Wanted, an experienced party furnishing drapery, etc.; must be sober, steady and a GOOD SHIRT CO., 50 School st.

Male Help—Miscellaneous.
10c a line of 7 words. 20c display.

AUTOMOBILE SCHOOL.

AUTO driving lessons, the only school in Boston with 2 cars; 2 expert instructors and 1 mechanic; we are a new school and operate in order to accommodate the public; we have the largest and most complete training school in New England; teach you on any make of car; long ride; terms; lessons, German, Italian and Spanish spoken.

GRADUATES ARE MOST SUCCESSFUL AND OBTAIN BEST POSITIONS.

THE ATLANTIC AUTOMOBILE SCHOOL, 1284 COMMONWEALTH AVE., ALLSTON.

LICENSE GUARANTEED.

WE LEASE CARS.

WIRELESS

40 YOUNG MEN at once for positions; we will qualify you in three months.

FREE

Lectures on "Practical Wireless" all invited.

TELEGRAPHY.

Course in telegraphy commences next week; for Summer resort and steamship positions; SCHOOL OF TELEGRAPHY in Boylston st.

INSURANCE.

OUR NEW monthly premium policy now ready for the New York market; policy is the most liberal ever issued to the public; has demanded for years in the New York market; we have a number of vacancies for men of character and financial ability; write Room 707 or call.

Auto Driving Lessons, $1 Each

or 6 for $5. Inc. Guaranteed.

Cars to be had for pleasure parties, auto, up-to-date electric type cars used; the only school in Boston with 2 cars; 2 expert instructors; ride free; 10, 2, 7 to 9 P. M. daily; at garage, 71 Chandler st., near Clarendon st., Boston.

WANTED, men and boys to start in business for themselves; no capital required; we build up a permanent, profitable business; we furnish you $10 to $15 worth of stock to start with and experience unnecessary; we teach you the business in a few days; you can work spare time or all time; for full particulars call or write us at once; Room 1, 3 Broadway Block.

EARN $7 to $12 daily returning full length on 10 days' trial; we furnish horse, wagon and complete line of goods; exclusive territory; write quick for terms; MONARCH MFG. CO., Dept. 6, Chicago.

LEARN $15 weekly drawing position; we guarantee you; Box 6, Worcester, Mass.

FREE ILLUSTRATED BOOK tells of about 300,000 protected positions in U. S. service; hundreds of thousands of vacancies each year; ladders free; how to pass and secure a job; lifetime position; write for booklet G 32; it is free; PATTERSON SCHOOL, Rochester, N. Y.

GOVERNMENT POSITIONS—Most thorough preparation; $50 to $150 month; examinations everywhere soon; write immediately for free book; AMERICAN CIVIL SERVICE BUREAU, Washington, D. C.

GO WEST, see COLPITTS raise, steer purebred cattle; 1000 acres; 3 years' time; $10 per month; $100 cash.

HERE'S your opportunity to make $30 monthly, more time, or spare time; we start you in a permanent, guarantee proposition; we furnish you with everything; no canvassing; write quick for full particulars; address, Box 1, Boston American.

INVENTIONS—Wanted, ideas; inventors write for list of inventions wanted and prizes offered by manufacturers; $1,000 cash prize offered for one invention; $300 cash offered for another; both prizes to any address. RANDOLPH & BISHOP, Washington, D. C.

I MADE $50 000 on 5 years with a small mail order business started in spare time; will tell you how; booklet free. HARLOW, Lockport, N. Y.

I WILL start you in a profitable business and I will handle my goods. Address, MANAGER, 1 Beacon st., Boston.

KEMPER-THOMAS CO., Cincinnati, want traveling man for new line; specialty to dry goods stores; write nearest office; commission, selling season now on.

LEARN the really business, complete instruction by mail; positions secured; write for free booklet; MOLER BUSINESS COLLEGE, Washington, D. C.

LOCOMOTIVE firemen and brakemen for railroads near Boston, wages $90 to $150 per month; experience unnecessary; state age; send stamp for application blank; name position preferred; railway employment bureau, Room 1, 3 Broadway Block.

LOCAL representative wanted to introduce new specialty; $25 weekly and expenses; steady work; no canvassing; permanent; enclose stamp; MANAGER, 503 Marden Bldg., Washington, D. C.

MAN—Wanted to assist advertising manager; permanent position; chance to learn mail order printing picture operating line. Address, MANAGER, 1 Beacon st., Boston.

MEN wanted to learn the small order business; we furnish you with an idea and $100 and teach you the business; we have a number of men who are making $5000 to $10,000 yearly; I will tell you what to do and how to do it; booklet free. MANAGER, 1 Beacon st., Boston.

MEN—Wanted, for government patrol and letter carrier positions; $75 month; examinations everywhere soon; write immediately for free booklet, list of positions; PATTERSON SCHOOL, Rochester, N. Y.

MOVING PICTURE machine operators wanted; steady employment; $25 to $30 per week; state age and experience. Address K 37, Boston American.

MORE TICKETS—Cross Montross, Washington, Conn., writes: "Sold 1000 tickets"; 1000 tickets, $2.50; 2000 tickets, $4.50; 5000 tickets, $10.00; 10,000 tickets, $17.50; 25,000 tickets, $40.00; 50,000 tickets, $75.00; 100,000 tickets, $140.00; 500,000 tickets, $650.00; 1,000,000 tickets, $1,200.00; 2,000,000 tickets, $2,300.00; 5,000,000 tickets, $5,500.00; 10,000,000 tickets, $10,000.00; 20,000,000 tickets, $18,000.00; 50,000,000 tickets, $40,000.00; 100,000,000 tickets, $75,000.00; 200,000,000 tickets, $140,000.00; 500,000,000 tickets, $325,000.00; 1,000,000,000 tickets, $600,000.00; 2,000,000,000 tickets, $1,100,000.00; 5,000,000,000 tickets, $2,500,000.00; 10,000,000,000 tickets, $4,500,000.00; 20,000,000,000 tickets, $8,000,000.00; 50,000,000,000 tickets, $18,000,000.00; 100,000,000,000 tickets, $30,000,000.00; 200,000,000,000 tickets, $50,000,000.00; 500,000,000,000 tickets, $100,000,000.00; 1,000,000,000,000 tickets, $150,000,000.00; 2,000,000,000,000 tickets, $200,000,000.00; 5,000,000,000,000 tickets, $250,000,000.00; 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Agents and Canvassers.
15c a line of 7 words. 25c display.

TEA DEALERS

AND THOSE contemplating taking up the business; write us at once for our new and liberal terms. Prizes are the LOWEST and quality the HIGHEST. We have guaranteed customers; this is a permanent and profitable business. We want a few more. Write today. WORLD'S TEA CO., Dept. 1, Boston.

Dundee Shoe Scraper
AGENTS cleaning your shoes and scraping the mud off your trousers. Sells on sight. Write DUNDEE MFG. CO. 40 Lincoln St., Boston.

AGENTS AND MAIL ORDER DEALERS.

WE HAVE some goods that are new on the market, and we want agents and mail order dealers to write HENRY MFG. CO., 15 Court sq., Boston, Mass.

FREE WAR KITES!

THREE FEET long, with full directions for flying, sent free to any address on receipt of 10c. to cover postage. Address Dept. 1, BOSTON NOVELTY CO., Boston, Mass.

Hat-Pin Protectors

UNIVERSAL attention attracted to the hat-pin protectors we have just introduced. Big profits for agents; nothing better for women to wear. Write for gold-plated sample. Box 314, Worcester, Mass.

LAST WEEK

GENERAL agents wanted; $40 weekly and liberal commission; a special proposition which will make big money for hustlers; write quick. Address [illegible]

A SAFE proposition for agents; a practical article; sells on sight; every housewife wants it; write for particulars. [illegible]

AGENTS—Sell our 1913 Calendar Thermometer; a big seller; sample 10c

Real Estate for Sale.
12½c a line of 7 words 25c display

E. A. Strout Farm Agency's

MAMMOTH Farm Catalog No. 35 for the spring of 1913 is now ready and will be sent free to any address. It describes over 2000 of the best bargains in farms, country homes, village properties, stock farms, fruit farms, timber lots, etc., in all parts of the country. Write for the catalog today. Don't delay. Don't buy a farm anywhere until you have seen our catalog. Don't sell your farm until you have listed it with us. We have customers waiting for farms. E. A. STROUT FARM AGENCY, 47 Realty Bldg., Boston. Main 264 Washington St., Room 1004.

Farm Home For Boston Man

Stock and Tools Included

JUST out in front of Lake Quinsigamond, 5 miles from the city, 42 acres of land, 2 acres of woodland, 40 acres of tillage, mowing and pasture; 10-room house, with bath, hot water heat, electric lights, gas, fine cellar, 2 stables, 2 poultry houses, tool house, etc. Owner is ready to move to Boston and will sell at a bargain. Price, $6,000. Terms to suit. Full particulars at STROUT FARM AGENCY, 47 Realty Bldg., Boston. Main 264 Washington St., Room 1004.

Rich Potato Farm Equipped

140 Acres, Only $2,500

CROPS about 12 tons farm machinery included; 2 horses, 2 cows, 2 calves, 2 pigs, 100 chickens; 10-room house, with bath, hot water heat, electric lights, gas, fine cellar, 2 stables, 2 poultry houses, tool house, etc. Owner is ready to move to Boston and will sell at a bargain. Price, $6,000. Terms to suit. Full particulars at STROUT FARM AGENCY, 47 Realty Bldg., Boston. Main 264 Washington St., Room 1004.

197 Acres, Only $1,300.

Stock, Tools, Machinery

ALL INCLUDED; 8-room farm; 2 miles from big village; 40 cows; 4 horses; all machinery and tools; 2 wells, pumping gas engine; 2 silos; 2 barns; 2 poultry houses; 2 tool houses; 2 miles to town; 1 mile to school; 1 mile to creamery; 1 mile to milk station; 1 mile to electric road; 1 hour to Boston; 4 cows, 2 horses, 2 calves, 2 pigs, 100 chickens, part cash, part time. Price, $1,300. Full particulars at STROUT FARM AGENCY, 47 Realty Bldg., Boston. Main 264 Washington St., Room 1004.

BUCKEYE TEXAS

AT BUCKEYE the Texas is identical with Florida and Georgia. The same soil, the same crops, the same climate, the same prices, 20 miles from Houston, the metropolis of Texas. Buckeye is on the Houston Belt Line, and has direct connection with all railroads entering Houston. Buckeye is a new town, but has a population of 1000 people. Has new hotel, 2 churches, 2 stores, 2 saloons, 2 blacksmith shops, 2 lumber yards, 1 bank, 1 drug store, 1 school house, 1 depot, 1 post office, 1 telephone exchange, 1 electric light plant, 1 ice plant, 1 cotton gin, 1 cotton compress, 1 cotton seed oil mill, 1 grist mill, 1 planing mill, 1 cotton warehouse, 1 cotton buyer, 1 grain and feed store, 1 livery stable, 1 barber shop, 1 restaurant, 1 boarding house, 1 pool hall, 1 dance hall, 1 lodge hall, 1 newspaper, 1 real estate office, 1 notary public, 1 justice of the peace, 1 constable, 1 mayor, 1 marshal, 1 city secretary, 1 city treasurer, 1 city engineer, 1 city attorney, 1 city council, 1 fire department, 1 water works system, 1 sewerage system, 1 electric light system, 1 gas system, 1 telephone system, 1 telegraph system, 1 express office, 1 railroad station, 1 railroad agent, 1 railroad section foreman, 1 railroad section crew, 1 railroad engineer, 1 railroad fireman, 1 railroad conductor, 1 railroad brakeman, 1 railroad switchman, 1 railroad yardmaster, 1 railroad superintendent, 1 railroad general manager, 1 railroad president, 1 railroad chairman of the board of directors, 1 railroad receiver, 1 railroad trustee, 1 railroad bankruptcy, 1 railroad wreck, 1 railroad collision, 1 railroad accident, 1 railroad disaster, 1 railroad calamity, 1 railroad catastrophe, 1 railroad cyclone, 1 railroad tornado, 1 railroad earthquake, 1 railroad volcano, 1 railroad eruption, 1 railroad lava flow, 1 railroad ashes, 1 railroad cinders, 1 railroad smoke, 1 railroad fire, 1 railroad flood, 1 railroad drought, 1 railroad famine, 1 railroad pestilence, 1 railroad plague, 1 railroad cholera, 1 railroad yellow fever, 1 railroad smallpox, 1 railroad measles, 1 railroad whooping cough, 1 railroad mumps, 1 railroad chicken pox, 1 railroad scarlet fever, 1 railroad typhoid fever, 1 railroad consumption, 1 railroad pneumonia, 1 railroad bronchitis, 1 railroad asthma, 1 railroad hay fever, 1 railroad catarrh, 1 railroad sore throat, 1 railroad quinsy, 1 railroad tonsilitis, 1 railroad appendicitis, 1 railroad colic, 1 railroad cramps, 1 railroad stomach ache, 1 railroad toothache, 1 railroad earache, 1 railroad headache, 1 railroad backache, 1 railroad lumbago, 1 railroad rheumatism, 1 railroad gout, 1 railroad neuralgia, 1 railroad St. Vitus dance, 1 railroad locomotor ataxia, 1 railroad paralysis, 1 railroad apoplexy, 1 railroad fits, 1 railroad epilepsy, 1 railroad insanity, 1 railroad idiocy, 1 railroad imbecility, 1 railroad feeble-mindedness, 1 railroad weak-mindedness, 1 railroad nervousness, 1 railroad hysterics, 1 railroad blues, 1 railroad melancholia, 1 railroad suicide, 1 railroad murder, 1 railroad manslaughter, 1 railroad assault and battery, 1 railroad libel, 1 railroad slander, 1 railroad breach of promise, 1 railroad divorce, 1 railroad alimony, 1 railroad separation, 1 railroad desertion, 1 railroad abandonment, 1 railroad neglect, 1 railroad cruelty, 1 railroad abuse, 1 railroad ill treatment, 1 railroad bad treatment, 1 railroad poor treatment, 1 railroad indifferent treatment, 1 railroad good treatment, 1 railroad excellent treatment, 1 railroad perfect treatment, 1 railroad heaven, 1 railroad paradise, 1 railroad Elysium, 1 railroad Utopia, 1 railroad Arcadia, 1 railroad Garden of Eden, 1 railroad Buckeye Texas.

Real Estate for Sale.
12½c a line of 7 words 25c display

Come to Brooksville FLORIDA

The Land of Opportunity

MAKE $5,000 A YEAR

GARDEN TRUCK for quick returns; 2 crops yearly; 6 years and 12 lbs. for bag; 2 crops yearly; 6 years and 12 lbs. for bag; 2 crops yearly; 6 years and 12 lbs. for bag

Resorts—Hotels—Tours—Transportation

Advertisements appearing under this heading are recommended by the BOSTON AMERICAN HOTEL AND TRAVEL BUREAU to all readers for their accuracy and reliability. A large supply of literature, booklets, folders and time tables are on file for the public distribution and complete information concerning all advertisements app earing under this heading may be obtained free of all charge by applying either in person, by letter, or 'phone to the BUREAU, 89 SUMMER STREET, BOSTON, MASS.

Winter Resorts---Hotels

NEW YORK CITY HOTELS

Specially Catering to New England Visitors

Each of the following hotels carefully solicits your patronage. They are also listed in the BOSTON AMERICAN HOTEL AND TRAVEL BUREAU, where full detailed information will be freely given to everyone. Booklets issued by these hotels may be obtained free of all charge by applying either in person, by letter, or 'phone to the BOSTON AMERICAN HOTEL AND TRAVEL BUREAU, 89 Summer Street.

Hotel Majestic
ON
CENTRAL PARK (West)
at
SEVENTY-SECOND STREET.
ONE OF NEW YORK CITY'S GREAT HOTELS
Thoroughly across bte. Rooms and Suites by Day, Week or Month at Reasonable Rates. Cuisine a la carte.
DIRECTION OF LORING B. JOHNSTON.

Navarre Hotel
Center of Everything
Seventh Av., at 38th St., Near Broadway.
500 Rooms—500 Baths
A room with a bath for a dollar and a half. Other rooms with a bath, $2.50 and $3.00. Rooms for two persons, $2.00 and $3.00.
LUNCH 11AM 2 PM 50 cents a la carte. MUSIC. Send for colored map of New York.
EDGAR T. SMITH, Managing Director.

Hotel Martha Washington
29th to 30th Sts., Near Fifth Ave.
EXCLUSIVELY FOR WOMEN.
450 Rooms en suite and single. Numerous baths free to guests. Restaurant open to the public. Rates $1.50 day and up. Excellent location. Accessible to all parts of the city by everything. Rates $1.50 day and up. Send for booklet.
GEO. B. HOYT, Mgr.

Hotel Somerset
47th Street and Broadway.
A COMFORTABLE STOPPING PLACE.
In the heart of the theatrical and shopping district. Modern, fireproof. 250 rooms. Rates $1.50 per day and up. Send for booklet.
CLAUDE L. HOYT, Prop.

Hotel Flanders
128 WEST 47TH ST.
Extending Through to 48th St.
THE HOME KNOWN FOR ITS HOTEL IN THE RIGHT LOCALITY
Situated close to the theatres and shops. Most attractive in quiet location. Rooms single or en suite, with private baths. Rooms with private bath $1.50 per day upward.
HORACE E. HILLMAN, Prop. Phone 3147

Hotel Van Cortlandt
142 TO 148 EAST 42ND ST., NEW YORK
100 Rooms with use of bath.....$1.50
100 Rooms with private bath.....$2.00 to $3.00
Parlor, Bedroom and bath.....$3.00 to $5.00
A high-class hotel, situated most to the theatrical and shopping district—close down to Grand Central Station, subway and Fifth Avenue stages, and handsomely furnished throughout. Restaurant and Cafe unexcelled. Illustrated booklet sent upon request.
CORTLANDT MAY CO., Inc.

WINTER RESORT HOTELS

NO. CAROLINA RESORTS

PINEHURST
NO. CAROLINA
THE CAROLINA Now Open
4 HOTELS. 62 COTTAGES.
GOLF—3 18-hole or more. 5 fine practice courses. Turf-fairway greens. Tennis, trapshooting, riding, fine river & lake fishing, shooting preserve, motoring. Write for illustrated booklet.
THROUGH PULLMAN SERVICE TO PINEHURST VIA SEABOARD AIR LINE.
No Commissions Charged.
Full information address
PINEHURST GENERAL OFFICE,
or LEONARD TUFTS, Boston, Mass.

FLORIDA RESORTS

WINDSOR HOTEL
JACKSONVILLE, FLA.
Jacksonville's Finest and Florida's Largest and Best Year 'Round Hotel
AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN PLAN.
RANDOMELY FURNISHED THROUGHOUT.
WITH ALL MODERN CONVENIENCES.
Our water supply is derived from our own artesian wells and is absolutely pure, soft and sparkling, thus guaranteeing freedom from contamination.
MODERN TURKISH BATHS
WHEN YOU THINK OF VISITING JACKSONVILLE THINK OF THE WINDSOR
THOMAS M. WILSON, Proprietor and Manager.
A. M. WILSON, Assistant Manager.

SAN FRANCISCO

HOTEL TURPIN.
Ellis & Powell sts. Rooms $1 up. Rooms with bath $2 up. Rooms and suites, en suite, with bath $3 up. Rooms with bath and telephone $4 up. Rooms with private bath, $5 up. Rooms with private bath and telephone $6 up. Rates include free use of tub and shower baths. Rooms en suite private bath, $10 per day upward. Rooms with private bath and telephone, $12 per day upward. Rates include free use of tub and shower baths. Rooms en suite private bath, $15 per day upward. Rates include free use of tub and shower baths. Rooms en suite private bath and telephone, $18 per day upward. Rates include free use of tub and shower baths. Rooms en suite private bath and telephone, $20 per day upward. Rates include free use of tub and shower baths. Rooms en suite private bath and telephone, $25 per day upward. Rates include free use of tub and shower baths. Rooms en suite private bath and telephone, $30 per day upward. Rates include free use of tub and shower baths. 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PORTLAND, MAINE

New Chase House
636 CONGRESS ST.
PORTLAND'S NEW $150,000 THOROUGHLY BOSTON HOTEL
Catering to Transient and Permanent guests. All modern conveniences. Steam heat, electric lights throughout. Rates $2.00 up. Special rates by the week. Dining room unexcelled. Cafe in connection. Electric cars from all parts of the city pass the door.
A. E. BUTLER, Mgr.

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The Hotel at Beverly Hills.
MIDWAY BETWEEN LOS ANGELES AND PASADENA. A $4.00 day up. Golf, tennis, horseback riding

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Within 2 minutes walk of Back Bay and Huntington Ave. Stations of the "L." Rates $2.50 up. A. S. H. R. European Plan. Rooms $2.50 up. Restaurant a la carte.
Send for Booklet.
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BEACH, LINCOLN AND ATLANTIC STS.
Two blocks from South Terminal Station. Easily reached from North Station by surface cars. Convenient to the great retail shops, business and places of interest. Cuisine unexcelled. Rates: AMERICAN PLAN $3 PER DAY AND UP. EUROPEAN PLAN $1 PER DAY AND UP.
JAMES G. HICKEY, Mgr.

The Crawford House
(SCOLLAY SQUARE)
"THE BRIGHT SPOT"
Convenient to Boston's leading stores, theatres and chief points of interest. Cafe and dining rooms famous for delicacies served. Rates $1.50 per day and upward. Cars from all parts of the city pass the door.
HOUSE $1 PER DAY AND UPWARD.
A. S. H. BILLBERG, Mgr.

Boston Tavern
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EUROPEAN PLAN. FIREPROOF.
Rooms with modern bath $1.00 and up. In the midst of the business, theatre and shopping district, and convenient to all transportation lines. Cars from all parts of the city pass the door.
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Telephone Richmond 1.
HIGH GRADE LIQUORS
BOUQUET MARKET BRAND.

ORANGE VALLEY WHISKEY, $2.50 gal.; Clover Side, $2 gal.; Berwick Rye, $2 gal.; Glenside Scotch, $2.50 gal.
GOODLAND RYE WHISKEY, $2.50 gal.; Endicott Rye, $3 gal.; Old Tom, $3 gal.; Crestwood Rye, $3 gal. Old Crow bourbon, $3 gal. GASSETT.

OLD HERMITAGE RYE $4 gal.; Old Company Rye, $4 gal.; Old Scotch and Irish, $4 and $5 gal. GASSETT.

CALDWELL'S NAMBURG RYE, $1.00, $1.50, $2 and $3 gal.; Caldwell's Old Tom, $3 gal.; $4 and $5 gal. GASSETT.

AMERICAN GIN, $2 gal.; Annet, $3 gal.; Holland, $4 gal.; Old Tom, $3 gal. GASSETT.

CALIFORNIA WINES. Port, sherry, Angelica, Riesling and Catawba, $1 gal. Sherry and Angelica, $1.50 gal., 40c qt. GASSETT.

CALIFORNIA WINES. Sherry and Angelica, $2 gal.; Riesling and Catawba, $2 and $3; Old Private Reserve, $4 gal. Port and Sherry, $3 gal. GASSETT.

NO CHARGE for bottles or jugs and all goods packed in land cases cash or money order must accompany all orders. Goods delivered free of charge by our own teams. Send for price list. G. B. GASSETT CO., 161 Blackstone st. Tel. Richmond 1. Cellars at Somerville. Open all normal stations.

ABSOLUTELY PURE RYE, 3-comp. $2 gal., while hot; K. rum of gin, $2 full gal. Jug, 75c. SNOW & BOX, 36 Ica Harbor, st. Est. 100 years.

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ON and after this date I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by my wife. Witness: Leroy A. Hall. Witness: Lucy M. Hall. Witness: Lucy M. Hall. Witness: Lucy M

STOCK MARKET SENTIMENT IMPROVED WHEN PRICES WORKED A SHADE HIGHER

But Trading Remained Small in Volume and There Is a Great Deal of Uncertainty as to the Immediate Trend of Speculation—Recent Events Here and Abroad Have Inspired Much More Hope

By W. H. ROSS.

STATE STREET, March 1.—Stocks ranged higher at the close of the week, an advance accompanying trading in the last hour today Business was not very active, however. Sentiment improved, but a disposition to use great caution in commitments was as influential as any other factor. Professional traders continue pessimists and some market letters are decidedly "blue."

W. H. ROSS

An opinion by Hayden, Stone & Co. has inspired much comment, it reading: "The statement is quite frequently made that Wall Street is the only blue spot in the country; that general business is good, and that Wall Street will wake up shortly, to find itself in the wrong. How familiar this sounds. As a matter of fact, there has never been a single market movement of any proportions, with in our memory, that has not been an absolutely correct barometer of coming business conditions. Business, at the moment, is good in most lines, a heritage from 1912, but unless we are very much mistaken, the recent liquidation means a decided slowing down in business the latter half of the year. We know men of large affairs, who expect a wholesale throwing out of employment, indeed, absolute destitution, before the end of this year. We do not go so far as this, but we do believe employers of labor will be in a much stronger position to bring labor to terms in another six months."

There was little pressure of long stock in the New York market at the week-end, and prices rallied easily as soon as bear selling ceased. Copper issues were stronger and the feature there. It is believed that as soon as Balkan war questions are definitely settled the demand for the metal will be greatly increased at once

During the last hour in Boston copper issues began to climb. North Butte, Lake, Chino and Old Dominion were among those to end a point or more higher. As a class they seemed to be viewed with more confidence by speculators, but evidence of a like change by investors is not so apparent.

There are reasons to think that liquidation is about over and that stocks as now held are in such strong hands that bears can no longer force much selling. If such be the case and weaklings have been practically eliminated, the market is in a stronger technical position than it was a week ago.

Events Were More Favorable.

On the whole events of most recent occurrence have been favorable. Every thing stirred in London by the war between Balkan Allies and Turkey is over except for formal ratification of peace. While that may be delayed for a while, there will be no more fighting. In a previous battle has been reported for weeks Recently diplomats have been doing all the campaigning. Their work is less bloodless but expensive. The paying for the bills of the conflict which has held the world in suspense the last few months will be felt in a land as far away from the Balkans as the United States. It will largely deprive this country from the benefit which would accrue if cash that has been hoarded abroad, or a large proportion of it, should be invested in American securities. As it is, this money is about to relax a large amount of money and is not the only continental payment which has been put to enormous use in preparing for possible war emergencies. The cost of mobilization and maintenance is about as great as actual warfare. All the money burned does not go for powder.

Intervention Is Unlikely.

The outgoing administration has prepared for an invasion of Mexico and the incoming one will not be able to say it faced the situation unprepared, should pub lic opinion force it to intervene. But the situation at present is such that there is far less probability of any such action being taken. So far as can be learned Mr. Wilson and his advisers are opposed to anything of the kind. Once in the history of this country the Democratic party was charged with following a policy of aggression upon the sister Republic to the South. It was accused of fomenting the revolt which led to the independence and annexation of Texas. But that was in an era when slavery had extended territory to the South to enable them to extend the field for the maintenance of their "peculiar institution."

Since the war with Spain the Republican organization has been the one in favor of territorial expansion. No one can possibly foretell what is going to happen next in Mexico, but it is likely that events will have to be extraordinary to induce the Wilson administration to send troops across the Rio Grande. It may be remembered that Mr. Bryan was opposed to even American occupation of the Philippines.

Business Big and Profits Small.

Business has attained enormous proportions, as increased railroad earnings and other things show. But that merchants and manufacturers are making profits in the ratio of the past is to be doubted. Although so much is said about the rise in the expense of living, it is questionable if the increase in the cost of living is not greater than growth in production costs. Almost everything has "gone up" except railway freight rates.

It is said that the basic principle of even American business organization, is, that people who inhabit this country are used to having everything on a big scale, whether it means, mountains, catastrophes or profits. Since commerce and manufacturing are being carried on in many lines on a record breaking scale, there ought to be assurance in the growth in gross of an increase in net that is satisfactory to reasonable folks. The era of getting rich over night is passing.

In regard to speculation, sentiment is likely to be bearish for some time, as the factor which most certainly contributed uncertainty more than anything else is to assume immediately a still greater influence. It is the advent of a Democratic administration. Probably the worst that could be done in tariff reduction has been discounted. As for other changes which may follow a turnover in government, they are not apt to be any more radical than what has been attempted during recent Republican regimes. As a matter of fact, the members of the next Congress will be as patriotic representatives as the people ever had at Washington, and, moreover, they will average as rich in intelligence. They are not going to ruin any American industries.

More Confidence Will Develop.

What is needed is more confidence. It will come in time. Sentiment swings like a pendulum in boom times It goes as far one way as the momentum of prosperity will take it. At present it has gone in the other direction to the limit of the arc of depression.

The stock market has been run for some time by professional traders who could see no advantage to themselves except in depressing prices. Great financial interests have kept their hands off, except to aid stocks below intrinsic value. For a long time conditions have militated against their using constructive influence. The time must come when they will take hold of things and put a stop to the "slump" that will climb up to the level of actual worth The speculators have got to work along with all other kinds of people to learn what the new Administration intends to do and also how much it will be able to accomplish along the line of its intent.

Boston Stocks

(Inactive stocks not quoted)

	High.	Low.	Last.
RAILROADS.			
Boston & Albany	253	253	253
Boston & Maine	130	130	130½
Boston Elevated	148	148	148½
MINING STOCKS.			
Arizona Commercial	6¾	6¾	6¾
Calumet & Arizona	62	60¾	60¾
Calumet & Hecla	450	450	450
Centennial	24	24	24
Copper Range	44¾	44¼	44¼
Daly-West	20	20	20
Franklin	9	9	9
Granby	97½	97	97
Greene Cananea	6¾	6¾	6¾
Isle Royale	27	27	27
Mass. Consolidated	13	13	13
Nevada Consolidated	17¾	17¾	17¾
North Butte	48¾	48¾	48¾
Old Dominion	86	86	86
Osceola	85	85	85
Quincy	67	67	67
Tamarack	86	86	86
Utah Copper	47	47	47
Winona	3	3	3
Wolverine	67	67	67
TELEPHONES.			
American	124½	124½	122¾
New England	130	130	130
MISCELLANEOUS.			
United Fruit	131	130	131
United Shoe Mach. pf	37¼	37¼	37¼
UNLISTED SECURITIES			
Amalgamated	67¾	64¾	66¾
Am. Zinc			
Bonanza			
Balakala			
Butte & Superior			
Butte & Ballaklava			
Davis-Daly			
Ely Consol.			
Emma			
Inspiration			
Island Creek			
Lake Copper			
Mass. Gas			
Mohawk			
Nevada Utah			
North Lake			
U. S. Smelting pf			

Boston Curb

Range of prices from 10 a. m. to 12 m.

Stocks.	High.	Low.	Last.
Alaska	14	13¾	14
Bay State Gas	2¼	2¼	2¼
Butte Central	8¼	8	8¼
Butte & London	20c	20c	20c
Calumet	3 1-16	3 1-16	3 1-16
Calexico	35c	35c	35c
Eagle & Blue Bell	1	99c	99c
Goldfield Con.	8¾	8¾	8¾
Lion Hill	1¾	2¾	1¾
Lawson	4	4	4
Majestic	47c	45c	47c
Mexican Metals	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
Nevada Douglas	2¾	2 5-16	2¾

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MAYFLOWER MINING
OLD COLONY MINING
BUTTE CENTRAL COPPER
Orders executed in all markets and on margin or installments.
ALFRED E. LONG & COMPANY
31 State St., Boston.

Gross Earnings Increase.

For February the gross earnings of the Middlesex & Boston Street Railway Company show an increase of about 2 per cent, over the corresponding month of a year ago. In January, gross increased 13.61 per cent, while in December the increase was 8.97 per cent.

WHEAT BULLS ARE WORRIED BY RAIN

Bears Helped by Precipitation in the Great Southwestern Belt.

By JOSEPH F. PRITCHARD.

CHICAGO, March 1.—Now that the Southwestern wheat belt has been thoroughly wet down and the plant assured of a most excellent start, conditions favor the bears and shorts not a little. In addition, there is only a small demand for cash wheat in any position, with the offerings large and holders in many instances anxious to realize.

The bull party in wheat in Chicago maintains the price at such a level that exporters are not liberal buyers, and from the present outlook the United States will have a liberal carry over into a new crop A local statistician places the amount of wheat in farmers hands at 175,000,000 bushels, which he considers a great deal smaller than the actual grain now held by the growers. The man who made up these figures failed to include the wheat that was in the hands of farmers at the beginning of the present crop.

Export Business Talked Of.

There is some talk of an export business in wheat from day to day, but the aggregate sales are too small to cut any figure in the matter of price. Some Omaha has been selling some hard wheat during the last few weeks, but the other export sales in America have been mainly from Canada.

The United States stands badly in need of an export trade, not only in wheat but in other grains as well A change for the better must be seen if prices are kept up around the present level.

Look For More Corn Receipts.

While the New York cotton crowd is giving the corn market no more than passing attention at the moment, it is said they continue to add to their long line in a sub-rosa way. It is expected that with more settled weather the receipts of corn at the leading Western markets will increase, and for this reason the bull longs will refuse to maintain values by making purchases save on the very sharpest declines.

Oats are likely to pivot on the price changes in corn, as holders of that grain must now depend on the domestic trade to take care of the surplus

For the past few days it has been the rule for provision traders to follow the top their position in the market. The hog run has been reduced by heavy roads in the country.

Copper Situation.

Market Seems Firmer, and There Is Fair Buying of the Metal.

The copper metal market seems to have grown firmer within a week, and fair buying is reported at from 14¾ to 15 cents a pound. It is said that producers were asking 14 90 cents all around in London yesterday, and said only 10,000 tons in Europe. Most sales were for near delivery, but a few look for a bigger demand for the metal both at home and abroad. Consumers do not appear as hopeful that prices will go much further price decline.

Copper exports for February, exclusive of Southern and Pacific ports, amounted to 26,167 tons, compared with 24,959 tons in January and 16,043 a year ago.

Little rainy promotion last month was 21,766,735 pounds, compared with 20,571,540 pounds during January, and with 20,055,010 pounds in February, 1912. February production was 4,824,010 pounds Operating January output of the mines is uncertainties and the fact that last month is the shortest of the year.

SUED BY GOVERNMENT.

Claimed That Corn Products Violates the Sherman Law.

NEW YORK, March 1.—The Corn Products Refining Company, capitalized at $50,000,000, is sued for dissolution purposes by the federal government. District Attorney Wise in this city has asked under the Sherman law for an injunction to restrain the Corn Products Refining Company of New Jersey, National Starch Company of New Jersey, St. Louis Syrup & Refining Company of St. Louis, the Novelty Candy Corporation of New Jersey, Benjamin Ford, New Orleans, and officers and directors of these corporations from carrying out contracts alleged to be in restraint of trade. These factories are operated under the Corn Products Refining Company.

It is said that the last fiscal year of the Corn Products Refining Company, which ended February 28, made a net profit available for dividends of from 6¾ to 6¾ per cent. on the preferred stock. This was about the same showing as was made in the previous year.

PRINT CLOTHS STEADY.

Trading in the Fall River Market Has Been Moderate in Extent.

FALL RIVER, March 1.—The print cloth market has stayed steady with trading moderate, for the week. There have been slight advances when quick deliveries were imperative. Sateens made the most price improvement, advancing 2 8d cut, Gids, both wide and narrow, have also been in good demand. Buyers have wanted spots and nearby deliveries when they could get them, but available supplies of both are limited, as contracts have been dated further ahead, comparatively, than has been the rule lately.

Sales amounted to 140,000 pieces, half of them spots. Most contracts are for April and May delivery, a few extending well through June.

Curtailment for the week amounted to 80,000 pieces, print cloth yarn goods and the goods together.

Licenses for Brokers.

NEW YORK, March 1.—One of the "blue sky" bills introduced in the New York legislature provides that stock brokers to be required to take out a license. The fee to be $500 per annum and each broker or to be required to deposit a bond of 10,000. This would bring brokers under the supervision of the State Superintendent of Banking and it is believed accomplish all the objects sought for by those who compel the Stock Exchange to incorporate.

Coal Road's Record Profits.

Delaware, Lackawanna & Western's 1912 coal profits exceeded $6,500,000 and were the most it has ever made through mining. When the price of anthracite advanced 50 cents than offset the suspension of mining for about two months.

New York Stocks

Saturday, March 1.

Amal. Copper
Am. C.
Am. Car & Fd.
Am. Cot. Oil
Am. Hide & L.
Am. Ice
Am. Linseed
Am. Smelting
Am. Sugar
Am. T. & T.
Am. Tobacco
Anaconda
Atchison
Atlantic Coast Line
Baltimore & Ohio
Brooklyn Rapid Transit
Canadian Pacific
Central Leather
Chesapeake & Ohio
Chicago & Alton
Chicago Great Western
Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul
Chicago & Northwestern
Colorado Fuel & Iron
Consolidated Gas
Corn Products
Delaware & Hudson
Delaware, Lackawanna & Western
Denver & Rio Grande
Distillers' Securities
Erie
General Electric
Great Northern pf
Great Northern Ore
Illinois Central
Interborough-Metropolitan
Interborough-Metropolitan pf
International Harvester
International Paper
Kansas City Southern
Kansas City Southern pf
Lehigh Valley
Louisville & Nashville
Manhattan Elevated
Missouri Pacific
National Lead
New York Central
New York, Chicago & St. Louis
New York, New Haven & Hartford
New York, Ontario & Western
Norfolk & Western
Northern Pacific
Pacific Mail
Pennsylvania
People's Gas
Pittsburg Coal
Pittsburg Coal pf
Pressed Steel Car
Pullman Palace Car
Reading
Republic Iron & Steel
Rock Island Co.
Rock Island Co. pf
Southern Pacific
Southern Railway
Southern Railway pf
Tennessee Copper
Texas & Pacific
Third Ave. R. R.
Toledo, St. L. & W.
Twin City
Union Pacific
United States Rubber
United States Rubber 1st pf
United States Steel
United States Steel pf
Utah Copper
Virginia-Carolina Chem.
Wabash
Wabash pf
Western Union
Westinghouse Electric & M.
Wheeling & L. E.
Wisconsin Central

BONDS.

Amer. Ag. Chem.
Amer. Tel. & Tel.
Atchison
Atlantic Coast Line
Baltimore & Ohio
Brooklyn Rapid Transit
Canadian Pacific
Central Leather
Chesapeake & Ohio
Chicago & Alton
Chicago Great Western
Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul
Chicago & Northwestern
Colorado Fuel & Iron
Consolidated Gas
Corn Products
Delaware & Hudson
Delaware, Lackawanna & Western
Denver & Rio Grande
Distillers' Securities
Erie
General Electric
Great Northern pf
Great Northern Ore
Illinois Central
Interborough-Metropolitan
Interborough-Metropolitan pf
International Harvester
International Paper
Kansas City Southern
Kansas City Southern pf
Lehigh Valley
Louisville & Nashville
Manhattan Elevated
Missouri Pacific
National Lead
New York Central
New York, Chicago & St. Louis
New York, New Haven & Hartford
New York, Ontario & Western
Norfolk & Western
Northern Pacific
Pacific Mail
Pennsylvania
People's Gas
Pittsburg Coal
Pittsburg Coal pf
Pressed Steel Car
Pullman Palace Car
Reading
Republic Iron & Steel
Rock Island Co.
Rock Island Co. pf
Southern Pacific
Southern Railway
Southern Railway pf
Tennessee Copper
Texas & Pacific
Third Ave. R. R.
Toledo, St. L. & W.
Twin City
Union Pacific
United States Rubber
United States Rubber 1st pf
United States Steel
United States Steel pf
Utah Copper
Virginia-Carolina Chem.
Wabash
Wabash pf
Western Union
Westinghouse Electric & M.
Wheeling & L. E.
Wisconsin Central

New York Bank Statement.

NEW YORK, March 1.—The New York bank statement was not a surprise in its main features, and for once a year was there was one, including trust companies not in the Clearing House Association, which showed an increase in reserves. In regard to surplus, and for once a year was there was one, including trust companies not in the Clearing House Association, which showed an increase in reserves. In regard to surplus and reserves, the bank statement was as follows:

The actual condition of clearing house banks and trust companies, including the following week ago:

	Actual Mar. 1.	Actual Feb. 22.	Actual Feb. 15.
Excess cash reserve	$	$	$
Loans			
Legal tenders			
Net deposits			
Circulation			
Excess reserve			
Reserve—cash in vaults			
Reserve—cash in banks			
Tr. com.—cash in vaults			
Reserve—cash in banks and trust companies			
Ceiling week failures			
Loans			
Deposits			
Circulation			
Excess reserve			
Reserve—cash in vaults			
Reserve—cash in banks			
Tr. com.—cash in vaults			

American Can Finances.

It is figured that if the American Can Company should wipe out at the June meeting of directors all the back dividends that are then unpaid there would be regular preferred dividends, sinking funds of $500,000 per year and $700,000 interest on the new debt — or a total of $4,000,321, to be paid before the common could receive dividends. Earnings for last year show that the company could have paid all of the above and still have shown approximately $2,500,000 for the common, equal to about six per cent. on that stock. The 24 per cent. dividend amounts to practically $9,000,000, payable on April 1, with the regular dividend of 1¾ per cent.

COTTON CLIMBS ON COVERING BY SHORTS

No Full Response to Upturn Was Shown in Southern Spot Markets.

By EDWARD LOW RANLETT.

NEW YORK, March 1.—While the New York cotton market made an advance of from 40 p ints on March and from 50 to 70 points on the later positions during the week, there was no full response to this upturn in Southern spot markets, and the demand for actual cotton for new commitments by spinners in America and exporters showed a decided improvement

The advance in New York contracts was due to covering of the short interests and to the belief that the Administration at Washington would be favorable to the cotton interests. Private reports received in May from Washington indicated that the new Secretary of Agriculture would be favorable to the cotton interests, and on Friday was bought quite an

Statistics Did Not Surprise.

The week's statistics, which in itself, as much as from plantations to the mills and to ports, were about as expected, and, indeed, were somewhat more favorable to the bull position than indicated earlier in the week.

As of date March 1 the world's supplies of American cotton, as shown by positions will approximate 4,100,000, against about 3,900,000 for the corresponding date last year. Receipts of the week were 193,000 bales, against 178,000 for the same week last year. The total since September 1 is now 11,716,000 bales, against 12,464,000 for the corresponding period of 1912. Exports for the week were 146,000 bales, against 242,000 last year. All of the above totals represent the movement of cotton for six months ending Friday night—that is to say, since beginning which begins the commercial year in cotton

What Is Coming Into Sight.

It will be seen from the above that with a crop approximating 14,000,000 bales as a result of this season a growth there will come into sight before September 1 approximately 1,900,000 bales. This is based on the 12,000,000 bale crop now estimated. Perhaps this is safe to claim it at including the 14,000,000 bale crop, as 14,000,000 bales may be exported, 6,500,000 bales will be available for spinners takings for six months. From this total should be deducted a minimum of 1,500,000 bales of cotton that will come into the new cotton year now six months ahead.

The crop news of the week has been rendered more or less confusing by reports of rain over the eastern belt. Ploughing and preparations for planting will not begin before April 1 in the Carolinas, Georgia and Alabama, and a delay of two weeks in the planting season would not be regarded as serious. Texas and Oklahoma are now ready for near-by delivery, or is so among spinners.

Next week's crop news is looked for with much interest, as the first report of the season will be issued.

Money Market.

Money on call, firm, 2½@3 per cent.; ruling rate, 2½ per cent.; closing bid, 2½ per cent.; offered at 3 per cent.; last loan, 2½ per cent. Time loans, firm; sixty days, 3@3¼ per cent.; ninety days, 3@3¼ per cent.; six months, 3¼@3½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 3¼@3½ per cent. Sterling exchange, steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.84.90@4.85 for demand and at $4.82.40@4.82.50 for sixty days; posted rates, $4.83@4.86; commercial bills, $4.82.10@4.82.20. Bar silver, 58¾. Mexican dollars, 46¾. Government bonds, steady; railroad bonds, irregular. Total sales, $2,144,670,737.

AT THE CLEARING HOUSE

New York
Boston
Philadelphia
Baltimore
Pittsburg
Chicago
St. Louis
San Francisco
Cincinnati
Kansas City
Minneapolis
New Orleans
Detroit
Cleveland
Louisville
Milwaukee
Omaha
Providence
Buffalo
St. Paul
Denver
Indianapolis
Richmond
Memphis
Seattle
Hartford
Salt Lake City
Portland
Worcester
Des Moines
Spokane
Tacoma
Sioux City
Wichita
Sioux Falls
Lincoln
Topeka
Davenport
Helena
Fargo
Springfield, Ill.
Canton
Total

Brokers' Views

Hunt, Ellis & Co.: The stock market has acquired a more hopeful expression. It has been interpreted over the week-end that the Democratic party is going to intervene in Mexico as it has been charged with doing in the past. While there is no doubt that the favorable factors in the situation which have been mentioned will have their influence, it is not safe to assume that the market will have a sustained upward movement. It is extremely hazardous to buy stocks at the present time. The market is in a position to go either way, and the safest course is to wait for a definite indication of the trend. Many of the stocks which have been depressed for the past year or more are selling at prices which are attractive for investment purposes, and the present is a good time to buy them.

Money in Wheat

$10.00 Buys Puts or Calls on 10,000 bushels of wheat. For further data & synopsis of profits from 1909 give you chance to take $500 & $1,000. Ref. $5.00 ea. for pub. rates. Write The Standard Grain & Stock Co. Established 1898. Leased Wire. 723 Electric Bldg., Cleveland, O.

STANDARD AMALGAMATED
We will buy 100 shares in large or small blocks. State amount and lowest price. L. L. S. Co., Box 5076, Boston.

WILSON'S INAUGURAL MESSAGE A MODERN SERMON ON MOUNT, IS FORECAST OF WALL STREET

That Addressed to the Special Session of Congress However Is Expected to Give Business World Grave Concern—Still It Is Not Believed Any Radical Disturbance Will Follow

By B. C. FORBES.

President Wilson's inaugural address on Tuesday was a twentieth century political-financial-commercial Sermon on the Mount, of lofty ideal, offensive to none

His first message to Congress on April 1 will give the business world to "sit up and take notice"

That is what Wall Street is now declaring. And Wall Street has wonderful intuition in diagnosing coming events

Present expectations are that there will be a temporary exhibition of cheerfulness, both on the New York Stock Exchange and throughout the country, but that this will be quickly followed by a relapse into depression and pessimism, the duration and intensity of which will depend largely upon political developments.

Now, this reading of the outlook may prove correct. There is a fair chance, however, that the looked-for setback will be neither severe nor prolonged.

Apprehensions usually are worse than actualities

Even should the personnel of President Wilson's Cabinet be regarded as radical—which it almost certainly will not be—his ministers and other advisers are likely to proceed circumspectly once they are weighted down by the responsibility of office. They may find, too, that public sentiment will not support hasty measures calculated to precipitate deceleration. The administration's tariff action, for example, is unlikely to be as ruinous as certain industries fear, for there are important and influential factions which will insist upon a give-and-take policy instead of sanctioning wholesale reductions in pet schedules.

In Fear of "Blue Sky" Laws.

The security markets are very uneasy at the moment over threatened legislation by Albany, but the protest raised against laws more obnoxious proposals, such as doubling the tax on stock sales to $4 a hundred shares and limiting the call loan rate to 15 per cent., cannot well be ignored by Governor Sulzer and his advisers. The prospects are that only reasonable measures will be adopted, and that the present cloud will shortly clear away, leaving a brighter sky.

Good Stocks to Buy.

After frankly recognizing that pessimism still rules in financial circles, after granting, likewise, that the stock market is apt to move very erratically, the statement can be made with every confidence that many good stocks may shortly be bought on the extremely attractive bargains basis. In last Sunday's article a list of standard stocks was presented.

For those who prefer railroad bonds but nevertheless desire a good return on their money the following list is recommended as safe and conservative. Any reputable brokerage firm will be glad to supply detailed information on any of these bonds:

Name of Bond	Price Wed.	Yield About
Penn R. R. 3½s, 1916	97	4¼
L. S. & M. S. (now) 4s, 1931	95	4¼
L. S. & M. S. 4s, 1931	91	4¼
L. & O. P. L. R. & W. 4s		
(existing) 4s, 1941	89	4½
Mich. Cent. 4s, 1940	90	4½
At. Coast Line, 4s, 1937	97	4¼
Col. So. 1st mtg. 4s, 1929	94	4½
Kan. City So. ref. 5s, 1950	98	5
Mo. Pac 1st con. 6s, 1920	105	5
Mo. K. & T. gen. mtg. 5 P.		
4s, 1936	83½	5½

Business Interests Are Cautious.

Trade is still of large volume. Railroads are bringing idle cars into use, bank clearings outside of speculative centres are very heavy, ordnance commerce is of record-breaking proportions, and although the unseasonably mild weather has hurt certain industries it has helped others.

Merchants whose goods are likely to be affected by tariff reductions are ordering cautiously, yet no acute alarm is now felt upon this score apart from two or three lines which admittedly will be treated somewhat ruthlessly

Copper metal has fallen three cents below the artificial level at which it was unwisely held for a protracted period. Consumers, however, have been taught to distrust producers owing to the manipulation which was practiced

Steel orders are falling off after the boomlet of last year, but as soon as railroads can raise capital they will place very extensive orders for material.

Agricultural conditions are not a potent factor at present. All that can be said is that nothing has happened to injure prospects for the current year. Early and by, another bumper harvest is assured. As the country should be able to withstand even a large dose of politics agitation. The farmer is a much more important person, economically, than the politician

IF YOU WANT
ALL of the news—the real, bed-rock facts that are essential to intelligent market action—on
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MACNAMARA
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GOLDFIELD CONSOLIDATED
JUMBO EXTENSION
SAN ANTONIO
GIROUX COPPER
BRADSHAW COPPER
BRUCE COPPER
NEVADA-UTAH COPPER
NIPISSING
BAY STATE GAS
BUTTE & LONDON COPPER
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FOR SALE

400 Bay State Gas	20	20 Butte Central	7.85
100 Bay State Gas	7.90	100 Butte Central	7.85
300 Mex. Metals	1.37	100 Butte & Lon.	20c
100 Nevada Utah	1.50	100 Butte & Lon.	20c
20 July Consol.	11	50 Mineola Am.	2.00
100 Mineola Am.	2.00	100 Mineola Am.	2.00
1000 Wolverine	67	2000 Dubuc Oil	04
1000 Wolverine	67	1000 Dubuc Oil	04
10 Big Four Oil	3.00	200 Tamarack	86
100 Big Four Oil	3.00	100

"The Busiest Corner on Boston's Busiest Street"

MAGRANE HOUSTON CO.

A NEW NAME FOR AN OLD STORE WITH A GOOD NAME.

We Cannot Guarantee to Fill Mail Orders on Sale Items Received After 12 O'Clock Monday.

CARD TO THE PUBLIC—This is the first announcement in which we have omitted from our new firm name the identification name of

JAMES A. HOUSTON COMPANY

The high standing which many years of best service brought to this store under the former name means much more now to a great many more people after but four months under the new designation. Tomorrow the greatest throngs that have ever entered our doors will prove that "Magrane Houston Company" needs no other mark of identity. (Personally signed)

P. H. MAGRANE, Pres. P. B. MAGRANE, Treas.

Breaking All Selling Records by Breaking All Value Records

DETERMINED TO MAKE TOMORROW THE GREATEST DAY IN THE ENTIRE HISTORY OF THIS STORE, EVERY DEPARTMENT WILL OPEN AN EXTRAORDINARY SALE AT 8:30 IN THE MORNING AND CONTINUE UNTIL 5:30 IN THE EVENING, UNLESS LOTS ARE CLOSED OUT BEFORE THAT TIME.

NEW SPRING-1913 STOCKS OFFERED AT THE VERY VERGE OF THE BIG SPRING DEMAND, THREE WEEKS FROM EASTER, QUALITIES AND STYLES IN EVERY WAY EQUAL TO THOSE THAT WILL SELL HERE AND IN ALL HIGH-CLASS STORES AT THE REGULAR PRICES STATED IN THE FOLLOWING ITEMS.

The Very Things That Every Woman Will Have to Buy Within a Few Weeks at About ½ Price Over 300 Separate Lots, Worth About $125,000, For Less Than $70,000

Women's New 21.75 Spring Coats 12.50
Blue men's wear serge, three-quarter length and half lined. Have broad collars with lapels and cuffs of moire silk, trimmed with Bulgarian silk.

Women's 29.50 Broadcloth Coats 13.75
Light weight coats suitable for Spring. Semi-fitted plain tailored models, lined throughout with Skinner's guaranteed satin.

Women's New 27.50 Spring Coats 16.50
The wanted wool eponge in Nell rose, blue, black and gray, lined throughout and perfectly plain tailored, except for round gros-grain collar, novelty buttons and straps of material at back. More hand tailoring than is usually seen at twice this price.

Misses' New 25.00 Spring Suits 15.00
Imported Scotch Heather Cloths, men's wear mixtures in new Norfolk styles. Serges, whipcords and wool Bedfords in plain tailored and dressy styles. Navy and copenhagen blue, gray, brown and tan. Sizes 14 to 18 years.

Women's New 25.00 and 29.50 Suits 16.50
Wool corduroy and serges in plain and semi-dressy suits. Colors, tapestry blue, navy, tan, brown and black. Sizes 34 to 44, in colors.

Women's New 35.00 Spring Suits 19.75
Wool poplins and wool Bedfords and serges. Five specially prepared models. The newest Spring ideas in tapestry blue, tan, shepherd checks, brown, navy and black. Sizes 34 to 44.

Women's New 42.50 Spring Suits 22.50
Serges, wool poplins and Bedford cords, plain tailored and dressy suits. Navy blue, copenhagen blue, brown, gray and black. Sizes 34 to 44.

Women's New 35.00 to 45.00 Suits 25.00
12 New Models in all the new fabrics for Spring. Several new cutaways, trimmed back. New plain tailored models. All the new Spring shades. Sizes 34 to 44 bust measure.

Women's Queen Quality Boots. Values up to 5.00 . . . 2.95
Patent leather and gun metal, button and blucher. All sizes.

Women's $4.00 Queen Quality Pumps, black, rose and leather, welt soles, all sizes, values $4.00 ..... pair 2.95

Women's $3.50 Button Boots, Goodyear welt, patent leather, button with cloth top, dull calf, button, welt soles, B to E, in a large range of sizes, all sizes, values $3.50 ..... 2.95

Women's $1.00 Kid Boudoir Slippers, all colors and sizes 80c

Women's 35c Slipper Trees 19c

Women's 75c Rubbers, perfect, storm and low cut 39c

Boys' and Girls' $4.00 High Storm Boots (Sizes 12 to 5) 2.95

Girls' $4.00 Boots, 14-button kid boots, all sizes 2.95

Girls' $3.00 and $3.50 Boots, Goodyear welt, gun metal and patent leather, sizes 9½ to 5½ 2.25

Children's $2.00 and $2.25 Boots, gun metal and patent, sizes 8½ to 11 ..... 1.50

Misses' $2.50 Button Boots, Goodyear welt, gun metal and patent coit; sizes 11½ to 2 ..... 1.85

Misses' $2.50 Button Boots, Goodyear welt, tan calf, sizes 11½ to 2 ..... 1.95

Children's $2.25 Button Boots, tan calf, sizes 8½ to 11 ..... 1.75

Boys' and Youths' $4.00 Boots, tan calf, gun metal and leather, Goodyear welt, sizes 2½ to 5½ ..... pair 1.95

Children's and Misses' Storm and Low Rubbers, all perfect, sizes 5½ to 2 ..... 60c

25c Sleeveless Guimpes 15c
Shadow and plain yoke with lawn body....

75c and $1.00 Plauen Lace Yokes, chemisettes, Dutch and coat collars and Irish Jabots 39c

$3.00 Lace Collars, large Quaker shaped collars in combinations of Val, cluny and net; also large and medium size round lace collars 95c

$2.50 and $3.00 Collars, genuine imported Irish lace, dainty patterns 1.65

50c and 75c Neckwear, stocks, Jabots, Robespierre collars, lace Dutch collars and chemisettes 29c

$2.50 Stocks, real imported Irish lace, Hairy Irish and heavy patterns 1.45

50c and 25c Jabots, Irish trimmed mull Jabots, are assorted lot of shadow lace and net stocks and separate stocks 12½c

$8.50 Marabout Capes and Long Scarfs, real imported French feathers 2.95

Women's New 25.00 Spring Suits 13.95
Serges and mixtures, plain tailored, also some trimmed models. Navy, black, and black and white. Sizes 34 to 44 bust.

Misses' New 19.75 Spring Suits 12.50
Finest of serges and whipcords, made in the smartest tailored models and new Norfolk styles. Navy blue, brown and shepherd checks. Sizes 14 to 18 years.

Misses' New 29.50 Spring Suits 19.75
Eponge, men's wear serge, poplin and wool Bedfords. Several attractive models. Colors, navy and tapestry blue, brown, tan. Sizes 14 to 18 years.

Misses' New 15.00 Spring Coats 7.50
New English Coats, smart patterns, full length coats, sizes 14 to 18 years.

Misses' New 22.50 Spring Coats 12.50
New Three-Quarter Length Coats. New Whipcord and Mixture Fabrics. All the new shades. Sizes 14 to 18 years.

Misses' New 25.00 Spring Coats 15.00
English patterns in exclusive models. All the Spring shades. Sizes 14 to 18 years.

Misses' New 15.00 Spring Dresses 7.50
Heavy quality charmeuse in several models, high and low neck effects. Navy, brown, taupe and black. Sizes 14 to 18 years.

Misses' New 15.00 Chiffon Dresses 7.50
Party Dresses in four styles. Pink, white, blue, maize and violet Sizes 14 to 18

Misses' New 18.50 Charmeuse Dresses 10.00
Best quality charmeuse, attractive models in navy, brown, taupe and black.

Misses' New 29.50 Chiffon Dresses 15.00
Exclusive models, beautiful lace trimmings, all the evening shades. Sizes 14 to 18 years.

1.50 Undermuslin Combinations Specially Priced at . . . 69c
Hand Embroidered, Cluny Lace Edge.

Infants' 6.00 Hand Emb. Long White Coats 3.95
Hand embroidered, silk lined throughout, sizes 1 and 2 years.

59c Bungalow Aprons 35c
Assorted percales .....

4.00 Table Cloths for 2.50
Heavy, double damask, counter stock, slightly soiled.

1.50 American Oriental Mats 95c
22½x36 inches .....Ea.

39c White Dress Pique . . . 19c
36-inch width, wide cord, slight imperfection.....

4.00 and 5.00 Real Seal Leather Hand Bags 2.45

19c Fancy Colored Swiss Muslins, Priced 10c
Bordered designs and dainty spot patterns. Lower now than July Clearance Prices.

1.50 Shadow Allover Laces, 36-inches wide, White and Cream, Yd. . . . 75c

Women's 25c Undervests 15c
Lisle Vests, slightly irregular, low neck, no sleeves or wing sleeves; some extra sizes; have sold 1000 in one day. 2 for 25c

1.50 40-in. Foulard Silks 75c
Splendid assortment of the newest borders on navy backgrounds. Desirable for street and party dresses.

Women's 7.50 to 15.00 Separate Skirts 5.75
The entire sample line of a large skirt manufacturer at less than the cost of material. All are new up-to-date models.

2.00 Swiss Flouncings, Yd. 95c
45 inches wide, beautifully embroidered.....

1.50 50 to 54-inch Dress Fabrics 75c
Black and Navy Clay Serge—Black and Navy Cheviots—Black and Navy Storm Serge—Black Panama—Black Wool Armure—Black and Navy Chevron Suiting.

19c Bottle Peroxide of Hydrogen . . 9c
5c Cakes Ivory Soap, 8 for 25c
15c Hand Scrub Brushes 7c
50c Hair Brushes 19c

Women's 15.00 Messaline Dresses, four models 8.95
All in the copenhagen, navy, brown and black and the newest Spring shades. One model is strictly tailored, high neck with lace, self color yoke. One is a fancy model made with tucked lace net and daintily trimmed collars.

4.50 Nemo Self Reducing Corsets Specially Priced . . 2.50
Style 403 and 405, sizes 20, 21, 22, 29, material coutil.

12½c Pillow Cases, 3 for . . . 25c
Fine grade cotton, one dozen to a customer.....

Cohasset Sheets, Mill Runs of Pequot Cottons

1½x2¼ yd	1¾x2¼ yd	2x2¼ yd	2¼x2¼ yd	2½x2¼ yd	2½x3 yd
55c	59c	67c	69c	75c	90c

Women's 25c Stockings . . . 15c
Gauze lisle, cotton and silk lisle. Fast black and colors. Mostly first quality. Some irregular. Surplus stocks of a Philadelphia mill. All full fashioned.....2 pairs for 25c

Men's 25c Handkerchiefs . . 17c
Fine linen, full size, ⅜ and ¾-inch hems.....

Women's 3.00 Spring and Summer White Waists . 1.50
Batiste and voile. Three new and exclusive models, laces and embroideries, high neck, ¾ and full length sleeves.

Trimmed Spring Hats Tailored and Semi-Dress 7.50

Women's 89c Glace Gloves 59c
2-clasp, in black, white and tan.....

75c Mesh Veilings 25c
Black, brown, white and navy.....

Women's 3.00 & 4.00 Silk Umbrellas, Tomorrow . . . 1.65
All silk, black, close roll, 26-inch, mission and fancy handles.

10c Kohinoor Dress Fasteners 5c
Black and white, all sizes.....Card

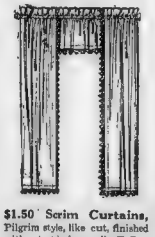
20c Silk Dress Shields, light weight, sizes 2, 3 and 4.....Pr. 10¢
75c One-Ounce Spool Silk, black only, in O. A. and B.....Spool 43¢
Pennant 5c Basting Cotton, full 500 yards, all numbers. 3 Spools 10¢
25c Sanitary Belts, elastic, small, large and medium.....Ea. 12½¢
15c Toe and Heel Darners.....Ea. 8¢
25c Pad Hose Supporters, with rubber button, heavy elastic strap 15¢
5c and 10c Pearl Buttons, 16 to 20 line, two and four hole....Card 5¢
5c 400 Count Pins, good needle points.....2 Papers 5¢
3c Hair Nets, large size with elastic, all shades except gray. 5 in Envelope 10¢

Scrim Curtains at Makers' Cost Prices

Nearly 4000 Pairs Average a Saving of About

½

We had the great Spring store event in mind when we placed our large contracts for regular Spring merchandise. These beautiful lots of Curtains at makers' cost prices were a part of our arrangement with one of the country's large producing houses, of which we are among the largest customers. **All are Perfect, Made to Hang as Straight and Even as Our Regular Lines at Full Price.**



$1.50 Scrim Curtains, Pilgrim style, like cut, finished with a textile lace; all finished for rod..... 98c

WOMEN'S NEW 9.75 SERGE DRESSES FOURTH FLOOR . . 5.00
Fine quality of wool serge, newest Spring models; trimmings of crystal buttons, vestees of Persian and colored silk poplin in contrasting colors. Six colors: Navy, black, copenhagen, brown, garnet and gray. Sizes 34 to 44.

$1.25 Percale House Dresses, fine hair-line stripes, all sizes 65c

$3.95 and $2.95 Dresses, white dotted Swiss, linen, chambray; most all colors and sizes..... 1.85

$5.95 Dresses, gingham, voile and linen dresses. From the simplest to the most elaborate makes..... 3.75

$6.95 and $5.95 Wool Serge Dresses, mostly navy blue and brown blend and sizes. For practical wear..... 3.95

Girls' 8.00 Coats, New Spring Styles 4.95
Navy and brown wool serge, high waisted style. Check trimmed collar and cuffs, lined throughout. Sizes 6 to 14 years.

Girls' $5.00 White Dresses, deep embroidered flounce skirt, waist trimmed with fine Val. lace. Sizes 6 to 14 years..... 2.95

Girls' $1.50 Middy Blouses, in all white or white with red and cadet collars and cuffs. 6 to 16 years. 79c

Girls' $1.00 Colored Muslin Dresses, variety of styles and colors. Sizes 6 to 14 years..... 49c

Girls' $1.50 Russian Bloomer Dresses, in fine quality percale, full cut bloomers, in tan, light blue and cadet. Sizes 6 to 12 years 89c

Girls' $1.50 Rain Capes, odd sizes, 2 to 14 years. .....75¢
Girls' $3.00 Rain Capes, odd sizes, 2 to 14 years.....1.95

Infants' 6.00 Hand Embroidered WHITE COATS.. 3.95
Hand embroidered, silk lined throughout, sizes 1 and 2 years.

$1.50 Chambray Bloomer Dresses, pink, blue and tan with white collars, cuffs and belts. Sizes 2 to 6 years.....89¢
50c Seersucker Rompers, in many pretty stripes, 2 to 6 years. 39¢
$2.00 Dotted Swiss Dresses, pink and blue, prettily trimmed with lace and embroidery. Sizes 2 to 6 years.....1.25
$1.00 Hubbard Dresses, lace and emb. trimmed, 6 mos. to 2 yrs. 69¢
50c Long Cotton Petticoats, plain and trimmed.....39¢
50c Wool Vests, medium weight, all perfect, sizes up to 3 yrs. 29¢
12½c Cotton Drawers, tucks and hemstitching, 2 to 12 years..... 9¢
35c Carriage Pillows, silk floss, sizes 14x17 inches. .....25¢
50c Shirt Frames, for drying wool shirts and sweaters.....29¢
$1.00 Hand-Made Embroidered Bibs .....50¢
50c Wash Dresses, light and dark percales, 2 to 5 years. ..39¢
$1.00 Lace Trimmed Drawers, sizes 12 to 16 years.....69¢
$1.25 Wash Suits, chambray, percale and gingham, 2 to 6 years. .98¢

Women's 4.00 Messaline Silk Petticoats, Special at . . . 1.95
SILK UNDERPIECE

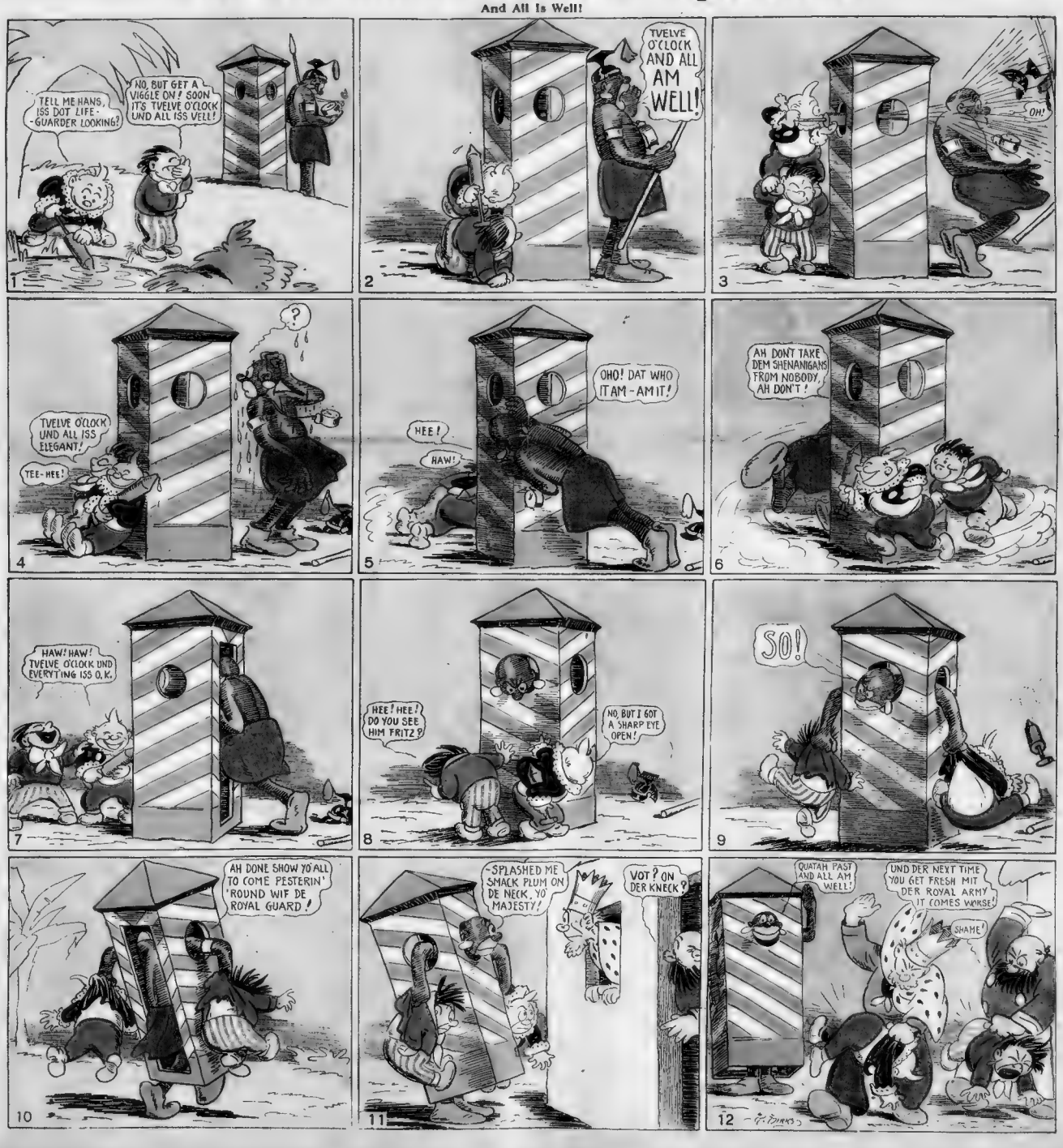
$3.50 Taffeta Silk Petticoats.....1.59
$4.00 Petticoats, changeable taffeta and messaline.....1.95
$8.00 Petticoats, taffeta silk and messaline with jersey top. .3.95
$9.00 Petticoats, messaline silk skirts, odd lot.....4.95
$6.00 Silk Petticoats, messaline and taffeta.....2.95
$2.95 Morris Taffeta Cotton Petticoats, odd lot.....98¢
$1.00 Petticoats, checked gingham, striped flannelette.....50¢

25c Taffeta and Moire Ribbons, yd. 12½c
4 to 6 inches wide.

COMIC SECTION
OF THE
BOSTON
AMERICAN
March 2, 1913

Hans and Fritz Were Spanked!

And All Is Well!


TELL ME HANS, ISS DOT LIFE-GUARDER LOOKING?
NO, BUT GET A VIGGLE ON! SOON IT'S TVELVE O'CLOCK UND ALL ISS VELL!
1
TVELVE O'CLOCK AND ALL AM WELL!
2
OH!
3
?
TVELVE O'CLOCK UND ALL ISS ELEGANT!
TEE-HEE!
4
OHO! DAT WHO IT AM - AM IT!
HEE!
HAW!
5
AH DONT TAKE DEM SHENANIGANS FROM NOBODY, AH DON'T!
6
HAW! HAW! TVELVE O'CLOCK UND EVERYTING ISS O.K.
7
HEE! HEE! DO YOU SEE HIM FRITZ?
NO, BUT I GOT A SHARP EYE OPEN!
8
SO!
9
AH DONE SHOW YO'ALL TO COME PESTERIN' 'ROUND WIF DE ROYAL GUARD!
10
-SPLASHED ME SMACK PLUM ON DE NECK, YO MAJESTY!
VOT? ON DER KNECK?
11
QUATAH PAST AND ALL AM WELL!
UND DER NEXT TIME YOU GET FRESH MIT DER ROYAL ARMY IT COMES WORSE!
SHAME!
12

Montmorency Undertakes a Mission.

'Twas for His Dear Brother, Happy Hooligan.

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MONTMORENCY WILL YOUSE ASK THE DUKE TO LET ME MARRY SUZANNE? YOUSE CAN USE SUCH FINE WOIDS!
CERTAINLY, HAPPY. MY OLD FRIEND THE EARL OF CHUMLEY OFTEN ENTRUSTED ME WITH THE MOST DELICATE NEGOTIATIONS.
1
AH, MISS SUZANNE, HOW LOVELY YOU ARE LOOKING! MAY I HAVE THE FELICITY OF A FEW MOMENTS' CONVERSATION WITH YOUR UNCLE THE DUKE DE CABARET?
MR. MONTMORENCY 'OOLIGAN.
2
HE'S RIGHT IN THE NEXT ROOM.
AW, THANKS AWFULLY, DONTCHERKNOW?
3
GET OUT OF HERE!
HAW!
4
5
HE SAID NO!
UNCLE MONTY-
GOT
SWATTED!
6
F. OPPER

Mr. Batch Meets a Fine Child.

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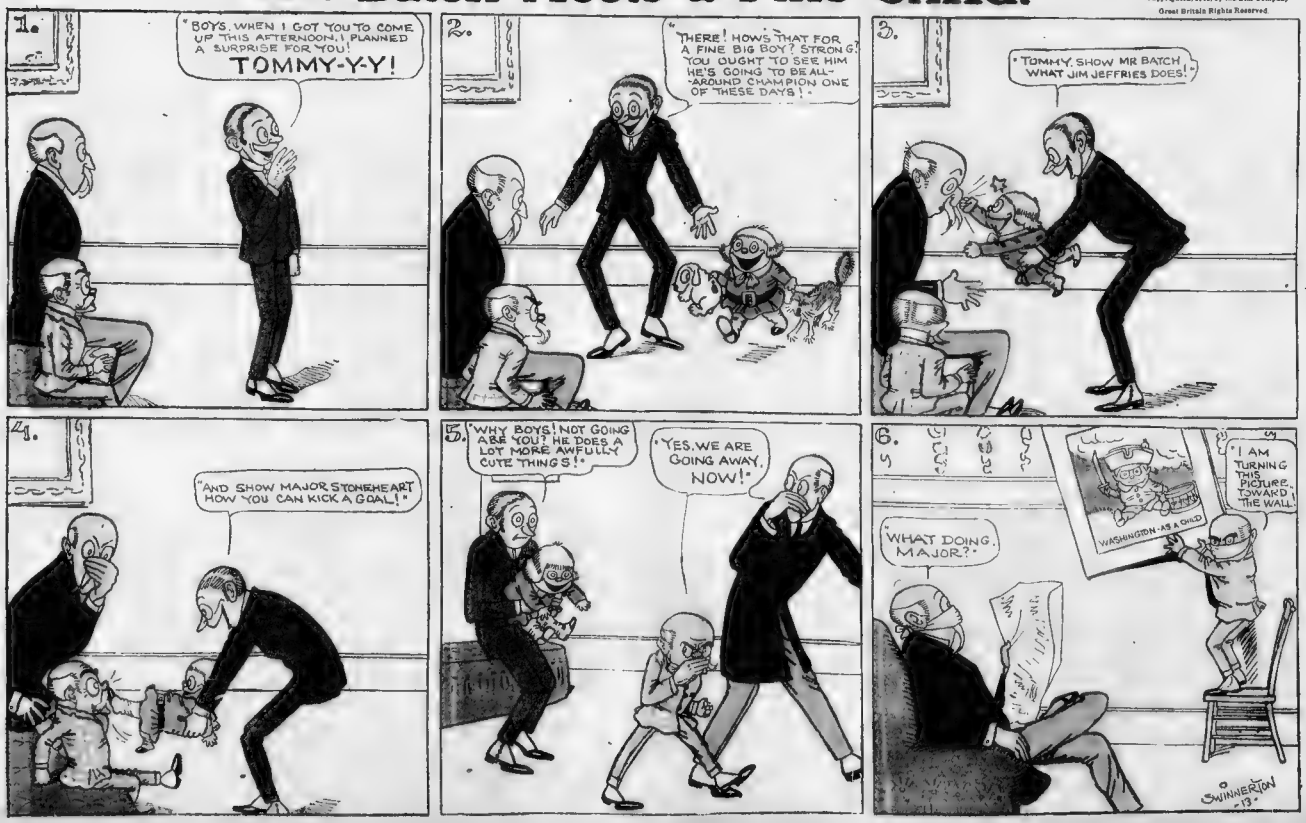
1.
"BOYS, WHEN I GOT YOU TO COME UP THIS AFTERNOON, I PLANNED A SURPRISE FOR YOU! TOMMY-Y-Y!
2.
"THERE! HOWS THAT FOR A FINE BIG BOY? STRONG? YOU OUGHT TO SEE HIM HE'S GOING TO BE ALL-AROUND CHAMPION ONE OF THESE DAYS!"
3.
"TOMMY, SHOW MR BATCH WHAT JIM JEFFRIES DOES!"
4.
"AND SHOW MAJOR STONEHEART HOW YOU CAN KICK A GOAL!"
5.
"WHY BOYS! NOT GOING ARE YOU? HE DOES A LOT MORE AWFULLY CUTE THINGS!"
"YES, WE ARE GOING AWAY, NOW!"
6.
"I AM TURNING THIS PICTURE TOWARD THE WALL!"
WASHINGTON AS A CHILD
"WHAT DOING, MAJOR?"
SWINNERTON '13

Jimmy--He "Took a Pitcher!"

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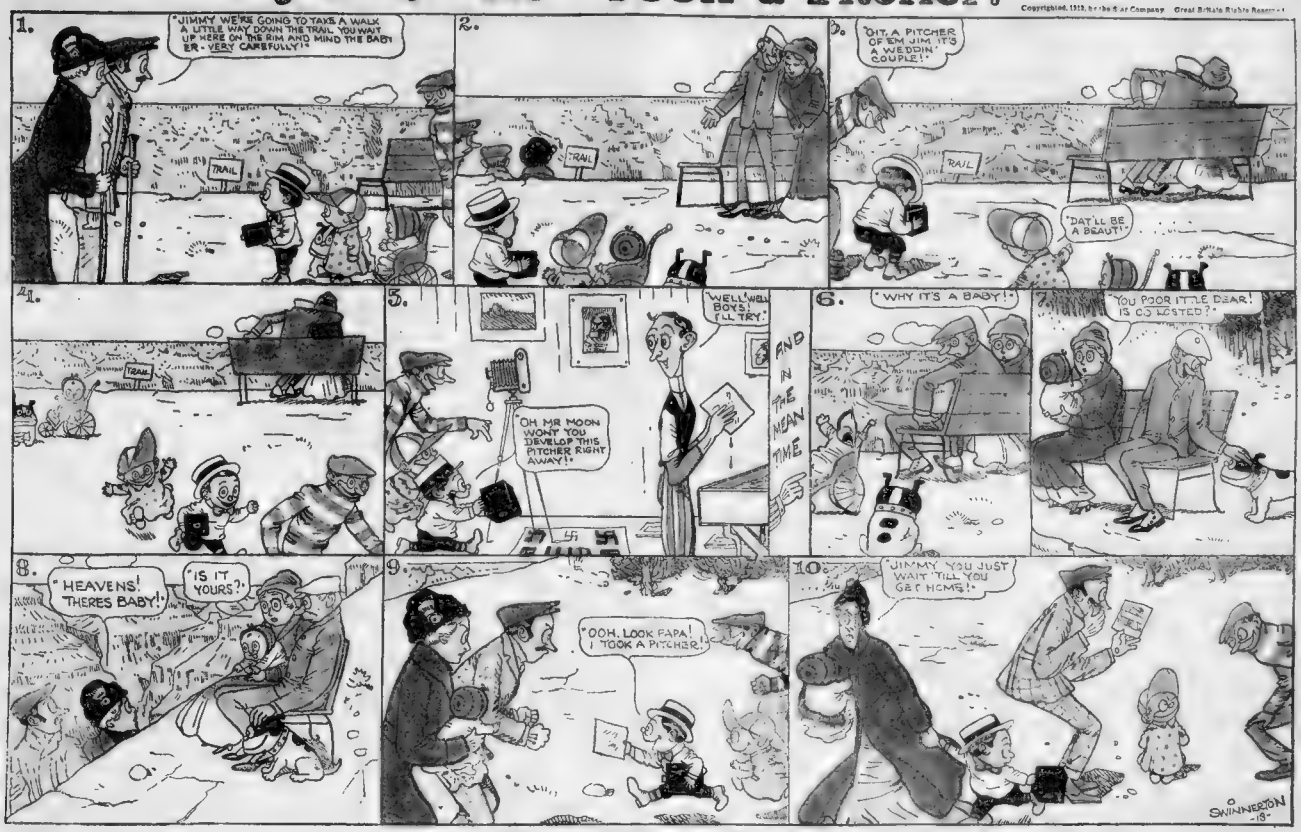
1.
"JIMMY WE'RE GOING TO TAKE A WALK A LITTLE WAY DOWN THE TRAIL. YOU WAIT UP HERE ON THE RIM AND MIND THE BABY ER - VERY CAREFULLY!"
TRAIL
2.
TRAIL
3.
"OH, A PITCHER OF 'EM JIM. IT'S A WEDDIN' COUPLE!"
TRAIL
"DAT'LL BE A BEAUT!"
4.
TRAIL
5.
"WELL, WELL BOYS! I'LL TRY."
"OH MR MOON WONT YOU DEVELOP THIS PITCHER RIGHT AWAY!"
AND IN THE MEAN TIME
6.
"WHY IT'S A BABY!"
7.
"YOU POOR LITTLE DEAR! IS OO LOSTED?"
8.
"HEAVENS! THERES BABY!"
"IS IT YOURS?"
9.
"OOH, LOOK PAPA! I TOOK A PITCHER!"
10.
"JIMMY YOU JUST WAIT 'TILL YOU GET HOME!"
SWINNERTON -13-

Bill Didn't Wait!

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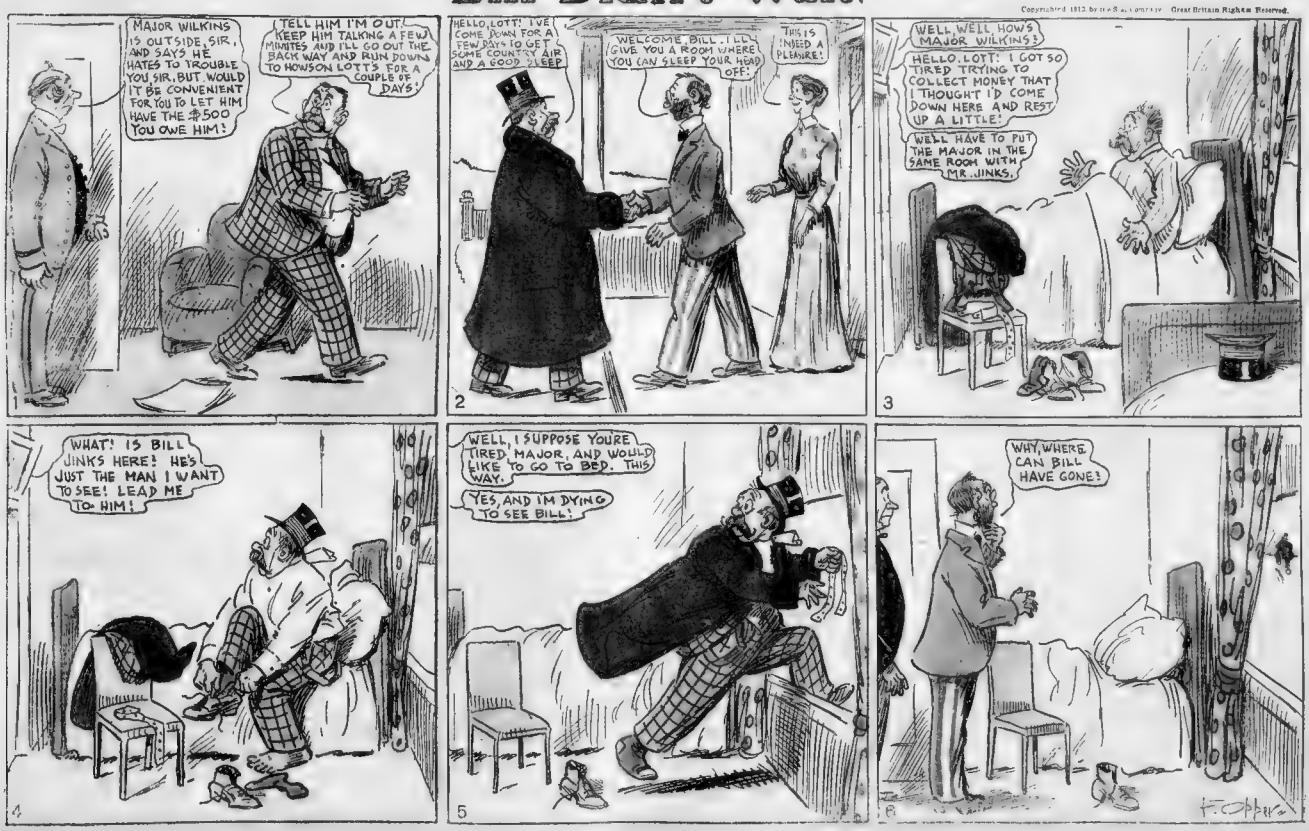
1
MAJOR WILKINS IS OUTSIDE, SIR, AND SAYS HE HATES TO TROUBLE YOU, SIR, BUT WOULD IT BE CONVENIENT FOR YOU TO LET HIM HAVE THE $500 YOU OWE HIM!
TELL HIM I'M OUT! KEEP HIM TALKING A FEW MINUTES AND I'LL GO OUT THE BACK WAY AND RUN DOWN TO HOWSON LOTTS FOR A COUPLE OF DAYS!
2
HELLO, LOTT! I'VE COME DOWN FOR A FEW DAYS TO GET SOME COUNTRY AIR AND A GOOD SLEEP
WELCOME, BILL. I'LL GIVE YOU A ROOM WHERE YOU CAN SLEEP YOUR HEAD OFF!
THIS IS INDEED A PLEASURE!
3
WELL, WELL HOW'S MAJOR WILKINS?
HELLO, LOTT! I GOT SO TIRED TRYING TO COLLECT MONEY THAT I THOUGHT I'D COME DOWN HERE AND REST UP A LITTLE!
WELL HAVE TO PUT THE MAJOR IN THE SAME ROOM WITH MR. JINKS.
4
WHAT! IS BILL JINKS HERE! HE'S JUST THE MAN I WANT TO SEE! LEAD ME TO HIM!
5
WELL, I SUPPOSE YOU'RE TIRED, MAJOR, AND WOULD LIKE TO GO TO BED. THIS WAY.
YES, AND I'M DYING TO SEE BILL!
6
WHY, WHERE CAN BILL HAVE GONE?

DA!
THEIR ONLY CHILD
He Makes A Hit In A Fashionable Restaurant
Copyrighted, 1913 by the Star Company. Great Britain Rights Reserved
COAT ROOM
BABY WANTS NICE BOWL OF HOT MILK
TABLE FOR TWO AND A HIGH CHAIR!
YES SIR - THIS WAY SIR!
1
YOURE SURE THAT MILK IS WARM, WAITER!
IT'S QUITE WARM SIR!
DA!
2
PRECIOUS - YOU MUSTN'T DO THAT!
DA! DA!
THAT'S NAUGHTY - SNOOKUMS!
3
THAT WENT RIGHT IN MY EYE!
DA!
HELP!!!
BABY - BE CAREFUL!
4
HE WONT DO IT AGAIN - WILL YOU - SNOOKIE?
THAT WILL 'AVE TO STOP - SIR!
BE NICE - BABY!
THE IDEA!
5
SNOOKUMS - PRECIOUS!!
DA-DE! DA! DA!
6
LET PAPA HAVE THE BOWL A MINUTE!
THAT CHILD 'AS 'ORRID 'ABITS!
WHAT'LL WE DO LOVEY!
7
BE SEATED - DEAR I'LL FIX THIS UP ALL RIGHT!
OH! LOOK HOW THE LITTLE PET IS CRYING!
8
MR MANAGER - COULD I HAVE THE WAITER TAKE ALL THE TABLES OUT OF THE DINING ROOM AND -
YOU CAN DO ANY THING YOU WANT IF YOU PAY FOR IT!
9
HURRY, BOYS - BRING THE TUBS WHEN YOU COME BACK!
10
WHAT ARE YOU DOING, DEAR?
JUST PUT THEM AROUND THE TABLE - WHERE'S THE BOWLS OF MILK?
HERE'S THE MILK.
11
DA! DA! DA!
ISN'T HE HAPPY?
HE SO CUTE!
12

This Man Lived 400,000 Years Ago--At Least

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THIS earth on which you live has existed for millions of years. Men do not GUESS about that; THEY KNOW IT. Those that deny it are childishly ignorant, or pervert the truth.

We know now that man in his primitive form lived upon this planet 400,000 years ago. And here, most interesting to every intelligent human being, you see a reproduction of the face of man as he was hundreds of thousands of years before the beginning of history as we know it.

The skull of this primitive creature, half human being and half ape, was found in a gravel pit at Piltdown, England.

The teeth of the skull were human teeth, but they were imbedded in the jaw of an animal; a jaw like that of a chimpanzee. And it is certain that while this creature could think, in a dull way, and could use the implements of flint that come down from the age in which he lived, he could not speak.

This shows the beginning of the life of man, when thought was already born in the brain, but when the half-man and half-animal had not yet learned the art of language, and could not communicate to another what he thought.

This man with the neck of a chimpanzee, the jaw of an ape, the teeth of a human being and the beginning of mental operations in the brain, could express what he felt only as the animals do—in cries, whistlings, grunts and shrieks. Rage, fear, the lower emotions, but no higher thought, could find expression in that creature, called by science "homo alalus," or man without speech.

* * *

Is it not intensely interesting to think that we have all come from such a creature as this? Is it not a glorious satisfaction to the human race to realize that, slowly, through the 400,000 years of man-shape, and through the millions of years of earlier preparation in animal forms, man has worked up, BY HIS OWN EFFORT, to his present dominion over the earth?

How inspiring is the knowledge that by thought, by development of intellectual power and scientific and mechanical knowledge, the descendants of this monkey-man have crossed the continents and the oceans, harnessed the lightning and steam, taken the iron and sand from the earth to make of them palaces of steel and glass; and, above all, how magnificent to realize that our growth and our real accomplishments have only begun.

The earth is millions of years old; yet man's infancy, without words, you see in this picture, and it dates back only 400,000 years.

The earth has ahead of it millions upon millions of years of life, and through those millions of years men will develop power and knowledge, as they have developed in that short period of 400,000 years that stretches behind us since the beginning of thought.

In That Time the Chief Task of Those That Followed the Primeval Man Has Been to Push In the Jaw and Bring Out the Forehead.

That Process Is Now Going On IN YOU. Savagery and Hatred Push the Jaw Out. Thought, Benevolence, Intellectual Activity Push Out the Forehead. Study the Two Compared Faces of the Man of 400,000 Years Ago and the Thinking Man of To-day.

Man has done much in less than half a million years. He has been able to accomplish wonders almost in his cradle, frightened by superstition, by doubt, slaughtered by war, disease and ignorance. What will he not do beginning now, with the body of the people possessing the power to read, power which to a race is like speech to an individual?

What will not the people accomplish in the ages to come, the thousands of centuries in which man will transform himself into a really civilized intellectual being, and transform this planet into a garden of happiness, a fit abode for the developed man?

* * *

With this picture of YOUR PRIMITIVE ANCESTOR, with the big jaw and the small forehead, the artist shows also the outline of the face of a man of modern development.

You can see clearly that the great change in man during 400,000 years has been INCREASE in the size of the forehead and a falling off in the size of THE JAW.

The man unable to think well needed a powerful jaw nearly 400,000 years ago.

And TO-DAY, a man unable to think well needs that powerful jaw, which expresses hatred, aggressiveness and inarticulate brute force.

As the forehead has come out the jaw has gone back.

Man relied upon thought, cunning and knowledge, rather than upon the power of those teeth and of that heavy underjaw. So the jaw diminished and the brain grew.

When you look at the man of half a million years ago and the man of to-day you see a wonderful change in the line of the face—now straight up and down; then slanting from the teeth back to a bony ridge above the eyes.

Remember that that change is still going on in all of us—IN YOU WHO READ THIS PAGE just as it has been going on through centuries past.

The complete change in the face, in the brain and in the body of man could not be brought about in four thousand centuries. Another four thousand centuries and more will pass before the change shall have been completed. This change takes place, for better or for worse, in every one of us—fortunately on the whole for the better.

Every vicious thought, every ugly impulse, IN YOU OR YOUR NEIGHBOR, forces a sticking out of the lower jaw. Say "I hate you" and you feel the jaw shoot out.

Every noble thought, every good impulse, every kind of emotion, every intellectual effort means the development of cells within the front brain, and an imperceptible, but, to the race a highly important, elevating of the front part of the skull and pushing forward of the forehead.

* * *

All that you can do for those that have suffered back of you, for those that will struggle here after you are gone, is to develop yourself as much as possible.

And you can develop yourself only by GOOD THINKING and by GOOD ACTS.

The wonders that have been achieved by the human race, especially by the influence of mothers upon the children, is shown in this picture in the marvellous change that four thousand centuries have brought about in the face of the human being.

* * *

If you have not read in detail of the discovery in that English gravel pit, where the skull of this man of olden days was found, some statements of facts will interest you.

The finding of the skull in a geological deposit that dates back farther than the glacial period, proves that man existed on the earth in days before the great movement of ice, before the ice COVERED EUROPE.

There is little doubt that this man is near to the "original" ancestor upon which he would have looked with horror as we look with horror upon him. For the one-quarter man who came before this half-man walked on all fours and had but the faintest glimmer of thought, if any.

The discovery of this ancient ancestor of ours will doubtless help to prove SCIENCE ALWAYS DEMANDS PROOF that more than one kind of man came up from the animal and lived on the earth in those ancient days. In other words, that man began to develop at different spots on the earth's surface, coming up from animals slightly different which, as Haeckel, the great German scientist long since pointed out, would account for the great racial differences between the black, the yellow and the white races. The beginnings of man were perhaps separate and distinct in Australia, in Africa, in Europe and in Asia.

* * *

If you want to know how this man lived, and ON what he lived, it will interest you to know that in the gravel near him were found relics of an elephant mastodon, a hippopotamus and a red deer, and with these remains there were flint implements older than those used by the cave dwellers.

This primitive great-great-great-grandfather of ours, with a skull more than twice as thick as that of an ordinary human being, a tiny forehead, BUT WITH A SPARK OF THOUGHT, could, with his traps, his sharp flint and his little thinking power, conquer and live upon the deer, the hippopotamus and the great mastodon itself.

That, FOR HIM, was an accomplishment as wonderful as it is for us to build bridges across the greatest rivers, lift tons of steel with the power of the magnet, and fly through the air on a machine made of iron.

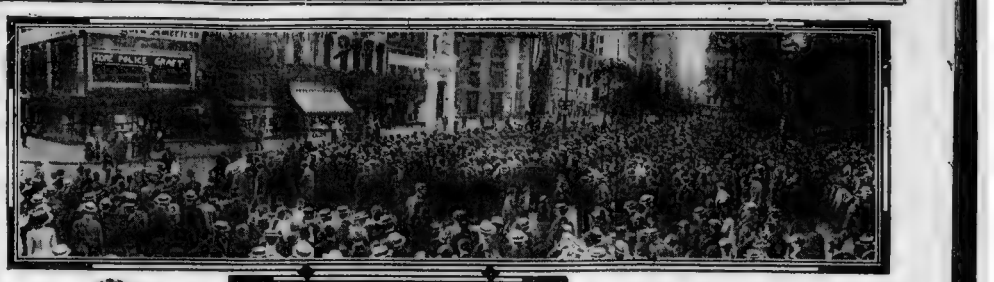
Here you see man as he was four thousand centuries ago.

He lived and ran naked through the woods and the swamps, holding in his hand a rough limb of a tree with a sharp flint fastened in the end. Physically, he was among the weakest of the animals about him. But he was destined to rule them all, extinguish them all in time, and "inherit the earth," because in that low forehead there was THE BEGINNING OF THOUGHT—and to thought everything is possible.

Preparing the Literary Food for the American Public

Professor of Journalism, Albert Frederick Wilson, in Discussing the Press, Points Out That Much of the Writing in Newspapers Is More Direct, More Dramatic and More Picturesque Than in Books or in the Magazines.

By Professor Albert Frederick Wilson,
Instructor in Journalism, New York University (in an Interview.)



Albert Frederick Wilson, Professor of Journalism, New York University.

Newspapers Must Deal with What the Vast Army of Humanity Is Interested in.

Writing Up or Down to the Man on the Street Is a Contradiction In Terms. You Cannot Do Either. You Have to Write to Him. There He Stands, as God Made Him, But When He Was Born Something Came Into Existence Which Shall Live When the Universe Has Crumbled Back to Space Ten Billion Years After the Resurrection Morn. The Man on the Street Seems Rather Worth While, Doesn't He?

Speaking for Myself as a Magazine Man, I Would Rather Edit the Sunday American's Monthly Magazine Section Than I Would the Most Expensive of the Century. You Are a Little Closer to the Folk Who Are Hammering Out Civilization with Their Bare Fists. And by That I Mean All Folk Who Are Standing in Their Stocking Feet of Sincerity and Hitting Straight Out from the Shoulder.

A... beginners and most amateurs in the writing game waste a lot of time worrying and theorizing about ... ancient, academic something or other called "style." If the thing that is ... and ... is of importance, it naturally of greater importance to get a newspaper writing, because ... people read newspapers where only a few persons read the magazines or books and are altogether ... innocent ... those ... In a very sort of way many people seem to think that the principal difference between newspaper writing and magazine and book writing is that the former has no style and the latter has—such persons having a tendency to cast magazines and books in the balance against newspapers.

Distinguished masters of the English language, however, have declared in print that much of the writing in newspapers in this country is superior to some contained in magazines and books—being more direct, more dramatic, more picturesque, and so on. Does that mean that the newspaper "style" is better? One of the most illuminating definitions of style I ever met with is from the French—"Style is the man." But that brings us back just where we started from. Then there are as many styles of writing as there are men who write, and "style," as something concrete, subject to definite rules, is knocked out in one round. Perhaps that French definition is, after all, as near as we will ever get to style; and if you don't understand it, be comforted, for neither does anybody else—college professors included.

The nearest I can get to an illustration of my hazy notion of style is when I watch a pitcher like Mathewson prepare for the delivery of his ball. I presume that all those kicks and twists are necessary, and that each one of those movements has a meaning all its own. But the vital point in the whole performance is not the preliminary movements. Mathewson has one style of delivery, but every other pitcher in the league has developed his own individual way of throwing the ball. We stand for the delivery if it helps to put the ball across the plate, but if it helps with ease. It isn't so much the way a man slings his words as it is his accuracy in putting his message across the plate.

The schoolboy pitcher will imitate the delivery of the big leaguer. He will copy all the extraneous flourishes and miss all of the essentials. When the schoolboy makes the college team the coach will inform him that he is to pitch the way it is the most natural for him to throw. The schoolboy then discovers, slowly, by hard work, that his imitation has been a handicap, and that he can do better by throwing his own natural way. As in baseball, so in the writing game. The schoolboy starts out in the backfield of literature with a crude imitation of the style of such big leaguers as Stevenson, Kipling, O. Henry. When he enters college his literary coaches, if they know their jobs, will knock that sort of thing out of his head and get him back to a delivery, a style of his own.

Now, as to the importance of style as an educational factor in writing the daily literary food of the masses. I have no place, whatsoever, in what I call the first reporting of the news. By this I mean the disinterested, uncolored, straightforward chronicle of the day's events. Here the reporting is done with the mechanical precision of the camera.

In what I call the second reporting of the news, style has a very decided place. For example: When I picked up my paper one morning and read of the Bulgarian victories, I got two kinds of information about the battle: First, I required a detailed resume of the fighting. Second I wanted the battle presented to me through the eyes and personality of an expert war correspondent. The first reporter is a photographer; the second reporter is a painter and must give his picture with its human values and color. The second reporter could help out the first reporter if he gives us the picture in a manner that we like it. Unfortunately, the newspapers usually reserve this second reporter for the big news stories and leave the rest to the rank and file of a thousand incidents of the city streets.

Diction is just as essential a part of style in the writing man as it is in the singing man. Style is cost and do a man's work with a first class instrument he will learn how about diction—or why they don't. Some books can be read and in a week. When a reason builds a wall he insists upon having the right kind of bricks and mortar if the wall is to be built right. And if the reason is bound to do a botched job. The writer deals with words as the reason does with bricks. He knows that second-hand words are nothing but bricks that have been rejected nowhere by everyone. A writer who uses them is going to suffer ... and stay ...

William Dean ... was a good reporter and ... editor of ... years ago on the ... Journal in Columbus, O. ... writing style he would be worth his hire as a ... reporter. If I owned a newspaper and he happened to drop around and ask for a job he'd get on the salary list. And I don't know but what he'd ... do as ... as a newspaper reporter ... on ... publishing in his comfortable easy chair on Harper's.

Speaking for myself, I magazine man I would rather edit ... monthly Magazine ... than I would the Most ... Century. You are a little closer to the folk who are hammering out civilization with their bare fists. And by that I mean all folk who are standing in their stocking feet of sincerity and hitting straight out from the shoulder.

As with Howells, so with the late Richard Watson Gilder. Why is it that such a splendid poet of the people confined his voice entirely within costly, gilded books and expensive magazines? America has never produced a finer spirit than that of Gilder. He saw life and its values with a clear vision, and he dedicated much of his genius to the righting of social wrong. Yet he sang almost entirely in the magazines. The magazines have their place and service. If I did not believe that, I would not be teaching magazine writing, but I have never understood why Mr. Gilder did not write his poems of humanity for the daily newspapers, the very vehicles for such a message. The newspapers are going to need the Gilders. We have not done with poets in America. The people are going to demand that the poets take off their coats and get down in their shirtsleeves and report the news of the soul and spirit of life.

"But we have nothing to inspire the muse," complains the present day poet. "This is a day of commercialism. Our singers dwell in a strange land."

"You're right," says the magazine editor. "But we still have some room for fillers on lace and love. See what you can do," he yawns.

"Our singers dwell in a strange land." Where have we heard that cry before? Listen!

"By the waters of Babylon, there we sat down and wept. We hanged our harps upon the trees. And they that led us captive required of us a song. Sing us one of the songs of Zion. (And we answer!): How can we sing the Lord's song in a strange land?"

I speak at length upon this because I am convinced that the poet is essentially a news reporter, writing for the hearts and souls of men.

Writing up or down to the man on the street is a contradiction in terms. You cannot do either. You have to write to him. There he stands, as God made him. But when he was born something came into existence which shall live when the universe has crumbled back to space and star-dust and Gabriel's horn hangs mute and rusted on Tara's walls, ten billion years after the Resurrection morn. The man on the street seems rather worth while, doesn't he?

"Literary taste" is another thing about which there is a lot of theorizing. Some publishers and editors take it seriously to heart so much so that they overlook the big, vital things people want to know about. The result is sometimes exceedingly painful—readers overlook them, so that after awhile, likely as not, they haven't any. Daily newspapers are not the worst offenders in this direction. They are apt to be quite keen about their circulation, and therefore careful not to unduly exploit their sense of responsibility to the public as elevators of literary taste.

If daily journalism will put all of its energy into supplying clean, wholesome food for its patrons it need not worry about elevating literary taste. If it gives them putrid meat, highly spiced to make it palatable and disguised with poison germs, it has real cause for worry, for it will not be long for this world.

Moral responsibility is primarily a matter of citizenship. It is especially so in a democracy. There is little news that ought not to be printed. It is in the manner of presentation that moral responsibility should hold the censor's blue pencil. No more moral responsibility rests upon the newspaper than upon the publisher of a book. The book publisher is under exactly the same obligation. You cannot smother the stench of putrified morals between the covers of a book.

Moral standards are constantly changing. Ethics, like everything else, would atrophy if it were not in continual growth. But it must be growth and not decadence. Moral responsibilities of journalism are not so much a matter of geography as are moral ideals. The reason German and French comic papers print pictures and stories of a character that would not be admitted to the columns of American newspapers is because of the divergence between the moral ideals of newspaper readers in Germany and France and those of newspaper readers in this country. The ideals of nine out of ten readers are not above that sort of thing, while the ideals of the other set of readers are

The recent discussion in the newspapers of this country of such subjects as white slavery and sex hygiene illustrates not so much a changing point of view as it does a changing point of attack. It has always been the duty of the American press to report the news of moral rot. When we have the facts we can get at it. The manner of presentation is the important point.

In journalism we cannot have a definite code for anything. We don't need a code. Ethics is not a matter of rule and rote in its changing aspects certain basic principles stand out. When the shoemaker sells me a pair of shoes with poor leather in them he is stabbing at ethical principles as old as civilization. When a diamond merchant offers me a stone with a flaw in it he is in exactly the same class as the editorial writer who persuades his readers with faulty logic, or the news editor who prints a half truth and allows it to masquerade in his columns as the whole truth.

The size of a given newspaper's circulation cannot, in every instance, be accepted as a measure of public approval of its methods or its policy. The case is sometimes considerably different from that of the popular vote which elects a President of the United States.

If a big newspaper circulation is obtained by direct primary methods and an independent ballot box, that newspaper certainly is justified in claiming popular approval of its methods and policy. If bribery is not used in the way of premiums, if there is not a special lobby maintained to buttonhole the passions of readers, then circulation does justify policies and standards.

The standards and points of view of newspapers of the masses are recognized, but in the journalistic world we are not compelled to elect any one paper to the exclusion of the others.

There! Now you have a magazine man's ideas on daily journalism. Some of them we are trying to transmit to promising pupils here in the Department of Journalism of the New York University. One thing we do not expect to do, however, and that is to turn out full-fledged editors and publishers. We shall be reasonably satisfied when our graduates prove themselves competent to go into the city rooms of live newspapers, take their assignments, go out and get the news, write it presentably and otherwise make a creditable start as reporters. Our methods of teaching are practical—based on the methods found effective by editors and writers during the last ten years.

In magazine writing—articles, interviews, short stories and so on—there has been a wonderful advance in the last twenty years. One does not need to go back to 1852, when Harper's was started, to appreciate what is being done now. For a long time after that most of the literary contents of the magazines was written by more or less scholarly persons who rarely gave themselves the trouble to consider the likes and dislikes of the mass of readers. They wrote what they wanted to, and wrote it in their own way—to please themselves. And for the most part the editors left it all to the writers.

Eventually magazines were made popular through the efforts of editors and publishers to discover what the popular need was and then to go ahead and satisfy it. They found that manner was even of greater importance than matter. In the matter of articles, the average reader's attention is not attracted by a mere bare and logical statement of facts. The average magazine reader is neither a student nor a statistician—his imagination has to be stirred by a human, a picturesque or a dramatic presentation of the material. The dead facts must be made to live.

If my mind at this moment are illustrations of two very different yet equally successful methods of treating the subject of a magazine article. Each method remained for some time peculiar to the editor who originated it—and built up a big circulation largely by sticking to it. One method was to present a series of wordpictures, each dealing with a set of facts and figures, and then to comment pungently upon each picture as flashed on the reader's intelligence. That is like getting prosaic facts under the victim's skin when he isn't looking, and then proceeding to clinch them before he breaks away.

The other method I am thinking of was a dramatization of the facts and figures through their operation upon types of humanity involved. What those facts and figures did to John Smith or Mary Jones was a very different and more interesting proposition than a mere schedule of the facts themselves—and, accordingly, it added a few hundred thousand to the circulation of that editor's magazine.

But it is something such that the enterprising editors of to-day are doing for their readers—influencing writers to use more attractive methods of presenting their facts and ideas. It is one of the editor's functions to do this, for the main responsibility of increasing the magazine's circulation and influence rests upon him. The writer should welcome his suggestions, since they are calculated to enliven the interest of his readers and add to the size of his audience. If professional writers can be induced to adopt more popular methods—which they can and are—then this is at least one branch of the writing game that can be taught in schools of journalism and magazine writing.

There is no need for such suggestions, such teaching, to interfere with the writer's personality, as expressed in his work. As a matter of fact, that must not be done; writing that appeals to its audience is essentially a matter of personal life. Nowhere is this better illustrated than in the field of short story writing. The best of the short stories published today reflect the personality of their authors no less than do those of Poe, Hawthorne and de Maupassant. In each instance these authors wrote, and are writing, for their own generation of readers. An acute literary analyst might discover many similarities in the main themes and plots used by the authors of the new one—in fact, any competent dramatist will tell you that original plots are as scarce as original jokes; but the personalities of writers are never identical, and so, according to their generation and the literary methods of their time, the distinct personalities of writers produce consequent variety and novel effects from generation to generation.

Therefore, of necessity, Poe, suddenly resurrected and writing to-day, would find himself outclassed. Equally, writers who model their work on that of the masters of past generations not only sacrifice much of their personality—their most valuable asset—but virtually find themselves addressing an audience long since dead and buried.

We hear it said that the old writers had finer, more effective power of description, a surer sense of the exact color value of words and phrases, than writers of the present exhibit; that they played with a surer touch upon the emotions of their readers. I do not believe anything of the kind. How about Barrie, for example? I was in a recitation room at Oxonian who failed in a time-limit school essay competition only because he wouldn't use a verbal substitute for the word which eluded his memory but which he knew would convey the precise shade of meaning necessary to his ideal.

What the literary situation calls for is writers who have a natural bent for the work and who will train themselves—or submit to being trained—in the best overalls and meal-ticket craftsmanship that shines forth in newspapers, or magazines, or books at the beginning of the second decade of the Twentieth Century.

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Edgar Allan Poe.

Suddenly Resurrected and Writing To-day, He Would Find Himself Outclassed. Equally, Writers Who Model Their Work on That of the Masters of Past Generations Not Only Sacrifice Much of Their Personality —Their Most Valuable Asset—but Virtually Find Themselves Addressing an Audience Long Since Dead and Buried

The Prodigal Son---And a New Science---By Ella Wheeler Wilcox

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And when he came to himself he said How many hired servants of my father's have bread enough and to spare, and I perish with hunger!

I will arise and go to my father, and will say unto him, Father, I have sinned against heaven, and before thee.

And am no more worthy to be called thy son: make me as one of thy hired servant. (St. Luke, xv., 17-19.)

IN September, 1910, a National Prisoners Aid Association was organized, partly as the suggestion of the Prison Association of New York. For years the score or more of societies doing prisoners' aid work in the United States have known but little of each others' activities and have been without ready means of intercommunication or co-operation. The National Prisoners' Aid Association has now been organized to further the development and extension throughout the country of the work for released prisoners, including prison visitation, inspection of correctional institutions, assistance to prisoners, probation, parole, research, legislation and public education.

The Prison Association, in co-operation with many other agencies both public and private for the betterment of social conditions in New York State, introduced bills providing for an industrial farm colony for the detention, humane discipline, instruction and reformation of tramps and vagrants.

So much is known of the bad people of earth, and so much is written and said about them we sometimes think this world is full of bad and selfish men and women.

But when we turn our attention to the doings of the good people of earth we know that evil is only a passing shadow, and that the sun of righteousness shines ever in the heavens.

Out in Union County, New Jersey, in a little town called Union, lives a man who, with the co-operation of his wife, has devoted the last five years to work for the uplifting of the prodigal sons of God. His name is Andrews Floyd, and he has established a colony which he calls The Self Masters.

Of himself and his work Mr. Floyd says:

"Five years ago we started to make a home for the outcast—the prodigal. Our first Xmas dinner was a most humble affair. We used doors for tables, boxes for chairs, and we had neither chicken nor turkey—but every one of the fourteen men felt a great work was being started.

"Since then sixteen hundred men have accepted the hospitality of our open door and their burdens lightened.

"This has been made possible because one friend has interested another.

"Would you not like to help us to finance this practical Christianity?

"Here are a few of our guests selected at random fro mhundreds of men who have shared the hospitality of the Farm; organized to further the development and extension throughout the country of the work for released prisoners, including prison visitation, inspection of correctional institutions, assistance to prisoners, probation, parole, research, legislation and public education.

"No. 1. A Southern young man of about thirty-eight; for fourteen years in the United States Government service in Chili and the Philippines; intrusted with at least $2,000,000 worth of supplies and clothing; contracted the drug habit and was dismissed; remained seven months at Self Masters, conquered his weakness, and on written statement of Mr Floyd that he had lived six months without recourse to alcohol or drugs was reinstated in Government employ and record cleared.

"No. 2. A young man—Yale graduate—lost splendid position through excessive drinking; spent $60 of firm's expense money in dissipation; ill and despondent, was admitted to Colony; after five months became strong and determined to make good, took position with large corporation, repaid his old firm the money he had misused, and is winning back his social position by upright living.

"No. 4. For two years and six months he was confined in an asylum for the insane: His troubles were caused by excessive drinking: he was not insane; the Judge allowed him his freedom to test him out; his property—that which he had not squandered—was approximately $100,000; he was with us several months, then took a position near at hand, until he was sure he had the strength to return home. He is now living happily with his family and employed in a situation befitting his position in life.

"These men leave our Family, strengthened in body and in mind; and with a determination to make good. Surely money expended in such work is a splendid investment."

Mr. Floyd's work is done entirely by voluntary subscriptions. It is great work; and great must be his reward in this world and worlds to come. He is doing a special work, and helping to save men discharged from prisons or reform schools or men out of work, from falling again into temptation.

Sixteen hundred men assisted in five years is a great record for one man who started out to be helpful to the unfortunates. Many sympathetic people wonder why there are so few prisoners discharged from penitentiaries each year. When the Board of Pardons meets, twice a year, there are always many petitions presented before the members; asking pardons for men who have served part of their time.

Tender-hearted people hope all these petitions will be granted; and the remark is frequently made, that after a man has served five or ten years, he is adequately punished as he will be, by being kept between four walls, all his life, or for a score or more of years. The governor of a state was recently appealed to, to use his influence in obtaining freedom for a young man who had received a most severe sentence six years previously. It was explained that the youth had an unfortunate childhood, and was brought up by a drinking and immoral mother and that he had committed a crime through ignorance rather than through a criminal nature.

"But would you have him go out and marry, and propagate his kind, and bring weak, dissipated and immoral descendants into the world?" asked the Governor. "That is what his pardon might bring to the world."

"No," the visitor replied, "I would have him sterilized. For the state has passed the law making vasectomy legitimate."

Then the Governor applauded, saying that by putting this law into execution a great part of the criminal problem of the day would be settled.

Vasectomy does not deprive a man of his manhood; it merely sterilizes him so far as the possibility of fatherhood is concerned. Several hundred criminals, insane or chronically diseased men have been treated under the new law in Indiana; and it is to be hoped that New York State, and Connecticut, where the law has been recently enacted, will not allow it to become a dead letter. All men in prison are not criminal by nature or inheritance; but where drink, drugs, weakness of will or inherited qualities have brought about the misfortune under which they find themselves as inmates of prisons, men who hope for an earlier freedom than their sentence permits should be willing to sacrifice the questionable happiness of fatherhood in order to further their own best interests.

No man who is behind prison bars can think life of such inestimable value that he should wish to produce offspring. Marriage, home and companionship are not interfered with by the new science of vasectofy. But it offers a partial solution of many problems with which the State has to contend, when considering the future of the prisoner.

When the prodigal son arises and goes home to his father and says: "I am no more worthy to be called thy son," it would be far better for the community and for future generations if he also said:

"Sterilize me: I am no more worthy to be called a father."

How Scientists Now Find Evidence That There Is a God

Prof. T. Proctor Hall Explains Why It Is Now Possible to Lay the Foundations for a Scientific Theology in Which Men of All Creeds and Races Will Agree.

By T. PROCTOR HALL in "The Monist"

ALL men learn by experience. From accumulated experiences philosophers draw conclusions valuable to all. Experience being very common and reasoning rather rare in the early ages of humanity, reasoning was highly esteemed, then over-rated, valued as an end and not as a means to wisdom; and so the extravagant pretensions of philosophers fell later into contempt.

Then Science was born. Conclusions were logically drawn from wide and accurately observed experiences. These conclusions were further tested by application to new sets of facts and corrected as often as found defective. Astrology then gave way to astronomy. The "Black Art" became chemistry. Soothsaying and witchcraft were replaced by psychology.

The old philosophical views depended for their acceptance upon the authority of some great name. The greatest and wisest of men, the men nearest to nature's heart, felt and dimly saw the deep realities of the universe. Some of their immediate followers were able to see the same verities when pointed out to them. The others who accepted their views did so on faith, believing in the ability and truthfulness of their leaders who claimed to see what was beyond their own limited powers.

Scientific conclusions do not rest upon authority, but upon facts, the investigation of which is open to every one, and upon inductive reasoning which is worthless if it quails before the most searching criticism. The pursuit of science is the pursuit of truth inductively.

When we say that theology is unscientific, we do not imply that it is false. We mean that its utterances are given under the authority of great names, and acceptance is asked on the basis of authority rather than of facts and logic. The range of facts required for the construction of a scientific theology is so extensive that theology has been compelled to wait for the fuller development of science. Science has now covered the fields of space, matter and energy, and is rapidly including all organic life. That is to say, it is now generally admitted that in these departments the scientific method of investigation is the only one that gives results worth having.

Because of the complexity of their phenomena, religious experiences are among the last to be scientifically studied. It was necessary that scientists should first become familiar with the simpler phenomena of matter and energy before they were capable of understanding the more abstruse and complex. As the investigation of religious phenomena proceeds there will be developed from it the explanation of the facts, which will form the science of religion. A beginning has been made by William James and a few others, but it is not too much to say that at present no such science exists.

From the unity of the universe Herbert Spencer drew the conclusion that polytheism is untenable. There cannot be more than one ruler of the universe. This conclusion meets with the approval of all scientists. Whether there is a God at all is a question for further investigation.

Let us review some fundamental generalizations of science.

TIME is something measurable. It enters into many other quantities, such as speed and power. But it is unchangeable, uncreatable and indestructible by any known power. It is as impossible for any of us to march one moment ahead into the future as it is to fall back into the past. We are in the march to stay, as long as we are in the world. Time is for us a cosmic element.

SPACE is a second cosmic element. It is uncreatable and indestructible. It is like itself only and cannot be confused with anything else in the universe

MATTER has many forms. For more than a century the elements withstood the efforts of chemists to change them one into another. Nevertheless every scientist has believed that though the elements are many they are all forms of one "matter," whose properties are discussed in every textbook of physics. The transformation of the radio-active elements recently discovered are of intense interest, but they add nothing, because nothing could be added, to the belief of the scientist in the essential oneness of matter, of which he sees only the varying forms. Matter, including under this term the ether, is indestructible and uncreatable by any known power. It is a third cosmic element.

One other cosmic element is known to science. ENERGY (as defined in physics) has existence in many convertible forms, as motion, strain, heat, light, sound and electricity. But, though easily transformed, energy is indestructible and uncreatable. That is to say, not the least particle of energy is or ever can be created or destroyed. Energy is a fourth cosmic element.

These four are the only cosmic elements known to physical science. All other things in the visible world are variable in quantity as well as form. These have also the common character of simplicity. The smallest conceivable part of any of them does not differ in kind from any other part of the same element. All other things are complex and can be so divided that one less of the parts are essentially unlike other parts.

These four elements and their combinations form the whole physical universe. Outside of them we know only one other class of things, namely, those directly relating to conscious life. In this class we know of no static thing that has the marks of a cosmic element, nothing that remains constant in quantity through all changes of ——ship and form. Matter, in this way differ that there is to the things of this class a substratum which does remain constant. But this substratum be named "SPIRIT." Then the argument for the existence of spirit as a fifth cosmic element is as follows: Five distinct classes of things—time, space, matter, energy, and the things relating to conscious life—form with their combinations the known universe. The first four of these are each decided by scientists to be permanent in quantity. The fifth class must also be permanent in quantity or else subject to partial annihilation and creation from day to day—an unthinkable condition. If the fifth class is quantitatively permanent it must have under its apparently variable phenomena a common and permanent substratum (here named "spirit") having the characters of a cosmic element.

If five or more cosmic elements form the universe, there must be some fundamental bond amongst them, something holding them together as a universe, some substratum common to them all and of which each is a manifestation, just as silver and carbon are two manifestations or forms of matter, and as heat and electricity are two manifestations of energy. To this common substratum let us apply the term "God."

It may be objected that the word "God" is already in use with an entirely different meaning and therefore should not be used here. But if it can be shown that the word as here defined is similar in its essential meaning to the term in common use, the objection falls. The only knowledge we can possibly have of God (using the word in the theological sense) is gleaned from his expression in the universe. But as long as the term is philosophically defined there will continue to be as many gods as there are thinkers to define it. If science has now reached a stage where it has some contribution of value to offer in the search of God, let us accept it and if necessary modify our ideas; but let us not forget what has been already learned, and that we can at best bring only a small contribution to this age-long quest. The God discerned by science is not a new God, but the same Eternal seen from another standpoint and seen in some respects more clearly.

How do we learn the properties of matter? We know matter only in its various forms or manifestations, as iron, wood, coal, rock, water, air, etc. Whatever properties are present to some degree in every form of matter are properties of matter, such as mass, elasticity, volume. Properties found only in a few forms of matter are not considered fundamental. Magnetism belongs to iron, but not to copper; it is therefore not a property of matter. So also we know energy by finding what properties are common to its various forms. Proceeding in the same way to study the cosmic elements, we may gain a fuller knowledge of their substratum, God. Taking in each cosmic element one prominent character that is also found to some degree in each of the others, and therefore universal, we may get, in rude outline, the attributes of God. Many others may be added, and every addition to our knowledge of the universe increases the possibilities of our knowledge of God.

From TIME we get the suggestion that God is eternal; from SPACE, infinite; from MATTER, that all action is according to regular law; from ENERGY, the principle of evolution; from SPIRIT, intelligence.

THE GOOD LORD AND THE DEVIL—By Franz Simm.

Every System of Theology Recognizes That a Contest of Some Sort Is Going on, and That Evil Is Being Overcome by Good—That a Good and Powerful God Has Already Defeated and Will Ultimately Destroy Satan, the Source of All Evil.

A Disc of Radium, Which Represents Perpetual Energy, Which Science Recognized as an Attribute of God.

The God of the universe is thus an eternal, infinite, consistent, evolving, intelligent God. These are attributes to which every scientist must give immediate assent. Careful study will enable him to add many more. Every one is at liberty to investigate and draw his own conclusions, as in every branch of science. The dogmatist is he who draws conclusions without sufficient investigation.

Men's ideas of God have been fragmentary and distorted. According to theologians God is spirit. But this is evidently no more true than the statement of the astronomer that God is infinity, or of the evolutionist that God is power, or of the materialist that God is matter. Each of these statements is an approximation toward truth. Since men are characteristically and essentially spirit, their first clear ideas of God were as spirit. Knowing little of matter, they clothed God with the common attributes of men; describing him as irregular, capricious, selfish, vengeful, tyrannical; so that Ingersoll was moved to say, "An honest God is the noblest work of man." With the development of natural science came the knowledge of natural law and evolution. Scientists could no longer accept the theologians' ideas of God. By a revulsion of thought many men turned from the theological idea to an equally fragmentary idea based on materialism or on evolution. Caprice cannot coexist with natural law, and absolute and final perfectness is inconsistent with evolution.

Gradually it has come to be generally realized that law is universal, and the theological idea of God has been modified accordingly. Evolution as a process in nature is now generally accepted, but it has not yet found a place in the theological system. The idea of an omnipotent and absolutely perfect God cannot be reconciled with the imperfections of the universe as we know it. But an evolving God is in harmony with all the facts we know, and should see that all children receive proper care at home for twenty-four hours a day, seven days a week, because the neglected child of to-day may become the expensive outlaw of to-morrow. Where the father is and why he is not providing for his child are matters that have nothing to do with our duty to care for the child.

The system of taking children from their mothers because they are poor and putting them in institutions is having a most harmful effect on our national character. As I can show by a hundred facts.

The child who has been brought up in an institution has usually no conception of his family and citizenship duties. He naturally becomes a wife deserter. I have found that nearly one-half of them do desert their wives and children. The memory of a mother's care is the best possession that a child can have in after-life. It will make him true to his wife and children and to his citizenship obligations. Without it he is likely to become a bad husband, a bad father and a bad citizen.

By withholding help from poor mothers when they need it we are directly aiding in the production of defective children. This is a matter that eugenists should consider. When a father becomes a drinker, the mother is forced to live with him and produce more children as the price of gaining some support for the children she already has. She thus unwillingly raises defective children. If she separated from her drunken husband, she would have practically no means of supporting her young children, and the law would separate her from them. In the drunkard lies her only hope of keeping her children.

By forcing the mother to breed defective children we are filling our asylums full of insane and epileptic persons. We could save ten times the cost of the mothers' pension by the decrease of our outlay on insane asylums

Under the Mothers' Pension law we give a woman the privilege of throwing her drunken husband out and keeping her children with her.

Investigation has proved that a mother cannot support the double burden of earning a living and keeping two or three small children for more than about three years. After that time she breaks down physically. Then we send her to the hospital or to the grave, and the children to institutions. In this way we are wasting our mothers, who are the best caretakers of their children that society can employ and the most valuable asset the nation possesses.

The help given by charity organizations to destitute mothers does not meet the needs of the case. The charity organizations, when the father disappears, find work for the mother in somebody else's basement, where she must spend six days a week yoked to a washtub. This is such hard labor that she cannot stand it for any length of time, as I have said, and it is so poorly paid that she can't keep up a home for her children

The charity organizations spend $9 per cent of the money contributed to them in maintaining an employment bureau to find dependent mothers work at the poorest paid of all labor.

When she fails at this they give her the cruelest punishment the world has ever known They bring her into the juvenile court, and, after convicting her of poverty, tell her to kiss her children goodby forever. Under the juvenile court laws, which are practically the same in nearly all States, it is a criminal offense for any one to furnish the mother any information about the disposition of her children by charitable institutions.

Thirty-eight years ago the people of this country were horrified when Charlie Ross, a four-year-old boy, was kidnapped from his wealthy parents in Philadelphia. Charlie Ross's mother, who died a few days ago, was upheld and sustained during thirty-eight years of suffering by the hope that she might one day find her boy. In the last thirteen years tens of thousands of poor mothers have had all their children kidnapped in their presence and have not been allowed to hope ever to see them again

Most of the children from charitable institutions are sent away to farmers in the West, where there is an acute need of cheap labor. Carloads of little children are taken from New York and shipped to the West. Their mothers will, in the vast majority of cases, never see them again. The records of the institutions are kept secret, and it is impossible to tell how many children are sent away, or how many are sent.

Each county in some of our States pays $50 a head for ridding the county of a dependent child New York gives $20 to a society for finding "a home" for a dependent child.

The children as a rule are only adopted for the sake of the work they can do.

In 75 per cent. of cases these children are taken away from good mothers simply on account of poverty. They are in especial demand by farmers, because our child labor laws do not at present apply to farm labor.

This is now a critical time in the struggle for the mothers' pension law. The organized charities want either no pension law or one so absurd that it will necessarily have to be repealed. They take the ground that the juvenile courts should not be allowed to expend the money voted by the taxpayers for poor children

Their argument amounts, in effect, to saying that the courts are efficient and honest enough to handle human lives and destiny, but not sufficiently honest to handle dollars.

The Charity Trust Versus the Mothers' Pension Law

By HENRY NEIL, Father of the Mothers' Pension Law.

THE advocates of the Mothers' Pension law are now fighting a system of laws backed by the National Charity Trust, under which mothers are made miserable, children ruined and the public money wasted.

We demand that the money allowed by the taxpayers for poor children should be given entirely to the mothers. The charity organizations and institutions ask either that they supervise the spending of the money or that the children be given to them.

The Mothers' Pension law of Illinois, which I was instrumental in passing, is a model for all those who seek to save mothers and children. It has worked perfectly, and I challenge any one to prove to the contrary. It has saved public money, saved the mothers from misery and saved the children from becoming a bad citizens.

Let me emphasize the public economy of giving the mothers pensions. I have calculated that it costs on the average nine times as much for an institution to take care of a child as it does a mother.

In Chicago we used to pay an institution $15 for taking care of a child unsatisfactorily, but under the Mothers' Pension law a mother will do the work well for half the amount. In New York the county allows $2.75 a week for each child, which amounts to $11.91 a month. In addition it allows seventy cents a day for schooling.

Now I have estimated that a mother could take care of two children for the amount paid by the city of New York to an institution for one child, and still leave forty-one cents of the taxpayers' money that might be saved.

Charitable institutions are everywhere extravagant in their demands and methods. The institution is a costly affair. The overhead charges for superintendents, statisticians, nurses and all kinds of costly helpers are very great. All this is saved when you leave the child with its mother. The mother asks nothing for labor.

The mother will do her best for her child for the strongest of natural reasons. I have no patience with any one who argues that an institution can do better for a child than an ignorant mother. The facts I have collected concerning the unhappy careers of children raised in institutions sufficiently disprove this argument. If any inducement beyond the natural one were needed, we have provided it under the Illinois law, for the mother must satisfy an officer of the court that she is doing her duty well in order to secure a continuance of the allowance.

In spite of the convincing facts I have outlined, the charity organizations and institutions keep up their efforts to secure and spend all the money given by the community for the support of dependent children to the exclusion of the mother.

I say that there is a National Charity Trust, with headquarters in New York, which extends its power over the whole country and seeks to control all the money allowed by law or given voluntarily for the support of dependent children, and exercise absolute control over all those children.

In St. Louis, Mo., the organized charities, being in control, have just secured the passage of a law which allows 25 per cent of the taxpayers' money to the mothers of dependent children, and 75 per cent. to the charities for overseeing the spending of it. This is the outcome of a fight in which the organized charities opposed the application to St. Louis of the Mothers' Pension law already passed and applying to Kansas City, Mo.

The Kansas City law allows a pension to the mother only when the father is dead or in jail, and not when he is in a lunatic asylum or has deserted her. It discriminates in favor of the penitentiary against the lunatic asylum. That is hardly a logical proceeding, but the law is nevertheless a valuable one.

That is what I call a 50 per cent mothers' pension law. It takes care of only 50 per cent. of the needy. Under the new St. Louis law 75 per cent is paid to the charity organizers for supervision in order to prevent the mother from wasting the other 25 per cent.

This law, moreover, provides that unless the father is dead the child shall be taken from the mother and given to some other woman, who will receive $3.50 per week for taking care of it. That is an illustration of our absurd system of penalizing a mother for the sins of the father carried to an extreme

The organized charities refuse to see that the mothers' pension system is based on the same principle of good public policy as the public school system—that you must care for a child in order to make him a good citizen, and not because his father was good or bad. Under the public school system, of which we are more proud than of any other form of our civilization, we do not ask a child whether his father is dead or in prison or in an insane asylum or has deserted his family. We make him come to school, and if he does no do so we send out truant officers to compel him to accept proper education five hours a day for five days a week on the theory that if he grows up without proper schooling he will be a menace and a great expense to society.

There is just as much reason why we

THE SWEEP OF OUR SOLAR SYSTEM THROUGH SPACE

From TIME We Get the Suggestion That God Is Eternal; from SPACE, Infinite; from MATTER, That All Action Is According to Regular Law

cute the knot of many an unsolved problem.

This idea of evolution as an essential character of God is not easy to grasp fully. It contradicts the common view of God as unchangeable or as the absolute. The whole known universe is in the march of evolution. Its essence is therefore evolving. Its plan is being formed. Its aims are more clearly defined now than ever before, its consciousness clearer and more extensive. Of a beginning or an end science knows nothing. The process only is seen. We are conscious portions of the universe. God is in us and is through us enlarging the plan and developing its parts. We have no reason to suppose there was ever an original design perfect in all details. The design itself is growing into consciousness in the heart of the universe, just as it grows in the life of each individual.

The problem of evil is recognized and its solution attempted by every known system of theology, from the ancient Egyptian down to the most modern Eddyism. The Zoroastrian doctrine of twin deities—one of them good, the creator of light and life; and the other evil, the creator of darkness and death—has been partly incorporated into the Miltonian doctrine of a good and powerful God who has already defeated and will ultimately destroy the arch-rebel Satan, the source of all evil.

Mrs. Eddy shifts evil into the realm of idealism, explaining it as delusions of mortal mind—which are to be at last all cleared up. Every theological system recognizes that a contest of some sort is going on, and that evil is being overcome by good. But the origin of the fight, or the necessity for it, is nowhere made clear. If the creator of life cannot overcome his evil twin, or cannot destroy Satan, or cannot prevent "delusions of mortal mind," these causes of evil, he is not omnipotent. If he can, but will not, he is not good

As a second example consider the question "Is God just?" By justice is meant equality of conditions and opportunities; or equal results for equal efforts of different individuals. As no defined justice is conspicuous by its absence from the universe.

Paul claims that one vessel is made for honor, another for dishonor; and the inequality of conditions among men is patent. In the field of energy a very slight factor often makes the difference between intense action and almost no action. In matter, too, there is endless diversity of relation. And no two portions of either space or time are similarly related to the rest of the universe. Hence justice does not belong to the essence of the universe.

Justice is, after all, only a kind of rule of thumb that we apply to human affairs in default of fuller knowledge and stronger love. It is a negative standard, exceedingly defective, and wholly inferior to intelligent love. It could not be fundamental in the universe, and God is infinitely superior to it. In the evolutionary sense, God is not wholly good, but is becoming good; and he is not limited by justice, because he has already gone far beyond it in unlimited love

Whatever may be thought of the illustrations just given, the main contention of this paper is that it is now possible to apply the scientific method to investigate the characters of God. The facts of religious experience will ultimately be a great aid in such investigation, but as yet they have not been sufficiently studied. This method of investigation, being the most reliable and accurate known, must supersede all others and give later a scientific theology in which men of all creeds and races will agree.

In conclusion, the method of investigation here outlined and illustrated leads toward the centre and source of being, which centre is generally designated as God. The use of any other term instead of "God" would lead to wrong inferences. Outside of this centre there is no known God, and he is known only through study of the universe.

A Very Damaging Defense of the Late King Edward

The Royal Family Greatly Pained by Mr. Legge's Book, Which, Professing to Refute Sir Sidney Lee's Criticisms of the Deceased Monarch, Really Collects All the Forgotten Scandals About Him.

A MOST amusing and entertaining book is King Edward in His True Colors, by Edward Legge. Published by Eveleigh Nash, of London.

Mr. Legge is an Englishman of family and position, well known to the monarchy who thought it necessary to write a book defending King Edward from all the aspersions cast upon him by politicians, journalists and courts. Mr. Legge had known the King and been a member of fashionable society for fifty years.

Mr. Legge's method of defending the king is to repeat a damaging statement about him and then offer a very feeble refutation, or, in some cases, none at all, contenting himself with merely denouncing the libeler as a cad or a liar, or something of that kind in that way has succeeded in bringing together in a handy form nearly every statement about the King to which the royal family could object.

The starting point of the Legge book is a defense of the King against the evil opinion contained in the long article upon him written by Sir Sidney Lee in the Dictionary of National Biography." In this article Sir Sidney Lee, in a very scholarly and temperate manner, pointed out that the King was not in any sense a statesman, that he had not planned the understanding with France with which he was often credited, that he was merely an agreeable, rather self-indulgent man of the world, who followed the current of popular feeling.

King George, Queen Alexandra and other members of the royal family and leaders of the aristocracy were exceedingly annoyed by Lee's article, and loyal journalists suggested that it ought to be withdrawn. That was not done.

When Mr. Legge's book appeared, these royal and noble persons took it up with great pleasure, believing that they would find it a refutation of all the criticisms of their late sovereign. After some time it dawned upon them that it was really a compilation of all the unpleasant things ever said about the King without any adequate refutation of them, and now it is difficult to say whether they are more angry with Lee or with Legge.

Mr. Legge shows us that the King was more remarkable for eating heavily than for statesmanship or mental accomplishments, that he drank freely, gambled, practised nearly every form of self-indulgence, had an exaggerated conception of his own dignity, lost his temper for trivial causes and liked to be surrounded by sycophants

"Where was King Edward VII., whether as Prince or as Sovereign, seen 'at his best?'" asks Mr. Legge pompously. "Many people thought him quite at his best at the dinner table, and perhaps they were not very far wrong

"Behind the Prince's chair stood one of his own tall servants, who attended to all his wants. Now and again H. R. H. said a few words to those on his immediate right and left, but only in the brief intervals of the courses. For the time the good cheer before him claimed his attention. He knew what Talleyrand said: 'Parlez moi d'un autre plaisir qui se renouvelle trois fois par jour et qui dure une heure chaque fois.' (Tell me of another pleasure that can be repeated three times a day and lasts an hour each time.)"

Mr. Legge says that the King, when Prince, enjoyed good-natured chaff, and goes on to tell an incident which shows that he turned a young man out of his house for a trifling familiarity

That he was vif a la riposte (quick at repartee) is exemplified by this little story: At Marlborough House one night after the cigarettes the Prince and some of his guests were playing billiards. H. R. H. was not in particularly good form, and after a rather bad shot one of the youngsters then shouted, to the amusement and disgust of the others, 'I say, Wales, pull yourself together!' The Prince made no reply, but, beckoning to a servant, said, 'Call Mr. ——'s carriage.'"

Mr. Legge gives us this pretty little insight into King Edward's taste in eating:

"Many will remember, as I do, that in the old days, the King liked tripe suppers. The delicacy was supplied to Marlborough House, and to those who entertained the then Prince at supper by a purveyor (a pork butcher) of Tottenham Court Road."

Mr. Legge then unearths some very astonishing statements about the King's fondness for whiskey, and his odd behavior at the theatre:

"In the Sunday Chronicle, a Manchester paper with a large circulation, a well-known writer (Oliver Gwynne) portrayed King Edward as a dramatic critic. An introductory paragraph ran: 'His Majesty, who is one of the best judges of such matters in Europe, always carries his own whiskey with him, as well as his own mineral water. The latter is a common French variety, and the whiskey of the liqueur type. So particular is he in these matters that he even has his whiskey and his mineral water sent on to his box at a theatre should he be spending an evening there.'

"This was news to me, and probably to better informed people

"The paragraph which followed was probably kept from the King's knowledge by the palace censors:

"'The King is also a skilled dramatic critic. Not long ago he practically killed a musical piece by demanding in his strongly accented voice, "Will some one tell me what the devil the dashed play is about?" The remark was heard in all directions, and ended in a week or so the career of "the dashed play."'

This excerpt appears to constitute Mr. Legge's idea of a defense of the King:

"In the Historical Review of July 10, 1910, I read: 'A suggestive paper by Chalfont Robinson, of Yale, reprinted from the American Journal of Insanity of January, 1910, asks the question, "Was King Edward a degenerate?" His view is that the pathological condition of the King explains both his personal weakness and the paralysis of government that characterized the reign. One would perhaps be more convinced by the arguments as to Edward's mental condition if there was not so much evidence of the King's physical robustness.'"

Mr. Legge even rakes up a forgotten episode that proves how lightly King Edward was regarded on the Parisian stage. A farce of peculiarly French character called "The King," enjoyed an extraordinarily long run at the Varietes Theatre in Paris. A monarch called "The King of Cerdagne" returns to Paris after an absence of some years and calls upon an actress whom he formerly knew.

The King sees a photograph which, from the frame, he thinks to be an old one of himself, in the apartment of the actress. "Ah," he says, with pleasure, "I see you still have my photograph." Then picking it up he exclaims, "Oh, but it is my uncle, the King of England. He has been here since I went away."

The part of the actress was played by the charming Mademoiselle Marcelle Lender. Mr. Legge relates this episode as if it proved the remarkably high esteem in which King Edward was held by the French public.

The author quotes Prince Bismarck as saying: "The Prince of Wales is the only prince whom one is never likely to meet on the field of battle."

Mr. Legge's method of meeting this sneering aspersion is to say, 'But that was not the fault of the Prince. It was the Prince of Wales's misfortune rather than his fault that he was not allowed to make militarism enter into his life even more deeply than he did."

One of the oddest little facts revealed by Mr. Legge is that the German Emperor at the time of the baccarat scandal took it upon himself to write his uncle protesting against any one "holding the position of a colonel of Prussian Hussars embroiling himself in a gambling squabble and playing with men young enough to be his sons."

Mr. Legge goes quite thoroughly into the Tranby Croft baccarat scandal, digging up many details which would otherwise have been forgotten. For instance, he tells us:

"At an Eastbourne church the officiating clergyman did not say anything about the baccarat affair, but after the mention of the Prince of Wales's name in the litany he paused for about a couple of minutes, in the manner which is customary when prayers are 'earnestly desired' for any one

"The Rev. Mr. Vincent, a popular Dissenting minister of Plymouth, preached a sermon at his chapel apropos of that eternal baccarat case. At one point of the discourse Mr. Vincent must have raised a 'cynical smile' among his congregation—if, indeed, cynically disposed persons are ever found in the Baptist persuasion, which I very much doubt. Mr. Vincent pointed out that, unless the Prince reformed, he would, when he came to the throne, place the clergy of the Establishment in a position of some difficulty, 'for how,' said Mr. Vincent, 'could they read prayers for their most religious and gracious King? What would they do —insult him by leaving out the word "religious," or insult God by retaining it and applying it to such a chief governor?'

"The Church Times, not content with saying that the Prince of Wales's action 'had done more to risk the continuance of the monarchy in this kingdom than could have been accomplished by all the demagogues in England,' was of the opinion that the best reparation the Prince could make was to sign, in the presence of the Archbishop of Canterbury and Lord Salisbury, a document promising never again to play cards, gamble, or bet.

"I read in a paper which prides itself on conservatism:

"The Prince of Wales has been singularly unfortunate in his friends, and this is the more strange as his circle of intimate friendship is naturally exceptionally restricted. Two of these are in exile for cheating at cards, and a third is now charged with a similar offense. A fourth is in exile for a detestable slander, and it would be difficult to say how many have passed through the Bankruptcy Court. The annals of the Divorce Court, moreover, would furnish several accounts of misfortune in having overtaken the male and female companions of His Royal Highness, and altogether it would seem as if Fate had somehow not acted kindly in this respect to the Prince.'

"Some eccentricities hoaxed the Paris Figaro into asserting that, as a consequence of the baccarat business, the Prince was about to renounce his rights as heir-apparent and to retire from the army. There was good reason to believe that the publication of these Munchausen-like statements (which were reproduced by some of our scandal-loving papers) would have led to a 'remonstrance' with the French Government by our Foreign Office on the ground that the circulation of such false 'news' was highly prejudicial to the royal family. But the incident 'blew over.'"

Mr. Legge quotes, without disproving it, one of the most damaging criticisms that could have been passed on the King:

"Shortly after the termination of the baccarat case, which, from first to last, was a dire misfortune for the Prince of Wales, I expressed to a Radical M. P. my regret that H. R. H. had ever gone to Tranby Croft. He laughed. 'What do you expect of the Prince?' he asked. 'Do you expect him ever to do anything but amuse himself?'"

Perhaps the most astonishing proceeding of Mr. Legge is to recall the almost forgotten gossip about the late Queen Victoria and her Scotch servant John Brown. It appears that this matter was freely aired in a London periodical called the Tomahawk about which Mr. Legge says:

"The writer and the artist referred to set themselves 'in a fatiguing state of virtuous indignation' to defame Her Majesty in the Tomahawk cartoons entitled 'Where is Britannia?' and 'A Brown Study,' both published in the Summer of 1867. The first picture represents an empty throne, on which are carelessly tossed the royal robes of ermine; the crown is facetiously jerked on the top of the chair of state, and the British Lion is squatting under the throne. In the other cartoon that lare John Brown stands in a meditative attitude, leaning on the throne; the royal crown is placed under a glass case, as being seldom or never required by its owner, and the Lion looks mournfully into the face of the overbearing and generally disliked Scotsman.

"That was the kind of thing that 'went down' at the end of the sixties to the extent of 50,000 copies a week, for that was the circulation of the Tomahawk at the time it was issuing such cartoons as 'Where is Britannia?' 'A Brown Study,' and 'I'll Follow Thee.'"

Caricature by Moloch Showing Queen Victoria Reproaching Her Son for His Enormous Debts. Mr. Legge Thinks That the King's Debts Were One of His Greatest Achievements.

King Edward, at the Time of the Baccarat Scandal When Mr. Legge Tactlessly Says That He Was at the Height of His Glory as Social Leader and Bon Vivant.

Bismarck, the Great German Statesman, Who Said That the Prince of Wales Was the Only Prince One Was Never Likely to Meet on the Field of Battle. "Was this the Prince's Fault?" Asks Mr. Legge.

Cartoon from Simplicissimus Representing King Edward as a Monarch Overshadowing Europe. This Idea Sir Sidney Lee Attacked and Mr. Legge Fails to Sustain.

Sincerity the Basis of Character---By Rev. Dr. Charles H. Parkhurst

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Wherefore putting away lying, speak every man truth with his neighbor.—Ephesians iv., 25.

NEXT to stealing, lying is perhaps the most convenient sin that we practise. The ends it subserves are numerous. It is a form of iniquity to which men sometimes almost believes himself to be compelled. The Sunday-school boy unwittingly expressed a great deal of this when in terms strictly Scriptural he defined a lie to "an abomination unto the Lord, and a very present help in time of trouble."

It is this exceeding utility of falsehood, it is to be pleased to apply that term to it, that accounts for its prevalence, a prevalence so universal that David declares that in his haste he said that "ALL men are liars," nor does he intimate that upon a leisurely review of the matter he was disposed to withdraw or amend the indictment. John Stuart Mill, in one of his published addresses, told the working classes of England that they were mostly liars, mitigating the charge a little, however, by telling them they were the only working class in Europe that could not lie without being ashamed of it.

Without touching any of those questions of casuistry which do not come quite home to the matter, but which are about as far as the ordinary discussion of the question extends, it has to be conceded that we have learned not to take falsehood too seriously; that a lie need be only slightly disguised to be almost as respectable as truth, and that the combined influence of habit and of polite society has taught us to forget that a white lie differs from a black one only in not having the courage of its own depravity, a black lie being an enterprising falsehood, a white lie a cowardly one

A deplorable illustration of the general apathy upon the matter was afforded by the easy popular assent accorded to the ignominious treachery practised upon the Philippine leader, Aguinaldo, by our army officer, Funston—a treachery ordered and approved by General McArthur. The facts in the case were these: Funston disguised himself and some of his men in the uniform worn by Filipinos, crept in upon Aguinaldo stealthily under that guise, tricked him by a forged letter, pretending that they were hungry, made capital out of the holy hospitality, then fell upon Aguinaldo to the ground and made him captive; violated the laws of war, the laws of hospitality and the law of God; and the people of the United States, with some exceptions, instead of denouncing against the act of damnable perfidy, thought it rather a shrewd trick on Funston's part and the Senate promoted him. If it is replied that that is only one of the necessary accompaniments of war; yes, perhaps so among Christians, but it was a heathen general (Alexander the Great, I think) who said: "The gods forbid that I should steal a victory in the dark."

Every schoolboy knows the story of the Roman Regulus—another heathen, by the way—who was taken captive by the Carthaginians, but permitted to go back to Rome to persuade the Romans to an exchange of prisoners, exacting from Regulus, however, the solemn sworn pledge that if he did not prevail upon the Romans to arrange such exchange he would return to Carthage

On arriving at Rome he did his utmost to persuade the Romans *not to* consent to an exchange of prisoners, and then, with the fear of the heathen gods and the honor of his oath before his eyes, he went back to Carthage, knowing perfectly well the horrid tortures that awaited him there. He was torn with spikes and roasted upon the slow grill of a hot African sun. There are heathens and there are heathens, there are Christians and there are Christians; and of the two I had rather take the chances of an honest pagan than those of a perfidious saint, for those two words dare stand alongside of one another

The Washington Post vouches for the truth of the following incident: "Early last Summer two young braves of the Creek nation quarrelled at a dance for the hand of a young girl whom they both wished to marry. They fought, and one was killed. According to the usage of our courts, the survivor, Watka by name, would have been found guilty of homicide, but by Indian law he was convicted of murder and sentenced to death in August. He was then, also according to usage among the Creeks, released on parole. This is so common a custom that it did not occur to the people of the tribe as possible that he would fail to appear at the set time,

"Watka married the girl for whom he had fought and worked hard to give her a home and support after his death. On the day of execution he received a reprieve until the last of October, in order that he might play in baseball games for which he was scheduled. The games were played. On the last day of October, Watka set out alone for the execution grounds. Crowds had gathered to witness the tragedy. He walked to the place marked for him, kneeled down, clasped his hands behind him and closed his eyes. The next moment he lay dead in punishment for his crime.

"It did not occur to the Indian spectators that he had done anything worthy of remark. 'A Creek,' they said simply, 'keeps his word.'"

What interests us most in the Creek Indian and in Regulus is less the fact that they told the truth in the specific instances related than a certain interior closeness and firmness of moral fibre evinced by their behavior, a condition expressed by the Psalmist in the prayer he offered after his own atrocious act of perfidy when he cried, "Thou desirest truth in the inward parts." David had played as foul a trick on Uriah as Funston played on Aguinaldo, fully as foul a one, and he reasons back from the lie that was in his deed to the lie that was in him. So unsound did he discover himself to be that he felt himself to be not only a liar but a lie, and pretence and insincerity the stuff he was made of.

It does not appear what other qualities there were in our Indian, save that he was a murderer—so was David for that matter, but it is impossible to contemplate the brawny integrity of this glorious savage without realising that there was nothing in the shape of wisdom, morality or even saintliness that he could not by human treatment and God's grace have been elevated to. There was a vast deposit of solid veracity in him, of untainted sincerity, that make unshakable foundation for any amount of knowledge, ethics and religion that might have been built on the top of it; for the serious matter to consider in all this connection is that the soul must be a true soul before it can acquire wisdom that will be true wisdom, before it can live a moral life that will not be one prolonged chapter of hypocrisy.

If I lie to my neighbor I shall probably lie to myself, and that is the most serious part of the matter. Lying to him will not hurt him, lying to myself will hurt me. When I attempt to persuade myself to do what I know I ought not to do, I deal falsely by myself, for I tell myself what I know is not true; and believing the falsehood that I perpetrate upon myself is the quickest way to getting into trouble. That is what Adam is reported to have done when, assured that he ought not to do the thing divinely forbidden him, "he tricked himself into believing and doing the contrary.

When once we get two voices to talking on the inside of us, one saying one thing and the other the opposite, we are in a bad way. We cannot depend upon ourselves any more. We are then two people working at cross-purposes; not unanimous any longer, but become like a piece of cracked crockery, that can be glued together, but that has lost the power to vibrate with a clear solid ring.

It is part of the same thing to say that it is by dishonestly treating ourselves that we get into all kinds of confusion in the matter of our moral and religious beliefs. We, all of us, know pretty well what is right, and are generally sufficiently sound in regard to the main principles of religious truth. Truth and the human mind are made to fit each other. We see such things as they are, when we want to see them as they are. The mischief begins when we do not want to see them as they are, and when they are of such a kind as to run counter to our natural preference. It is then that we commence lying to ourselves and attempting to convince ourselves that something is true that we know perfectly well is not true, and that something is false that we know perfectly well is not false.

The sum and substance of all this is that our fundamental infirmity is insincerity—we are false to ourselves. The great lie of our life is an inward lie We can know the truth sufficiently well for all practical purposes, but when it comes so close to us as to be uncomfortable we no longer love it to lie flat and square, but turn it up on its edge and begin inspecting it, and finding flaws in it and abetering ourselves from it by the interposition of some screen of excuse or a sophistry. It was after David had been fooling with himself and quibbling with what he knew to be truth and duty that he made the prayer recorded in the fifty-first psalm, "Behold Thou desirest truth in the inward parts"; very much like which was the word of Jesus, "If thine eye be single the whole body shall be full of light."

OPERA AND CONCERT

Three Operas to Be Added to Boston Season's List, Including Aubert's "Foret Bleue," Sung for the First Time

MUSIC OF THE WEEK.
This afternoon, Boston Opera, Kochm, the violinist; Scotney, and orchestra.
This afternoon, Symphony Hall, Bonci, the tenor, in recital.
Monday night, Opera, "Girl of the Golden West," with Amato, Melis, Zenatello.
Tuesday evening, Tremont Temple, Evelyn Scotney and Howard White in operatic concert.
Tuesday night, Steinert Hall, Stephen Townsend in recital.
Wednesday afternoon, Jordan Hall, recital of songs by Margaret Huston, soprano.
Wednesday night, Opera, "Rigoletto," with Lucrezia Bori (Metropolitan Opera), Gamberto Macnez (Metropolitan), Amato and Mardones.
Thursday night, Jordan Hall, Longy Club.
Friday afternoon, Symphony Hall, concert, with Ysaye, the violinist.
Friday night, Opera, "Jewels of the Madonna," with Melis, Rosaf, Zenatello and Gay.
Saturday matinee, Opera, "Le Foret Bleue" (first time on any stage), De Potter, Riddez, Sampieri, Bernice Fisher, Jeska Swartz, Carmen Melis, Elisabeth Amsden, Elvira Leveroni, Florence De Cossey.
Saturday night, "Lucia," with Scotney, Rossi and Sacchetti.

LUCREZIA BORI, BOSTON OPERA HOUSE
©PISHKIN STUDIO
MARGUERITE ZEGARRA IN "L'ARLESIENNE" BOSTON OPERA HOUSE
BONCI SYMPHONY HALL OCTOBER 28 DUPONT
BERNICE FISHER AS RED RIDING HOOD AND HOP ON MY THUMB IN BLUE FOREST BOSTON OPERA HOUSE
JESKA SWARTZ
EVELYN SCOTNEY AT TREMONT TEMPLE, TUESDAY MARCH 4

By FREDERICK JOHNS.

THERE are three operas to be added to the repertory during the last few weeks of the Boston Opera season. Aubert's "Foret Bleue" which will be sung for the first time on any stage, Wolf Ferrari's "Secret of Susanne" the most successful one-act opera since "Cavalleria Rusticana," and that old operatic chariot, "Martha" in English

The most important of these is "Martha" in English. I am not a bit excited over "Foret Bleue" and the "Secret of Susanne" has been thoroughly tested in many cities. "Martha" in English is apocalyptic.

It is the first time that a standard work of the operatic repertory, a work which the public has often heard in French or Italian, has been sung in English by a first class opera company in one of the four big opera houses of America.

Question Begged in Gotham.

If "Martha" succeeds, all the arguments against opera in English fall to the ground. Over in New York they are begging the question. The public demands opera in English and gets English opera in English. Not even the foreign management of our opera houses would have the impudence to have an American libretto translated into Italian, and they have produced several alleged grand operas by Americans in the vernacular during the last few years.

Converse's "Pipe of Desire" and "Sacrifice," Herbert's "Natoma" and Barker's "Mona," and now Damrosch's "Cyrano," have been sung in English and have shed no light upon the question of whether a grand opera is injured by being sung in some other language from that in which it is written.

Dippel in Chicago has produced one or two new or unfamiliar foreign works in English, but his experiments have failed because there is no way of comparing them with the orginal.

Russell Shows Courage.

Henry Russell is taking the chance. He doesn't believe in grand opera in English, and he has the courage of his convictions. He has devoted "Martha" for the experiment. He has secured a good lyric translation and has arranged for such singers as Alice Nielsen, John MacCormack and Maria Gay, who should have no difficulty with English words, to appear in the cast.

To be sure, "Martha" isn't much of an opera. Its music is in no respect superior to any good modern comic opera, and it is scored in such a way as to make a modern Viennese operetta composer smile contemptuously. We translate foreign comic operas with impunity, and it isn't going to hurt "Martha" in the least to get the same treatment.

The principal trouble with the "opera in English crusade" is that it can't get much support. The general public doesn't think much of grand opera anyway, and much of the public as is musical and attends the operas doesn't get interested in the movement

The powers who support and produce opera haven't any use for the movement and solely likes to hear foreign languages because it rumbles its members of "the other side," don't you know"

Must Be Anglicised.

Some day opera is going to be popular and it won't be the plaything of a lot of wealthy people any more. Before it gets popular it must be Anglicised, for the people of America, like those of Germany, France and Italy, will never put up with music in foreign languages.

Therefore, the future of opera in America is in the hand of the enthusiasts who want opera in English. If they have their way it will gradually attract the public until our people become as devoted to this sort of music as Europe.

If they are cried down, opera will continue to be a medium of display for support upon the whims of the rich

The logic of the crusaders is irresistible If it were not necessary for audiences to understand the words operas might be written to a lot of gibberish best calculated to aid in producing good tones

Why Composers Are Few.

Operas, however, have complicated plots, much dialogue and even plays upon words and they are intended to be understood. In Europe the words are understood. In this country we attend only to the music, and if an American composer is to win opera lover and deserves much more credit than the European, for he is heavily handicapped

If we have no composers of opera it is because the great American people, except in three or four spots on the map, know nothing about opera

The Italian composers are fruit of $10,000,000 opera lovers. Our composers spring from a few thousand who know about good music. It is remarkable that we have do so well, considering all the circumstances

MUSIC NOTES

Lovers of the piano are looking forward with much anticipation to the recital to be given in Jordan Hall on Monday, March 16, by Max Pauer, the distinguish German pianist who met with such brilliant success as soloist with the Symphony Orchestra recently. Mr Pauer was soloist with the orchestra in Boston, Philadelphia, Washington, Baltimore and Brooklyn and everywhere his performances were greeted with utmost enthusiasm.

The third and last concert of the Flonzaley Quartet will be given in Jordan Hall, on Thursday evening, March 13. Even those familiar with the exquisite playing of the Flonzaley Trio realize the pains to which the members of this unique organization go to prepare for their concerts. Each program is selected with the utmost care. As their final program they have chosen Beethoven's Quartet in C minor, Schubert's Quartet in D minor for two violins and cello, and Schumann's Quartet in A major.

The Kneisel Quartet will give its last concert of the season in Steinert Hall on Tuesday evening, March 18. The program will comprise Beethoven's quartet in F major, Schumann's piano quartet in E flat major and Max Reger's quartet in E flat minor. Rudolph Ganz, the distinguished pianist, will be the assisting artist. The second number, Schumann's quartet, was composed in 1842 and is among the composer's noblest and finest works. It was written in what is considered the period of his highest musical development The final number on the program, Reger's quartet in E flat major, is one of the latest works of the composer.

Music lovers who like to surrender to the delightful charms of an exceptionally gifted, masterful feminine singing voice as well as those more critical devotees who are given to studying technique and personality, will have an opportunity of hearing Miss Margaret Huston in a song recital in Jordan Hall on Wednesday afternoon, March 10. Miss Huston is an exponent of the conception which regards singing as a mere extension of sustained speech She brings to her hearers the delightful revelation that she is capable of rendering a song in a manner which appears as natural and involuntary as speech.

Weingartner Amazes by Memory Feats

Tells to a Second Amount of Time Required to Play Composition.

An amazing exhibition of the powers of memory possessed by Felix Weingartner, the conductor who has left Boston for this season was shown one day last week. Weingartner and Marcel had gone to New York to make records for the Columbia phonograph.

Marcel was to make ten song records, while Weingartner directed an orchestra in several symphonic compositions. Marcel had sung several songs and said, "I will sing 'Der Kuss' next. I think it is very pretty."

Too short for a record," said Weingartner

"Long enough for a short record; it takes at least two and a half minutes."

"One minute, no more," insisted Weingartner.

I am sure it is longer."

The musician drew out his watch and silently seemed to sing the song through in some course of his brain. "One minute exactly," he said snapping his watch case closed.

"Nonsense," cried Mrs. Weingartner. She seated herself at the piano. Weingartner opened his watch once more. She sang it through. "Three seconds exactly" cried the conductor and the phonograph men, who had been looking over his shoulder, applauded.

From the thousands of musical compositions stored in his prodigious memory Weingartner had named to a second the length of time it had taken to perform 'Der Kuss' one of the least important of all

YSAYE WILL BE SOLOIST.

At Concert of Symphony Orchestra Friday and Saturday.

Eugene Ysaye will be the soloist with the Symphony Orchestra at the seventeenth rehearsal and concert Friday afternoon and Saturday evening

Ysaye will play two concertos with the orchestra. The first will be Vivaldi's in G minor with accompaniment of string orchestra and organ. The second will be Saint Saens' in B minor No. 3. This last concerto Ysaye has made his own It had been practically put into rubbish heap by violinists when Ysaye revived it a number of years ago. The Symphony will be Stadtfeld's in D minor, announced for the holiday season, but taken off on account of Dr. Muck's illness. The other number will be Charles Martin Loeffler's "The Devil's Villanelle

GODOWSKY AND CULP.

Will Be Heard at Concert on the Afternoon of March 16.

One of the most notable concerts of the series that has been given in Symphony Hall on Sunday afternoons this Winter will come on Sunday, March 16, when the artists will be Leopold Godowsky and Julia Culp. Godowsky's only appearance here this year was with the Symphony Orchestra during the holiday season and his performance of Beethoven's G-Major Concerto aroused much enthusiasm.

He has not given a recital in Boston for many years and it is an event that all lovers of the piano have been waiting for with much eagerness. Godowsky is the head of the Meisterschule in Vienna and he famous as a pedagogue, but he is much more than that as he is unquestionably one of the very greatest pianists in the world.

"Le Foret Bleue" to Have Premier Here

Three-Act Opera to Be Given World for First Time Saturday—Composer Himself in Boston.

"Le Foret Bleue" or the Blue Forest, a three-act opera by Louis Aubert, a young French composer, will be sung for the first time on any stage next Saturday afternoon

The Blue Forest is a fairy tale, and deals with the adventures of our old friends, Hop o' My Thumb, Little Red Riding Hood, the Sleeping Beauty, Prince Charming, the Giant, etc.

A lovely operetta might be made from these tales by a skilful compiler of folk songs and childhood jingles. Aubert, however, is a modern who adores Debussy His music, judged from the piano score, is symbolic and atmospheric rather than melodic Andre Capiet believes in the work, so does Henry Russell Aubert is the aunt and is doing interviewers what he means by his opera

The work was finished two years ago, and according to Director Russell the Opera Comique endeavored to secure it, but was beaten by Boston. That is, we got the opera. Next week we shall know positively which city was beaten

Miss Fisher and Miss Swartz, whose work in "Hansel und Gretel" is so much appreciated, are again cast for children's parts. Riding Hood and Hop o' My Thumb. Miss Swartz again plays the boy

Carmen Melis will be the Princess, a part intended last year for Zina Brozia. It is said for Aubert that De Potter and Riddez are to have important parts in the production.

Scotney to Soar at Concert by Kocian

Coloratura Soprano to Reach F in Altissimo Dozen Times In Famous Queen of Night Aria.

Jaroslav Kocian, Bohemian violinist, will play here for the first time in three years, this afternoon at the Boston Opera House. Kocian made his London debut at one of the Richter concerts, several years ago. He is now in his 29th year and the present is his third tour of the United States, his former visits having been made in 1904 and 1906.

Miss Evelyn Scotney the popular coloratura soprano of the Boston Opera Company, will appear on the same program She will sing the famous aria for the Queen of Night from Mozart's "The Magic Flute"

Miss Scotney and Miss Frieda Hempel, who sings the part at the Metropolitan this season, are said to be the only sopranos of today who can surmount the difficulties of the number and sing it as it was written originally, for in the course of one aria the singer has to reach an F in altissimo more than a dozen times

Mr. Andreas Dippel will direct the orchestra and the complete program follows:

C. M von Weber—Der Schutze's Brautchor—Overture. For violin and Orchestra.
Antonia Mr Jaroslav Kocian.
Pianist
W. A Mozart—"Il Magic Flute" Aria of the Queen of the Night.
Miss Scotney
C. Saint Saens—Introduction and Rondo Capriccioso. For violin and orchestra
Mr. Jaroslav Kocian
C Saint Saens—"Third Symphony" in C Minor.
I. Adagio, Allegro Moderato
II. Andante Moderato, Presto, Maestoso, Allegro Organist, Mr. Ralph Lyford. Pianists, Messrs Walter Bimm and Charles Strong.

EVELYN SCOTNEY TO SING HERE TUESDAY

Coloratura Soprano and Husband, Howard White, Basso, to Appear In Tremont Temple.

Miss Evelyn Scotney, the coloratura soprano who appeared in "Rigoletto" as Gilda last evening will be heard in recital in Tremont Temple on Tuesday evening, at 8.15.

The Australian soprano will be assisted by Howard White, the popular basso; Charles North, the flutist of the Boston Opera Orchestra, and Frank Waller, pianist.

The Tremont Temple auditorium seats more than 2,500 people, but the indications are that it will not be large enough to admit all who wish to attend the concert.

Miss Scotney has appeared in this hall once before this season, in November, upon which occasion more than 2,000 people were present

The program is largely operatic in character although there are several groups of Scottish songs Miss Scotney is known as the leading exponent of the art of the old Scottish ballads

She will sing the entire mad scene from "Lucia" with flute and piano accompaniment. She will also sing the Jewel Song from "His left" from Gounod's "Ave Maria" with flute and piano and three Scottish songs "Mary of Argyle" and "My Love Is Like a Red, Red Rose."

Howard White is the husband of Madame Scotney and a concert singer of reputation He will sing several groups numbers and two groups of songs His part of the program includes "Evening Star" from "Tannhauser," Duna's Serenade from "Faust," "Aperemai Amor" from "La Boheme," and several Scottish and English ballads

Charles North, the flutist of the Boston Opera, who has accompanied Tetrazzini, Melba and other great singers in the flute duet that is one of the features of the mad scene from "Lucia," will also be heard in solo

MISS CRANE TO SING.

Will Appear in Recital at Jordan Hall Tomorrow Evening.

Miss Stella Crane, a 1910 graduate of the New England Conservatory, will give a song recital in Jordan Hall Monday evening

Miss Crane, who was a pupil of Armand Fortin, is now a teacher at the Conservatory

She will open her recital with Brahm's "Minnelied." W. Wanderine Rogers "Wie Bist Schatzlein" and Strauss' "Wegenlied" will follow. The second part will consist of five French songs "Schindler's "La Petite Anne," Wider's "Contemplation." Messenet's "Obi! les fleurs ardent des yeux," Debressy's "Voeu que le Printemps" and Delibes' "Les Filles de Cadix." The last part of the program will contain nine English songs—Carey's "A Spring Morning," McDowell's "Folk Springtide" and "The Robin in the Apple Tree," Bainkree's "O, Come to Me," Rechnaninoff's "Lilacs," Chadwick's "Star Flower, Why Art Thou Sighing" Rogers's "April Weather," Mason Mark's "The Little Dutch Garden" and Whiting's "A Birthday."

'L'ARLESIENNE' TO BE GIVEN

M. Paul-Marcel and Company to Present Daudet's Work.

Daudet's "L'Arlesienne" will be given at the Boston Opera House on Thursday, March 6, by M Paul-Marcel and his associate players, assisted by the full orchestra and chorus of the opera company, under the personal direction of Andre Caplet. It will be the first time that the masterpiece has been done in America in the language in which it was written. Fourteen years ago a number of subscription performances were given at the Broadway Theatre, New York, with the chorus and orchestra from the Metropolitan Opera House, led by Anton Seidl. On that occasion an English version was used and it is proving to be an attempted adaptation rather than a translation, failed to reveal the intent of the dramatist, and it was Bizet who scored rather than Daudet

The cast for "L'Arlesienne follows:

Fenlon	P. Paul-Marcel
Rose Mamai	Georgie La Forge
Francet Mamai	Claude Le Roy
Mitifio	Ar. Meisl
Balthazar	Andre Bouillon
The Vieux	Mme. Gerville-Reache
Vieux Mamai	Marguerite Sylva
Rose la	Elsa Marv
Vivette	Lucy Weed
Innocent	L. Wells

In the fourth scene La Farandole will be danced by the Boston Opera ballet

AMERICAN EDITOR NOW PLAYWRIGHT

Charles W. Goddard, Who Prepares Monthly Magazine, Has Drama Produced.

Charles W. Goddard, a former Boston newspaperman and [illegible] editor of the American Monthly Magazine, has sprung into the limelight of Broadway as a playwright.

Mr Goddard, the [illegible] author of the new farce entitled "The Ghost Breakers" and a part producer of [illegible] one of the [illegible] of [illegible] at the Longacre theatre, New York, [illegible] Broadway [illegible] and [illegible] evening.

It will be [illegible] Jimmy Valentine" [illegible] Gaiety Theatre, Boston, [illegible] is Mr Warren's last [illegible]

The show [illegible] on any stage [illegible] Boston. It is described [illegible] and [illegible] thrills and [illegible] which [illegible] tragedy, [illegible] and [illegible] It's the story of [illegible] and [illegible] into a comedy in a [illegible] moment

It deals with [illegible] and Boston, [illegible] a classic American and a beautiful Spanish princess who [illegible] in New York and for whom [illegible] things because the terrors of a [illegible] castle in Spain

The play [illegible] played in Pennsylvania and New Jersey [illegible] week in Wilkesbarre, Newark, [illegible] It is slated to be produced [illegible] Rochester

Mr Goddard [illegible] slow [illegible] began his [illegible] Boston [illegible] several years ago and [illegible] foundation in the [illegible] directing the [illegible] AMERICAN Sunday Magazine [illegible] position of managing [illegible] was assisted not a little by a young bride whose [illegible] around out many of the difficult [illegible] which [illegible] time to time would present [illegible] getting out [illegible] wrong time or [illegible] stories

BONCI SINGS TOMORROW.

Italian Tenor Will Be Assisted by Madame Rhadeska.

Alessandro Bonci's only appearance here during this season will be in Symphony Hall at 3.30 tomorrow afternoon when he will give a concert with the assistance of Madame Rhadeska, a young coloratura soprano, whose debut here is being looked forward to with much interest. There are few singers that enjoy greater favor in Boston than this great Italian tenor.

He will sing [illegible] songs and two arias His best songs will be in English, a [illegible] Nevin, [illegible] Rogland La Forge; "Day Is Gone" by Margaret Ruthven Lang, and Tirindelli's "Love's Lyre." His second group will consist wholly of Italian DeCurtis's "Voce di Notte," Denza's "Occhi Turchini" and Rossini's "Barcarole" His first aria will be "Ave Maria," from "La Gioconda," of Ponchielli and "Celeste Aida" of Verdi.

Madame Rhadeska, who had the misfortune to lose her right when a young girl and has conquered all [illegible] difficulties in order to become a singer, will sing three groups of songs. "La Passeggiata," from Leoncavallo's "Zazza," Bartlett's dainty and fanciful "Quai barbelette"; Mme. Vinefort's arrangement of Chopin's "Aime-moi" and the air "Ah! fuyez d'Arte," from Puccini's "Tosca" The second group will be four old Tuscan folk songs arranged for women by Blair Fairchild of Paris. These are "Canzonetta" by Bonfichelli, "Ypsilla" by Rossini "O Rosa Rosa" Her third group will include Hahn's "Si mes Vers Palen" and Carter Lerock's "Le Nil," both with flute obligato.

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CHARLES W. GODDARD, Boston newspaper man, whose play is being produced by Frohman, and Mr. Goddard's bride, who assisted in the preparation of the work.

Photograph by Aime Dupont.

Plays of Many Kinds on This Week's Bills

Novelties to Amuse Folks of Greater Boston

Actors of Note to Make Appearance at the Majestic To-morrow

Majestic Theatre.

[illegible] Majestic Theatre [illegible] Boston favorites, [illegible] of players who at [illegible] have been seen in [illegible] Bishop, George MacFarlane, [illegible] Lambert, Lawrence D'Orsay, Knight, Virginia Ogden and Dainty [illegible] and Louise Hale [illegible] Mr. Bishop and Miss Ogden [illegible] repertoire of brilliant and [illegible] Hyna's best and most popular writings.

This season of comic opera which is [illegible] two weeks only, with [illegible] forward the prominent organization of singers and [illegible] conditions during the first week [illegible] production of [illegible] Thursday and Wednesday evenings and at the Wednesday [illegible] the remainder of the [illegible] Tuesday, [illegible] Friday and [illegible] are devoted to [illegible] revivals [illegible] during their second week, [illegible] Monday, March 10th, when [illegible] will be presented.

Shubert Theatre.

[illegible] theatre [illegible] modern [illegible] has as the theme of James Montgomery's [illegible] comedy, "Ready Money," which H. H. Frazee will present at the Shubert Theatre tomorrow evening. The New York company will be seen here.

"Ready Money" is described as a comedy in three acts. The scene is laid in the rooms of Sam Welch, the son of a [illegible].

The same company of notable players who were identified with the Chicago and New York runs of Ready Money will appear here, including Arthur Shaw, Joseph Sweeney, Frederick Arnold and "The Fassett Waltz Four." Ben Erskine, Hans Howard and [illegible] are remembered for [illegible] Stokes, Henry Miller and Scott [illegible].

B. F. Keith's Theatre.

Notice [illegible] by the [illegible] of amusement [illegible] has created a greater [illegible] than [illegible] Thomas A. Edison's Talking Motion Pictures, which were [illegible] exclusively [illegible] at B. F. Keith's Theatre last Monday. For the second week a complete change of program will be presented, new subjects and new artists appearing in the [illegible] pictures. The vaudeville bill announced for the week includes Gus Edwards' School Boys and Girls, presented by Eddie Hunter Kinzie, and a company of [illegible] clever youngsters. Another important feature will be the return after two years' absence of Julian Rose, the character comedienne. Will H. Murphy and Blanche Nichols will present their humorous comedy, "The School for Actresses," and Rose Deforest's Royal Hawaiian Singers will be a great feature for the lovers of [illegible].

Gaiety Theatre.

Willie Alte, Phipps and Sam Micals, Reading the cast, "The Winning Widows" will open a week's engagement at the Gaiety Theatre tomorrow. "The Winning Widows" comes to the Gaiety, not as a stranger to the patrons of that playhouse for it will be remembered as one of the [illegible] musical comedies shown there in last season. It is entirely new this season. The book is done in two acts, the first showing the drawing room of the "Widow," and the second the Beaux-Arts ball at Atlantic City. The chorus is large and splendidly drilled and the costumes and [illegible] novelties brilliantly conceived. In the presenting company are Harry Rogers, Mae Rose, Clyde T. Ker, Daisy Davenport, Mike Lowd, Julia May, Harry Lamont, Hazel Shelly and Beatrice Loftus.

Globe Theatre.

The program of the Globe this week will be headed by the [illegible] family one of the most known equestrian acts in vaudeville, O'Brien and Buckley, claimed to be a big [illegible] act. Elliot, Belmont and Elliot, a comedy acrobatic trio; Lewis and Chapin, Dennis Brothers; Spiro and Lovenz; Pike and Lasne, sensational dancers; Mary Dunn, the "Queen's Boy," Susan La Rose, a ventriloquist, and [illegible] motion pictures [illegible] the Pathe Weekly [illegible] will complete the bill.

The newsboys Band will give another popular concert on Thursday evening.

Loew's South End.

With the public interest so positively aroused and [illegible] there should be [illegible] more than the ordinary amount of attention given to The Ballets of the Movies, Inc., which [illegible] be featured [illegible] at Loew's South End Theatre the first [illegible] of the week. [illegible] of the [illegible] required [illegible] long people in its making and [illegible] a novelty [illegible] much bringing of [illegible] many places of the Southwest, but the most [illegible] in its details of the country and the people who inhabit it. Other features will be the two-reel "Bugler of Company B," which will be shown on Monday, and "The Coward's Atonement," which is announced for Tuesday and Wednesday. Many [illegible] pictures will also be included in the bill.

National Theatre.

[illegible] record for attendance at a local theatre was established last week at the National Theatre by thousands who were anxious to see Thomas A. Edison's sensational talking pictures. More than 54 000 people attended thirteen [illegible] performances. Many were turned away. The talking pictures will be a permanent feature at this theatre. Beginning Monday new pictures will be shown, including the quaint scene from "Julius Caesar." The vaudeville bill will include Burt Fitzgibbon, the Boston boy, who is [illegible] in vaudeville "nut." Billy Swede Hall and company in a furiously funny sketch, and James and Bonnie Thornton, the new act Moore and Chalmers are favorites and their act is also funny. There will be numerous other feature attractions.

Hollis Street Theatre.

"The Governor's Lady" has made an undoubted hit at the Hollis Street Theatre, where big audiences have been moved by the tremendous heart appeal in this drama of everyday life. It is with great regret that Mr. Belasco is compelled to announce that this play can remain at the Hollis but three weeks longer, for, notwithstanding every effort made by the managers to have the run extended, it has been found impossible to cancel the bookings for the play elsewhere, and it must move on to other cities on March 22.

Premier Theatre.

There will be plenty of romance in the new bill at the Premier Theatre this week.

YOU'LL SEE THESE PLAYERS IN BOSTON.

On Monday and Tuesday a two-reel film, "The Vortex," will be shown. This is a spectacular picture of the Western country that should prove interesting to all who see it. On Tuesday and Wednesday "The Man Who Dared" will be given. This two-reel production shows life in the Canadian Northwest, with outlaws and the famous mounted police. Both pictures are crowded with thrilling moments. There will also be several comedy subjects and a new set of songs and singers.

Boston Theatre.

"The Garden of Allah" will be its attracting large audiences at the Boston Theatre, enters upon the third week of its stay in Boston tomorrow. [illegible] theatregoers who see [illegible] witnessing this resplendent drama of the desert made by Liebler & Co. are not slow in expressing their delight in a play of the [illegible] of Robert Hichens's widely famous book.

New Palace Theatre.

For the first three days of the week at the New Palace Theatre a brilliant Ambrosio production will be featured. It is called "The Female Detective," and it will be shown in two reels. The picture is not a comedy subject, as the title might lead one to infer, but a stirring thrilling story of crime and its detection, with genuine human interest sprinkled through it. The regular change of program at the New Palace tomorrow will bring several comedy pictures forward, as well as the usual number of intensely dramatic subjects. New singers and songs will be added to the bill.

Park Theatre.

There will be no further extensions of the stay of "The Woman" at the Park Theatre. The continued success of David Belasco's production of this strong American work would make an even longer stay in Boston advisable, but the other engagements for the play will put that out of the possibilities, and the final presentation in this city will come next Saturday night.

Colonial Theatre.

The second and last week of the engagement of "The Miracle" at the Colonial Theatre will begin tomorrow evening. The success of this remarkable exhibition was instantaneous and it does not seem possible that any more perfect vitascope representation can ever be arranged. In the Boston engagement a chorus of 100 voices and an augmented orchestra add greatly to the effectiveness of the music.

Plymouth Theatre.

Robert Lorsius begins the second week of his engagement at the Plymouth Theatre in "The Cradle Snatcher" tomorrow night. The play is the work of Rol Cooper Megrue, founded from the plot of a short story by Gouverneur Morris, and tells of the amazing experience of a young barrister, who, to fulfill the requirements of a will bequeathing him [illegible] great wealth, had to find a suitable girl and marry her all within less than two weeks.

Castle Square Theatre.

"Believe Me, Xantippe!" continues to amuse large audiences at the Castle Square. The verdict upon this latest Harrard prize play of Mr. Craig's appears to be unanimous. Thousands are coming to see it every week, they spread the news among thousands of others, and the result is a series of audiences that have rarely been exceeded in size and enthusiasm at the Castle Square, or indeed in any other playhouse.

St. James Theatre.

The St. James Theatre will offer an especially strong vaudeville bill with excellent photo plays this week. Among the features are the Edwards Brothers, original burlesque strong men; Arthur White, the comedian; Ned Burton and Company, in "The Commercial Man"; Merritt and Douglas, comedians and dancers; Belmont and Harl, Johnson and Creed, colored comedians, and Resale's Cockatoos, the pets of Loraland. The photo plays will be new and quite as good as any seen since the theatre opened as a vaudeville house by Marcus Loew.

Tremont Theatre.

"The Yellow Jacket," a Chinese comedy, which began its engagement at the Tremont Theatre last Monday, has realized and completely lived up to the enthusiastic promises of its management. The play will commence the second week of its engagement tomorrow night.

Orpheum Theatre.

James F. MacDonald, in original sayings and songs; La Pelle brothers, novelty upside-down gymnasts; Alphone Gattler, presenting his humorous playlet, "High Wanted"; Marcena and Woods, "The Tenor and the Base"; Magin, Eddy and Roy, grotesque pantomime comiques, and Belle and Mayo, comedy singing and dancing, will be on the new bill at the Orpheum this week.

Waldron's Casino.

One of the novelties of the Star and Garter Show which comes to the Casino this week is the introduction of a travesty on the contemporaneous musical comedy, and is called "The King is in the Bathtub."

Howard Athenæum.

Frankie Heath, Harry Lovan and "The Big Revue Girls" will be at the Howard Athenæum this week. There will also be a vaudeville program, featuring Adonis and Dog.

Grand Opera House.

Burlesque well suited for the ladies will be offered by "The Gay Widows" company at the Grand Opera House this week. Thursday night there will be a wrestling event.

Scenic Temple.

Exclusive motion pictures, local in character, are now made a feature at the Scenic Temple. Every week something new and of special interest will be presented.

Bowdoin Square Theatre.

Dick, the handwriting dog, will be the top feature of the new bill at the Bowdoin Square Theatre this week.

AT THE VAUDEVILLE AND PICTURE HOUSES

Great Interest in Talking Shows as Presented in Boston.

The big event last week in vaudeville was the new Edison talking pictures, which were shown at B. F. Keith's and the National Theatres. There can be no doubt of the success of this invention, and public interest in its performance has created new attendance records at both houses. These talking pictures are now announced as a permanent feature of both Keith's and the National, with a change of bill every Monday. This will give vaudeville patrons a new show tomorrow.

* * *

The newspapers are full of Mexican war news, but at Loew's South End Theatre tomorrow you may see moving pictures of scenes close to the seat of war. "The Raiders of the Mexican Border" is a new film that should prove popular, for it has been proclaimed the most perfect picture of the Southwest ever produced. In the story that it reveals there are Mexican insurrectos, soldiers, cowboys and two troops of cavalry.

* * *

No better subject for the motion picture drama than the celebrated mounted police of the Canadian Northwest could be imagined, and in "The Man Who Dared," which will be presented at the Premier on Tuesday and Wednesday, a thrilling story will be shown.

* * *

The Kolb brothers, in a moving picture entertainment that shows the famous Grand Canon of Colorado, will be the attraction at Tremont Temple beginning tomorrow. The taking of these pictures involved many desperate hazards, as the trip through the canon was made in a canoe.

* * *

It has been said by many exhibitors who are close to their public that the most popular of the sensational dramatic pictures come from Italy where the Ambrosio films are made. At the New Palace Theatre tomorrow "The Female Detective" will endeavor to prove this contention. It is a two reel drama of more than usual dramatic power.

* * *

Among the features booked for early appearance at B. F. Keith's Theatre are John Bunny, possessor of the most famous face in the world; Eddie Leonard, the Australian woodchoppers, W. C. Fields, Henry Woodruff & Co. in "A Regular Business Man;" the Diving Seal and Cliff Gordon.

Tremont Temple.

Exploring the canyons of the Colorado River was the work undertaken by two brothers, Ellsworth and Emory Kolb, who come to Tremont Temple for two weeks, starting tomorrow evening. They have motion pictures of all their exploits which have created a sensation wherever shown.

The story of Major Powell's famous trip through the Colorado River canyons, made in behalf of the United States government, has been read the world over and stands today as a monument to the wonderful courage and daring of himself and his companions.

The trip made by Ellsworth and Emory Kolb, who have been the official photographers of the Bright Angel Trail of the Grand Canyon of Arizona for the past five years, was the most successful from a picture standpoint. They have succeeded in taking the only motion pictures ever taken of these scenes.

Coming Events.

K[illegible] with Otis Skinner, will come to the Hollis Street Theatre following the engagement of "The Governor's Lady."

* * *

"Officer 666" is announced as the next production at the Park Theatre.

* * *

"The Pink Lady" will play a return engagement at the Colonial Theatre, beginning March 10.

NEW MOVE BY EDISON.

All of the many thousands who witnessed the talking pictures last week at the National Theatre will be interested to know that Mr Edison will demonstrate next week that dramatic scenes from well-known masterpieces can be reproduced with his Kinetophone as well as a minstrel show.

The famous quarrel scene from Julius Caesar will be shown. The film will occupy six minutes and it will give even a greater example of the possibilities of the talking pictures than any film shown last week. The voices of both men are heard clear and distinct and none of the dramatic values of the scene are lost. William Favershan, who recently played Julius Caesar in the city, pronounced the talking picture scene a remarkable reproduction.

MISS EMMA DUNN, who has charmed many by her motherly qualities in "The Governor's Lady" and who slyly digs the suffragettes.

Amusements.

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AUTO SHOW
The Most Beautiful Decorations Ever
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SYMPHONY HALL This (Sunday) Afternoon at 3.30
ALESSANDRO BONCI The World Famous Tenor
Mme. RHADESKA, Soprano
Tickets $2.00, $1.50, $1.00 and 50c.

SYMPHONY HALL, Sunday Afternoon, March 9, at 3.30
BOSTON SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA Dr. KARL MUCK Conductor
Concert in Aid of PENSION FUND
Program—Overture, "Tannhäuser" and "A Siegfried Idyl," Wagner; Tone Poem, "Don Juan," Strauss; Symphony, B-minor, No. 6, "Pathétique," Tschaikowsky.
Tickets $2.00, $1.50 and $1.00.

JORDAN HALL, Thursday Evening, March 6, at 8.15
THE LONGY CLUB FIRST CONCERT
Chamber Music for Wind Instruments
Tickets 50c, $1.00 and $1.50 at Symphony Hall

SYMPHONY HALL, Sunday Afternoon, March 16, at 3.30
JULIA CULP and LEOPOLD GODOWSKY
Holland's Greatest Singer PIANIST
Tickets $2.00, $1.50, $1.00 and 50c.

JORDAN HALL, Monday Afternoon, March 10, at 3
MAX PAUER The Greatest of German Pianists in Recital
Tickets $1.50, $1.00 and 50c. Symphony Hall.

JORDAN HALL, Wednesday Afternoon, March 19, at 3
MARGARET HUSTON SONG RECITAL
First Time in Boston
CONRAD V. BOS, Accompanist
Tickets $1.50, $1.00 and 50c. Symphony Hall.

FLONZALEY QUARTET, Last Concert, Jordan Hall, March 13, at 8.15

ZIMBALIST, Violin Recital—Jordan Hall, March 17, at 3

MAIL ORDERS for the above concerts, accompanied by check or money order and addressed to L. H. Mudgett, Symphony Hall, filled in order of receipt and as near the desired location as possible, prior to public sale.

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Book by C. N. S. McLellan. Music by Ivan Caryll.
ALL THE OLD FAVORITES WILL RETURN. ISN'T THIS GOOD NEWS?

WOMEN OF THE HOME ARE HOPE OF THE RACE

Walks the womanly "hikers," under General Rosalie Jones, are marching to Washington, it is just as well to remember that millions of women, equally as worthy, are staying at home trying to make their sons and daughters good citizens.

That is exactly how Miss Emma Dunn views the spreading desire of women for more power, authority and privileges. "Greater than all these," she asserted, "is the mother instinct that rests snugly in every woman's heart—most every woman's at least.

"This may appear commonplace, coming from an actress, whose duties to her children are so often delegated to others, but just the same, I know that my mother instinct is the dominating influence in my life."

It is not so curious that Miss Dunn—in private life Mrs. John Stoker—should be a proud mother, with all the pretty ways that makes motherhood attractive. For years Miss Dunn has been the best known stage mother in the theatrical world. She has mothered more actors in the drama than she could count on her two tripe around her list of fingers, and she never faltered in her duty. It is Miss Dunn's old-fashioned, motherlike qualities that gives "The Governor's Lady" its sweetest charm.

Amusements.

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WEDNESDAY, 2 to 10.30. FIRST APPEARANCE OF MME. MARY GARDEN, LUCIEN MURATORE, Rossi, Leveroni, De Cisneros, Mmes. Melis, Rossi, Mardones.
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Thursday Evening, March 6, 8 p. m.
FIRST TIME IN NEW ENGLAND
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L'ARLESIENNE
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Presented by the Paul Mejrol Company of French Players, and by the Orchestra and Chorus of the Boston Opera House, Under the Direction of Mr. Andreadini.
The cast includes Mmes. Esperza, Marcel, Marsal, Morel and Mlle. Marcel, Dumestre, Benedict, Melvil, Laura, Herve and Bourgain.
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Fancy skating by the leading amateurs and professionals of the United States and Canada; Half-mile Race, Professional Championship; Mile Race, waltzing Championship; Mile Race, Championship of Boston; Prizes, $1.50 and $2.00. Tickets at Arena, Boston Athletic Association, Dexter-Horton Building, Wright & Ditson Co., Dyer-Hays, Wright & Ditson, Harris, Boston Store, Quincy Market.

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NOTICE—The repertoire organized announced for this week is not to be played as per the cards in the rooms. Patrons who have purchased seats for this week (March 10th and 15th) for the week, or any part of it, will please call at the box office and exchange their tickets for the week they desire.

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NOTE: No Repeat in Program
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From 1st 2d Mat. 2 Performances at 2 Performances at 8

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It's often a toss up nowadays where to put in an afternoon or evening but there's no toss on the inside of the burlesque game say that the Howard is the one live place in town. The Big Review Girls, 45 in number, is a peach and never was such a collection of pulchritude and beauty seen on one stage. You'll be wishing a long tail if at the Old Howard.

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EVELYN SCOTNEY

SOPRANO, BOSTON OPERA
HOWARD WHITE, BASSO
CHARLES NORTH, FLUTE
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PROGRAM INCLUDES
MAD SCENE FROM "LUCIA"
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LAST 3 WEEKS

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MOTION PICTURES — ILLUSTRATED
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Admission 10c. Seats Free.

THE THEATRES

LILLIAN SHAW AT B F KEITH'S
TERESA MAXWELL-CONOVER IN "THE GOVERNOR'S LADY" AT THE HOLLIS
MARY YOUNG IN "BELIEVE ME XANTIPPE" AT THE CASTLE SQ.
ELIZABETH NELSON IN READY MONEY AT THE SHUBERT
ALTA PHIPPS AT THE GAIETY
BLANCHI DUFFIELD "THE MIKADO" AT THE MAJESTIC

By NICHOLAS YOUNG

THAT David Belasco has discovered virtues in the drama at the popular $1.50 scale of prices is again made evident by his plan of presenting "The Governor's Lady" on that basis. For the first time in many seasons the $1.50 drama prevails at the Hollis Street Theatre and for an attraction from the most artistic workshop in the land. The tendency of the managers to get away from the $2 scale has proved not only a good thing for the theatregoers, but for the managers themselves. There has been wisdom in the revision downward of prices and in Mr. Belasco's case the revision is now reaping its own reward. When "The Woman" arrived at the Park Theatre the revised scale of prices was put into effect and the result was encouraging, and now "The Governor's Lady" will move through its engagement on the same plan. Curiously enough both "The Woman" and "The Governor's Lady" have never been presented at less than the regular $2 scale before.

While these economy prices are being held out to Boston playgoers the tendency in New York is toward higher prices, where the managers are finding it easy to extract $2.50 for the Saturday performances. Just why Boston should be favored is not clear, except that it is proving a safe and sane business policy—a policy that is showing increased receipts during the week that are always dull. At any rate, you will hear no complaint from the man who pays at the box office.

◆ ◆ ◆ ◆ ◆ ◆ ◆

THE new week is expected to remind us that Gilbert and Sullivan made enduring contributions to the theatre, for it will be revival time for "The Mikado," "The Pirates of Penzance," "Patience" and "Pinafore." We shall also be reminded that speculative undertakings in the theatre sometimes have happy conclusions. To the revival of "The Mikado" two seasons ago by the Messrs. Shubert and Brady, may be attributed the present spreading fashion of bringing back to life old plays and old comic operas, a vogue that has yielded many material benefits to the men who are following it. A certain display of courage was needed in transferring these Gilbert and Sullivan operas from the dead past to the present-day stage and investing them with the gorgeous display that belongs to this period. "The Mikado" of to-day is a more expensive proposition than its producers at the Savoy Theatre in London were compelled to face in 1885, yet it has been found a profitable undertaking. The spirit of revival that was born of the Shubert-Brady production of "The Mikado" in 1910 has grown into a very healthy, rugged branch of [illegible] is extended beyond the comic opera field to the [illegible].

It was [illegible] that the success of "The Mikado" revived [illegible] by other similar operations, and a year [illegible] was produced—on the very day on which [illegible] of Sir William S. Gilbert occurred. It was a [illegible] coincidence that an enthusiastic [illegible] revival of the most popular of Gilbert [illegible], thirty-three years after it was written, [illegible] its author breathed his last. [illegible] the Shubert-Brady organization turned to "Patience," which, with "The Pirates of Penzance" was revived last Spring. "Patience" was originally produced in London, in 1881, at the Savoy Theatre, while "The Pirates of Penzance," on account of certain technicalities, was first presented in New York, at the Fifth Avenue Theatre, on December 31, 1879. To this opera belongs the distinction of being the only Gilbert and Sullivan writing to have a first performance in the United States.

Inasmuch as these Gilbert and Sullivan revivals have been accorded a friendly reception in every city they have visited, it is only fair to expect that the remaining works of the same composer and writer will, in time, find their way to the modern stage. There still remain "Iolanthe," "Princess Ida," "The Gondoliers," "The Sorcerer," "The Yeoman of the Guard" and "Ruddigore"—all of them waiting to be taken from the dusty archives of the comic opera past.

◆ ◆ ◆ ◆ ◆ ◆ ◆

IT IS doubtful if the season, already half ended, will show a better working organization of actor-folk than that which is making "The Governor's Lady" an impressive, agreeable entertainment. Here is a play that strikes at a big American problem—that of the suddenly made millionaire who finds that he has outgrown his wife in human progress. It isn't a nice thing for a man in middle-aged prosperity to look for something young and beautiful for a companion, but we have all heard of it being done, and in the Elliott-Belasco play at the Hollis it is handed to you with the rough side turned out. It is difficult to recall a dramatic performance that has shown more genuine artistry in its acting than this interesting play. Naturally a great deal has been said of the Belasco fidelity to detail, particularly in his reproduction of a Childs restaurant, which is offered as an epilogue, and which for dramatic purposes might just as well have been a subway station or a ferry house. But not even the mechanical perfection which Mr. Belasco has spread about so generously dims the really fine work of Emmett Corrigan, Miss Dunn and Miss Gladys Hanson. Their contribution to the performance has a quality that is seldom seen in the theatre. "The Governor's Lady" is in hands that are both safe and substantial.

◆ ◆ ◆ ◆ ◆ ◆ ◆

THE Shubert Theatre will turn from musical comedy to the legitimate drama tomorrow when James Montgomery's "Ready Money" moves into that house. Mr. Montgomery, who belongs to the very latest crop of playwrights, has not had many opportunities to show his wares to Boston audiences, which, in the light of the tremendous success of "Ready Money" in New York, has doubtless been our loss, for this young author appears to have been particularly fortunate in hitting public taste squarely between the eyes. It was only a few seasons ago that Mr. Montgomery had a great longing to be an actor, and probably his friends in town will have no difficulty in recalling his rather modest endeavors in Mr. Craig's company at the Castle Square Theatre. Mr. Montgomery carried a spear—or something like that—for a few weeks. Since shifting his art from acting to a typewriter Mr. Montgomery has found progress much easier, as he has shown himself amply equipped mentally to meet the popular demand of the times for light entertainment.

◆ ◆ ◆ ◆ ◆ ◆ ◆

AS everyone expected, Mr. Edison's talking pictures caught the public fancy from the start. The tremendous interest in this new type of picture filled both B. F. Keith's and the National theatres at every performance last week, and gave added proof that this is a moving picture age. The development of the picture drama is beginning to move beyond the stage of infancy which has been claimed for it by its promoters.

CITY LIFE SECTION
OF THE
Sunday American

HAVE YOU NOTICED
That the March Number of the
AMERICAN'S REAL
MAGAZINE,
Given Free with This Edition, Has Been Increased in Size to
32 PAGES?

The Goat Getters—

The Kind That Travel in Pairs and Annoy Sane People

By T. E. POWERS, the Famous Cartoonist

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BOO HOO BOO HOO I WANNA DIE
AW! CUT IT OUT!
YOU DON'T LOVE ME ANY MORE. YOU LOVE ALL THE GIRLS
CUT IT OUT KID CUT IT OUT DON'T BE DIPPY
OH! DARLING, TELL ME DO YOU STILL LOVE ME
SURE I DO! WHAT'S GETTING INTO YOU!
KISS ME, ARTHUR, JUST ONCE. NOBODY'S LOOKING
NOT HERE! NOT HERE! WAIT TILL WE GET HOME!
YOU WOULDN'T LET ANY OF THOSE TERRIBLE ACTRESSES WIN YOU AWAY FROM YOUR OWN WIFEY WOULD YOU?
NO! CUT IT OUT!
OH! ARTHUR. IF YOU EVER CEASED TO LOVE ME I'D WANT TO DIE
CAN THAT JUNK!
YOU GET MY GOAT!
T.E. POWERS

A Piano Has a Key To Every Situation

As Shown by Melville Ellis and Ada Lewis in "The Honeymoon Express" at the Winter Garden

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MEL—What a charming chateau you have!

ADA—Oh, yes, yes. I didn't know I had it on.

MEL—I think you have it on a good many people I've seen.

ADA—Who are you mister?

MEL—Why, I'm Dr. D'Zuvray. Who might you be?

ADA—Well, I might be eligible if I were not Madame De Bressie.

MEL—Oh, then you're married?

ADA—Considerably.

MEL—Still, you appear very chic.

ADA—What's that?

MEL—A young chicken, of course.

ADA—Yes, I was a mere babe when my first husband lured me from my mother's arms.

MEL *(at the piano)*—I imagine it was a rather lurid undertaking. Why do you sing?

ADA—Oh, just to kill time.

MEL—You have a splendid weapon. What is your favorite opera?

ADA—The Old Oaken Bucket.

MEL—Well, well. Have you a Victor?

ADA—No, only a niece.

MEL—What is your opinion of Mary Garden?

ADA—I think she wears the loveliest clothes, don't you?

MEL—Yes, when she wears them.

ADA—My lawyer told me not to answer that one.

MEL—It seems to me that she has rather an overabundance of embonpoint.

ADA—What side's that on?

MEL—The dressmaker told me not to answer that one.

ADA—If you're so keen about the opera, why don't you play "The Old Oaken Bucket," something that I like. Then we both can sing.

MEL—Have you heard anything from Wagner lately?

ADA—No, he doesn't write to me any more.

MEL—Write to you? Why, Wagner died long ago.

ADA—He did? I never heard a word about it. What'll the Pittsburghs do?

MEL—You look like a literary woman to me. Who is your favorite author?

ADA—Sir Walter Dickens.

MEL—Do you know anything about Scott?

ADA—I've used his Emulsion a few times.

MEL—You ought to recognize this tune. I'm playing the Walkure.

ADA—Isn't that the name of a yacht?

MEL—Have you any old masters around the house?

ADA—I should say not. I want young people where I am.

MEL—I meant to say I thought perhaps you were fond of the art of painting.

ADA—Sir! If you mean to cast any aspirations on my complexion, I'll have you understand that it is all my own.

MEL—Ah, I see. None but cosmetics preserves the fair.

ADA—Right.

MEL—I take it you are interested in suffrage?

ADA—Yes, I started on the warpath, but they made me quit.

MEL—What happened?

ADA—They told me that people who live in glass houses can't be suffragettes.

MEL—Is this a glass house?

ADA—Do you think we drink out of the bottles?

MEL—May I see your niece before I go?

ADA—Not much. You're not even going to see my ankles.

MEL—What style of architecture have you followed in the house here—Doric, Ionic or Corinthian?

ADA—It's Circassian walnut.

MEL—Isn't this life of luxury making you rather blase, Madame De Bressie?

ADA—Oh, I don't know. I only weigh a hundred and ten.

MEL—Why do you have this tiger-skin rug in the drawing room?

ADA—Because of poor Henri, my first husband——

MEL—What has he to do with it?

ADA—He's in jail now, and whenever I look at the stripes it reminds me of him.

MEL—I think I'll play you a little nocturne as a farewell.

ADA—Have I done anything that you should knock me for?

MEL—Why, no; you've been sweet to me, dearie.

ADA—Dearie? How time flies!

MEL—But before going I'd like to ask your advice on a social question. I'm going to take a young lad to the opera to-night. Then we'll have supper, and I'll take her home in a taxi. Do you think I ought to kiss her on the way home?

ADA—No—No, I think you will have done enough for her.

Great Temptation Scene in "Joseph and His Brethren"

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JOSEPH, having been sold into Egypt by his brothers to serve in Potiphar's household, has found favor in the sight of Potiphar and enjoys his trust and confidence. Zuleika, Potiphar's favorite slave wife casts covetous eyes upon Joseph and plans to take advantage of Potiphar's brief absence from the palace to lure Joseph into her carnal embrace. During Potiphar's absence Joseph is in charge of the palace, and is happy in the thought that on his lord's return he is to be set free from bondage.

Potiphar is expected home the next day. But one night remains for Zuleika to gratify her desires. She seeks her room, brews a love potion, sends her maid Wakara to summon Joseph to her, and while awaiting him venerates her Goddess of Love.

ZULEIKA—Is love casting a spell over my soul's sight? What mist is this betwixt me and my beloved? I see him, but he is shrouded from me. I have laughed at love; and watched, laughing, the death of lovers; and now a vulture is tearing at my heart. To-morrow the rough warrior returneth, flushed with victory Joseph is free, and I am a slave. To-night, then, or never! Why doth Wakara tarry? Will he not come? Is he coming? At least, when he cometh his heart shall flame as mine flameth now! Astarte, protectress of hapless women who ache with unfulfilled love, hear me, be near me, guide my hand as I brew the draught. Sear his eyes with my beauty—make his heart like potter's clay in my hands—set an unquenchable thirst upon his lips! Great Goddess of Love! Goddess of the thousand names!—I call thee!—I summon thee. Fill the cup with thy poison. Ha! Drink this with me, lover, and let come what will!

(Joseph enters.)

ZULEIKA *(in a low, musical murmur)*—What seekest thou, son of Jacob?

JOSEPH—Nay, lady; I come at thy bidding.

ZULEIKA—Three moons my lord hath been at the wars and thou hast avoided my presence. Is that the deed of a dutiful servant?

JOSEPH—I hold it so.

ZULEIKA—I hold it not so. Why hast thou avoided me?

JOSEPH—My lord made me overseer of his house; I rest neither by day nor by night.

ZULEIKA—I know thy zeal for thy lord. I ask why thou scornest me.

JOSEPH—I hold my lord's wife in highest honor. Tell me now what thou hadst me hither to tell me.

ZULEIKA—Had I ought to tell thee?

JOSEPH—Why else was I summoned?

ZULEIKA—I know not. 'Twas nought.

JOSEPH—Ay—of the plot against Pharaoh.

ZULEIKA *(contemptuously)* — Oh, that! What is their Pharaoh to us?

JOSEPH—He is a man; therefore his life must be saved.

ZULEIKA—Is a man's life so much worth?

JOSEPH—And Wakara said my Lord Potiphar was in danger.

ZULEIKA—Wakara was dreaming.

JOSEPH—Is that not true? Then I take my leave.

ZULEIKA—Wait. There is another matter. But I cannot remember.

JOSEPH—My lord's return?

ZULEIKA *(indifferently)*—Ay, perchance.

JOSEPH—All is ready.

ZULEIKA—Ay—thou hast toiled by day and night. Take this ring for reward.

JOSEPH—I need no reward.

ZULEIKA—So proud and scornful—yet a slave?

JOSEPH—A slave only till tomorrow, and my lord hath made the slavery light.

ZULEIKA—Oh, but I have pitied thee. For I am in the same case.

JOSEPH—Thou! A great lord's wife!

ZULEIKA—I am alone in a strange land; as thou art.

JOSEPH—My lord will be here at dawn.

ZULEIKA—I shall still be alone.

JOSEPH—What love can bring, he bringeth

ZULEIKA—Ay—he! *(with intention)* But I?

JOSEPH—Why didst thou come, if thou lovest him not?

ZULEIKA — Did I come of my own will? Was I not sold hither by my kin; as thou wert? I tell thee, thou and I should cling together.

JOSEPH—Lord Potiphar is kind.

ZULEIKA — Kind—kind—but is that love? Is that freedom?

JOSEPH — He hath promised me freedom to-morrow.

ZULEIKA—And so I lose the only friend—

JOSEPH — I should have remembered and left that unsaid.

ZULEIKA — *tenderly*) Thou goest hence—to thy father and thy mother; to Reuben, whom thou lovest, to all the dear, familiar things of thy childhood But I abide here, a loveless wife, rent from her Gods and her kin: doomed to dwell among strange faces forever.

JOSEPH — *(earnestly)* I pity thee.

ZULEIKA—Ah! The word is music in mine ear! Come nearer—nearer—sit beside me—say thou pitiest me a g a i n. Forget thy bondage. We are alone. The house is hushed. Say, Zuleika, I pity thee

JOSEPH—*(moved)* From my heart I pity thee.

ZULEIKA—Nay, but speak as I bade thee.

JOSEPH—I pity thee, Zuleika.

ZULEIKA—Ah! my name on thy lips! When did I last hear such music?

JOSEPH—Now let me go. The lilies and incense stifle me.

ZULEIKA—*(takes cup)* A cooling draught—drink to thy freedom and mine

JOSEPH—It is not fitting the slave should drink with his mistress.

ZULEIKA—Drink! Drink!

JOSEPH—*(gazing at her half in fear)* Thy body bent over me! Where before have I seen such sinuous grace?

ZULEIKA—Touch the cup with thy lips—

JOSEPH—Away! My senses reel already!

(The vessel is upset)

ZULEIKA—Hapless wretch! What hast thou done?

JOSEPH—Forgive me Farewell

ZULEIKA—Nay, I am not angered. Nay, thou shalt not go. Art thou not in some sort mine? *(She clings to him)* I saved thee from horrible death.

JOSEPH—I have not forgotten.

ZULEIKA—I fear I saved thee to my sorrow, for thou art glad of thy freedom. Why art thou so glad?

JOSEPH—Is not every man glad of that?

ZULEIKA—But thine eyes blaze at the word. *(Fiercely)* Is there a maid waiteth for thee in Shechem? *(Clasps her hands about his throat)*

"Thy body bent over me! Where before have I seen such sinuous grace?"

Lo! I would lock my fingers about her throat as I lock them about thine, and press the life out of her'

JOSEPH—The clinging touch about my throat Where have I felt it before?

ZULEIKA—The maid' The maid! Tell me her name, that I may send out a spell and wither her!

JOSEPH—There is no such maid in Shechem.

ZULEIKA—Why should I heed her? Why should I be glad there is none? Alas, canst thou not guess why? Nay, answer not, lest thou put me to shame! Yet, if no maid wait thee; thou knowest not love, and thou canst not guess half my sorrow in bondage.

JOSEPH—Wert thou torn from one thou lovest?

ZULEIKA—Nay, but one I love is torn from me

JOSEPH—That is a riddle—

ZULEIKA *(now in his arms on the couch)*—Canst thou not read the riddle, foolish boy? Oh, see how his cheek burns with anger when I call him foolish! What? Is my hair hot on thy face? Sweep it back! Nay, boldly! Ho! Its weight bendeth my head. *(She twines her arms about his neck and lays her head on his breast.)*

JOSEPH—It is most marvellous. The fragrance of it bewildereth me!

ZULEIKA—Let it run through thy fingers. Push it back from my brow.

JOSEPH—It gleams and glitters—where else have I seen that glittering gleam?

ZULEIKA—Look into mine eyes.

JOSEPH—Thine eyes! Thine eyes! Where else have I seen that lambent flame?

ZULEIKA—Thine eyes burn into mine. I veil them with my cool hands.

JOSEPH—That touch! Where else have I felt it?

ZULEIKA—Thy lips are parched?

JOSEPH—I thirst! I thirst!

ZULEIKA—Drink—beloved! *(She bends over and kisses him long on the lips. Suddenly, with a cry of horror, he breaks away from her.)*

JOSEPH—The serpent's kiss! Hah! Now I remember! Thy sinuous limbs—I saw them in the well! Thy shimmering hair—so the serpents shone as they writhed! Thy flaming eyes—so theirs flamed in the darkness! Thy fingers about my throat—so they coiled about me!

ZULEIKA—Beloved, thou art frenzied.

JOSEPH—Ay, and my frenzy hath dragged me to shame! How can I do this great wickedness, and sin against God!

ZULEIKA—*(Seizing him by the arm.)* What is thy God to me? I cling to thee! I clutch thee!

JOSEPH—Farewell! *(He dashes out door, Zuleika clutching the cloak he has left in her hand. She invokes the Goddess)*

ZULEIKA—Smite him thou! Slay him! Art thou a goddess and canst not blast him? *(Clasps the cloak.)* Nay! I love thee! I love thee! *(In frenzy.)* I would I had let thee rot in my well!—Thy lips! Thy lips!

In the morning Potiphar returns. Joseph, at the head of the retinue, greets him.

JOSEPH—Hail your lord!

POTIPHAR—A fair greeting! Rise, rise, dear youth. Zuleika?

JOSEPH—All is well with her, my lord.

POTIPHAR—*(Impatiently)* But why not here?

JOSEPH—The night is scarce spent—

POTIPHAR—She sleepeth? *(To the maid)* Arouse her. Behold! Joseph, that was my bondman, is free. If he will abide with me, I will raise him to great honour! But if not, he shall go hence, burdened with gifts. Ass, for a beginning, wear this chain for my sake.

JOSEPH—My gracious lord! Ha! the chain is token of freedom.

POTIPHAR—*(To the maid.)* Well? Well? Zuleika?

TAMAI—The door is fast, my lord, there is a noise of weeping within.

POTIPHAR—Of weeping, Joseph! Fear grippeth my heart! Knock loudly!

TAMAI—*(listening at door)* I hear the rustle of her robes——

POTIPHAR—*(Calling.)* Zuleika!

(The door slowly opens. Zuleika stands in the embrasure. She has covered herself from head to foot in a black veil under which her silver dress gleams. Her hair falls disordered about her. Her face is very white. She brings Joseph's cloak in her hand. Her arms are bare, she has stripped off all her jewels. A gasp of amazement and foreboding goes up from the crowd.)

POTIPHAR—*(Breathless, staggering toward her.)* Zuleika!

ZULEIKA—*(in dull, hollow tones)* Come no nearer—touch me not—till thou hast avenged——

ALL—Avenged?——

POTIPHAR—What's——

ZULEIKA—The Hebrew servant——

POTIPHAR *(As if struck by blow)*—Joseph! *(Joseph starts but masters himself.)*

ZULEIKA—Came in unto me and mocked me——

POTIPHAR *(Leaps with murderous face toward Joseph.)* Hold me not! Nay—too swift—too gentle! Speak, woman! Tell all! Tell all!

ZULEIKA—I lifted up my voice and cried, and he fled and got him away——

POTIPHAR—He fled and got him away—Is it true? Is it true?

ZULEIKA—He left his garment with me. Know now, whether it be his or no.

POTIPHAR—Strip him! Away with me curl Lest I defile my hands! *(Joseph is hurried out)* Thou—Thou—is there more.

ZULEIKA *(Displaying dagger)*—Should I be on life?

POTIPHAR *(With cry of joy)*—Zuleika! *(She falls at her feet, and kisses hem of her gown.)*

CURTAIN.

"How Can I Do This Great Wickedness and Sin Against God"

Novels That Instruct—By C. B. Quincy.

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A Royal Road to Learning—You Hike Along the Pleasant Paths of Fiction and Without Effort Pick Up Pebbles of Fact as You Progress Through an Enchanted Land—Here You Can Get Facts That Look Like Fiction and Fiction That Looks Fictitious.

No. 4—Shot Through the Stars.

IT was a chilly night on the top of Mount Atlas (1).

In addition to the chill which rested on the top of the mountain, several white men were resting there also.

No wonder, for they had climbed 19,700 feet, and the air at that elevation was extremely rarefied—as rarefied as the coffee in a vegetarian restaurant.

The leader of the party was Jimpson Simpson, the famous astronomer (2).

For years and ye-ars Jimpson Simpson had gazed through a telescope at the planet Mars (3). Strange to say, Mars did not appear to be embarrassed in the slightest degree by this somewhat rude staring on the part of the professor. The planet preserved an air of haughty aloofness.

Piqued by this attitude, the professor resolved to pay a call on Mars and tell Mars just what he thought of such celestial conduct. Hence the professor's presence on the summit of Mount Atlas.

With the professor's party was a giant frog (4) which possessed astonishingly developed hind legs, even for a frog. Before camping for the night the little party proceeded to make the frog comfortable.

They made a nice, cozy pond out of melted snow, from which they had previously removed all pike, pickerel, ducks and other things that consider a fat frog a dainty morsel. Then they fed the now happy babrachian (5) 173 flies. After this the members of the party prepared their own camps. Soon the sound of snoring broke the stillness of the African night.

With the first rays of the morning sun, Professor Jimpson Simpson was on his feet. Quickly he aroused his comrades, and then they aroused the frog, which uttered a loud croak.

The creature was coaxed out of the pond. At once the professor dashed a handful of sand on its back (6). [Don't overlook the foot-note.]

The frog's head was pointed directly at Mars, all hands jumped on its back, the professor tickled it with a straw—and, kerjump!

Fortunately, for the frog at least, the whole outfit landed in a pond on Mars, and, except for a wetting, nobody was a bit the worse.

The little party, a trifle elated at having actually reached another planet, were about to start exploring when they noticed the frog dancing madly up and down in the pond.

Closer investigation showed that the lakes and rivers of Mars are entirely composed of champagne! (7)

That is why neither Professor Jimpson Simpson nor any of his party has ever returned to earth.

---

(1) A mountain situated on the surface of the earth. Below the surface it would be a hole in the ground.

(2) An astronomer is a man who might otherwise have been normal.

(3) Mars may be seen a little to the left of Venus and about three jumps ahead of Saturn.

(4) A common object of fresh water ponds is a frog. It is a four-footed, furless animal, which can jump with great suddenness and surprisingness.

(5) This is a word we saw in a book. As we have no dictionary handy, we cannot tell you what it means. It may mean business or it may be just bluffing.

(6) Owing to its lack of wool, a frog's back is a hard thing to hold on to. Sand makes it less slippery. Always sand your frogs before riding them.

(7) This explains why the canals in Mars appear to observers on this planet to be drying up—this happens on thirsty mornings, when the canal tenders can't open the bottles fast enough.

What Have You Learned.

See if you can answer the following questions, based on the fiction-fact story you have just read.

Q. Where is Mars?

Q. How do you know?

Q. Does the parcel post extend to Mars?

Q. Is a frog an animal?

Q. Why does a two-cent stamp cost more than a one-cent stamp?

Q. Where was the Turkey Trot before it was invented?

Droll Doings of Little Archie—By Sidney Grant, Now in "The Man With Three Wives,"

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MY little six-year-old friend Archie was presented with a new toy fire engine by his mother. He wanted to see how it worked, and, of course, in a very short time the wheels were off. Mother was naturally very angry with him and punished him severely. When daddy came home he found little Archie sitting in the nursery with very red eyes.

"Why, my poor old man," he inquired, "what is the matter?"

"Nuffing," sniffed Archie

"But something must be wrong," persisted father. "Do tell me."

"Oh, well, if you want to know," said Archie with a scowl, "I've just been having an awful row with your wife"

* * *

ARCHIE has a pretty sister who is engaged to a young Wall Street banker. The other evening the groom-elect called to have his usual seance in the hammock with sister, and while waiting for her to appear, Archie was on the job, allowing himself to be entertained by his future brother-in-law.

Being a thorough believer in getting in right with little brother, the young banker gave Archie a quarter, and then delivered himself of a few noble sentiments which he hoped might be passed along to those higher up.

"Archie," he said, "I am going to marry your sister, but I know I am not good enough for her."

"That's what sis says," observed Archie, "but Ma's been telling her she can't do any better.

* * *

AFTER dinner last night Archie was having a lovely time playing with his new express wagon. About eight o'clock his mother said to him:

"Archie, now go kiss nurse good night and let her put you to bed."

"I don't want to," protested Archie. "She slaps people that try to kiss her now."

"Why, what a story, Archie!" exclaimed his mother.

"Well, you ask pop if she don't."

A dark-colored nurse was engaged to-day.

* * *

ARCHIE was playing Indian with his little comrades, who were all arrayed in more or less aboriginal costume, and apparently having a fine time yelling and racing about in the backyard. A council of war was decided upon and things quieted down for a while.

After some time Archie entered the house, looking rather pale and weak, and without a word threw himself upon the couch.

Mother happened to pass through the room, and glancing toward the couch saw Archie, rather doubled up, and looking far from contented.

"Why, my child," she exclaimed, "how you look! You are as white as chalk! You boys have been hitting one another all to pieces again!"

"No we haven't, either," returned Archie in a whisper.

"Well, do tell me what is the matter with you, then."

"Oh, we just had a council of war in the wigwam, and we had to smoke the pipe of peace."

* * *

"BOO-HOO, boo-hoo-wow!"

"Some one is in distress," I thought.

"Boo-hoo, boo-hoo, boo-h-o-o!"

I hurried forward to the scene of the catastrophe, and was touched to find little Archie crying over the misfortune of his father, who had slipped on a banana.

"Good little boy," I said, patting Archie on the back. "I'm so glad you didn't laugh, like other little boys would have done, when your father fell down and hurt himself. Does it make you feel so bad?"

"Ye-es. Boo-woo-hoo!"

"Try to stop crying, Archie," I said, sympathetically. "He isn't badly hurt."

"Naw, and I wish he was," said Archie, with a fierce look. "It was my banana he stepped on."

Parcel Post Pete---By T. E. Powers, the Famous Cartoonist

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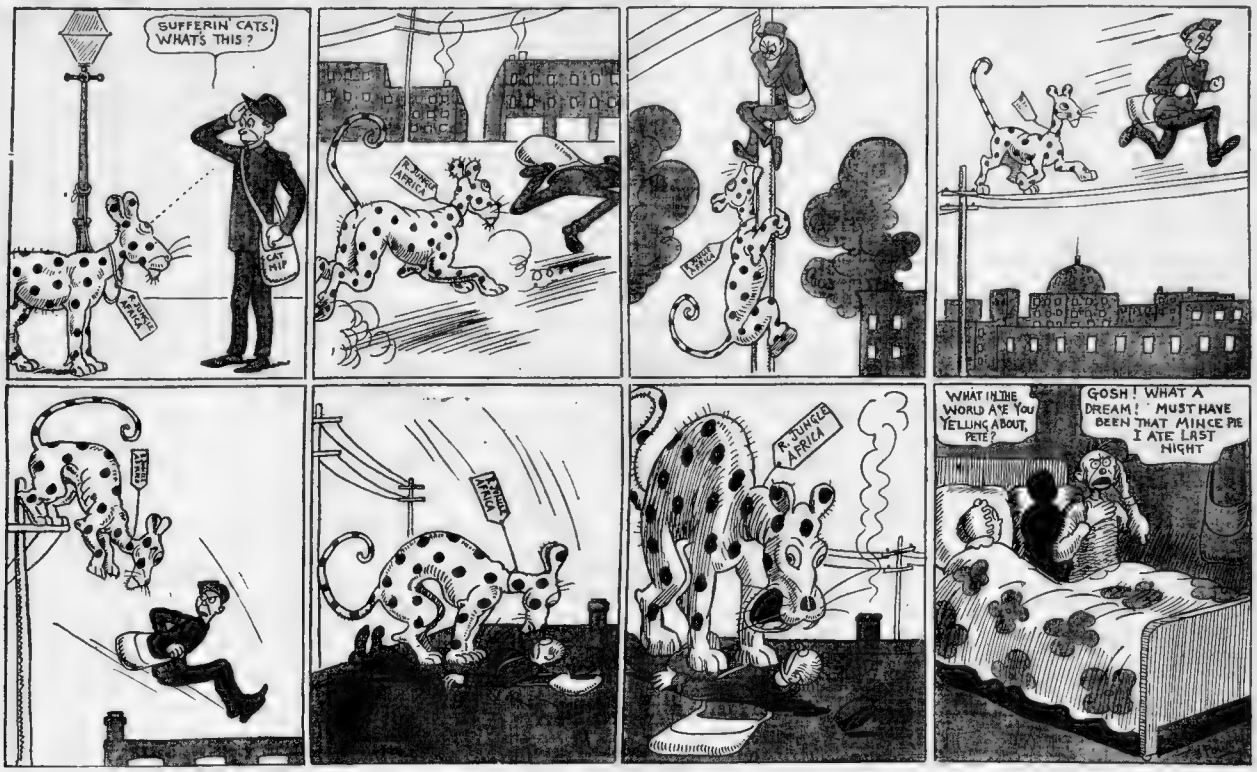
SUFFERIN' CATS! WHAT'S THIS?
CAT NIP
R. JUNGLE AFRICA
DOPE
WHAT IN THE WORLD A'E YOU YELLING ABOUT, PETE?
GOSH! WHAT A DREAM! MUST HAVE BEEN THAT MINCE PIE I ATE LAST NIGHT

Sammy's Schooldays

By J. J. LEIBSON.

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MONDAY—Got fooled today. Bawt a wissel off Jim Moseman. Got it cheep bcraws it was broke.

Tried it in school this morning and got punisht. It wasn't so broke as Jim said

Pa says he thinks we're gona have a early Summer. Hurray. Then we won't have to wait so long for vakation.

Everboddy hada write a compusition, The Games We Like to Play. Nobodddy wrote the truth.' The game we all like best is playing hookey.

TUESDAY—Teacher says names don't count. You bet they count a lot. Sum names is very lucky. Looket Jim Whitney.

He's the last boy on the role and teacher allways calls on him last. Sometimes the lesson is finisht before she can reach him and he's safe.

George Adams is got a sitch too. He's the first boy and only has to learn the first cuple kwestions in the lesson.

Had a lesson in fizzyology. Teacher lerned us that all fealing is in the branes. Even when we cut a finger we only imagine the pane is in the finger.

She's allways kicking becaws i ain't got no branes. Now i know she's rong.

Yestiddy when i was skating i fell down and it felt like i had branes all over my boddy.

WEDNESDAY—We're gona have alektion in our sekrit sussiety on Friday. I'm gona run for president.

Harry and Joe Scudder will voat for me and if I save up eight cents i can get too more voats, wich is all i need.

I'm skting brave and spunky and yestiddy i licked Joe Fowler. If you wanta be president of a seekrit sussiety you dassent be no Molly Koddle.

THURSDAY—Seen a pikcher of a Turkish woman in the jography and her face was kovered up with sumthing like a mask. She looked like a lady burglar.

Harry said it would be grate if teacher dressed her face like that.

But it wouldn't do us no good. Her eyes wouldn't be kovered up and she could see everything we do just the same.

FRIDAY—Was reading how the Chinees and Japanees eat with a cuple stiks.

The book said they was very smart and could pick up anything off the table, even a peace of rice.

I bet they couldn't pick up no soop that way.

Ma came in school this afternoon to see how i was getting along. I hada go up to the desk in frunt of the class.

Tuff luk. I thought I was gona get a licking, but fly is allways button in?

insted ma patted me on the head and called me Sammy dear right out loud so everybody could hear it.

Now the boys is making fun of me, even Robbie Crosby, and I lost my chanees to be president of the seekrit sussiety.

How can I ever be sumthing if sumbodddy in the fam-

All Is Not Gold That Glitters.

THE MORNING SMILE

Wex Jones, Editor

All Is [illegible] That's Bitters.

Vol. II. No. 12.

To Pacify Mexico

Plans Prepared by the Army Department in Case of Intervention.

MAJOR-GENERAL WOOD had prepared the following schemes for dealing with the Mexican soldiers in the event of intervention:

Plan 1—Set out vast kettles of frijoles. When the Mexican troops were gorged with their favorite fruit their capture would be easy.

Plan 2—To crush the high, conical hats of the Mexicans down over their eyes, thus rendering them helpless.

Plan 3—Let the United States soldiers talk Spanish to the Mexicans, and so make them laugh themselves unconscious.

Plan 4—To step on the Mexicans' bare feet, which would hurt them so much they would promptly surrender.

Plan 5—To let the Mexicans exterminate each other.

DID YOU KNOW THAT—

A cowcatcher is quite a different thing from a cowboy?

A man who is cowed is not necessarily a cowboy?

Hog and hominy is not a vaudeville team, but a food?

English bulldogs are seldom English, and never dogs?

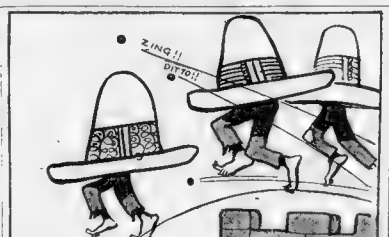
A straight line is the shortest distance between any two points—if neither of the points is in Brooklyn?

The difference between a cat and a mouse is merely one of viewpoint?

Roller skates are useless in deep sand?

Ice skates are out of place in an icebox?

Snowflakes on the breakfast table are prettier but less nourishing than wheat flakes?



Crush Down Their Hats and Render Them Helpless.

Suburban Notes.

To prevent chickens from scratching up seeds, plant the seeds in cement.

Rosebushes should now be provided with artificial roses, as it is too early for the natural kind

Commuters afraid of missing their trains should walk down to the station every thirty seconds and look up the line.

When buying lots in a suburban town, make sure that the lots are in or near the town.

It is easy to memorize a suburban time table if one goes at it in the proper way. Learn the time-table backward, and the memory will be so strengthened that it will be a simple matter to learn the trains the other way.

To save coal in the furnace, burn the piano.

Grass will grow much faster if each blade is pulled gently twice a day.

Our Weekly Health Hint

Do not swallow molten lead until it cools off.

Our Weekly Definition.

Joy Ride—A trip to sorrow.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS.

EXCHANGE—Automobile, one tire slightly punctured, otherwise in perfect order. Will exchange for phonograph. MUSICIAN, *Smile* office.

EXCHANGE—Will exchange kitten for cat. If all goes well kitten will become a cat later and new owner will not be out anything. R. N. C.

SITUATION WANTED—Young man wishes position as millionaire. A. N. Y. BODY, *Smile* office.

SITUATION WANTED—Young man, at present employed as boiler-maker, wishes position as piano player in cabaret. IKE STEIN

TO LET—Large stall, suitable for large family of brains. D. DOME, *Smile* office.

IN THE SMILE'S LETTER BOX

HOW TO REACH MEXICO.

TO THE EDITOR—Please tell me the quickest way to get to Mexico. I want to visit that city while there's something going on.

J. SNIFKINS.

We regret that we cannot advise readers on modes of suicide.—Ed.

A QUESTION OF ETIQUETTE.

TO THE EDITOR—What is the correct way to eat boiled eggs?

J. R. TIMPSON.

Boiled.—Ed.

HISTORICAL.

TO THE EDITOR—Why was the great Washington named George?

HISTORICUS.

We give it up. Perhaps some reader can supply the information.—Ed.

OVERSEA HUMOR.

TO THE EDITOR—Recently I saw this "joke" in the London Sketch:

He—What day of the week is this?

She—Crosse & Blackwell.

What's the answer?

S. W. ANCHOR.

AN INTELLIGENT HEN.

To the Editor—I have a spotted Leghorn hen with gray feathers. The bird is quite a pet and wanders around the kitchen. Yesterday morning the cook was complaining that she was one egg short of the number required for breakfast. When the cook returned to the kitchen she found that there was another egg in the pot of boiling water. From the pleased chuckling of the hen, it was clear that she had understood the cook's remarks and had supplied the lack. Some bird, eh?

JAMES SPANISH.

George Washington could never have written your letter, Mr. Spanish.—Ed.

What to Wear Now and Then

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FOR THE HORSE SHOW—Of course a pony coat is desirable, and see that you are well shod. By all means wear a blue ribbon, and act as though you felt your oats. Something in a blanket effect will be good with a surcingle of diamonds and a bunch of bridle roses. Trot into the box as though you had come from the pasture and if any one asks you for a description of your gown say "neigh, neigh."

FOR A BANQUET—Salad dressing is always good form, but it should be worn on the table. As you are sitting, it really doesn't matter much, as your dress will not show. Take your oysters raw to match your costume.

FOR A MUSICALE—Your dress should be low C in front and there should be a Chopin the back. Scales should be worn for ornamentation, with a cleft in the bodice. Harmonious tones are preferable except if it be Wagnerian music, when a combination of Turkey red and cerise will be quite in keeping.

FOR A GRAFT HEARING—Dark clothes (so the mud that is thrown will not show), trimmed with long greco. You should always wear a boutonniere of subrosa. If you are likely to be among those honored with an indictment, any invisible shade should be worn.

FOR A BATH—.....

.....

.....

FOR GOLF—Your jewelry should, of course, be brassie. Be sure and put on a cravat with some Scotch design of cracked ice, seltzer water and any favorite brand. Your cuff buttons should be links and you should also wear one of those cute little mashie hats.

FOR THE SUBWAY—Wear lively colors and keep step with them. Crushed colors are also appropriate. Leather straps need not be worn as the company furnishes nearly enough of them to go around.

FOR A BRIDGE PARTY—Always wear your strongest suit. This should be decorated with hearts if possible, although diamonds are permissible. Take the best of care with your hands. If they are good, a doublet will be a proper garment to wear. The dark colors are not such winners.

The Troubles of Lackaye.

WILTON LACKAYE once made a dramatization of "Les Miserables." He had spent much time on his work. The dramatization of Hugo's masterpiece had been one of the dreams of his early youth. But when Mr. Lackaye tried to interest theatrical capital in the production he found dearth of enthusiasm.

Every one knew that Lackaye had dramatized "Les Miserables" and it was one of the live topics of Broadway. Oscar Hammerstein met Lackaye in this particular period, and his first question was.

"Wilton, have you got a manager to produce 'Les Miserables?'"

And to this Lackaye sarcastically replied.

"A manager to produce it? I haven't yet found a manager that can pronounce it!"

Mutt-the Guv That Put "He-He" in Hero-

By "Bud Fisher,"

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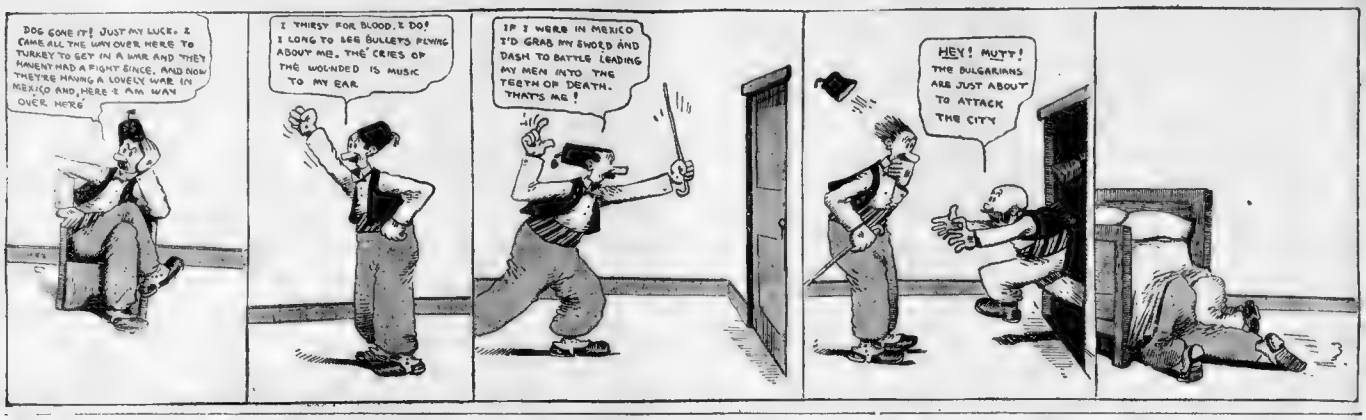
DOG GONE IT! JUST MY LUCK. I CAME ALL THE WAY OVER HERE TO TURKEY TO GET IN A WAR AND THEY HAVENT HAD A FIGHT SINCE. AND NOW THEY'RE HAVING A LOVELY WAR IN MEXICO AND HERE I AM WAY OVER HERE
I THRIST FOR BLOOD. I DO! I LONG TO SEE BULLETS PLYING ABOUT ME. THE CRIES OF THE WOUNDED IS MUSIC TO MY EAR
IF I WERE IN MEXICO I'D GRAB MY SWORD AND DASH TO BATTLE LEADING MY MEN INTO THE TEETH OF DEATH. THATS ME!
HEY! MUTT! THE BULGARIANS ARE JUST ABOUT TO ATTACK THE CITY

Very Much At Sea—

An Amusing Account of a Tossy Trip When the Ship Hit Only the High Places

By Wilson Mizner,

Co-Author of "The Deep Purple" and "The Greyhound."

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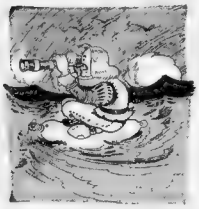
YOU'VE been at sea?

Yes? Once? Well then, of course you've passed through the worst storm in years!

This is as natural as having seen the biggest bear while out hunting with a .22 calibre rifle, or having caught "the biggest fish ever seen in those parts." Of course, the friend who witnessed your marvelous achievement has since died, at least so you will aver, if you are the least cautious, and I claim to be cautious even to the borders of foxiness. So, when I boldly state the date as January 11 to 14 of this year of grace, and the ship as the Kaiserin Auguste Victoria, you may at least give this PRELUDE credit for novelty among preposterous yarns of the sea.

We should have crossed in eight days—it took ten. And being convinced of the Justice of Heaven, I know those ten days will be deducted from my sojourn in Purgatory. No such storm has been mustered together in the last forty years. Old Neptune threw away his fork and weed-hung crown, darkened the stage and appeared as a slant-eyed Japanese juggler, and I, who get sick watching the leader of an orchestra, had to be on board!

It was a goodly company, comprised of W. Burke Cockran, a Dutchman, several bon vivants from Idaho, a Scotchman who didn't smell of the heather and a shoe drummer. During the first day out, which was calm, this drummer was full of speech and a disposition to mingle with his fellow passengers. With much nonchalance he stated the present trip was his one hundred and ninetieth; spoke unconcernedly of storms he had undergone in certain uncharted seas; how he had seen the decks of the good ship on which he was a passenger so covered with



"Columbus braved what the wise men termed 'the seething cataract of the west' on a hot-water bottle."

fish from the waves leaving them stranded thereon that it reminded him of Fulton Market. He also mentioned Singapore and the Fiji Islands with a contemptuous familiarity which was both an insult and a challenge, so I shunned him like a creditor.

Then came the storm. For ten hours the wind blew a hundred and ten miles an hour, breaking the record and the instrument for measuring its velocity. Thereafter the captain kept it timed with his whiskers until it left him clean-shaven. I had been feeling liberal from the start. Now I started to give up things I really needed.

It was a maddening sea, one that caromed off the diaphragm into the brain and would make an otherwise rational man walk right by twenty drummers to strike his old father.

Life boats went by the board, port holes crashed in like egg shells, even the bridge, sixty feet above the water line, awash! How does this seem to you of craven stomachs? It has only one advantage that I can see. You can pay twice as much for wine and break even, because you get the flavor of it twice.

I suggested this theory to the Scotchman, who seemed on the point of death, as something that would appeal to one of his frugal character. I found him later dividing a pint of cheap vintage into capsules.

Even in a great crisis like this, when the grim reaper in a bathing suit stalks among us, the spirit of greed is not dead, and I bet the drummer 100 to 10 we'd get home alive. He figured he had the best of it, and was about to bet it again, but, alas, the world is full of meddlers. Somebody asked him how and where he expected to collect if he won.

Suddenly, without feeling the least bit sleepy, I made up my mind to go to bed. After taking those precautions which seemed prudent, such as locating the fire escape and putting my bank roll in the back of my watch, I crawled into my bunk, was strapped in with several girths by a dexterous steward who used to be a broncho buster, and left to add up my sins.

Several times in the next few days some one would pass my door with a tray of German cooking. Just so often I would become unconscious. During these short periods I was at least tranquil.

Some one had told me that it was a sign of storm when the glass went down. So the din of crockery and the crashing in of port holes seemed to my untutored mind the bottom falling out of the glass. Every plunge of the ship was like all the sickening devices of Coney Island rolled into one. Only at rare intervals did she hit the water at all, and then only for an instant, when she'd set her planes and glance off into the atmosphere again. Oh, how I wished that the Wright brothers could have been on the bridge! Our captain didn't seem to know anything about coming down; his landings were so abrupt. I was one jump ahead of my stomach all the way over!

And for these several benefits, and for being conscientious in saving his own life, we tendered the captain a gaudily-worded testimonial.

Messrs. Evans and Shaughnessy, whose host I had contracted to be as long as their money lasted, were luckily in a cabin far from mine, so it was possible to bolt and chain my door and be safe from physical violence at least.

As I learned from a fat-jowled steward, they blamed me exclusively for their misery, and with some ground, for, let me explain. Four weeks before that, here in New York, we three had cascaded much glittering gold into a jack-pot, with the understanding that the winner of the same would take the other two as his guests as far as the money lasted. I had won, and at the storm period had some velvet remaining. And they, knowing that they were about to die, resented this. So to my troubled brain every commotion I heard was either Evans and Shaughnessy or a rush to the lifeboats—each equally terrible.

Others on this staggering and wind-dazed vessel may have blessed the calm and glow of the tardy sun, but I had double reason for thanksgiving, having both dodged the deep and secured a chance to adjudicate matters with my friends. So happy, in fact, was I that I even signed the testimonial to the captain, which drooled: "We, the undersigned passengers of the Kaiserin Auguste Victoria, desire to express to Captain Dempwolf our very sincere appreciation for the masterly manner in which this splendid ship was navigated during the hurricane of January 11, 1913."

The signing of this seemed proper on the heels of the tempest and in our weakened conditions, but as safety became commonplace, the absurdity of this thing began to dawn, for the good ship had only been in the water once or twice, and to all intents and purposes was about as subject to masterly handling as the Johnstown flood.

Nevertheless, the passengers must testify to the gratitude that filled them—they were empty of all else—and their names rushed on to paper.

Every one was thankful. The emetic qualities of the ship were forgotten in the hysterical tributes to her staunchness, and every passenger alluded to the captain's virtues as if they owned him and were trying to sell him. A public demonstration was plotted, and a committee of entertainment, headed by the drummer, canvassed the ship in an effort to locate energy, and, if possible, some talent.

At last a programme, disguised as an entertainment, was gotten up, and the drummer, who had forgotten all about our wager, seeming most friendly disposed, asked me to make a speech. This I would have liked to do. For the privilege of standing on that noble ship among its equally noble officers and roasting everything pertaining to Holland and the sea I would have given much, but I had been bound years ago by an oath never to "speak."

I was leaving home. It was in the evening. The sun had closed the golden gate behind it, and for the first time there seemed to be something very sentimental in the twinkling lights and perfume-soaked breezes of California. My grandfather followed me to the gate for a final word of advice.

"Wilson," he said, draping his whiskers over the gate, "you are about to fight your first battle with the world and will probably be disqualified for fouling. Your very appearance is a misdemeanor, and if you are not murdered by some dutiful citizen, you may live to be hanged.

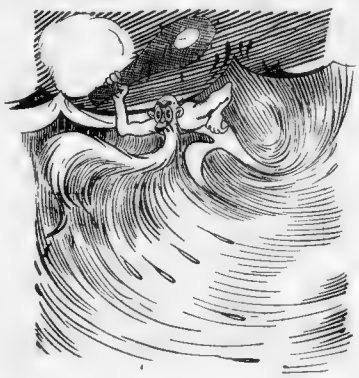
"It isn't going to be hard for you to be unpopular. You can always start a religious argument as a short cut to antagonizing the whole human race; even tell at length the bright things your baby said, or, while living in a crowded apartment house, you might practise on the cornet, but if you should ever make an after-dinner speech I will rise from the grave and wear the lid of my coffin out on you.

"So if you have any regard for your old grandfather, who has guided your budding stupidity with such tolerance, who cautioned you so patiently about pulling a cocked shotgun through a fence with the muzzle against your solar plexus, and played checkers at your bedside the time you sawed the limb off behind you, you will challenge to mortal combat the first toastmaster that breathes your name."

This proposition of the drummer and his committee was hard to refuse, and for a weak instant I seemed to waver—but only for an instant. For out of the sea came the wraith of my grandfather, brandishing a board in which there were rusty nails. His anger was frightful to look upon, and he approached with disturbing rapidity.

"How dare you make such a disgraceful proposition to me?" I bawled, and the committee trickled down a hatchway.

Ten o'clock that night was the hour for the entertainment, and, like all catastrophies, it couldn't be postponed. So, in the crowded dining saloon, amid bunting, sweet crackers and a solution of citric acid, the outrage began.



"For out of the sea came the wraith of my grandfather, brandishing a board in which there were rusty nails."

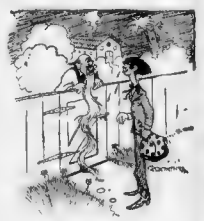
By a raised table at the end of the room sat our perspiring captain. On his simple chest were festooned many bright pieces of ribbon and much other insignia of honor. He had evidently been decorated in many lands, and the tokens varied in size from a French pea to a chafing dish. When he moved he rattled like a dray-load of iron crossing a covered bridge.

There followed a well-planned delay, in which one might become accustomed to the captain's magnificence. Then entered the Honorable W. Bourke Cockran. Under his arm a formidable parchment tied with red ribbon. Evidently the testimonial! Mr. Cockran's walk suggested one unaccustomed to little things His demeanor, lofty, and his idea of height was further borne out by a dizzy expression of the eyes, as though he looked down upon us from a mountain top. Our appetites thus whetted, we were served the first course of the alleged entertainment.

Herr V. V. Vesta, a German actor, strangled for us in his native tongue. It was most vivid and disconcerting. I have since learned that it was a Dutch love lyric. Then some prim matron sang. And during it, in fancy, I could see the plate came down the aisle and hear the congregation murmur, "She ought to go abroad and study." She reminded every one of home, and was, therefore, unpopular.

Next was a man who looked like a tenor, breathed like a bass, stood like a weight-lifter and sang like a buzzard. He attacked that old standby, "Larboard Watch, Ahoy!" Now, "Larboard Watch, Ahoy!" is a quartet, but these odds of four-to-one never daunted this boy. There was some discussion about his voice, but his courage was never questioned. He came within an ace of taking an encore, but the captain coughed, causing a great tumult among his draperies, which awed the singer into his seat.

Here occurred a slight stage wait, which was instantly taken advantage of by the German actor, who jumped to his feet and gargled some listerine. This was most unfortunate. Some of the passengers, thinking they were starting the programme over again, sneaked out onto the decks. When the act or had been calmed, however, the master of ceremonies coughed, took a sip of water, and introduced the silver-tongued, golden-throated, diamond-toothed orator of the evening, the Honorable Bourke Cockran.



Much awe and some applause followed while the speaker arose and set himself. He heartily commended the captain for still being among us, for his self sacrifice in not deserting the ship, for his love of humanity in not making his wife a widow and his children orphans. "How wonderful it was," he said, "that we could cross the tempest-tortured sea in safety, solely owing to the bravery and efficiency of such men as had this ship in charge; how this wonderful vessel, a veritable floating city in itself, could, owing to the able hand at the wheel, triumph over the elements."

"'Wilson,' he said, draping his whiskers over the gate, 'if you ever make an after-dinner speech I will rise from my grave and wear the lid of my coffin out on you.'"

This seemed to me a bit out of line and a demonstration of partiality toward our captain, when one recalls the fact that Columbus braved what the wise men termed "the seething cataract of the West" on a hot-water bag!

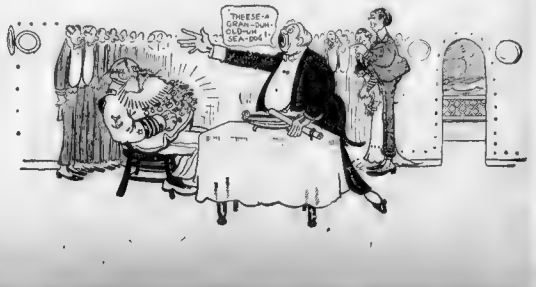
There was a rustle by my side, a clammy but loving hand on my shoulder. I turned and could see nothing, but by that sense which makes one know when another person is in a dark room with him or makes you turn, when the back of your head is stared at, I knew it was my grandfather.

"See there what I saved you from?" he muttered.

I got up to kiss him, but my embracing arms met no resistance. He was gone, but the crowd mistook my movement for enthusiasm, and when they heard the clap of my hands, they clapped, too, and even cheered, while the noble captain beamed over his fringe of whiskers like the sun on an ad for a shoe polish, and the speaker acknowledged the tumultuous tribute to his eloquence with a self-satisfied nod.

'Twas all very serious—but what's the difference? We're home, and by comparison with that trip all torment will seem as nothing. There is just one rule to follow when you start abroad—you can put your trunk on board if you must, but as for yourself, be waving FROM the dock, not at it, when the ship departs.

"He heartily commended the captain for still being among us."



Which Is Another Argument Against Slang

Being a few sparkling lines from Harvard man's Prize Play, "Believe Me, Xantippe," Now at the Castle Square Theatre

JOHN FREDERICK BALLARD is the latest Harvard playwright to pound on the door of fame and find it unlocked. Besides enjoying the natural elation that arrived with the prize of $500, which John Craig of the Castle Square unloosened from his year's savings, Mr. Ballard is coyly flirting with several of the giants of drama in New York who seek the privilege of spreading "Believe Me, Xantippe" all over the country.

Here is Mr. Ballard's big scene—a portion of the second act:

George MacFarland, a young New York society man, wagers with two friends that he can commit a crime and escape arrest for one year. He forges a friend's name and disappears, and the hunt is on. MacFarland, taking the name of MacGinnis, goes West and manages to elude his pursuers until within a few days of the expiration of the time limit in the wager. He is now in South western Colorado, where he is captured by Dolly Kamman, daughter of the county sheriff. Dolly accidentally identifies MacFarland or MacGinnis—by a favorite slang expression used by the young man—"Believe Me, Xantippe."

Dolly, of course, believes "MacGinnis" is a desperate criminal MacFarland, while on a hunting trip, wanders into a mountain cabin where Dolly is staying for a night. She had been on a hunting expedition with her father, but Kamman, wishing to return to his duties as sheriff, leaves Dolly for another day, as she insists on staying until she has at least had one shot at a bear. She has been alone but a short time when MacFarland appears. In the Castle Square production of "Believe Me, Xantippe," Mr. John Craig plays the role of MacFarland and Miss Mary Young plays Dolly Kamman. The dialogue reproduced here is from the second act of the play, where Dolly captures the supposedly desperate and dangerous "MacGinnis."

"MacGuinness! Throw up your hands! If you move I'll shoot!"

(MacFarland enters cabin, carrying rifle.)

MAC—Does anybody live here? Anybody home? (Draws two big Colts from holster.) You've blistered my hip enough for one day, you thirteen-inch Krupps! (Takes squirrel from pocket.) Would to God I was feeding you peanuts in dear old Central Park. (Blows vigorously on dying fire in fireplace.) Burn, damn you!

(Enter Dolly, who is shocked at MacFarland's language.)

DOLLY—I beg your pardon!

MAC—Wh-where did you come from?

DOLLY—Where did you?

MAC—From the top of the mountain.

DOLLY—You are a hunter?

MAC—I am hunting.

DOLLY—Deer?

MAC—Bear.

DOLLY—Do you call that a bear? (Points at squirrel.)

MAC—That's a squirrel.

DOLLY—In Colorado we call it a badger.

MAC—In Central Park we call it a squirrel. Is your mother in?

DOLLY—I have no mother.

MAC—Or your father?

DOLLY—Father's out.

MAC—Very well, then. I shall be going. (Picks up his rifle.)

DOLLY—You needn't mind.

MAC—What?

DOLLY—I said, "Aren't you hungry?" If not, you had better be moving on.

MAC—Let us cook the squirrel. Nice squirrel, isn't it?

DOLLY—Nice and fat.

MAC (proudly)—I killed it.

DOLLY (glancing at him reproachfully)—Couldn't you find anything else to kill?

MAC—It was the only thing that stood still long enough. There are two things I can't do—ride a horse and shoot straight. I am a nervous marksman.

DOLLY—Did you ever see a deer? (She smiles at him.)

MAC—Not until this season.

DOLLY—Where was it?

MAC—Here

DOLLY—Where? Where?

MAC (with ludicrous abruptness)—Shall I skin the squirrel for you?

DOLLY—Do you think you could?

MAC—I think so. I shot him.

DOLLY—Did you ever go to boarding school?

MAC—Not exactly. Why?

DOLLY—You are so polite.

MAC—Thank you.

DOLLY—Aren't you from the city?

MAC—What city?

DOLLY—Denver.

MAC—Hardly.

DOLLY—I know you are from some city.

MAC—How can you tell?

DOLLY—You are neither bashful nor fresh.

MAC—Thank you.

DOLLY—Ever been to Boston?

MAC—Yes.

DOLLY—Often?

MAC—Not any oftener than absolutely necessary. Why?

DOLLY—My Aunt Martha insists that I shall go there to college.

MAC—Don't you want to?

DOLLY—No, I want to go to New York City.

MAC—I don't blame you.

DOLLY—New York must be the grandest city in the world!

MAC—It is. Believe me, Xantippe, it is.

DOLLY—(Dolly's jaw drops. Her expression of dreaminess gives way to one of surprise. She turns abruptly)—Will you build a fire, please? It is turning colder

MAC—Certainly. (As he goes toward the fireplace, Dolly jerks her colts and covers him.)

DOLLY—MacGinnis! Throw up your hands! Drop that knife! Kick it over here! Empty your pockets! Take off your coat! Put it on the table. Pick up that rubbish. Put it on the mantel piece. Sit down. If you move from that chair I'll shoot you (He obeys.)

MAC (swallowing, with difficulty)—I—I won't but an eye. Are you getting a rope?

DOLLY (putting some potatoes in a pan, she places them before Mac)—Potatoes. Peel!

MAC—Who are you, anyhow

DOLLY—It doesn't matter who I am; your name is MacGinnis. You are wanted in New York City for forgery. Peel!

MAC—Why do you think I am the man?

DOLLY—Your picture has been in my father's rogues' gallery almost a year. A man of your height, build and complexion, whose favorite expression is "Believe me, Xantippe." You are the man. There is a five thousand-dollar reward on you, and I am going to get it. Peel!

MAC—But——

DOLLY—Peel!

MAC—Gladly.

DOLLY—Do you like coffee?

MAC—Not for dinner.

DOLLY—This is supper.

MAC—(Dolly turns for an instant and Mac slips revolver from his coat and lays it in his lap)—I beg your pardon. I beg your pardon, but is this potato spoiled? Who are you?

DOLLY—Never mind—— Oh! (She sees his gun and reaches for her Colt. Mac springs to his feet.)

MAC—Throw up your hands (with polite firmness). Sit down. If you move from that chair—I'll shoot! Peel! Just who are you?

DOLLY—They—they call me Dolly.

MAC—Dolly what?

DOLLY—Kamman

MAC—Is your father sheriff of this county? (She starts to rise and falls back in chair.) What's the matter? Miss Dolly! Dolly! Good Lord, I've frightened the life out of her.

DOLLY—Water * * * Water (He goes L.)

MAC—Are you better?

DOLLY—I—I want to go to bed. I want to go to bed. Leave me! Please, leave me * * * I want to go to bed!

MAC—She wants to go to bed Oh Lord, etc. I beg your pardon, Miss Kamman, but—— Could you lend me a blanket for the night? I can't start home until morning and it is growing colder all the time.

DOLLY—You can sleep in that room if you want to.

MAC—Where would you sleep?

DOLLY—There. (Indicating camp bed.)

MAC—I do not believe that I can accept your hospitality.

DOLLY—Why not?

MAC—It would not be——discreet.

DOLLY—This is not New York City.

MAC—That is why I hesitate

DOLLY—I don't understand you.

MAC—Suppose, just about the time I get well located for the night, your father should drop in.

DOLLY—Father won't drop in. He has gone to town to stay.

MAC—Well, a neighbor, then?

DOLLY—There is not a friend or a neighbor within twenty miles

MAC—Do you mean to tell me that you are going to be absolutely alone all night?

DOLLY—Yes

MAC—Is that the truth?

DOLLY—Yes, unless——

MAC—Unless what?

DOLLY—What are you going to do?

MAC—I am going to stay.

MAC—Dolly, Dolly! I beg your pardon. Good-night, Miss Kamman.

DOLLY—Good-night

MAC—I wish New York had girls like you.

DOLLY—Thank you.

MAC—I shall put you on your honor not to run away.

DOLLY—Thank you.

MAC—Good-night. (Exit Mac.) (Dolly calmly unties the rope of her camp bed and turning back the bedcover she pulls out a small rifle. Then she conceals it again under the bedcover and extinguishes the candle.)

DOLLY (excitedly from the bed)—Oh! Oh! Mr. MacGinnis! Mr MacGinnis! Mr. MacGinnis! (She appears much frightened.)

MAC (rushing in)—What's the matter?

DOLLY—Get a match! Quick. Quick. Quick.

MAC—Where are they?

DOLLY—On the mantel-piece. Quick!

MAC (stumbling)—Hang it!

DOLLY—Hurry!

MAC (strikes match, but it breaks)—Confound it!

DOLLY—Do hurry. Light the candle. (The lighted candle reveals Dolly sitting in the bed, covering Mac with her rifle.) Thank you very much.

MAC—Well, I'll be——

DOLLY—Sit down. (He sits on the floor.) Stand up and sit down on a chair. Thank you

MAC—You are welcome.

DOLLY—Where is my gun?

MAC—In father's room. (He rises.)

DOLLY—Sit down!

MAC—I am going to get it for you.

DOLLY—Sit down!

MAC—I suppose you will take me to jail now.

DOLLY—Twenty-five miles in the dark, on horse-back, with you! I guess not.

MAC—What next?

DOLLY—Go to bed. This bed.

MAC—Just as you say.

DOLLY—Hurry up. Roll in as you are. (He hesitates, and she raises gun threateningly.)

MAC—Oh, well—if you are going to get fussy about it—that gun might go off. Are you sure you know who I am?

DOLLY—Go to sleep.

MAC—Are you sure of it?

DOLLY—I tell you your picture has been in my father's rogue's gallery for over eleven months. I have looked at it every day.

MAC—Every day for eleven months?

DOLLY—Yes.

MAC—You must have taken a fancy to me from the start.

DOLLY—I look at all of them

MAC—Did you ever catch any one before?

DOLLY—No one like you

MAC—Just what do you mean by "No one like you?"

DOLLY—Go to sleep

MAC—Yes, mam. I am going to sit right here and watch you all night.

DOLLY—Very well. You may

MAC—Dolly Kamman, if you don't get out of this room within the next ten seconds, I will kiss you. One—two—three—four—five—six—seven—eight—nine——

DOLLY (calmly cocks rifle and levels it at him)—One—two—three — four — five—six—seven—eight—nine—ten——

MAC—Don't shoot! For God's sake, don't shoot!

DOLLY—Then go to sleep

MAC—Gladly. Good-night, Miss Dolly

DOLLY—Good-night, Mr. MacGinniss. Pleasant dreams to you

Best Jokes From Here and There

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Warm Day.

THE young father was rejoicing visibly over the advent of his first son. Early in the morning he was proudly in evidence at the front gate when the iceman appeared.

"Twenty-five pounds?" inquired the iceman

"No," said the excited parent, "eight and three-quarters"

Complimentary.

MINKS—I certainly admire the inventor of the steam engine!

Jinks—Man of iron constitution, eh?

Minks—No, man of great ingenuity. See?

Jinks—Watt's his name?

The Suffragette's Retort.

MALE (sitting in crowded tram car)—Pardon me, madam, but you're standing on my feet.

Standing Suffragette—If you were anything of a man, you'd be standing on them yourself.

Last Call.

NERVOUS PASSENGER — For heaven's sake, put the brakes on! We shall run into something!

Speed Hog (airily)—I never touch the brakes till the lamps begin to buckle!

Perfectly True.

MISS CATT—She has a fine complexion.

Miss Nipp—Yes—that's an added attraction.

Efficiency Taught Here--- How to Save Motions, Time, Money and Other Trifles

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EVERYBODY'S talking about "Efficiency."

Once in a while we hear of a really efficient person, just as we hear of a chicken with two heads or a calf with five legs. They are scarce.

But all this talk about efficiency has brought to light some "Efficiency Experts" who are wonderful. They will step in, study your business and show you how to improve it.

And they cost money.

YOU have got to be more efficient.

There are a number of reasons for this. One is that the boss is getting on to you

The other reasons do not matter

But do not pay an Efficiency Expert a mammoth fee for teaching you to become more efficient. Teach yourself. You can do this with the aid of a few of our lessons. Here, for example, is one of them:

LESSON NO. 1—EFFICIENCY IN FIGHTING

When you fight, fight efficiently. Remember it is sinful to waste energy. If mixed up in trouble do not waste your strength and make a lot of false motions, for false motions are worthless and cost valuable energy

Hit your opponent FIRST

Hit him HARD.

If you hit him first and also hard enough, you will have won the fight with just a single motion. That is efficiency.

LESSON NO. 2—EFFICIENCY IN SMOKING.

Smoking is a waste of good energy. The many motions of filling a pipe or of striking a match and lighting a cigar are all unnecessary and could be used to greater advantage in clipping coupons or some such simple household task

The next time you want to smoke, save all this labor of drawing in and exhaling puffs of smoke, and of holding pipe or cigar

Simply take a cigar or a handful of smoking tobacco toss it in the furnace or kitchen range, then go on about your duties. The tobacco or cigar will smoke readily without the least effort on your part

LESSON NO. 3—EFFICIENCY IN SHOVELING SNOW

Shoveling snow—always provided there is any—is quite a task, involving the use of a heavy shovel, a lot of muscle and many motions

To shovel a long path in three motions, thrust your right hand in your pocket, withdraw it with a half-dollar clutched in your fingers, extend said arm to the colored man—and there you are!

The colored man will attend to the rest of the motions and you will have cleaned your path with three single motions.

LESSON NO. 4—EFFICIENCY IN FINDING THE KEYHOLE.

There are times on dark, windy nights when a man may make from 6 to 600 false motions pawing around trying to get the front-door key into the keyhole.

This is a sinful waste of energy. It can be done in two simple motions. Raise the right hand to the push-button, push the button and wait until some one lets you in.

LESSON NO. 5—EFFICIENCY IN CHEWING GUM

Think of the lost energy here!

One wad of gum means 4,938,527,498 motions of the jaws, accompanied by other motions.

Why do that? Here is another instance where, acting as an Efficiency Expert, we can tell you how to do it in one motion.

LESSON NO. 6—EFFICIENCY IN DRESSING

Women waste a great deal of energy in dressing. Day in and day out, many times, they struggle and labor to get into and out of various garments, wasting years of their lives and tons of energy.

All this may be avoided

Join a burlesque show

Sherlocko the Monk

The Extraordinary Episode of the Ruined Sign

Copyright 1913, by the International News Service.

By Gus Mager

THEY'RE TRYING TO FORCE ME OUT OF BUSINESS BY TEARING DOWN THE HANDSOME NEW SIGN FROM IN FRONT OF MY STORE!
THESE TRUSTS ARE GETTING BOLDER EVERY DAY!
LET US INVESTIGATE FIRST, WATSO — TAKE US TO YOUR PLACE OF BUSINESS, SIR!
THERE, YOU CAN SEE FOR YOURSELVES!
RIVAL COMPETITORS, SURE ENOUGH — THERE COULD BE NO OTHER MOTIVE THAN JEALOUSY FOR THIS JOB!
IT WAS DONE WITH AN AXE, WATSO, — HARDLY A METHOD THAT A RIVAL COMPANY WOULD ADOPT, SEEMS TO ME!
WHOLESALE & RETAIL MERCHANT
GENERAL SUPPLIES
NO, SHERLOCKO — YOU'RE WRONG THIS TIME — THERE COULD BE NO OTHER REASON WHY ANYONE WOULD DEFACE A SIGN IN THIS MANNER!
LOOK OUT, WATSO — YOU'RE GETTING YOUR HANDS SOILED — CAN'T YOU SEE THAT THIS PAINT IS STILL WET?
WHOLESALE & RETAIL MERCHANT
GENERAL SUPPLIES
BY THE WAY — WHERE IS THE NEAREST DYEING ESTABLISHMENT IN THIS NEIGHBORHOOD?
CLEANING & DYEING
THERE, WATSO, IS THE CULPRIT — GROUCHO! HE GOT HIS COAT SOILED BY LEANING AGAINST THE SIGN — SO HE EASED HIS TEMPER BY SMASHING IT!
CLEANING & DYEING
MOST EXTRAORDINARY!

THE MAN WHO CAME BACK By John Fleming Wilson

SYNOPSIS OF PRECEDING CHAPTERS.

AFTER his graduation from Princeton Henry Potter left New York to take charge of his father's Pittsburgh office at a salary of $5000 a year. Fast living and his infatuation for a showgirl bring about his transfer to Fairfield.

Henry keeps straight in Fairfield and makes a success of the business. He falls in love with Sadie Price, working girl. His father objects. Henry marries her for love. Loses position, and to break off the match transfers Henry to the firm's San Francisco office.

In San Francisco Henry again becomes a slave to drink. He meets Marcelle, a music hall singer—once decent, now down and out—and a slave to the opium habit. In an interval of consciousness between pipes this girl becomes infatuated with Henry's case and at last persuades him that it is not too late to "come back."

With the money Marcelle loans him as a starter Henry sets out to retrieve the 30,129 miles to his father's house in New York and leave a clean record behind him every town at the way. His first step on the journey backward and upward is to secure a mental position in the Shanghai exporting house from which he had been dismissed in disgrace. He makes good and at the end of a few months has his debts paid and possesses a cash capital of $1,000 to start him in business in Yokohama, which is to mark the second stage of his comeback.

Full of gratitude to Marcelle, Henry asks her to marry him and share the respectability which he has regained for him. He leaves her to prepare for their wedding journey and on his return finds her dead from an overdose of opium. Clutched in her hand is a note telling him that she believes Henry's case and at last persuades him that it is not too late to "come back."

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A successful year in Yokohama stones for his previous misdeeds there and he goes on to Hongkong. Here he meets a mining engineer who had been a fellow-prisoner of his in the old wild days and who is now as "down-and-out" as he once was.

CHAPTER IV.—(Continued).

"HIS address is Metter Alley Shanghai."

"And his gold—his gift sterling gold?"

"I'll pay all expenses, a reasonable salary and something to remember me by."

The bargain was struck and Henry Potter, after a week in the office of the agent, during which he denied deeply his sterling self, set forth with his companion and was lost to view for two months.

At the end of that period he returned to Honolulu laden with note books, blueprints and sketches. He brought with him a brawny and enthusiastic man who had been known for several years as a hard drinker and a drunkard, but now astonished his acquaintances by sober devotion to some business about which he had no information.

"To Ship Henry gave many gold coins "You are a first-class engineer," he added.

"I was an engineer once," said the other. "Then I thought I was an acrobat and compromised to drop my fables till my last was plain gin. I'm sober—sober!"

A pause.

"That's what I am after, wiki-wiki" "A hundred a month with me, then," said Henry.

"Much obliged," the engineer responded.

Thank a lady called Marcelle."

Another month was spent by Henry digging out statistics in the Pittsburgh office of the Potter Iron and Steel Company, collecting information which he was done he interviewed three men of means. To the last one he said, "You agree with me that the true opportunity of this property will be extremely profitable?"

"Certainly—but at an enormous in final expense. Your figures—"

"You think they are with reason "I do. But it will take millions, Mr. Potter, and millions—"

"You and your associates if you take this up, can easily induce capital to invest with you."

Bully—"

Henry picked up his papers and rose smiling. "I liked on the property and I have a first class man, an engineer, to watch the development work. I'm not a wealthy man. But I will make you a proposition to you: Give me ten per cent. of the stock—I know I've done enough interest. You can go ahead and organize your company and have a free field. I ask for one thousand dollars down, for the assignment of my rights, and nine thousand more when you get it. I think the thing go otherwise I keep the prospect and you retain me as engineer."

Three days later Henry raised a check for nine thousand dollars and his own banker bade a most cordial goodbye and wished him Good speed. Henry, with several gold bricks and bills besides drafts and checks, letters certifying to his character, letters of introduction, and engineering blueprints of respectable position, left the office.

Outside a messenger awaited him. He opened a letter.

It contained a ragged piece of paper which was brushed with a line of drawing. On it was pencilled the following: "It is just two hundred and fifty miles to San Francisco," he said aloud.

CHAPTER V.
Coming—Fourth Stage.

SAN FRANCISCO! Chill winds and clouded skies that life was becoming very earnest. A confidential meeting at the people he had known in the early days of poverty and though with constant qualms of conscience he would have in receiving a former place.

It was early morning when the steamer docked and he sent his baggage directly from the custom sheds to a hotel while he took a car to the Potter office on Market street.

This is the first pill," he thought sleepishly. "I return silent as the dead of time about my purpose and try to make them think I am a broken down parasite for whom I have departed before. Then days and days of the manager-ship sitting on a high stool, and at last a salary paid down to me. Well, they can do no more than look suspicious at me.

But he found that several weeks letters from his successor in Yokohama had paved the way. The opening manager received him politely, and trustively took stock of his fine brown face and clear eyes and smiled to remarking, "I presume you're over here way to New York?"

"I am not," said Henry. "I am here to ask whether you have an outside job for me."

"Without instructions from the home office—really"

I understand," Henry put in promptly. "Your salary and a fair cut on the business I've been getting for two months—ever since I returned to San Francisco—to come here and see I've a few prospects up my sleeve."

"But the other—"

He's a very good man," the chief quickly. "Won't you sit down?"

"Thank you."

He drew out his brow wrinkled into a frown. "I really am at a loss to say no to this. I'm not prepared at the moment to—"

"Please ignore me anything like that," he said coldly. "He saw the faint color rise in her cheeks

"I thought I'd mention it," he proceeded, pulling out a piece of paper and handing it to her. "Take it! It's not information—merely some figures. Read 'em."

She seemed provoked but kept her eyes on the paper. "I see it's a set of distances.

"If you don't read them you'll never understand," he burst out. "Please!"

"From some-clew-ship's to Simpson's one quarter of a mile," she repeated quietly. "From Shanghai to Yokohama—what on earth has this to do with anything I must listen to?"

Henry, not to his feet, crimson-faced. "All right, Edith. You are entitled to make it as hard as possible. Listen—those distances mark the various stops in my way degradation. I ended at last in an opium joint in Shanghai. There somebody woke me up. I started back. I've been two years and over getting this far. I made up my mind that I'd come back the road I went, only I'd come back on my own earn legs, and sober and—a man, not a drug, disgusted blackguard. See?

"I did you a great injury. I threw aside and couldn't understand the pure love that a woman has to be good as you are offered a creature like myself."

"You loved me and I wouldn't surrender a bit of what I called my freedom, nor be a prisoner for the sake of your love. I was unspeakable. But I'm coming back and I'm going to make it up to you and show you that after all I had enough of the man in me to try to make good. It doesn't amount to much. I forfeited your affection and your esteem. But I'm sworn to regain your respect."

"Edith!" he whispered, shocked. She shook her head.

He sat miserably watching her weep She did not ask for more her hands in her lap. He felt the poignancy of that restrained grief.

Presently she held out he had with the paper. "I see a message at the bottom of it."

"It is the writing of a girl who loaned me money to get clean clothes and a fresh start," he replied slowly "She killed herself."

The blue eyes turned on his. He bowed his head. "She was a sinner in a cafe. I offered to marry her. A good girl! She could not stand, and killed herself."

Miss Cellency rose, mistress of herself once more. "I'm glad you have come back to Ben Francisco," she said, holding out her palm hand "I am glad for your dear boy, Harry. All's past now! Come and see—to old friend!"

He squared his shoulders under her gaze She answered his drawn smile slightly. "What an improvement! What a good doing you have done again!"

"I make about a hundred a month commissions," he retorted. "I'm at the foot of the list."

"But your father"

"He ordered me once more, It's a good many more to him."

"I know you'll make it," she responded cordially.

Out on the street Henry drew a long breath. "Well! I count that for a thousand miles," he said. "Heroine, what a girl! But you're down and out there, and—you've got to fight anyway."

He walked to his room, lips set in a grim line.

In the morning, six months afterward, Henry informed his superior that he was going East the next day.

"Sorry to lose you," was the hearty response. "You're certainly a good hustler I suppose it's New York now?"

"Fairfield, Iowa," quoth Henry. "Two thousand, four hundred and seventy-six miles."

"Sadie Price, put down that pen and wipe your mouth. I'm going to kiss you!"

CHAPTER VI.
Coming—Fifth Stage.

THE maples displayed the gorgeous banners of Autumn when Henry arrived at the town. He spent the first day or two walk through the oak and hickory woods, which he had owned to know with Sadie Price by his side. He felt that he was near the end of his journey back, his spirit was light and—yet?

He had left Fairfield suddenly, without giving her any excuse except that he was going on "business." True, he had lived simply and decently within his narrow means, but he remorsefully brought of the girl whose affection he had won and whom he had left with a careless remark that he would soon return. That had been seven years ago. What had happened during those years?

He recalled three letters from Sadie, hasty notes full of love and hope. Yes he had cherished her image and many a time, in fits of repentance and despondency, he had regretted the simplicity and innocence of his life when he had worked in the wagon factory. Was she married? Had she changed? Was he still in love with her? "Don't donate," he said to himself sternly. "What you have to do is to set things right."

In the morning he sought the office and found the staid Mr. Peterby still at the manager's desk. He looked up and nodded. "I heard you had come down," was his remark, shaking a long forefinger.

Henry leaned across the papstined oaken counter. "How's business?"

Mr. Peterby removed his spectacles "Very fair, indeed. I believe the company is satisfied."

"Good

"You have been abroad?" the manager inquired. "I believe I heard something about your being in China."

"In China I was."

"And you are on your way to New York?"

"Via Fairfield and Pittsburgh," said Henry. "A word on your ear: What's the news?"

For half an hour Mr. Peterby recalled names and identified them with short stories. At last, when Henry's patience was almost exhausted, the word "Price" fell from the manager's lips.

Old man Price died three years ago last July. He had a pension, you know, and very little property. But Sadie—an excellent woman, Mr. Potter—studied bookkeeping, and is now working in town and supporting her mother. Did you remember Sadie?"

"I do!" Henry admitted, winking at the time. "Where is she working, did you say?"

"At Tinney's. You must remember Thomas's?"

Henry's mind travelled back a few years and saw Sadie, the Parkhod of Fairfield, and fixed on a dry goods store. He nodded. "I'll stay here quite a while, possibly," he remarked, "I have some business to attend to."

He left and walked from the factory at the town, made the circuit of the square and entered the long aisle of Tinney & Co.'s store. A couple of clerks looked at him and set him down as a new salesman. He arrived at the little glass-enclosed office, saw a figure that he would have recognized anywhere, he realized, and boyishly pressed his nose against the pane.

Miss Price, pen in the air, gazed in stupefaction at this prank on the part of a stranger, composed her face into dignity and frown and then opened her eyes very widely. The cream of her cheek was rudded by an unmistakable blush. Henry rubbed his nose, opened the door and stood beside her smiling.

"Sadie Price! Put down that pen and wipe your mouth. I'm going to kiss you!"

Miss Price slipped from her stool, looking the pen like an offensive weapon, and retired hastily against the safe. From that vantage she faced him sharply.

"What do you mean by spoiling your way to me?"

Henry shook his head. "I'll tell you. Listen to me." He turned his back on her. Began slowly: "Cheat—but known by imperfect eyes, an aisle aisle nose, taught a little larger red lips, a dimply creamy white—"

He stopped, picked up the pen and ostentatiously wiped some splattered ink from his sleeve. "I was just going to tell you I'd only say it all with my eyes shut," he complained. "Very well. "I've said it to myself a thousand!"—

He saw that her anger was almost too much for her self-control. She dropped her air of gayety and said quietly "Sit down, please."

Henry resumed her seat on the stool, her eyes flashing. She bent over the big ledger.

"Listen coon-headed Henry. "I've come exactly eight thousand nine hundred and forty-one miles and a quarter to tell you something."

Her lip was quivering and he hastened on

"I left here for a reason I shan't explain to you just now. No matter I went to China before I realized that I had made the big mistake of my life. I'm back here to cry for mercy. Sadie, I swear—"

"What's the use of bringing it all up again?" she whispered.

"Use! I can't ever get back to New York if you don't let me talk things over. I'm fixed right in Fairfield for life unless you listen to me." His tone was a new one, and she must perforce bite her lip and let him speak

"In the first place, this is Saturday," he proceeded, "I have discovered you have a half-holiday on Saturdays and I want to take you for a drive—I hate something to tell you! Sadie Will you come?"

"I'll give only way of getting rid of you I suppose I must suffer," she replied.

"I'll call for you at 2 o'clock, then, at your house."

She flushed. "Not at the house, I don't want mother to know I'm going with you. She hates you. I'll meet you on block down Burlington street."

At 2 o'clock he urged the slowest horse he could procure from the livery man down Burlington street. On the first crosswalk he found Sadie Price, veiled. She climbed in beside him without a word and he meekly drove on into the country. While he seemingly intently her silence he glanced at her frequently

One road turned down between two wooded slopes and the old horse subsided into a walk. Then Henry spoke

"Do you remember my telling you of the reason of my leaving Pittsburgh and coming to Fairfield"

She uttered a hesitating "Yes

"It was perfectly frank in telling you that I had wasted money, time and strength in trying to be a high flying young blood"

She nodded

"Shortly after Sadie, I wrote to my father, the millionaire, and told him I hoped to make you my wife and"

"I never knew that"

"Exactly. But I thought you cared a heap and I knew I could, so I decided it to the old man. He knew me for about what I was, though he wouldn't have interfered with me. He sent me seven thousand dollars to leave Fairfield. He took me for a blackguard and I guess I was one, and in other words he paid me to leave the one girl who was making a man of me and who I thought honestly revered and respect as well as love

"I felt in a hurry. I had to you. I said I'd come going on a business trip and would soon be back. That bust nearly good in an alley in Shanghai, China, where I pawned my sole remaining jewelry with an old Chink for a hundred, something I'd drunk and rice out of a dirty pot. That's what my father's money made out of me.

"Well, I've come back and proved I'd do something for myself. I started back. You wouldn't understand just how I felt when I left Fairfield. I was took me. But I haven't been drinking for several years, and I make my own living. Not a cent do I get from my father. More than that, I've tried to straighten out the tangle I made and atone a little for the wrongs I did.

"But when I left Fairfield as I did I wronged myself most, for I gave up my manhood. I sold it for ten thousand dollars. I have been a fool. I've sworn not to go back to New York nor to see you for ten years. I've come to look him in the eye, as a man should."

The long speech came to an end Miss Price's head was bowed in a moment. "I thought, of course, that you were only—playing, when you paid me that compliment," she said.

"That is a fib of the blackest," quoth Henry. "You know I was in dead earnest"

"It didn't look like it

"I've changed, Sadie, you' haven't had three years of what I've had. I'm back here to tell you that I was in earnest, and more than that, I've been a better man now and I want a second chance."

"I can't see the use of discussing it"

He stopped the horse. "Are you in love with anybody else"

"I fail to see how business it is of yours," she said quietly.

The horse, astounded by a cut of the whip, leaped to it. Henry spoke again it was in a very humble voice

"I know I haven't any right to ask it. But I tell you, Sadie, I worship the ground you walk on! If I forfeited my chance forever, I'll stand and see you for as long as there's no one else you care for—too much—I'm here, praying just for a chance, Sadie, to win you for my wife"

The horse covered a long distance before she spoke. "If Sidney Smith isn't lating to confess it," she said coldly "But I was in love with you—very deeply. You threw that away. When you simply disappeared and I heard you were in San Francisco and that you had married some three letters—thank you so much for writing them!—I thought my heart would break. But I got it, and to understand it. I've had four more only thought so"

Henry was sitting rigid in the pastoral animal and Henry's face was scarlet. "Go on," he said huskily. "It's all over now. I know it"

"Then pay died, and I had to work and that—that kept me occupied. I hardened, I think, to the point mamma felt"

"I had spoke of her," Henry said simply

"Oh, it was cruel!" she burst out. Henry pulled the horse up and jumped out of the buggy "I see some hazel bushes in there. Let's get some nuts."

She shook her head. He insisted, one hand on her arm. Finally she allowed him to lift her out and when he had tied the horse to a tree they went among the scattering bushes. Suddenly he seemed struck by a thought She peered his furious mutter to him self. Edith!"

He turned on her swiftly face drew back, startled.

Henry shook his head. "I'll tell you. Listen to me." He turned his back on her. Began slowly: "Cheat—but known by imperfect eyes, an aisle aisle nose, taught a little larger red lips, a dimply creamy white"—

"The Other Man" in the Life of "The Woman Thou Gavest Me"

How Hall Caine in "The Woman Thou Gavest Me," His Important Novel on the Problem of the Modern Marriage Relation, Now Being Published in HEARST'S MAGAZINE, Shows the Tragedy of the Awakening of a Wife Who Is No Wife.

IN Hall Caine's newest and most important novel, "The Woman Thou Gavest Me," now being published in **Hearst's Magazine**, the figure of "The Other Man," in the life of his loveless heroine begins to take the centre of the stage.

The distinguished English novelist, in his remarkably frank and yet wholly reverent exposition of the problem of the modern marriage relation, has taken as his heroine Mary O'Neill, a gentle, convent-bred girl, whose ideals of marriage are the highest. In her ignorance, she is sold as a wife by an ambitious father to Lord Ras, a profligate nobleman, whose marital ideals are of the lowest type. On their marriage night the wife awakens to the knowledge of what she has done and repulses her husband. After an extraordinary scene the two agree to live together on the surface as man and wife, but in reality as none. Lord Ras, chafing under what he calls the "farce" of their relations, becomes infatuated with his wife's old friend, Alma.

While Mary is smarting under the humiliations her husband heaps upon her, Martin Conrad, "the other man" whom she really loves, but whom she does not yet know she loves, comes upon the scene. What will happen to the loveless wife now?

In the following excerpts from the current and preceding instalments of "The Woman Thou Gavest Me" the character of Conrad is plainly shown. The problem is the most interesting and unusual that has appeared in any great novel for years.

(From "The Woman Thou Gavest Me," by Hall Caine, now being published in HEARST'S MAGAZINE. Reprinted by permission of HEARST'S MAGAZINE.)

I REMEMBERED what my mother had said of her little Mary being always a little lady, and I felt crushed at the thought that I was about to be whipped before all the village children.

At home I had been protected if only by my mother's tears, but here I was alone, and felt myself to be so little and helpless. But just as my lip was beginning to drop, at the thought of what my mother would suffer if she saw me in this position of infamy, and I was about to cry out to the schoolmistress, "Don't beat me! Oh! please don't beat me!" a stranger thing happened; which turned my shame into surprise and triumph.

Through the mist which had gathered before my eyes I saw a boy coming out of the boys' class at the end of the long room. It was Martin Conrad, and I remember that he rolled as he walked, like his old Tommy, the gardener. Everybody saw him, and the schoolmistress said in her shrew voice:

"Martin Conrad, what right have you to leave your place without permission? Go back, sir, this very moment."

Instead of going back Martin came on, and as he did so he dragged his big soft hat out of the belt of his Norfolk jacket and pulled it down hard with both hands on his head.

"Go back, sir!" cried the schoolmistress, and I saw her step forward with the cane poised and switching in the air, as if about to strike.

The boy said nothing, but just shaking himself like a big dog he dropped his head and butted at the schoolmistress as she approached him, striking her somewhere in the waist and sent her staggering and gasping against the wall.

Then, without a word, he took my hand, as something that belonged to him, and before the schoolmistress could recover her breath, or the children awake from their astonishment, he marched me, as if his little stocky figure had been sixteen feet tall, in stately silence out of the school.

I was never sent back to school, and I heard that Martin, by order of the butcher, was publicly expelled.

* * *

I was to marry the young Lord Ras!

I was stunned. It was just as if the power of thought had been smitten out of me.

That night, and during the greater part of the following day I felt, without quite knowing why, as if I were living under the dark cloud of a gathering thunderstorm. Hence it was not altogether by the blind leading of fate that half an hour before Ave Maria I entered the church of the convent in which the Reverend Mother had given me the name of.

Then I awoke as from a dream, and, looking hopefully back at the dark corridor down which the nuns had disappeared, I was turning to go when I became aware that a young man was standing beside me and smiling into my face

"Mary," he said very softly, and he held out his hand.

Something in the voice made me giddy, something in the blue eyes made me tremble. I looked at him but did not speak.

"Don't you know me, Mary?" he said.

I felt as if a rosy veil were falling over my face and neck. A flood of joy was sweeping through me. At last I knew it was.

It was Martin Conrad, grown to be a man, a tall, powerful, manly man, but with the same face still—an elusive ghost of the boy's face I used to look up to and love.

A few minutes later we were out on the plazza in front of the church, and with a nervous rush of joyous words he was telling me what had brought him to Rome.

"And you?" he said. "You look just the same. I knew you instantly. Yet you are changed, too. So grown and so—so wonderfully"——

"You shall do as I wish," Lord Ras was saying to me. "You are my wife, and as such you belong to me. The law allows me to compel you, and I will."

(One of the interesting illustrations by Frank Craig, the Distinguished English Artist, Accompanying Hall Caine's Powerful Story, "The Woman Thou Gavest Me," Now Being Published in HEARST'S MAGAZINE. Copyrighted by and Published by Permission of HEARST'S MAGAZINE.)

I knew what he meant to say, and being too much of a child to pretend not to know, and too much of a woman (notwithstanding my nun-like impulses) not to find joy in it, I said I was glad.

"You've left the convent, I see. When did that happen?"

I told him three weeks ago—that my father had come for me and we were going back to Ellan.

"And then? What are you going to do then?" he asked.

For a moment I felt ashamed to answer, but at last I told him that I was going home to be married."

"Married? When? To whom?"

I said I did not know when, but it was to be to the young Lord Ras.

"Ras! Did you say Ras? That—Good G— But surely you know"——

He did not finish what he was going to say, so I told him I did not know anything, not having seen Lord Ras since I came to school, and everything having been arranged for me by my father.

"Not seen him once—everything arranged by your father?"

"Yes."

Then he asked me abruptly where I was staying, and when I told him he said he would walk back with me to the hotel.

His manner had suddenly changed, and several times as we walked together up the Tritori and along the Due Marcelli he began to say something and then stopped.

"Surely your father knows"——

"If he does, I cannot possibly understand"——

It did not pay as much attention to his broken exclamations as I should have done but for the surprise and confusion of coming so suddenly upon him again.

* * *

(Mary O'Neill discovers a woman in her husband's apartments. The woman escapes without being seen, but the "wife, who is no wife," suspects her old girlhood friend, Alma, in whom her husband has become much interested. She reproaches him, and he taunts her bitterly on the "farce" of their loveless marriage.)

Although I was far from well next morning and price wished to keep me in bed, I got up immediately when I heard that my husband was talking of returning to London.

Our journey was quite uneventful.

Although he made no apology for his conduct of the day before, my husband was quiet and conciliatory, and, being sober, he looked almost afraid, as if telling himself that he might have to meet my father soon—the one man in the world of whom he seemed to stand in fear.

Alma looked equally frightened, but she carried off her nervousness with a great show of affection, saying she was sorry I was feeling "badly," that France in the south did not agree with me, and that I should be ever so much better when I was "way up north."

We put up at a well-known hotel near Trafalgar Square, the same that in our girlhood had been the subject of Alma's dreams of future bliss, and I could not help observing that while my husband was selecting our rooms she made a rather ostentatious point of asking for an apartment on another floor.

It was late when we arrived, so I went to bed immediately, being also anxious to be alone that I might think out my course of action.

I was then firmly resolved that one way or other my life with my husband should come to an end; that I would no longer be befouled by the mire he had been dragging me through; that I should live a clean life and drink a pure draught, and, oh, how my very soul seemed to thirst for it!

This was the mood in which I went to sleep, but when I awoke in the morning, almost before the dawn, the strength of my resolution ebbed away. I felt weak and small and helpless. What could I do alone? Where could I turn for assistance?

Instinctively I knew it would be of no use to appeal to my father, for though it was possible that he might knock my husband down, it was inconceivable that he would encourage me to separate from him.

At last I thought of Mr. Curphy, my father's advocate, and decided to send a telegram to him asking for the name of some solicitor in London to whom I could apply for advice.

To carry out this intention I went down to the hall about nine o'clock, when people were passing into the breakfast-room, and visitors were calling at the bureau, and liveried page-boys were shouting names in the corridors.

There was a little writing-room at one side of the hall and I sat there to write my telegram. It ra.:

"Please send name and address reliable solicitor London whom I can consult on important business."

I was holding the telegraph form in my hand and reading my message again and again to make sure that it would lead to no mischief, when I began to think of Martin Conrad.

It seemed to me that some one had mentioned his name, but I told myself that must have been a mistake—that being so lonely, so helpless and so much in need of a friend at that moment, my heart and not my ears had heard it.

Nevertheless as I sat holding my telegraph form I became conscious of somebody who was moving about me. It was a man, for I could smell the sweet pearly odor of his Harris tweeds.

At length, with that thrill which only the human voice can bring to us when it is the voice of one from whom we have been long parted I heard somebody say, from the other side of the desk:

"Mary, is it you?"

I looked up, the blood rushed to my face and a dazzling mist floated before my eyes, so that for a moment I could hardly see who was there. But I knew who it was—it was Martin himself.

He came down on me like a breeze from the mountain, took me by both hands, telegram and all, and said:

"My goodness, this is stunning!"

"I'm so glad, so glad!" I said again and again, dazed with a kind of dumb joy.

For two full minutes I felt happier than I had ever been in my life before, and then an icy chill came over me, for I remembered that I had been married since I saw Martin Conrad last and I did not know how I was to break the news to him.

Just then my husband and Alma came down the lift, and seeing me with a stranger, as they crossed the hall to go into the breakfast room, they came up and spoke. I had to introduce them and it was hard to do, for it was necessary to reveal everything in a word. I looked at Martin Conrad when I presented him to my husband and he did not move a muscle. Then I looked at my husband and under a very small bow his face grew dark.

I could not help seeing the difference between the two men as they stood together—Martin with his sea-blue eyes and his look of splendid health, and my husband with his sallow cheeks and his appearance of wasted strength—and somehow from some unsearchable depths of my soul the contrast humbled me.

When I introduced Alma she took Martin's hand and held it while she gazed searchingly into his eyes from under her eyebrows, as she always did when she was being presented to a man; but I saw that in this instance her glance fell with no more effect on its object than a lighted vesta on a running stream.

After the usual banal phrases my husband inquired if Martin was staying in the house, and then asked if he would dine with us some day.

"Certainly! Delighted! With all the pleasure in the world," said Martin.

"Then," said my husband with rather frigid politeness, "you will see more of your friend Mary."

"Yes," said Alma, in a way that meant much, "you will see more of your friend Mary."

"Don't you worry about that, ma'am. You bet—I will," said Martin, looking straight into Alma's eyes, and though she laughed as she passed into the breakfast room with my husband, I could see that for the first time in her life a man's face had frightened her.

"Then you knew?" I said, when they were gone.

"Yes; a friend of mine who met you abroad came down to see us into port and he"——

"Dr. O'Sullivan?"

"That's the man! Isn't he a boy? And, my gracious, the way he speaks of you! But now—now you must go to breakfast yourself, and I must be off about my business."

"Don't go yet," I said.

"I'll stay all day if you want me to, but I promised to meet the Lieutenant on the ship in half an hour, and"——

"Then you must go."

"Not yet. Sit down again. Five minutes will do no harm. And by the way, now that I look at you again, I'm not so sure that you....Italy, Egypt, there's enough sun down there, but you're pale ....A little pale, aren't you?"

I tried to make light of my pallor but Martin looked uneasy, and after a moment he said:

"How long are you staying in London?"

I told him I did not know, whereupon he said:

"Well, I'm to be here a month, making charts and tables and reports for the Royal Geographical Society, but if you want me for anything....do you want me now?"

"No-o, no, not now," I answered.

"Well, if you do want me for anything—anything at all, mind—just pass the word and the charts and the tables and the reports and the Royal Geographical Society may go to the—well, somewhere."

I laughed and rose and told him he ought to go, though at the bottom of my heart I was wishing him to stay, and thinking how little and weak and lonely I was, while here was a big, brave man who could protect me from every danger.

We walked together to the door, and there I took his hand and held it, feeling, like a child, that if I let him go he might be lost in the human ocean outside and I should see no more of him.

At last, struggling hard with a lump that was gathering in my throat, I said:

"Martin, I have been so happy to see you. I've never been so happy to see anybody in my life. You'll let me see you again, won't you?"

"Won't I? Bet your life I will," he said. "Look here—here's to-morrow for me, will ye? If them ones" (my husband and Alma) "is afther axing ye to do anything else just tell them there's an auld shipmate ashore, and he's wanting ye to go 'aploring See? So-long!"

It had been like a dream, a beautiful dream, and as soon as I came to myself in the hall, with the visitors calling at the bureau, and the page-boys shouting in the corridors, I found that my telegraph-form, crumpled and crushed, was still in the palm of my left hand.

I tore it up and went in to breakfast.

Excerpts Republished from "The Woman Thou Gavest Me," A New Serial Published Serially in HEARST'S MAGAZINE.

"Hark here, ma'am," said My Father, as He Turned from the Bishop to the Reverend Mother. "I believe I've got the right of a father to do what I mean to do, and that it will be an ugly business for anybody who aids and abets my daughter in resisting her father's will."—A Craig Drawing from "The Woman Thou Gavest Me," Published and Copyrighted by HEARST'S MAGAZINE.

The Little Voice Within--A Sermon for Children

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And they said one to another, we are verily guilty concerning our brother in that we saw the anguish of his soul, when he besought us, and we would not hear, therefore is this distress come upon us. Genesis 4221.

By Rev. Chas. H. Parkhurst

A VERY nice letter came to me a few days ago from a little boy thirteen years old, living in New Jersey. From what he wrote I could see that he had been reading some things which I had had printed in the Evening Journal, and that led me to conclude that this Sunday, in place of the usual sermon written for grown-ups, I would prepare one with special reference to the children, using as subject the story of Joseph and his brethren.

One reason why we sometimes find it difficult to talk to you, children, is that we forget that you are much the same thing as grown-up people are, only done up in smaller parcels. You go to the store and get a pound of tea. Your father goes and orders ten pounds. Your pound comes home, the string is taken off, a little of it turned out and you see that it is tea. The ten-pound bundle comes home, the string is taken off or the box is opened, a little of it is turned out, and you see that it is tea; just like the other, only not so much of it. The tea you bought was just as much tea as that which your father bought, only done up in a smaller package. So I say you boys are men put in small parcels; you girls are women tied up in small bundles.

All of that is true about the body. It is true, too, about that queer little machine that is somewhere inside of the body that we do our thinking with and that we call our mind. If we could find it and take it out and look at it, it is certain that it would be very much like the matter of the two parcels of tea over again: Child's mind, man's mind; the same thing in two packages; little package, big package. So of your heart that you feel with, that you are glad with and that you are sorry with.

In the same way children's minds and hearts tick along and keep time with the minds and hearts of people that are older and that weigh more and measure larger. Now, in this machine, this little ticker that is inside of us, there is one part, one little wheel of what-you-may-call-it, that is more interesting and more important than almost any other. The older people have it in them and the little people have it in them. We do not give it any name yet. You will guess it pretty soon. Boys and girls have it now. Jacob's boys had it. That is why we took for our text the verse we did.

You remember that Joseph's brothers put him in a pit. He had dreamed that he was going to be a greater man than they. Perhaps they were afraid that his dreams would prove true. At any rate, they flung him into a well. Then, as they did not quite like to leave him there to starve, and hardly wanted to take him out and kill him outright, they drew him out after a while and sold him—sold him just as you would sell a dog you had gotten tired of—sold him to be a slave down in Egypt.

It must have been a little hard for them to see the little fellow going away out of their sight, carried off by a lot of men that perhaps would tie him up and beat him if they felt like it, and only half feed him if they took a notion to. They were provoked with him, to be sure, but he was their brother, and it was going to break their old father's heart almost. Something in them kept saying, "Don't do it." Then after it was all over and he was gone and they sat down together and talked about other things, they were thinking about Joseph all the time. There was something in them that felt uncomfortable. It was a queer feeling; we cannot describe it very well.

You children have sometimes had a little of the same feeling probably; little watches tick just like great clocks. Perhaps you have done something, or gone somewhere, that you knew your father or mother did not wish you to. When you began to think about doing it, something seemed to say to you, "Better not." But in spite of that you go on and do it. Then you wish you hadn't. You begin to feel uncomfortable about it. The fun you had in doing it was not so great as the unhappy feeling that comes over you because you have done it. You keep it to yourself a while, and a little spot inside you somewhere goes on aching and aching till you cannot bear it any longer, and then you go and tell mother all about it.

A good many years later when old Jacob supposed his little boy was dead and his brothers had now no kind of an idea what had become of him, they went away from home a long distance into a strange country to buy something to eat. Here they were caught and shut up. They began to think the end had come.

So these brothers got frightened. Perhaps they had never once mentioned to each other the poor little boy they had been so cruel to since the day so long ago when they last saw him. They had done a deal of thinking about him though. I dare say they had dreamt about him. And now they are all thinking about him; and at last it all came out, the aches they had been carrying these long years, and what did they say? They said, "We didn't do right about our brother; the poor little fellow's heart was broken, and we wouldn't pity him. He begged us to take him back to his father and we turned our back on him and wouldn't listen. That is why we are here."

Now you children have understood all this because you have had just a little of the same feeling yourselves. I do not mean that you have done anything as bad as what Joseph's brothers did to him, but when you have thought about doing anything that was wrong, something has seemed to say to you "better not." Then if you do it, that something seems to make you uncomfortable, unhappy, because you have done it. Now what do you suppose makes this? Instead of answering that question exactly I want to give you part of a simple story that appeared in one of our papers a while ago, written by Theodore Parker. "When I was not quite five years old, one fine day in Spring, my father led me by the hand to a distant part of the farm, and soon sent me home again alone. I saw a little tortoise sunning himself in the shallow waters at the roots of the flaming shrub. I lifted the stick I had in my hand to strike the harmless creature, for though I had never killed any animal, yet I had seen other boys do so, and I felt a disposition to follow their wicked example.

"But all at once something seemed to check my little arm, and a voice within me said, clear and loud, 'it is wrong'! I had never known or felt anything like this before. I held my up-lifted stick in wonder at the strange feeling that came upon me and the wonderful inward voice that I seemed to hear, and stood there in amazement in the same attitude with my stick still in the air till the tortoise and the flower beneath which it was sunning itself, both vanished from my sight. I hastened home and told the whole story to my mother and asked her what it was that spoke to me and told me it was wrong to kill the tortoise.

"She wiped a tear from her eye, and taking me in her arms, said: 'Some men call it conscience, but I prefer to call it the voice of God speaking to our soul. If you listen to it, Theodore, and obey it, then it will speak clearer and clearer, and always guide you right; but if you shut your ear to it or disobey it, then it will fade out little by little and leave you in the dark and without a guide. Your life depends on heeding that little voice.'"

Children, you see what a great and wonderful thing this is that we have been talking about. God is very close to us, and very close to the children. And if you cannot hear him talking to you out loud you can at any rate hear him sometimes talking to you in a whisper, what the Bible calls a still, small voice.

And the next time you are upon the edge of doing something that is wrong you just wait and listen; notice how you and something else will seem to talk back and forth. You will say, "I want to," and then it will say, "Better not." It is a wonderful thing to have God come close to you and tell you what you had better do and what you had better not do, and have him tell you so himself.

The care of the Lord be over the children who read this little sermon, their ears be open to His voice, their hearts tender and their hands willing to do His close and gentle bidding.

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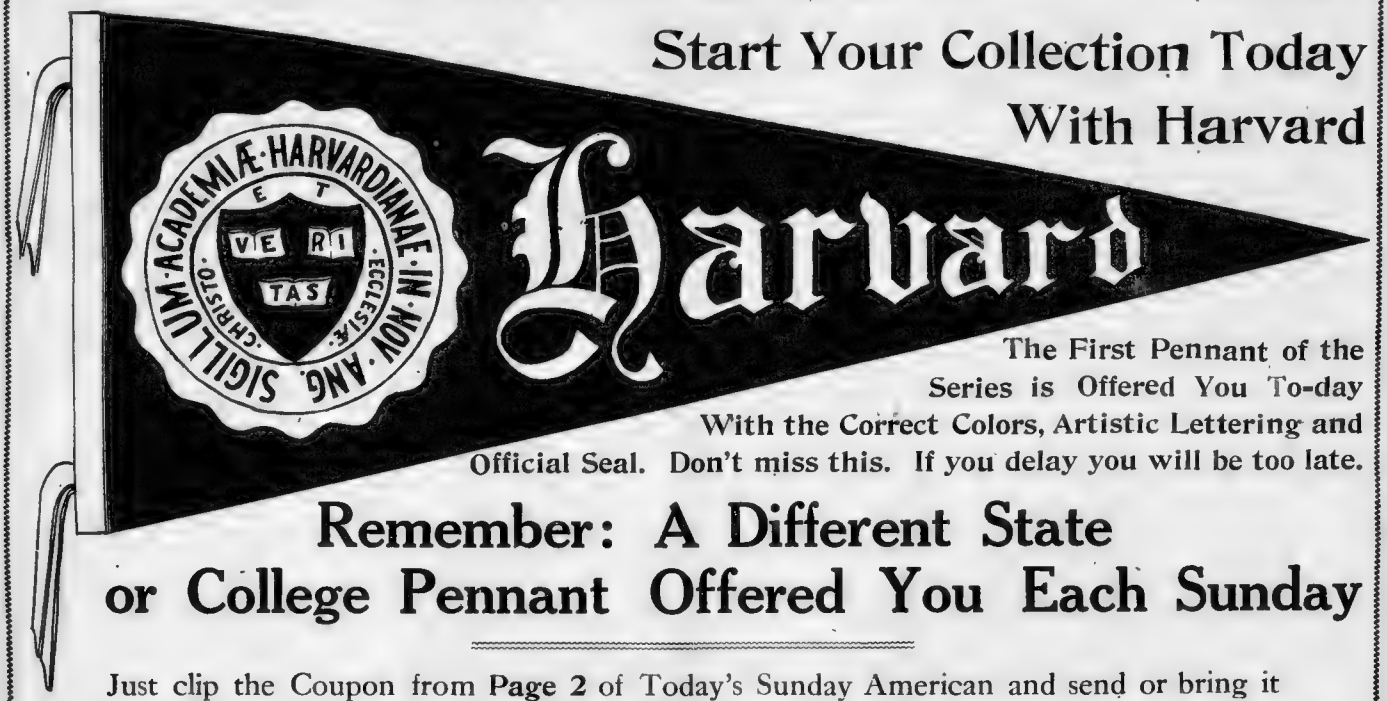

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Priceless Art Treasures Recently Brought into America.

The Charming Bust of Sabine Houdon, by Jean Antoine Houdon, Bought by Judge E. H. Gary for Over $100,000.

THE past few weeks have probably been more remarkable than any previous period for the importation of great works of art. American millionaires have now taken the role of art patrons once played by Italian merchant princes, French noblemen and English peers.

Judge E. H. Gary, of the Steel Corporation, has just acquired one of the most charming works of eighteenth century French sculpture, the bust of little Sabine Houdon, at the age of ten months, by her father, Jean Antoine Houdon. The bust was bought from the Duveen Brothers, the art dealers, of No. 720 Fifth avenue, New York, who had previously acquired it at the Jacques Doucet sale in Paris. The price paid by Judge Gary must have been in excess of $100,000, as $98,000 was paid at auction in Paris.

The little masterpiece, which is only about fourteen inches high, is of white marble upon a pedestal of turquoise marble. It bears the inscription "Sabine Houdon, 1788." It shows a little girl with chubby, firm cheeks, smooth hair and a delightfully boyish and roguish expression of face. The shoulders are nude, and the head is slightly turned to the right.

In later years, when the subject of this work became a beautiful young woman, her father made a celebrated bust of her, with curly hair. Sabine married a M. Duval, and the bust of her as a child remained in the possession of her descendants until about eight years ago, when it passed to M. Doucet.

America is taking the same lead in the acquisition of classic pieces of tapestry as in other forms of art. A beautiful series of eight Beauvais tapestry panels, known as the Gatellier set, is now in the galleries of the Duveen house. They are made from cartoons by Francois Boucher, the favorite artist of Madame de Pompadour. In attractiveness and value they probably equal the famous set of Boucher tapestries sold to Henry E Huntington by the same firm about two years ago, and now decorating his house at Los Angeles.

These tapestries represent scenes of country life and breathe that spirit of grace and artificiality which makes the great attraction of French eighteenth century art. They were completed in 1762, during the reign of Louis XV., and delivered to the Comte de Gatellier, for whom they were executed. They were intended to decorate a ballroom, and it seems clear that the four smaller panels were designed for the space between windows opening on a terrace. It is hard to imagine a more charming decoration for a ballroom.

Through some misfortune in the family, it seems, the tapestries were not placed in position, but remained in a dark room for many years. This would explain the extraordinary freshness of their brilliant coloring. They continued in the possession of the Gatellier family, undisturbed by revolutions, until about fifteen years ago, and now they have been brought to America.

The great picture "St. Lawrence Enthroned with Saints and Donors," by Fra Lippo Lippi, rivals in importance any previous acquisition of old masters by Americans. It was bought by J. Pierpont Morgan from the Duveens just before the banker's recent departure for Europe, and placed on exhibition in the Metropolitan Museum at almost the same time.

This is pronounced by the best critics to be one of Fra Lippo's greatest works. It is wonderfully decorative, admirably artistic and charmingly devout. It was painted about 1440, and placed on the altar of the Church of Vincigliata, where it remained until 1790, when the church was rebuilt. Then it was transferred to the Palazzo Alessandro degli Albizzi, where it remained until the Duveen Brothers acquired it.

It consists of three panels. In the centre one St. Lawrence is represented seated on a carved wooden throne. He wears a green mantle embroidered in gold. In his right hand he holds a palm and in his left a closed book. On either

(Continued on Next Page.)

"The Collation," One of the Eight Beautiful Boucher Tapestries Now in the Duveen Galleries.

"St. Lawrence Enthroned with Saints," By Fra Lippo Lippi, the Latest Very Great Old Master Acquired by J. Pierpont Morgan.

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NEW DISCOVERIES ALL OVER THE EARTH

WHERE Your WORRIES and Fears Really Come FROM

By William Lee Howard, M. D.

THERE are many little fears that at some time of our life make us very miserable. Most of these nagging, injurious and useless fears come when we are starting in real life—before we have become toughened to its worries.

There is the fear of losing the respect of old friends, the teasing idea that we are going to be failures, and that most destructive fear of all, that of the loss of self-confidence.

Many of these conditions have always been considered from the preacher's or philosopher's view, but really they belong to that branch of medical science we call psychology—the understanding of the working of the mind. This science has opened to us a cure for most of these worries by a method of self-analysis.

Let us take the fear a young woman has that she will not be able to satisfy her employer; that she is being undermined by some one else. It is an awful fear and a very common one. It is all very well to tell her: "Nonsense; you are worrying about nothing—stop it!" She would if she could, so such old advice is useless; it is unscientific.

But what is the trouble, and how can she remedy it?

The origin of the uprising of this and similar fears lies way back in childhood—perhaps in babyhood. The girl had parents or teachers who were always telling her that she was careless or not to be depended upon. Constantly, daily, her developing brain cells were being trained to listen to words of reproof or suggestions of failure. "If you do not look out, Mary Smith will get ahead of you. Unless you act differently you will be dropped from the class." Or else the mother, in a moment of forgetfulness, will exclaim: "Nellie, if you keep on as you are you will never be anything but a complete failure in life—this is certain, and you remember it!" And her subconscious brain does remember it, although her conscious brain does not recognize the fact. The fear is the awful memory of these wrong reproofs.

These and many other harsh words—kindly meant, but ignorantly applied—placed way back in the subconscious life, the germs of self fear, of the idea of want of ability, of a spring of worrying thoughts which only wait to well up and take possession of the young woman's mind when the contest in life commences.

There is no more favorable opportunity for all this to take place than that of the girl's first struggle for herself—worker or wife. For an ignorant husband can be the worst kind of a nagger and soul destroyer. He does not mean it, of course, but that is not the point.

No matter what position a girl takes she has to head

How Unpleasant Things and Harsh Words in CHILDHOOD Pursue Us in Hidden Guise ALL OUR LIVES

Harsh Words Are Stored for All Time in the Sensitive Brain Cells of Children, and Are Responsible for Most of Our Useless Fears in After Life.

vised or ordered by some one, and in the best meaning employer blame and censure are certain to be her lot. This may be kindly meant and all for her good, but at the impressionable age, inexperienced, not sure of herself, it will worry her and later on bring a constant fear—a fear she cannot define, but one that destroys her peace of mind and poise, and, if kept up, her physical health.

And all this is due to the awakening of those injurious ideas started when she was a child. She did not mind them then, but, nevertheless, they remained, grew and now take hold of her body and soul. Remember that no incidents of words or deeds are ever lost in the mind. Once placed there they always remain. It is the strengthening of the mind by other and more powerful thoughts that keep them hidden. In serious illness where the mind runs away from itself, we often see the horrible revelations of what had been seen and acted in childhood. All restrictive and controlling facts and habits are in abeyance and the whole self is spread for our eyes and ears to take in.

But to get back to the fear that the girl has that she will lose her position. Some girls find it impossible to work under this terrible incubus and similar horrors, and go from place to place, ever down, down, sometimes to recklessness and despair.

Now most all of these useless fears can be conquered. Those who do not recognize or realize the fearful role suggestion and incidents of forgotten childhood play in adult life will tell you these fears and distressing dreams are all unfounded, have no truth for existence. They are wrong, as we have seen they have truth and foundations, and it is the uprising of them that controls you.

True, the causes are in themselves trivial, but to you of real and great importance. They must be put back in their place and kept there. You can so surround them by powerful ideas and thoughts that they will stay incased and never come out again—that is to really trouble you.

First, remember that in everything you try to do there will be failures, mistakes and little annoyances. Get it clearly in your mind that the fears you have are those of childhood and should have nothing to do with your present life. There is no fear of losing your position or respect of friends if you have conscientiously done your best. This self-knowledge that you have honestly striven, have not shirked, been self respecting and left every day with your allotted and even a little more work done, will—and this is positive—bring your mind matter to the point where you can encase those suggestions that childhood received.

You cannot always please others, but you can please yourself by having always a clean conscience. If you have shirked your work, if you have momentarily lost your temper, become jealous or suspicious, the check is off and then will rise the cause for the many little fears—those subconscious suggestions of early days.

And the worst of it all is that they will become stronger day by day if you allow the conditions to continue—they will become weaker day by day if you control the conditions. These are scientific facts, not academic theories.

Man LOST Covering of HAIR When He Stopped Eating BUDS

By Professor E. Bergfield, Berlin, Germany.

CLOTHING has had little to do with man's loss of the hairy covering, as appears from a comparison of clothed and unclothed men in the same latitudes.

Hair is a horny growth, just like feathers, wool, nails, hoofs, claws and horns, requiring silicious earth for its formation. All animals with great horn development feed upon food rich in silicates, especially grass—for example, horned cattle, deer, elephants, who have not only great tusks, but horny hides. Birds which require a large amount of silicates for their dietary by eating sand and gravel. The wonderful digestive power of the fowl's gizzard is well known. Italian investigators have found massive glass balls crushed to powder in the gizzards of fowls. Spallanzani experimented with a turkey-cock, feeding him twelve sharp steel points in an electuary, or cake, and he found after eighteen hours, when he opened the gizzard, that the little blades were broken up and crushed, and not one had even scraped the interior of the gizzard.

Since it is plain that food rich in silicates produces horny growth of all kinds, whether feathers or hair, it is plain that food which is poor in silicates tends to reduce the formation of horny substance in animal or man, thus reducing the strength of the bones, causing rickets, and in hens, causing them to lay eggs with leathery shells. That in sheep a change of diet produces loss in growth of wool has been proved by taking sheep from Tripoli to Fessan, where after two years they almost altogether lost their wool. In Fessan they did not find the luxuriant grass to which they had been accustomed, for in Fessan every one lives on dates—camels, horses, dogs even, and man.

That our domestic swine, which are descended from the hairy bristled wild hogs, become almost hairless can be attributed to nothing else than the lack of silicates in their food. The change of the color of skin from the dark color of the wild hog to the almost white skin of the domestic swine may also be attributed to the change from the natural food, consisting of fruits, nuts and roots, to the food we give our domestic swine, which consists so largely of milk, and has salt added thereto, the great bleacher.

It is, therefore, more than suggested that man became naked, and lost most of his hairy covering because his food lacks silicates. In prehistoric ages, when fruits had not developed their fine taste or been cultivated by man to that end, prehistoric man, like the anthropoid apes of our day, ate largely of vegetables, buds and young twigs. Prehistoric man supplied his system with silicates through these buds, twigs and roots, but as fruits developed their finer flavor man ate more of these and less of the more tasteless herbs and twigs, thus diminishing the supply of silicates and at the same time decreasing his hairy covering. When they ate only the inside of the bananas and threw away the skins, they threw away their own skin-covering at the same time. They began to supply something of the silicate to the human system again when man began to eat wheat and grains of other kinds, and for this reason the white races of Europe have more of a hairy covering than negroes, Malays and Indians. But, as of late the Europeans are ceasing to eat whole-wheat bread, making their bread chiefly of the inside of the grains and omitting the rich outside so full of silicates, the hairy covering is being affected, even so far as to increase the tendency to baldness and thinness of hair on the head. The thinning of the hair in prehistoric man began first on the stomach side, which was less exposed to irritation by sun and rain than the back, as it was natural to protect the face from the play of the elements.

Among many savage nations it is the practice to pull out the hair on the face by the roots, and especially is this the case with the women. The persistence in this practice through generations resulted in the weakening and final destruction of these organs in the skin which tend to produce hair, thus accounting for the general beardlessness of women.

Heart-of-the-Palm Is the NEWEST SALAD

PROBABLY the newest thing in the way of a salad, and also the costliest, is the heart of the palm. That is, in plain English, it is the heart of the palm, but, of course, any one who can afford to buy or to serve their guests with such a rare salad can also afford to give it the French name of "Coeur de palmier."

This salad is just what its name represents it to be, the heart of the tropical palm. Tropical palms are not extra rapid of growth; they cannot be planted season after season and come up week after week, or at least month after month, on the same little garden plot, as one can raise lettuce, and for this reason and the fact that they have to be secured in the tropics and carefully tinned, makes them unusually expensive.

It is indeed a rare delicacy. Its costliness is not merely its only advantage among the extremely wealthy, but it does have a splendid flavor and one that is absolutely unlike any other salad.

Herein lies another reason for its great value. The hostess knows that in serving this her guests must notice the delicate flavor and know at once that it is a rare and costly delicacy, and it is just that sort of thing that pleases the host or hostess who goes to great pains and expense to set forth something unusual.

Already there are a few of the more select hotels in this country and also abroad that include this on the menu. As it is generally in tins, this is not difficult. Coeur de palmier salad somewhat resembles asparagus, although the resemblance is not great. Yet it looks more like asparagus than any other of our kitchen garden vegetables, but it is by no means so uniformly round as asparagus. It is of delicate green color and the stalks are short.

A close examination discloses to any one who is at all familiar with the small tropic palms that this salad is in reality made from the tender hearts or top shoots of these palms. These hearts are cut in halves and then for market purposes are carefully preserved in tins. They are best liked when served on leaves of crisp lettuce with a covering of either mayonnaise or French dressing.

Saving X-Ray Operators by Means of LEADED SILK

THAT the X-ray is deadly as well as decidedly beneficial has been demonstrated altogether too many times in the past by the manner in which so many operators of X-ray machines have become terribly and permanently crippled and in many cases have lost their lives.

As is well known, lead is about the only thing that will protect the body from the "Roentgen" rays, as they will not penetrate the lead. Because of this X-ray operators use aprons of lead, and also add large shields over the entire body, and especially the hands. But these are naturally clumsy, because of their great weight, and interfere to a certain extent with the work of the operator.

According to an announcement from the British Academy of Science, this will soon be done away with through the discovery of a fabric called "leaded silk." The inventors have been able to weave a silk cloth which is so heavily impregnated with various substances, particularly lead, that it makes an armor actually impenetrable by the rays. Clothes made of six thicknesses of this leaded silk afford, the manufacturers declare, ample protection to the hands, no matter how long or how stead ly the operator may be handling the machin

All this means that physicians, surgeons, and especially their skilled assistants, who handle their machines, will be able to do twice as good work as heretofore, with the danger reduced to a minimum.

German Scientists' Simple FORMULA for GAINING WEICHT

NOT long ago an English publication credited a German scientist with the statement that one could gain flesh and health by partaking of common egg shells. This seemed so remarkable a statement that the editor of this page wrote to Professor R. Emmerich of the Hygiene Institution of Munich, Bavaria, the scientist in question, and asked him about it. The professor promptly replied that the English statement was a rather poor translation of what he had said, and explained how the error came about. As a result, however, this eminent scientist has practically demonstrated how almost anyone can gain flesh and health for about sixty-five cents. Chloride of Calcium, wrote the professor, was translated in the English publication as Chloride of Egg Shells. Egg shells contain carbonate of calcium—the old name being carbonate of lime.

"Human life," explained Professor Emmerich, "demands certain salts and limes and without these the human machinery isn't at its best." He and his assistant, Doctor A. Loew, have devoted much time and study to find out what these minerals are, and scientifically experimented on how the absence of them would affect the human body. They found that if they were withheld for three weeks the loss of general vitality and weight could be perceived. In some cases the absence of these salts and limes could be withheld for a period of from three to four months, but sooner or later the state of vitality would be so low that it verged on a complete breakdown—though recovery would be very rapid when the minerals were again given—and weight would be taken on very quickly. They found these salts and limes in a perfect proportion in crystallized chloride of calcium.

In this course the patient is advised to procure 200 grams of crystallized chloride of calcium, which can be purchased at any first class drug shop for about sixty-five cents, and dissolve it into a quart of water. This will make enough liquid chloride of calcium to last for a five weeks' treatment. This should be taken three times a day—one teaspoonful after each meal—never before a meal, or on an empty stomach. Dr. Emmerich advises the patient to accompany it with black coffee, tea—or even water. At first the dose will be a bitter one, but after a few days this bitterness will wear away. At the start of the treatment the doctor weighs the patient on a perfect balance scale, records his weight, and advises him to hold to his prescribed treatment for five weeks, and, at the completion of that time to report to him again—at the very same time of day, and in the same clothes. The result that this life aider has shown have been truly surprising. In the hundreds of cases there have been an average gain of from six to ten pounds.

Priceless Art Treasures Recently Brought Into This Country

(Continued from Preceding Page.)

side of the throne is a saint, each dressed similarly to the other, holding a palm erect. In the foreground are small figures representing the Cavaliere Messer Alessandro, who originally gave the painting to the church, and his two sons. These three persons are kneeling. The Cavaliere thus secured his immortality as a "donor."

St. Lawrence, it may be added, achieved eternal renown by being martyred on a gridiron in A. D. 258. The palm in his right hand is an emblem of martyrdom, while the book in his other hand indicates that he held the office of a deacon in the church.

The centre panel, which has a round top, is 48 inches high by 45¼ inches wide. Each of the two rectangular wide panels measures 23¼ inches in height by 15¼ inches in width. On each panel is a saint garbed as a monk. The background of the three panels is gilt, and the architectural framework is extremely handsome.

That is perhaps the most important of the many recent importations of really great and notable works of art into this country.

Some Easy EXERCISE That Will MAKE You Grow TALLER

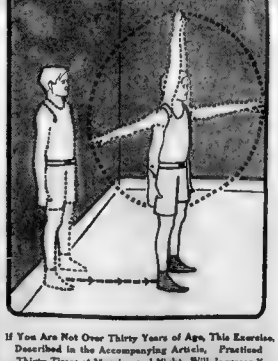
AFTER a person has "attained his growth," as the expression is, there is, of course, nothing that he can eat that will make him grow taller to any perceptible degree, although he may greatly increase his waist line. People who have attained their growth can become a little taller, however, according to many claims, if they take certain exercises, providing this is done before they are thirty years of age.

There is an exercise taken by American cavalrymen that is said to result in giving a man an extra inch of height if he will keep at it long enough, and always providing he is not more than thirty years old, for by that time the bones and cartilage have so thoroughly matured that it is practically impossible to affect them.

A number of young men just under the required height for enlistment in certain branches of the army or navy have taken this exercise with good results. This consists of standing back to a wall until you are just as erect as possible, then, taking two paces forward, away from the wall. Now let the arms hang by the sides with palms outward and slowly raise the arms above the head until the fingers meet, taking care not to bend the arms in the least and keeping the palms outward. Then lower the arms. Do this thirty times in the morning and thirty times at night every day for a month or so.

It is said that this exercise seldom fails to add at least a half inch to the stature of a young man, and it has been known to give a man an added inch of height.

First, do not stoop. Nearly every one stoops a little, and this prevents us from appearing as tall as we really are. The first thing to attend to is the matter of overcoming stooping. Sit up perfectly straight at all times and stand up perfectly straight. At first this is uncomfortable, even painful, but if you persist in this it soon gets to be natural with you and you feel uncomfortable if you stoop.



If You Are Not Over Thirty Years of Age, This Exercise, Described in the Accompanying Article, Practiced Thirty Times at Morning and Night, Will Increase Your Height.

When walking or standing still always stand as erect as possible, and whether sitting at a desk or at table at dinner, sit up quite straight. If you wish to relax, do not get into an easy chair and bend over or sag down into a lazy position. Sit in a chair that will allow you to lean back, a Morris chair, for instance. Always rest in a chair by leaning back, no matter how far, but never bend forward to rest or talk or read.

It is the back that keeps us erect, or should do so, and consequently the back muscles should be hardened. Indian clubs and exercises will help in this. Once you have acquired the habit of standing erect you will look taller and you will feel better, although you won't be any taller; you will merely have straightened out the stoop.

After that, persistency in the cavalryman exercise will surely help you to gain a bit in height if you stick to it. The average height for Anglo-Saxons that nature seems to have fixed for men is five feet eight inches. There is a peculiarity about height. When both parents are quite tall the children are inclined to be a little shorter than either parent. When both parents are short their children are quite likely to be taller than either of them. With a tall father and short mother it is said the sons are more likely to be tall, while a short father and tall mother frequently results in tall daughters.

By Heating a Telephone the Sound Becomes Much Louder

IN experimenting with telephones surprising results were obtained by a Danish engineer named Petersen, by simply heating the transmitter. It was found that this increased the volume of sound very considerably. In fact, a transmitter thus heated so increased the volume of sound that the receiver, laid on the table on the other end of the line, delivered the speech so plainly that all at a far corner of the big room away from it heard every word distinctly. Before the transmitter was heated this was impossible.

A Paris telegraph engineer named Germain made practically the same discovery some time before, but it was not put to use. Now Professor Hannover, of the Danish State Experimental establishment, has taken up the matter and finds that a simple apparatus may be made for heating the microphone transmitter of a telephone and thereby enable messages to be transmitted by telephone a much greater distance than is possible under ordinary conditions.

The reason for this is simple enough. The heating of the microphone transmitter results in making the air about it rarified, and this naturally carries the sound better. For telephones extending over high and weather exposed mountain peaks and in such places where there is difficulty in making the sound carry well, this heating can be resorted to and the line made as clear as a bell.

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"How to Invest Your Savings"

A Lesson in Thrift by the Witty French Artiste Who Explains the Folly of Giving Away Anything You May Need and the Wisdom of Holding on to Everything You Have

by Gaby Deslys

Illustrating Gaby's Adaptation of the Old Saw, That "A Bird in the Hand Is Worth Two in the Bush."

Gaby Deslys as a Charming Money-Taker, Contemplating Her Favorite Financial Motto. She Also Shows for Contemplation of Others a Few of the Great Pearls in Which Some of Her Savings Are Invested.

By GABY DESLYS,
(The Paris Star of the Winter Garden, New York.)

I HAVE been condemned for being mercenary. I am more than mercenary—I keep that which I have gotten. It is my purpose to-day to tell my woman readers why I am mercenary and why they also should be mercenary, and mainly to tell them how to invest that which they have gotten.

In this world you give something for nothing for just four reasons—because you are in love, because you do not care, because you are vain, or because you expect to get something more valuable than that which you have relinquished.

Those who do the first are emotional fools, those who do the second are thriftless fools; those who do the third are barbarous fools, and those who do the fourth are wise only if they play what you call here an absolutely safe bet.

But she who gives nothing away is always wise.

We live in a fighting world. Self-preservation is still the first law of nature. There is no mercy, no beauty, no softness and no gentleness in nature beyond the accidental—and the illusion of these things we create for ourselves. By an accident of seasons a waste becomes in June a smiling plain of flowers, and, lo! we praise the gentleness of nature; and, by another accident of seasons, that same plain becomes, in January, a raging waste of cold and storm in which all living things must perish, and, lo! we condemn the harshness and cruelty of nature. And it is the same nature. The sun shines for a few days and coaxes out a multitude of tender little buds, and then the cold sweeps down and destroys them.

The mood in your dearest friend which to-day calls forth all your generosity, your gentleness, may change to-morrow into a mood that repels you finalement. The sun has called forth the buds—and, lo! the cold has come and nipped them. And so, if you have given unwisely the day before, why, to-day you are stripped and unfit to protect yourself in the eternal warfare.

Softness, gentleness, mercy, generosity—these are nature's veils. Underneath them is the stern, hard rock of the first law—self preservation.

But understand me—I do not believe, nor do I wish to impart the thought that these are not splendid, great things. They are. Beauty is beauty, no matter what lies behind it, and generosity and gentleness are real even if they do melt away under stress. It is that I would not have you be blinded to the great realities that underlie these things, to fall into the trap of believing them all in all.

In this world I have found only one great, constructive, safe truth. It is this: Everything that is worth having is worth paying for. Nature gives nothing for nothing. We must pay in effort, if nothing else, for the smallest thing. The history of humanity has been a constant struggle to pay the lowest price it can, and this habit of the race is reflected in the individual who constantly tries to get the most he can for nothing. Life is a business, and the sooner it is put on business principles the better for all of us. The thing you create is worth so much, the services you render are worth so much, the pleasure you give by your beauty or your charm of your intelligence is worth so much. If it is worth nothing or little, you have no just complaint about receiving little or nothing. If it is worth much, it must be your object to get much for it. But it is the value in itself that should count. It should not be paid so many dollars more because of emotional illusions. Nor should you give it away for any emotional illusion.

"There is no sentiment in business"—this is your theatrical rule that is a reproach to you abroad. I think it is a splendid, true thing—only you do not practise it. Enjoy in life its sentiments, but do not let them interfere with the business of life. Life is a commercial proposition all the way through.

If a man wants me to go out with him to dinner after the theatre I charge him from $100 to $500. Why should I not? He wants me to go with him either because he gets enjoyment by my charm, my conversation, my dresses, or to be able to say "I have dined with Gab Deslys" and to get whatever reclame may come from that. In either case I am performing services which have a distinct value. I do not want to eat his dinner—I can buy my own and enjoy it just as much. I do not find his conversation necessary for divertissement—I can divert myself as well. My time is being taken up. And we have nothing but time—to do something in.

"But you can be seen at the Winter Garden for a hundredth part of that!" you say. True, but not individually. There people come to see me in masse, and therefore the price of admission is based upon the number of seats. It is a co-operative price. But if one man wanted to see me act at the Winter Garden and wanted to have no one else around him he would have to buy up all the seats in the house, or pay a price which would be considerably more than $500. People come to the theatre to see me and willingly pay. Why should I charge nothing for being taken to dinner by a man when he would not expect to come and see me act for nothing?

This is businesslike and right. In the same way I charge for riding in an automobile or for walking down the avenue with a man, or for dropping into some smart place for luncheon. It is right. He gets something or he would not waste his time; what he gets he should pay for. I charge the artist who wishes to paint my picture.

Most women do unconsciously what I do consciously. A jeune femme, a young girl, will take the trouble to adorn herself in her best, to act her best, to be as sprightly as possible with a young man. Why? Because she expects her payment in marriage. An older woman will do the same with her husband. Why? Because she, too, wants something—to keep him, perhaps, or get an auto or a theatre box or what not. Or she does it for others because she wants admiration. Whatever it is, she expects to get something for it. I want her to know just what she wants, to go about getting it intelligently, to do nothing for nothing, and to do wisely with what she gets.

I knew a very charming little actress in Paris, Mathilde Farol. Mathilde could have been rich. But there was a girl friend, such a charming, delicate little friend. And this little friend wanted to be a great opera singer, and she had the voice to be it. Mathilde gave her all she could afford over her own actual living expenses to help her. And suddenly the little friend became a great singer. And Mathilde just at this time became ill. And the little friend forgot all about her and marched on to success, while Mathilde died for want of proper food and doctors. If she had saved the money she had given she would not have died; she would not even have been sick, and this is but one case in many.

I save all I get. I have adapted from that old saying "A bird in the hand is worth two in the bush." I have written over my financial window: "Two per cent in the hand is worth seventeen per cent in the bush." I play safe.

I save every franc, every sou, over my necessary expenses, and, of a surety, they are heavy indeed. I never speculate, neither do I invest in the stocks offered legitimately on the Paris Bourse. Every franc over my expenses I put in one of twenty French savings banks. I have twenty accounts, because even the safest bank may fail, and never never would I put all my eggs in one panier.

A true French woman, I believe that no sum is too small to save. The American woman seems to think that it is foolish to save until she has a large sum. How illogical! Let her copy me and begin with the francs.

It is hard to get, but it is harder to keep. Just as I believe it is ridiculous to give something for nothing, so do I believe that it is impossible to get something for nothing.

I know that there are exceptions, that now and then a man or woman will make great fortunes by placing small stakes on the big odd. But for every one of these fortunates there are thousands who lose all they possess. The big stakes that go to the few are the all of the unfortunates. Where else could it come? If it were not so we would all of us be very rich.

In life we should get all we can for whatever it is we have worth paying for—but when we expect to get twenty and thirty times over for each franc we invest we fly against reality. A franc is nothing in itself beyond what it paid for and what it can buy. It is no Aladdin's lamp to be rubbed. Fortunato's purse went out with the fairies.

Value for value is the only safe rule to follow. And I never invest unless I can clearly see value for value. I have never been able to see it in schemes that promise hundreds of per cent returns. Always in these I see only one certain thing—that the promoter wants my money.

What you earn, what your value is of what you can make people think is your value, that is yours. It is your foundation. The moment you begin to let some one juggle with that actual earned money you invite prestidigitation—and you usually get it.

I never gamble.

It is very hard to get together a thousand, two thousand, ten thousand. The trouble is that when one has it the hope for more becomes so powerful. We mistake our hope for possibility. We fool ourselves with hope just as we do with sentiment. There should be no hope. There only ought to be cool, careful thoughtful calculation of cause and effect. A man or woman who puts a thousand dollars in a scheme that promises them ten thousand in a year just because they want ten thousand is exactly on the plane of the man or woman who commits a crime on the theory that they won't be found out just because they don't want to be.

I study the ingredients of my investments with as much care to detail as I do the ingredients of the cream I put on my face. I wouldn't risk my beauty on something I did not know all about—why should I risk my money?

"Two per cent in the hand is worth seventeen per cent in the bush."

Enough of finance. Next I shall tell you why almost all actors and actresses are vain, brainless puppets.

To Grace Your Automobile for Two Hours I Charge You $150.

I will converse brightly and wittily.
I will wear my most charming motoring gown.
Luncheon is not included. For rates on this, see special card.

To Be Pointed Out as Your Companion on Fifth Avenue I Charge $250.

I will appear intensely interested in your conversation.
I will acknowledge the bows of your friends. (Luncheon not to exceed one hour included in this rate.)

To Make You the Envy of All Other Diners I Charge You $500.

I will wear the most attractive French gown.
I will gaze into your eyes as though enraptured by you.
I will toast you with three glasses of champagne.

Three Suggested "Gaby Cards" as Models for Everyone, if the Parisian Artiste's Theories Become Popular.

Six Thrifty Rules By Gaby

1.—It is hard to get—but harder to keep.

2.—It is as foolish to think you are going to get something for nothing as it is to give something for nothing.

3.—The fortunes that the few win on big odds are made up of the money of those who have lost on the other odds.

4.—A dollar is nothing beyond what it paid for and what it will actually buy—Fortunato's purse was lost centuries ago.

5.—Value for value is the only safe rule of investment. Every scheme that promises you hundreds of per cent gain has only one real fact—the promoter wants your money.

6.—Study the ingredients of your investments with the same thoroughness as those of your face cream. If you wouldn't risk your face, why risk your fortune?

Gaby Deslys in a Somewhat Economical Costume.

The "New Hypnotism" That Keeps Our Nerves from Worrying Us

CAPTAINS of industry and other modern high-pressure workers and livers have come to favor the game of golf as a means of enabling them to go on at the high-pressure rate without inviting a nervous breakdown. But not long ago a celebrated English golfer, himself, succumbed to "nerves"—in fact became a victim of neurosis. The specialist called in to treat the suffered employed hypnotic suggestion—that is, impressed upon his mind that he was in perfect health—whereupon the golfer made quick recovery.

Now comes Dr. Edwin Ash, a well-known English specialist in nervous disorders, declaring that hypnotic suggestion is of unquestioned value in treating such cases. He says:

"The cure of nervous ailments by psychic treatment, carried out by qualified practitioners, is a matter of daily occurrence. It cannot, however, be said that it has yet been appreciated at its true value by the bulk of the medical profession.

"Psycho-therapeutic treatment has suffered from constant association with the term hypnotism, which conveys to the mind of the public the use of a power for the inhibition of consciousness and the control of will in another person. As a fact, the best results in psychic suggestion without sleep or controlling the will. There is a world of difference between the quack hypnotism of the stage and of former times, and the 'New Hypnotism,' or rational treatment by suggestion without sleep, as practised by well-known authorities to-day.

"On the Continent and in America specialists are largely using suggestion without hypnotism. In France, one of the most famous exponents of the new treatment is Professor Bernheim, who has expressed the opinion that suggestion is always beneficial, even when it cannot cure.

"There is a growing feeling that suggestion must be made to play its part in every form of treatment of nervous people. The successes and results are plain enough, but, as with electricity, we find it difficult to say why it happens.

"A man who breaks down from overwork does so because the conditions have so reacted on his that he has become a prey to all sorts of wretched and irritable ideas. He cannot sleep, he gets thin, and wears an anxious and worried look—a look that is quite familiar now.

"Under the 'New Hypnotism' he is told to rest comfortably, close his eyes, and relax his limbs. The physician, by placing his hands on his head, suggests rest, tranquility and self-confidence. In this way the patient renews his mental harmony and a more healthy mind action. He recovers his capacity for work and self-control generally, his appetite returns, and gradually he becomes a happy, healthy person. He has been cured by suggestion—the 'New Hypnotism,' if you like. It is very simple, yet the results are so extraordinary.

"No scientific exponent of the 'New Hypnotism' would think of using it as a means of cure when there was serious organic disease, such as cancer or consumption. But even in those circumstances it gives considerable relief to the system and the mind. Suggestion has been successfully used for all kinds of cases of 'nerves,' including impediment of speech."

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Giant Mechanical Mosquitoes to Conquer Nature!

Astonishing Machines Suggested by a Swiss Scientist to Open Up Earth's Remotest Places, and to Make Impossible a Repetition of the Captain Scott Tragedy

Milan, Feb. 20

SELF-MOVING mechanisms modelled on the lines of gigantic mosquitoes and designed to enable man to conquer Nature in those places where the climate or the formation of the country make it impossible for him to enter or to remain for any length of time have been invented by Dr. Gustav Luchy, a Swiss scientist. Dr. Luchy, who has been collaborator with the Chevalier Pini, the inventor of astonishing machines for exploring the sea bottoms, asserts that if Captain Scott had been equipped with one of his mechanical mosquitoes he could have made his way to the South Pole within a few hours after leaving his base. He also claims that the machines will make impossible any repetition of the Scott tragedy, and will enable man to wrest from the Antarctic continent its mineral treasures without exposing their operators to the slightest danger.

Despite man's boasted mechanical progress, his engines of locomotion are singularly limited. The locomotive is dependent upon rails; the automobile demands at least a fairly smooth surface on which to run, and the flying machine as yet lacks efficient carrying power. None of the three is equipped to provide adequate shelter for any length of time in parts of the earth's surface where without shelter man cannot exist. Dr. Luchy's problem was to find a mechanism which could be independent of rails, would not be deterred by obstacles impassable to the automobile, would have practicable carrying power, and would provide shelter to a sufficient number of men for a sufficient length of time to enable them to do whatever they had set out to do.

In the formation of the mosquito he claims he found the combination of leg height with carrying power that he desired. The appearance of the machines in action would recall vividly the appearance of the Fighting Machines of the Martians in H. G. Wells's "War of the Worlds," a description of which is reprinted on this page.

Only small working models of the mechanical mosquitoes have as yet been made by the inventor, but these seem to be as practicable as the paper plans promised. A large working model forty feet high when the long, articulated legs are fully extended, is now in course of construction. In the body are the engines which provide its motive power and the quarters for a crew of ten men. The head is nothing more than a huge engine, from which are operated the drills, cutting tools, lifting cranes or whatever it is that is necessary for the work at hand. The inventor has in mind still larger machines built on exactly the same lines. He believes that there is no limit to the size of his mechanisms, and that it will be possible to build a mechanical mosquito big enough to walk through the shallower depths of the ocean, and to be powerful enough to cut through earth's crust to the internal fires—the same plan that has been suggested by the famous astronomer, Camille Flammarion, as a solution of the problem of our future source of energy when our coal beds give out.

The Lucny machines, besides being foreshadowed in Wells's fanciful story, have actual predecessors in travelling stages in use at Whitby, England, for marine work. These machines, the invention of Messrs. W. Hill & Co., are now being used for the construction of concrete breakwaters and similar operations. A description of their simpler mechanism will serve to make a trifle clearer the mode of locomotion of the Luchy machines. The Hill stages have eight legs and feet, four of which are used at a time when in motion. There are two massive steel framework structures, one inside the other, the outer being square, and the inner rectangular, the latter being somewhat smaller than the other. The legs, comprising stout members, which can be moved up and down vertically for a considerable distance, are fitted at the corners of each stage, and are pointed at the lower end to secure a firm grip upon the rocky seabed.

The walking action is secured as follows: The outer frame has its front legs lowered until the spuds (or feet) secure a grip upon the seabed. The legs of the inner stage are then raised to clear all obstructions when the stage is moved forward the full extent of its travel, which brings it against the forward end of the outer stage, when its legs are lowered to the ground. The legs of the outer stage are now elevated vertically, so that the latter rests upon the former.

The outer stage is now moved forward until the inner stage is brought into contact with the rear end of the outer stage. The legs of the last named are then lowered, those of the inner stage raised, and the same cycle of operation is repeated.

The "walking man" is quite a massive affair. The outer frame is 48½ feet square, and it stands 23 feet high from the bottom of the spuds to the working deck level. The inner stage is 29½ feet by 40½ feet. The result is that the machine can make a forward stride of about ten feet, while the inner stage can move sideways for about three feet. The feet are raised and lowered by screw gearing driven by electric motors. A complete movement can be effected in fifteen minutes.

It has been found that, with this travelling stage, work can be continued in the roughest weather. Indeed, it was the heavy seas experienced at Peterhead that led to its invention.

The Luchy machines have six articulated legs, three on each side of the body. Each leg ends in a deeply ridged foot, designed to give gripping power and to insure stability. The parts where the legs come from the mechanical body move on ball joints, thus giving free movement in all directions.

A study of the diagram on this page gives more clearly than any written description could, the essential principles of the Luchy invention.

In the Antarctic are enormous fields of mineral wealth. Captain Scott reported great coal beds and evidences of platinum, gold, iron and other useful minerals have been reported by other explorers. The great question has been how to get this mineral wealth away from such a place. The land is frozen and for a great part of the year is swept by terrific blizzards, in which man can hardly live, much less work. But it is claimed for the Luchy invention that several machines, each capable of holding crews of forty or fifty men, could be taken down to the Antarctic land mass. There they could be adjusted and could be effectively worked for the greater part of the year at least.

The boring tools in the head of the mosquitoes can be manipulated entirely from the inside of the machine itself and the body of the mechanism provides perfect shelter against the worst climatic conditions that could be encountered.

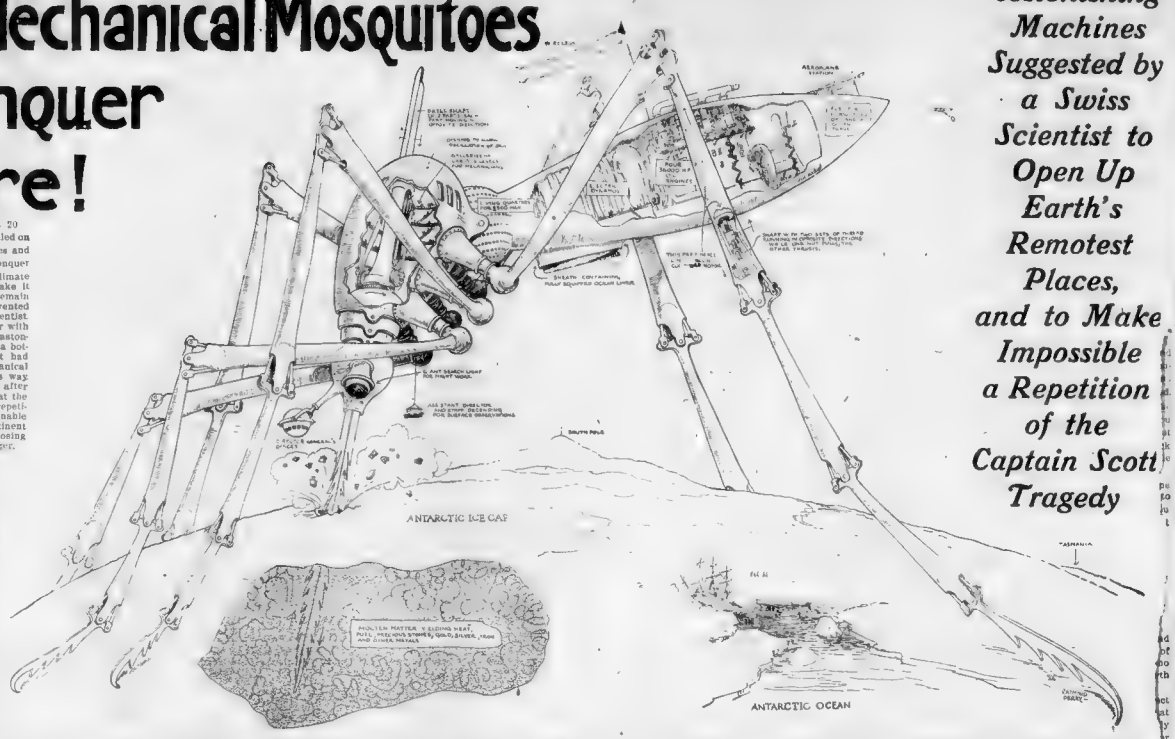
The machines will be made of steel and aluminum, and are not inordinately heavy. They are run by the Diesel oil machines, and the problem of fuel is the difficult one. It would be with coal. It will even be possible to use one machine as an operating mechanism and to tow several others as carriers for whatever ores or other earth's treasures their crews are after.

For work in deserts, where the only means of access is by caravan, it is thought that the Luchy machines will be extremely useful. They do away with the necessity of erecting elaborate buildings or elaborate fortifications against hostile tribes, and can move easily and swiftly from place to place. They carry their own supplies and their own means of movement, and so are not dependent upon their surroundings.

In tropical countries, where locomotive travel is impeded by the vegetable growth the machines can be equipped with cutting tools, and could clear a path to whatever point aimed at in a fraction of the time compared to the slow methods now in use.

Finally their use as war engines, as terrible as the fanciful "walking tripods" of Mr. Wells's Martians, is being brought to the attention of the Italian Government.

It is only fair to say that many scientists are skeptical as to the practicability of the machines. They grant that they will have limited use, but doubt if they can be extended to the deep sea wading size predicted by Dr. Luchy. Complexity of parts, weight and the enormous energy needed to run them on a large scale are put forth as arguments against their unlimited use.


ANTARCTIC ICE CAP
ANTARCTIC OCEAN
TASMANIA
SOUTH POLE
MOLTEN METTER VIA SLIDING HEAT PIPE, THROUGH WHICH WATER, BRINE, IRON AND OTHER METALS

Picture Diagram Illustrating the Inventor's Idea of the Development of the Luchy Machine, Drawn from Sketches of the Small Working Model. The Essential Points of the Invention Can Be Grasped Easily by Study of the Carefully Worked Out Illustration. The Artist Has Shown the Machine at Work in the Antarctic, Boring Through the Ice Cap Down into the Internal Fires of the Earth. While the Inventor Has Suggested the Possibility of Tapping Earth's Heat in This Way, Other Scientists Believe Such a Development Highly Improbable. Not Only Would the Tools Have to Be of Impossible Length and Size, but It Would Not Be Possible to Carry Men into Places Inaccessible to Other Means of Conveyance and at the Same Time to Provide Shelter. Besides, the Internal Fires, When Struck, Would Destroy the Tools Instantly. The Future of the Invention Lies, It Is Believed, in Smaller Machines Which Are

The Weird, "Living" Machines of the Octopus-Like Martians

(From "The War of the Worlds," by H. G. Wells.)

AND this Thing I saw! How can I describe it? A monstrous tripod, higher than many houses, striding over the young pine trees and smashing them aside in its career; a walking engine of glittering metal, striding across the heather; articulate ropes of steel dangling from it, and the clattering tumult of its passage mingling with the riot of the thunder. A flash, and it came out vividly, keeling over one way with two feet in the air to vanish and reappear almost instantly as it seemed, with the next flash, a hundred yards nearer. Can you imagine a milking stool tilted and bowled violently along the ground? That was the impression those instantaneous flashes gave. But instead of a milking stool imagine it a great body of machinery on a tripod stand.

Then suddenly the trees in the pine wood ahead of me were parted, as brittle reeds are parted by a man thrusting through them; they were snapped off and driven headlong, and a second huge tripod appeared, rushing, as it seemed, headlong toward me.

Seen nearer the Thing was incredibly strange, for it was no mere insensate machine driving on its way. Machine it was, with a ringing metallic pace, and long, flexible, glittering tentacles, one of which gripped a young pine tree, swinging and rattling about its strange body.

It picked its road as it went striding along, and the brazen hood that surmounted it moved to and fro with the inevitable suggestion of a head looking about it. Behind the main body was a huge mass of white metal like a gigantic fisherman's basket, and puffs of green smoke squirted out from the joints of the limbs as the monster swept by me. And in an instant it was gone.

The little steamer was already flapping her way eastward of the big crescent of shipping, and the low Essex coast was growing blue and hazy, when a Martian appeared, small and faint in the remote distance, advancing along the muddy coast from the direction of Foulness.

It was the first Martian my brother had seen, and he stood, more amazed than terrified, watching this Titan advancing deliberately toward the shipping, wading farther and farther into the water as the coast fell away. Then, far away beyond the Crouch, came another, striding over some stunted trees, and then yet another, still farther off, wading deeply through a shiny mud flat that seemed to hang way up between sea and sky. They were all stalking seaward, as if to intercept the escape of the multitudinous vessels that were crowded between Foulness and the Maze.

* * * * * *

The mechanism it certainly was that held my attention first. It was one of those complicated fabrics that have since been called handling machines, and the study of which has already given such an enormous impetus to terrestrial invention. As it dawned upon me first it presented a sort of metallic spider with five jointed legs, and with an extraordinary number of jointed levers, bars and reaching and clutching tentacles about his body. Most of its arms were retracted, but with three long tentacles it was flashing out a number of rods, plates and bars which lined the covering of, and apparently strengthened the walls of the cylinder. These as it extracted them were lifted out and deposited upon a level surface of earth behind it.

Its motion was so swift, complex and perfect that at first I did not see it as a machine, in spite of its metallic glitter.

A Lance Drawing of the Fighting Machines of the Martians in Wells' "War of the Worlds"—Giant Mechanisms Which the Luchy Inventions Somewhat Resemble.

Striking the Earth's Internal Fires. A Drawing by Lance, the Distinguished French Imaginative Artist, of the Great Bore Suggested by Camille Flammarion as a Means of Providing Heat and Energy for the Future.

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The Craziest Bet a Girl Ever Made

Just to "Show" Those Southern Girls, and Win a Box of Candy, Pretty Miss Evans (from Illinois) Smuggled Herself Aboard the U.S.S. Kansas at New Orleans as a Jackie But--Never Again!

"I Happened to Remark That a Certain Jackie's Uniform Was Not Quite Ideal in Fit.

"'Perhaps You Think You Could Show Off a Sailor's Trousers and Hat Better? Do the Girls Wear Them Up No'th?'

"That Made Me Mad. 'No, the Girls Don't Wear Them Up No'th; but if They Did They'd Look a Lot Better in Them Than You Southern Girls Would!'

"After That, of Course I Had to Prove It!"

THE "girl proposition," illuminated by George Ade, is constantly acquiring new angles. The latest and most astonishing development along this interesting line shows that when a Northern girl is challenged by a Southern girl the wager of a box of chocolates is sufficient to inspire her to defy all the traditions and powers of the United States Navy.

Navy regulations do not encourage the presence of young women aboard battleships or cruisers except at social functions in port; quite the contrary. Yet, when the second division of the Atlantic fleet proceeded from New Orleans to Galveston early last December, one of its ships reluctantly provided passage for Miss Jeanette Evans, of the former city, but previously of Joliet, Illinois.

Just to win that box of chocolates, and to prove that no Northern girl would "take a dare" from a Southern girl, Miss Evans went aboard the battleship Kansas dressed as a jackie, and escaped discovery until the fleet was well out in the Gulf, headed westward. What happened then and the feminine psychology of the whole adventure are told on this page in the heroine's own sprightly narrative.

THE WAGER

THE ADVENTURE

THE DISCOVERY

THE PENALTY

THE TASK

THE PARDON

By Miss Jeanette Evans

(Who Made the Bet.)

I HATE to brag about it, but the fact remains that I'm the only girl who ever dressed as a jackie, boarded a battleship and stayed with the fleet till the next port was reached. I was discovered, of course, but not till I'd won my bet of a box of chocolates. It was the craziest bet ever made, and you may believe that I'll never make another one like it.

It was last December, when the second division of the Atlantic fleet touched at New Orleans and Galveston, en route to Panama. It was the flagship—U. S. S. Kansas—which enjoyed the advantage of my unexpected presence aboard. Just ask any of the officers. If they tell the truth—but, of course, they won't tell anything, because they were fooled. However, they're a fine lot of officers, just the same.

It was all the fault of these New Orleans girls, who are perfect loves, but so conventional and chaperon ridden that it's a wonder how they can be sure they're alive. Just because I'm a Northern girl—my people only recently moved to New Orleans from up in Illinois—I was expected to bear out the Southern reputation we have for doing unconventional things in a spectacular way. This theory prevails in the South because the Northern girl generally knows how to paddle a canoe, row a boat, ride horseback and find herself at home in the kitchen, in case of an emergency.

The average Southern girl, on the other hand—though a perfect love—is a prodigy if she knows how to boil water. Why, when the St. Bernard parish schools of New Orleans inaugurated a domestic science department, you ought to have heard the howls that went up from the sweet lips of the pretty dears.

Well, so much for them, and for my giddy reputation as a Northerner. I hadn't denied anything—what's the use of wasting your breath? So my Northern halo still invested my brows when the Atlantic fleet, headed by the Kansas, came into port and all the young matrons and debutantes put their best feet forward to make things pleasant for the handsome officers.

Bless you! they had no grounds for complaint. They were dined and feted and received and danced until they must have longed for the relaxation of the cruise, and a chance to catch up with their sleep. We visited the ships, and it was during our call on board the Kansas that I got into the trouble I'm telling you about.

I happened to remark that a certain jackie's uniform was not quite ideal in fit. Little Leonora, pride of an old New Orleans family, took me up in a minute.

"Perhaps you think you'd show off a sailor's trousers and hat better?" she said. "Do the girls wear them up No'th?"

That made me mad. "No, the girls don't wear them up No'th," I said, imitating the Southern girl's antipathy for the letter R. "But if they did they'd look a lot better in them than you Southern girls would—you peaches and cream fluffy ruffles."

"Prove it! prove it!" half a dozen of them dared me.

"I will," said I, quite reckless by this time. "I'll bet you a box of chocolates that I'll dress as a jackie and get aboard the Kansas without discovery."

They took me up before I had time for calm reflection, and I was in for one of the most hilarious enterprises a girl ever tackled. You will understand the difficulties of what I had undertaken when you remember that by this time the face of every enlisted man on the Kansas must have become familiar to the officers of the deck.

But my blood was up, and I was determined to show these New Orleans beauties what just an average Northern girl could do when she put her mind to it. I fixed up a dandy jackie suit. The girls said, when I put it on, that if they didn't know to the contrary, I could pass with them for a jackie in a minute only they thought there were probably few of the real thing who carried off the trousers part so symmetrically.

"You'll have to smoke a cigarette as you go aboard," they said. "All real jackies do."

I said I'd accept the anti-cigarette handicap. I had planned to go aboard the Kansas in the dusk of the evening before the morning set for her departure. Three of the girls volunteered to witness my exploit—from a discreet distance.

They did. Knowing their eyes were upon me, I marched down the pier with what I felt to be the ideal jackie roll in my gait. Straight up the gangway I marched. Just then, fortunately, the officer at the rail turned to answer a question put by another who had just sauntered up. So he replied to my salute and turned away without seeing my face—I'm sure it was as red as the sunset had been a quarter of an hour earlier.

Just then something happened that sent my heart into my throat. A jackie going ashore had to satisfy the officer that he had proper permission to do so. I was on board the Kansas, but how on earth was I going to get off. Suddenly every officer in sight looked like a Bluebeard to me. I simply hustled forward and hid, all ashake till my teeth chattered, behind one of the big guns.

There I stayed all night, catching a cat-nap occasionally, between reconnoiterings which always convinced me of the impossibility of leaving the ship undiscovered. I was enjoying one of those cat-naps in the morning when some one shook me by the shoulder, and I awoke with a start. In one glance I saw a young officer looking me up and down suspiciously, while the Louisiana shore receded in the distance. Suddenly the officer said:

"You're a girl! What does this mean?"

"I'm doing this on a bet," said I, quite boldly, now that I knew I was in for the worst. "I suppose the Kansas won't turn about and take me home?"

That was a very nice officer—no I won't tell his name. He arrested me, of course—that was the only thing he could do. I was taken before another officer, who looked me over, then got red in the face and gave a muttered order, and then turned away coughing spasmodically. Well, I was locked up in a dinky little room with a bunk in it, and for half a day no one came near me.

"Well," I said to myself, "they haven't put me in irons, so I guess it won't be very serious."

After a while I wanted to cry. Oh, how I wished I'd never started anything so crazy. I almost wished I was a fluffy Southern girl tied to a chaperon for life. As I'd had to give the officers my name and tell them all about my people, I didn't want to make a spectacle of myself; so, instead of bawling and getting hysterics, I began to warble. I sang "Dixie" in my best manner, followed by "Roll, Ocean, Roll," and kept it up till several officers gathered outside my door and rewarded me with their applause.

Pretty soon they offered to let me out if I'd play and sing for them.

"Indeed, I will," I said. "But please get me some girls' clothes."

That remark was silly of me, considering I was aboard a cruising battleship, and it made the officers laugh. One of them unlocked the door, saying

"It's all right. Just keep on remembering you're a real jackie. We'll do the same, and when we put in to Galveston you get the girls' clothes."

There was no other way. At first I wouldn't leave my dungeon, I felt too perfectly silly and embarrassed. The officers reasoned with me.

"You're really in great luck," said one. "You deserved arrest and got it, but you weren't put in irons"——

"But you ought to have been," said another. "The regulations call for it. It's not too late yet."

"No, no," said the other, hastily—a very nice officer, whom I'll remember in my prayers—"you'll just consider that you've been in irons."

"Do you consider that you've been in irons?" in a chorus.

"Thank you," I said. "I'll consider that I've been in irons, and that I richly deserved my punishment."

"Brava!" said a very young officer.

Then I left my prison and proceeded to "work" the rest of my passage to Galveston on the U. S. S. Kansas by singing and playing everything I could remember. It shames me to think that never was a perfectly well-behaved girl treated more respectfully than I was—I, the only woman on that great warship, masquerading among hundreds of men in sailors' clothes!

When the Kansas steamed into Galveston my father and mother were waiting for me there in a tremendous state of excitement. I fully expected what I richly deserved—a good talking to! But when my parents had talked with the officers they let me off, saying that they dreaded nothing but the notoriety of the affair.

To keep the matter quiet for the present I was taken to the home of my aunt in Galveston—Mrs. Margaret Montgomery—where I remained for two weeks.

On New Year's Day I returned to New Orleans—and there my story leaked out in various fanciful forms. That's why I'm telling the facts now.

You'd better believe there was no protest about paying that bet! But you must also understand that I was no longer so eager to champion the Northern girls with regard to the reputation for independence and daring they have in the South. I was quite willing to have the whole episode forgotten — and I must say my New Orleans girl friends have been very nice about it.

Above Is Miss Evans—As She Usually Appears—Surrounded by the Scenes of Her Exploit.

And Below Is Miss Evans, as She Appeared When Discovered on Board the U. S. S. Kansas, When the Fleet Had Left New Orleans and Was Steaming Toward Galveston.

What Shall the Suffragette Emblem Be--Spider, Toad or Phalarope?

THE National Committee of the Equal Suffrage League is now trying to select an emblem. The donkey, elephant and the bull moose holding exalted positions as the symbols of Democrats, Republicans and Progressives, the Suffragists believe that they ought to pick something somewhere in animate creation to patch up with the men's parties. An emblem is really necessary in politics. It is catchy, individual, useful and ornamental. At the head of the ballots it shows one where to vote and it is indispensable in parades, meetings and all the other paraphernalia of pre-election activity.

But it is also immensely important to get just the right symbol to arouse popular enthusiasm.

To determine this right emblem the committee has had experts working on natural history tomes and has invited suggestions from scientists. It was felt that the creature chosen for the emblem ought to have peculiar characteristics which would undeniably show that were the said creature human would be a loyal follower of the suffrage cause.

Prominent on the list from which the winner will be picked is the bird called the red phalarope. So superior in every way is the female phalarope to her mate that a famous naturalist has aptly described her as "male in all but the prime essentials of her sex."

The phalarope has very interesting habits. The female shows the male where she wants the nest built. He meekly builds it, while she sits idly by and bosses the job. Then she lays her eggs in the nest, and immediately calls in the male to do the hatching. During the entire period of incubation the female is absent from the nest. She hops around, in the neighborhood if she chooses, visiting her "friends" and attending to her various "interests." And woe be to the male if he dare leave the nest at a critical period. He receives a sound drubbing from his better half, for she is much larger and stronger.

The phalaropes are often called "little swimming sandpipers," for they rest and sleep on the ocean about half the year. They are often seen in flocks far out at sea in the North Atlantic, and when on land inhabit Northern Canada and the islands about Baffin's Bay. The females are of much brighter plumage, and in the mating season two of them always vie with each other in their efforts to win a certain male's affections. Finally, one of the females withdraws in a fit of jealously when she realizes that her rival has the inside track. So, in questions of courtship, it is always leap year with the phalaropes. A well known suffragette once proposed that "woman's leap year rights" be in effect every year instead of only once in four. This idea was propounded as a remedy for the declining birth rate.

Of almost identical family habits and "customs" with the phalarope are the bustard quails or hemipodes. The bustard quail would likewise make an ideal emblem for the suffragists. The female is seven inches in length, while the length of the male is never over four and one-half inches. Like the phalarope, the female bustard quail leaves the entire incubation and care of the young to the male. Likewise, the female always has the much brighter plumage.

Even the militant suffragettes have their representatives in the realm of the bird world. Suffragettes break windows, but crows break nests. They even break up homes, to say nothing of the havoc they work with the farmers' cornfields. Through pure devilry crows fly about from tree to tree and smash the eggs of other birds. And, curiously enough, it is the female crow which is most addicted to these warlike tactics. Why should not a lusty female crow grace the banner of Emmy Pankhurst?

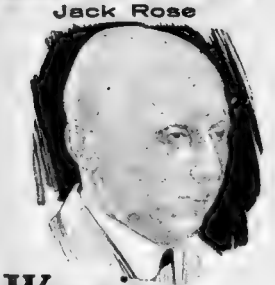
But of all birds, in whose ravages belligerent suffragettes may well seek a parallel, the female rook is as much to be feared as any. These rooks leave their "husbands" behind to guard the "household" while they flock on a ram-page to the nests of less formidable birds. Then with concerted efforts they proceed to tear asunder the nests of their neighbors. The rooks get their "rights" with a vengeance.

Turning to the animal kingdom, the suffragist emblem seekers found in the case of the Surinam toad that the female does not submit to any indifference or idleness on the part of her humble mate. During the mating season the female toad lays about sixty eggs. Then the male is forced to do what is really to him a most obnoxious duty, or he will die without "heirs." A very remarkable spongy layer is formed on the female's back at this period, and the male has to take each egg separately and carefully plant it in this spongy bed, in order that the young toad may hatch. And if a good majority of the sixty eggs is not hatched out, Father Toad had better "makes tracks for Reno."

Not the least of the creatures which would make an ideal symbol for the cause of suffrage is the spider. The female spider of all species takes good care that her mate does not forget her importance. After the mating season the female often shows her gratitude to the father of her children by turning him out of the parental web, never to return under penalty of being devoured alive. But before the young spiders hatch out the old fellow is allowed to make himself very useful as a home builder.

LIFE IN NEW YORK'S UNDERWORLD—

Jack Rose



By Jack Rose

THE Underworld of crime is, for the most part, very gloomy—there is not much real happiness among criminals. And yet, like nearly everything else, the Underworld has its humorous side. In the midst of a midnight safe-blowing really funny things will sometimes happen, and I have known several professional thieves who were natural-born comedians; men who had such a strong sense of fun that they would linger around in a bank or a jewelry store and take precious moments to rig up a joke at the risk of being discovered and caught.

Business men are often confronted with perplexing complications where a quick decision must be made. Criminals also have to suddenly choose between alternatives—the one, perhaps, meaning safety and success, the other involving failure and capture. A cool head, unruffled nerve, quick and sound judgment, and the courage of his convictions are the qualities which make men leaders of gangs of criminals. I will give some instances from real life which displayed the quick judgment and resourcefulness of born leadership. These men would have been great successes in any honest business—and yet every one of them is in prison or has met a violent death.

Thieves succeed chiefly because the public is thoughtless and makes it easy for robbers. Up to twenty-five years ago the biggest banks in the country were at the mercy of burglars All the big banks now adopt precautions which have entirely put an end to burglaries in the large banks—obstacles are arranged which are just simply too great to be overcome by cracksmen.

AND THE LESSON WHICH THE BIG BANKS HAVE LEARNED CAN BE APPLIED TO OUR HOMES, HOUSES AND FLATS. WE MAKE IT EASY FOR HOUSEBREAKERS. I WILL POINT OUT ON THIS PAGE SOME SIMPLE WAYS TO PROTECT YOUR HOMES AND MAKE THEM DIFFICULT FOR HOUSEBREAKERS.

JACK ROSE.

Warnings and Advice Which May Prevent Your Home from Being Robbed, Even if Burglars Should Break In.

Written for This Page by Jack Rose

AS I have said in a previous article, nearly all criminals are gamblers. In the gambling places in which I have been interested, one way or another, in the last twenty years, I have seen many of the best professional experts in all specialties of crime. A customer might be introduced as "Mr. Smith, a real estate operator," and it would not be until a considerable time later that I would learn, perhaps by accident, that "Mr. Smith" was a bank burglar.

Sometimes a group about one of the faro tables would become chatty as the night wore on and the champagne had begun to loosen up their tongues. On these occasions conversations of the most intimate nature would be carried on, and I would hear incidents and details of the life of criminals which impressed and astonished me so that they have remained fixed in my mind.

One night I remember seeing one of the players at a roulette wheel pull out a roll of bills from his pocket, and along with the money three baby "pacifiers" rolled on the table. These are little rubber nipples with a big ring or disk at one end which are given to babies to keep them from crying.

The man smiled glanced over at his friend, and put the three pacifiers in his pocket. This little incident attracted my attention and I wondered why the man should carry such things in his pocket. A few nights later the man's companion was playing alone at the roulette wheel, and, recalling the incident of the pacifiers, I asked him if his friend carried them as a matter of superstition, as good luck to-

"No, that is not the reason, Jack," said the gambler. "Did you read in the newspapers yesterday of the arrest of 'Big Ed,' the second-story man, for that burglary a week ago over in Seventy-second street? Well, 'Big Ed' is the chap who was in here the other night with the pacifiers. He had just pulled off that job in Seventy-second street, and the money he played in on this table was the money he got in that job."

The Burglar and the Pacifiers

"Yes, but what was he doing with the three pacifiers?" I asked.

"Oh, yes," replied my customer, putting a stack of chips on the dougle O, "he carries them for the babies. 'Big Ed' told me that there were only two things he was afraid of when he broke into a house. One was a restless baby and the other was when he ran across a woman who was awake.

"Whenever he got into a room where there was a baby," the gambler continued, "he never felt sure at what moment the little one would wake up or cry in its sleep, and that meant that the nurse or the mother would be up and awake in about a minute. So 'Big Ed' always made it a rule to go straight over to the crib and slip into the baby's mouth a pacifier with a little sugar on it, whether the kid needed it or not. Sometimes that would wake the youngster up, but no child will cry with a sweet nipple to suck on.

"But the thing the house burglar is most afraid of, so 'Big Ed' told me, is coming across a woman in bed and awake. You can point a gun at a man in bed and he will not make a sound; but you can stick a pistol right into a woman's face and threaten her with sudden death and she will scream a steady stream of shrieks just the same. When a woman sees a burglar and starts to scream nothing will stop her; she cannot stop herself no matter how much you threaten her or how much she may be frightened. There is just one of two things for a man to do—either crack her over the head and go on with the job, or clear out as quickly as possible

"'I won't hurt a woman,' 'Big Ed' said to me, 'so when I come across a woman who is awake when I am working, I usually say "Good night!" and get out.'"

Three new customers were introduced one night at one of the gambling houses in which I was interested. I could not help noticing that they played with brand new money that had never been creased or carried in a pocketbook, and some of it was in thousand dollar bills.

Later on I found out that these three men were bank burglars who had just robbed a bank in some town outside New York. They were a pretty able-bodied crew, and their leader, whose name was "Dave," was a quick-witted, resourceful scoundrel. They selected the early morning hours of the Fourth of July for the job—and it was this thoughtful selection of this particular day which made the job a success, as you will see in a moment.

It was just about midnight when the gang pried their way into the bank, after patiently watching the house next door to the bank, where the cashier lived. They waited until the lights went out in the cashier's bedroom and allowed an hour for him to get to sleep.

They drove in their knife-edged steel wedges with their padded hammers into the top of the door of the safe until they had opened up a little crack. Then they made a putty reservoir on the outside of the steel door and poured it full of their explosive liquid. After the explosive had slowly seeped into the crack of the door, they set their match and ran to the front of the bank to wait for the explosion.

Half a $50 Bill

The explosive blew up with a tremendous roar, but a quick glance at the safe showed that the door had not been blown entirely free from the hinges and lock. At least another half hour's work was needed to pry off the door before it would be possible to get at the money. With quick resourcefulness, "Dave" called to the rest of the gang to follow him. All hands rushed into the middle of the street, and a moment later the cashier's window went up, and the cashier of the bank stuck his head out to see what had happened

Just as his head appeared at the window, "Dave," the leader of the gang, fired his pistol in the air and shouted, "Hurrah for the Fourth of July!" Grabbing one of the gang in a pretended drunken embrace, he let go another shout, "Another one for George Washington," and shot his pistol off again. The members of the gang seized one another and began to tumble around and sing in a maudlin manner.

The bank cashier looked at the group for a couple of minutes, decided that the noise that waked him was made by these Fourth of July celebrators, closed down his window and went back to bed.

In a few minutes the burglars were back at work on the safe door, and were soon able to pry it loose. And then it was that the leader of the gang did another clever thing. He was disappointed in the amount of money in actual cash he found, but he secured about half a bushel of stocks, bonds, promissory notes and other valuable papers. He knew that the bank would feel the loss of these valuable papers more than the small amount of cash taken, and he knew it would require cautious negotiations to sell these papers back to the bank without getting caught while doing it.

The flash from the explosion had singed a spot along the edge of one of the $50 bills. "Dave" looked at this a moment, and then tore the bill in half. One half he put in his pocket and the other half he laid on the president's desk under a paper weight.

"Why did you put that torn half of the bill on the desk?" asked one of the gang.

"It will be worth more to us later on if we leave it behind," was all the reply the leader made.

Later on the bank began to feel around to try to get in touch with the holders of the stolen papers. All sorts of letters came to the bank, some from jokers, some from crazy people, and some from mischief makers. The bank was perplexed to know what to do and finally decided to abandon the effort to get in touch with the real thieves.

Then it was that "Dave" wrote a letter to the president of the bank, enclosing the half of the torn bill which fitted the half the bank people had carefully saved. The bank president knew that he was at last dealing with the right people, and he was in a frame of mind to make it easy for the burglars to sell back the stolen papers.

I knew the leader of a gang of bank burglars who planned to blow the safe of a bank in a town where there was a big mill. This big factory paid off its hands the last of the month, and it sent to New York for the money for its payrolls the day before payday.

"Jimmy" was the name of the chief of this gang of burglars, and he had been hanging around the town until he had learned every detail of the method of handling the large remittances of money for the payrolls of the mill.

Just before the end of the month, "Jimmy" came to New York, gathered up his gang, sharpened up their drills, saws and wedges, and made sure that his equipment was in first class order. The gang took the afternoon train out of New York and arrived at the town just after dark. About one o'clock in the morning everything was quiet along the main street, and entrance was made through a rear door of the bank.

As the gang entered softly in single file, with "Jimmy," the leader, in advance, they suddenly came to a halt—"Jimmy" had flashed his dark lantern on the old safe and to his astonishment saw alongside of it a brand new safe which was not there a few days before. Shutting off the slide of his dark lantern, the leader motioned to the rest of the gang to take seats on the high stools of the bank clerks, while he, with his hands behind his back, paced up and down in front of the two safes for half an hour trying to make up his mind whether the new safe had just arrived that day and the funds had been transferred into it, or whether the bank people had purchased the money in the old safe one more night.

Finally the leader approached the four men in the gang and asked them what they thought. Two were for tackling the old safe, and the other two were for blowing the new safe. At length the leader said:

"Boys, gather up your tools and we will be going. I do not know which safe the money is in; and none of you have helped me any to find out. There isn't time to drill and blow both safes, and we can't afford to make a mistake. Come on."

The Burglar and the Lady

The next day the bank people were much surprised to find cigarette ashes all over the nice, neat desks of the clerks, but they could not believe that burglars had been in the bank the night before, since none of the cash, even in the cash drawer, had been touched.

"Jimmy's" judgment was good. It would have been bad policy to risk blowing either safe on an uncertainty. The job would keep; thirty days later the same gang visited the bank again and this time made a successful job on the new safe.

I was told of another burglar, a housebreaker, who had less good sense and discretion and could not resist the temptation to have a joke on his victim.

A second-story man, who works alone without a "pal," had just gotten into a big house near Riverside Drive one night and found his way to a bedroom when a door opened and a woman came in in evening dress. The burglar supposed that everybody was asleep, but this woman must have been attending a very late party or ball. The burglar just had time to slip behind the heavy curtains near the window.

Pretty soon the lady began to prepare for bed, and she went through her preparations with much deliberation and not at all in a hurry, now and then stopping to look at herself in front of a big mirror. At last, just as she had completed everything for the night and was about to put out the light, she made one final survey of herself in the glass and said with a sigh:

"Well, anyhow, if my face isn't pretty, my back is."

The burglar waited until there were sounds of slumber from the bed and then helped himself to all the valuables in the apartment.

A couple of weeks later, going down town in one of the Fifth avenue stages, the burglar saw the same woman sitting in a seat across from him. The humor of the situation appealed to him, and he wondered what the woman would think if she knew that he was the burglar who stole her jewels and that the burglar was in her bedroom at the time she was preparing for bed. He finally got up and stepped over in front of her, hanging on to a strap. Then leaning his face down toward the woman's ear he whispered:

"Well, anyhow, if my face isn't pretty, my back is!"

A dazed expression came into the woman's face, quickly followed by a sudden glance of intelligent realization, which gave place to a red flush of shame as she realised that the eyes before her had seen more than any other living man—then with a sudden scream, she reached toward the vanishing burglar, shouting:

"Stop that man!"

But he had slipped off the back of the coach and disappeared in the crowd at Thirty-fourth street.

In the days before the Herper Club became an ordinary gambling house under the control of Herman Rosenthal, this organization was one of the most influential bodies in the life of the lower East Side. It numbered among its members or patrons most of the important politicians, but was composed principally of bookmakers and race-track plungers.

Every year it gave a ball at Terrace Garden which was regarded as the principal social function of the underworld, for although the politicians and other big men who belonged to the club graced its affairs with their presence and brought their wives and families, no denizen of the underworld was considered too mean to be admitted. It was a very democratic function.

Because of the number of criminals who attended this ball, however, and the temptation it offered them to "turn a trick," the club had to take unusual precautions to protect its wealthy guests or they would have been afraid to attend. In the early days of the club, the plan adopted was to invite Central Office men to attend as guests and at the same time to keep their eyes on the "guns" to see that they did not pull anything off.

This plan was found not to work—perhaps it had come to be second nature with these officers to see these crooks at work without molesting them. Anyway, it was found necessary to adopt some other precautionary measure.

Then the novel plan was hit upon to put the "guns" "on their honor," and the way it was done was to make them, or a large number of them, members of a special "police committee" charged with the duty of protecting the guests against the activity of their pals and of themselves! Each member of this committee, which usually numbers about fifty, was provided with an elaborate badge bearing the words "Police Committee," and this badge was displayed with great pride by those selected to wear it.

On this police committee were some of the cleverest sneak thieves and pickpockets in the business. Indeed, those crooks whom the officials of the club feared most were the ones most earnestly solicited to become members of the committee.

The members of the police committee were given access to every part of the ball room, freely circulating among the richly clad guests, many of whom wore articles of jewelry worth thousands of dollars. Some of the members of the committee were stationed at the entrance to warn their pals as they came in that it was useless for them to try "to pull anything." Others were put on guard in the gallery to protect the guests who occupied the boxes.

A "Dip" Who Forgot Himself at the Underworld's Ball

One of the features of these annual balls was the shadowgraph dance, in which all the lights in the place were put out while the guests were dancing. During this period of darkness, the "dips" had all the opportunity they wanted to make many an easy haul, and those responsible for the ball and the safety of the guests spent a very uncomfortable time of it until the lights were turned on again.

Nevertheless, thanks to the police committee, nothing happened. The idea worked splendidly. Guests who had attended the Hesper Club affairs in previous years only with more or less misgiving came to regard this annual function as the safest one of all. In higher circles they had frequently had reason to bemoan the loss of diamond tiaras, pearl necklaces and other valuable pieces of jewelry, but at the Hesper Club ball these misfortunes never occurred, despite the fact that the affair was attended by hundreds of the denizens of the underworld.

One year, when I was president of the club, a well-known sporting man who occupied one of the boxes with his wife and a party of friends, came to me in great distress.

"What kind of a game is this, Jack?" he asked in a reproachful manner. "Here I come to the ball upon your assurance that it would be all right, and the first thing I know some crook touches me for my watch!"

Of course, I expressed great surprise, and told him that the matter would be at once investigated.

"The chances are, though, Louie," I added, "you dropped the watch somewhere. I'll have the police committee notified and if the watch is found on the floor, where you probably dropped it, it will, of course, be returned to you."

"I wouldn't mind it so much, Jack," he went on, "but this was a particularly valuable watch. It had my initials, 'L. H.' studded in diamonds on the case. I wore it on a fob."

I took the matter up with the chairman of the police committee, one of the cleverest pickpockets in the game. He was very much wrought up over it.

"You know, Jack, the boys are not working to-night; the guy must have forgot to bring the 'ticker' wid him. 'Tain't possible you know, Jack, that anything was pulled, because *me* and the committee has been on the job the whole night."

Nevertheless, I sounded the whole committee in turn, impressing upon them the importance of recovering the watch and telling them that if they didn't "come across" with it, the Hesper Club and its police committee would get a "black eye."

Despite my efforts the watch was not recovered that night, and the victim went away very much disgruntled.

"It'll be all right, Louie," I declared, as he left me at the door. "The watch will show up before noon to-morrow. That is absolutely sure."

After the ball was over I went up to a Turkish bath to spend the remainder of the night. About 10 o'clock the next morning the chairman of the police committee appeared there and handed me the stolen watch. He was quite crestfallen

"I'm sorry, Jack," he said, "such a thing wouldn't happen again in a thousand years."

"But, who was the 'gun' who pulled the trick?" I asked.

The Outfit of Tools the Burglar Carries, and How He Uses Them—a

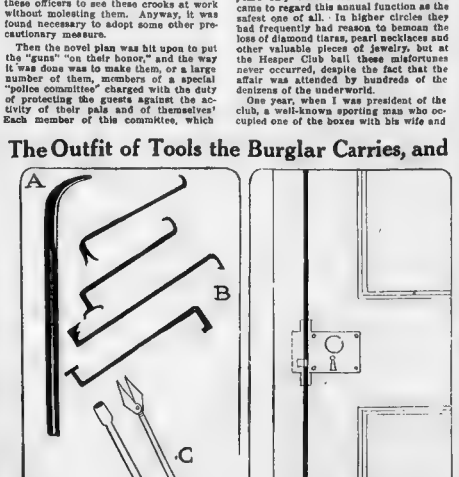
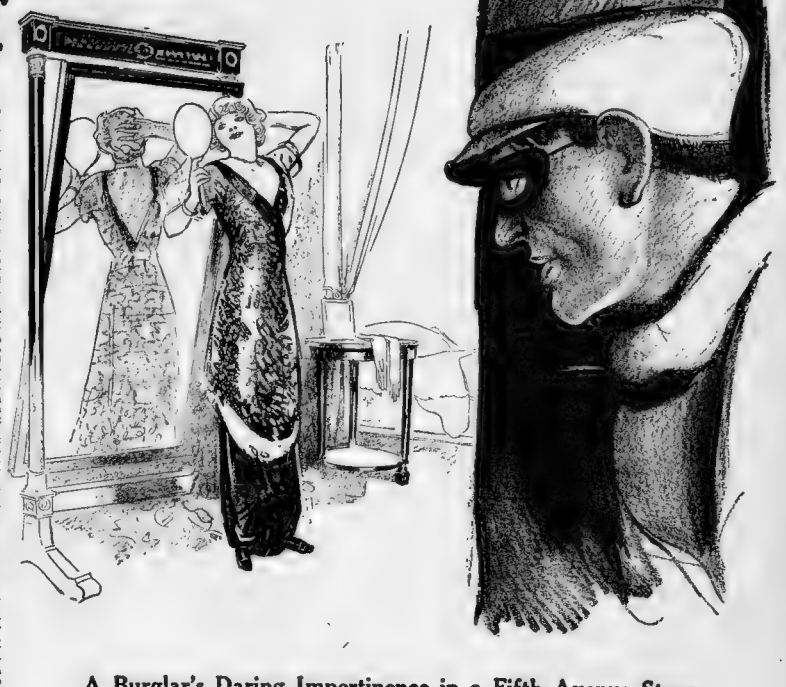


Figure A shows the burglar's "jimmy," which is a bar of steel, curved like a claw at one end and coming to a flat point, so that it may be inserted in a thin crack and used as a wedge to enlarge the opening. B shows an assortment of skeleton keys used to pick locks. C shows two varieties of "key nippers." These nippers take hold of the end of the key protruding through the lock and grip so firmly that the key may be easily turned in the lock.

Diagram showing what little security the ordinary door lock affords. When a door is locked the bolt of the lock enters the "nosing" of the door-jamb about a quarter of an inch. An ordinary screwdriver skilfully applied would be sufficient to spring such a lock in the majority of cases. A burglar's jimmy will spring a door away from the door-casing half an inch and

Taking two jimmies, the burglar inserts their edges in the space between the door and door-jamb, one above and one below the lock. Slowly and gently the leverage of the jimmies widens the crack until the opening is from one-half to three-quarters of an inch—a distance sufficient to draw the bolt of the lock out of the "nosing" of the door frame.

Secrets Behind the Scenes in the Methods and Experiences of Bank Burglars, Housebreakers and Other Professional Criminals



"Don't get excited, Jack!" he replied, m not going to give you the kid's name, e's on the level, Jack. Take it from me, he kid's all right. The only trouble with im is he never drinks, and last night ome one threw a couple of glasses of bubble water' into him and the kid plumb orgot himself. When he seen this gink ome along with the fob hanging on him. was such an easy 'pull-up' to him that e forgot where he was and went to work. ou can't blame the kid, Jack, it was the irst time, and it won't happen again."

And as long as the Hesper Club contin- ed to give its annual ball the "Police ommittee" of pickpockets made sure that ome jewels of the invited guests were not isturbed

There was a card sharp named Lobster ike. He was "steered" to a sucker who as a fiend for "freeze-out." Mike soon ound that the fellow had a big "roll" and e prepared to get it. Instead of taking he fellow's money himself, he thought he ould avert suspicion by working the game ith a pal.

Lobster Mike, Card Sharp

When the "sucker" tried to get Mike fo lay with him, therefore, Mike claimed hat he was "broke," but suggested that e could probably find some one who ould give the "sucker" all the play he anted.

He finally introduced his pal and the two t down to play "freeze-out." They let the ucker" win at first, and thus made him eel secure and then they started to "go fter him." The plan they worked was or Mike to sit at the "sucker's" side, pre- nding to advise him. As a matter of act, he was simply signalling to his pal hat the "sucker" held.

They had a regular code of signals. hen the "sucker" held a single pair, for stance, Mike carelessly laid one finger on he table. If the "sucker" held two pairs, ike put two fingers on the table; if three f a kind, he put three fingers, and if a traight, a flush or a full house, he put his hole hand on the table or up to his face n such a way that his pal knew just what e had to bet against.

The game had been going on for some me when the "sucker" began to suspect at he was being victimized and, being of n observant nature, he soon detected ome connection between the hands he eld and the suspicious movements of ike's hands.

He kept his eyes open and his suspicions ere soon verified. Waiting till he held aree aces, he reached down in his pocket, ulled out a sharp pen knife and as Mike's ll-table fingers appeared on the edge of he table, he stabbed them with the knife.

Instantly there was a rough house. like landed in the hospital. The next ay, his pal called upon him to sympa- hize.

"We were pretty lucky at that, Mike," he xclaimed, consolingly.

"Lucky, you bonehead!" retorted Mike grily, nursing his wounded fingers. erhaps you think it's a joke to have hree fingers carved that way?"

"No, I don't, Mike," replied the pal, "but uppose the 'sucker' had held a full ouse instead of 'three of a kind!' I'm talking of the five fingers you'd be miss- g."

There was a pickpocket I knew who ade use of a "pickpocket's ring." This nplement was an ordinary diamond ring, ontaining a stone of about a carat and a alf, but one of the prongs of the setting protruded and had been sharpened to a razor edge. When an overcoat or a coat-tail made it difficult for him to get at his victim's wallet, he used this ring to slit the "sucker's" garment and thus make it possible for him to get at what he was after.

This "gun" was one of those who preyed on shop girls on pay-day, following them from the store, jumping on the car with them and robbing them on their way home. One day while engaged in this wicked work, it began to rain, and as the girls came out of the store they held their skirts rather high and he noticed that one of them had a pocket suspended from her waist under her skirt.

He picked this girl out as his first victim. He hopped on the car with her and managed to secure a place right next to her. Once in the car, of course, the girl allowed her skirt to drop naturally and the pocket was naturally concealed. The crook had a pretty good idea where it was, however, and as the car was making a curve, he dropped his handkerchief, stooped to pick it up and on his way down brought his ring against the girl's skirt, very skillfully placed his hand through the slit and "lifted" the girl's "roll."

When he got off the car, he found that he had made a "haul" of just ten dollars, but a little later he discovered that in making the "boost," the stone in his ring had dropped out. The stone was worth $200. The next day he had the mortification of reading in the newspapers that the shop girl whose "roll" he had stolen had found the stone in her hidden pocket.

In one of the thieves' hangouts on East Houston street one night a player, who was having a pretty good run of luck, suddenly pocketed his money and said he would have to leave.

"I guess I'll have to get back to work," he remarked, and he was allowed to go without any adverse comment being made.

As the door slammed after him the dealer turned to me and remarked: "That guy certainly is a hard worker"

I asked what particular form of graft the fellow followed, because I could tell from his makeup that he was a crook.

The Studious Burglar

The dealer then told me that this man was a burglar, but that the work he referred to when he left the place was not that of actually robbing, but of preparing for future burglaries. It appeared that this burglar worked at his profession with as much system as an up-to-date business man. He might "turn a trick" perhaps once a week, but the rest of the time he was busily engaged collecting and classifying his information

He kept a regular clipping bureau covering the doings of wealthy people, their arrivals and departures, their purchases and their social functions. He was as well versed in these things as a society reporter. In addition to this, however, he made special records of marriages, especially of those where valuable wedding presents had been received

This information he followed up in the most painstaking and systematic way, and he was able to lay his plans so well when he was ready to make a haul that he very seldom ran into a snag.

In his little furnished room on Third street this burglar might be found almost any night burning the midnight oil working at his classified file system, and the energy he put into the work was enough to have earned a large income for him if he had devoted it to some honest occupation.

Although the up-to-date burglar has at his command far more elaborate implements than his predecessor of former days all that he needs to break into the average house or flat are the time-honored jimmy, a few skeleton keys, a pair of nippers, a piece of wire and some silk thread.

Those articles constitute the most serviceable kit of burglar's tools ever devised, and they are all that are necessary in nine cases out of ten

A jimmy is simply a bar of steel sharpened at the end so that it may be inserted into a minute crack. It is from two to four feet long. It is used as a lever. Longer jimmies are made in sections, so that they may be easily carried. When put together they give an enormous leverage, being four or five feet long

With one of these long jimmies a burglar can get into almost anything. There was a gang of burglars known as the Ripper Gang who used one of these tools to break open safes instead of using explosives, and they worked with such success in New York, Philadelphia, New Haven and Boston that the police were at their wits' end.

Three of this gang—Jacob and Joseph Goldberg and Harrie Rothstein—were finally arrested in New York for a "job" they turned in Boston, and they are now serving time in a Massachusetts prison. But even after these crooks were safely behind the bars the police found that their methods were still being used in New York, and realized that other members of the gang were operating.

Their principal implement consisted of a very long jimmy of the finest steel. It was sharpened to a point at one end and was fashioned very much after the style of an ordinary can-opener which led the police to dub it the "can-opener" gang. After drilling a hole into the back of a safe this "can-opener" was inserted, and with the immense leverage its length furnished the burglars were able to break out a large section of the steel and concrete safe.

In addition to this jimmy the burglars were equipped with the following tools of the most up-to-date pattern: One breast drill with four large bits, one hand drill with five bits, a screwdriver, one rip jimmy, one sectional jimmy, two reamers, two bolts and an electric flashlight.

But, as I have said, the average house burglar is not nearly so well equipped. He gains an entrance through the back door, window or scuttle with the aid of his jimmy, and inside all he needs to get into a room which is locked are his skeleton keys, his nippers and his piece of wire

If the key of the door is left in the lock he brings his nippers into play. With these he is able to clutch the part of the key protruding through the lock and a sharp twist turns the key as readily as if he were on the other side of the door and could handle the key in the usual way. If there is no key in the door his skeleton keys, which can be used from either side of the door, do the trick for him

If he finds that the door is bolted he inserts his piece of wire through the keyhole or through a hole which he drills in the door, and by bending the wire in one way and another and manipulating it he is able to locate the bolt. The silk thread attached to a piece of wire is used sometimes in the same way to catch the knob of the bolt and draw it back.

This work can all be done without any noise, and the more skilful as an angler the burglar happens to be the quicker he succeeds in catching the bolt.

For the more difficult work of cracking bank safes burglars use the most up-to-date explosive methods. With nitroglycerine, or "soup" as they call it, and their electric fusing tools they can cut through five inches of chrome steel as easily as one cuts cheese with a knife.

But the average householder need not despair of protecting his valuables against the burglar. Bank burglars, with their equipment of safe-cracking tools, don't bother with ordinary housebreaking jobs, and there are a number of ways of foiling the ordinary housebreaker with his simpler kit of tools.

Before giving you a list of rules which everybody ought to know and which may save your house from being robbed or at least save your room in the house from being entered, I ought to explain briefly a few things:

In the first place, I would like to say that many house robberies are done from the inside—no burglar actually enters the house. These robberies are done by servants, who are accomplices of burglars.

There is still another class of robberies where the burglar breaks no lock and opens no window to gain an entrance. He is admitted by one of the servants, who has been worked into a job in the house for the purpose of locating valuables and making the path clear for the burglar

Some families take the greatest pains with their doors and windows, but forget entirely that the scuttle to the roof is often the way a burglar enters. How many readers of this page to-day can say at this moment whether the scuttle to their roof is or is not securely fastened?

The Methods of Burglars, and How to Foil Them

Skilful burglars are able to pick almost any door lock. If a lock will not yield to a skeleton key almost any door can be quickly sprung open with a burglar's jimmy—few locks extend more than a quarter of an inch in the "nosing" of the door jamb; a burglar's jimmy will spring a door from half to three-quarters of an inch without any difficulty. But a slide bolt is the one thing which a burglar has no way of beating—except to saw the bolt. This is often done in basement and back doors, but it is a noisy job and cannot be done on a bedroom door without waking people up.

Most people lock their front and basement doors, fasten their windows and let it go at that. But these are the least important of precautions.

Every door to every bedroom should always be locked and bolted at night.

There are few houses in New York which a house breaker cannot enter in five minutes. It isn't easy to make sure that a burglar cannot get into your house. But it is easy to make sure that he will have his pains for his trouble if you lock all your bedroom doors and spring an inside barrel bolt.

A housebreaker need make no noise in gaining entrance through the basement or back door or window. You may probably never know that he is in the house until he arrives at your bedroom door. If your bedroom door is not locked and bolted your first knowledge of the intruder's arrival is when he stands at your bedside with a levelled pistol. It is too late then for you to make defense or protect your valuables.

But if you lock your bedroom door and bolt it on the inside you have baffled the burglar. He will try the door gently, he will use his burglar's forceps, pinch the end of the key, slowly turn it in the lock and unlock the door. He will try the door again and then discover that a slide bolt stands between him and you. There is no possible way for him to reach you or your valuables without tremendous force, noise and crash.

If the doors of every bedroom in the house are locked and bolted and your silverware is stowed in one of your bedrooms, your house may be entered over and over again, but no burglar will reach you or your valuables.

If, after you have discovered that you have been the victim of burglars, you notify the police, the chances are you will be told to "say nothing about it to anybody." The police will tell you that your only chance of recovering your lost property is by keeping still about it.

Of course, this is all poppycock. It is well known, as I have pointed out in previous articles, that the police are often active partners in crimes of this kind, and even where they have not directly participated in the deed it is quite probable that their sympathies are more with the burglar than they are with you.

One of the companies which insure against burglary recently gave some figures showing that burglary and larceny crimes in New York City amount to no less than 35,000 a year, the property loss amounting to some $16,000,000. For these crimes only an average of 1,700 arrests are made, and the average number of convictions amounts to 420. Only about 7 per cent of the stolen property is recovered by the police.

Of these 35,000 crimes, amounting approximately to a hundred a day, how many do you read of in the newspapers? Certainly not more than a dozen at most each day. This is because of the policy of silence recommended by the police.

Under this system only 7 per cent of the stolen property is recovered. If every burglary was shouted from the housetops doesn't it seem reasonable to suppose that the police might be stirred to greater activity in catching the criminals and recovering their loot?

The detectives are particularly interested to keep the news of robberies a secret because they are then able to hunt down the thieves and demand the usual share of the swag. Most private complaints of the police serve only as tips to the detectives to go out and collect blackmail. It is, as a rule, only when the newspapers make a fuss over a robbery that anybody is arrested and the stolen goods returned.

These ten rules are well worth knowing and observing, and may save your valuables from a burglar's clutches:

Ten Rules to Foil the Housebreaker

1.—Keep your windows securely locked and your scuttle to the roof, your front and back doors and your dumbwaiter door not only locked but bolted. More important still, keep your bedroom doors both locked and bolted. You may not be able to prevent burglars getting into your house, but you can prevent them from entering your room.

2.—Don't leave your silverwars in the dining room, but take it with you into your bedroom with bolted doors.

3.—Be particularly careful regarding the servants you employ. Investigate their references with the utmost scrutiny. Many burglaries are made possible through the connivance of servants, who obtained their jobs for that express purpose.

4.—Before allowing a gas inspector, telephone man or other mechanic into your house for any purpose, demand to see his credentials. In any event, see that he attends to the business he is concerned with and leaves without any unnecessary exploration of the house. He may be just looking the ground over in preparation for a burglarious entry.

5.—In the event of your house being burglarized, don't heed the familiar police warning, "Don't say anything about it or you will make it impossible for us to catch the burglars!" The only thing that will stir the police to action is publicity. By keeping the fact of your loss quiet you give up any chance you might have had of recovering your property. Notify the newspapers.

6.—If you know that a burglar is in the house and are brave enough to go after him, never make the mistake of carrying a light in your hand. If you do you make of yourself an illuminated target.

7.—Even if you are armed, it is a wise plan in going after a burglar to creep along the floor until you get within range. If you stand upright you take the chance of getting between the burglar and a window, the light of which will silhouette you and make you a mark for the intruder. Keep low down, close to the floor.

8.—In descending the stairs after a burglar, pick your footsteps carefully. Many burglars string wires across the stairs, and if you rush down wildly you are apt to trip over them.

9.—Remember that a burglar is nearly always more scared than you are, and that if you retain your presence of mind you stand a very good chance of capturing him, even though you are unarmed.

10.—If you succeed in capturing a burglar, never heed the hard-luck story he may tell you. If he deserves mercy investigation of his story by the court will reveal it.

JACK ROSE.

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A Burglar's Daring Impertinence in a Fifth Avenue Stage

The burglar just had time to slip behind the heavy curtain near the window when a woman came in in evening dress. At last, when she had made all preparation for the night, and was about to put out the light, she made one final survey of herself in the glass and said with a sigh:

"Well, anyhow, if my face isn't pretty, my back is!"

The burglar waited until there were sounds of slumber from the bed and then helped himself to all the valuables in the apartment.

A couple of weeks later, going downtown in one of the Fifth avenue stages, the burglar saw the same woman sitting in a seat across from him. The humor of the situation overcame him, and he wondered what the woman would think if she knew that he was the burglar who stole her jewels. He finally got up and stepped over in front of her, hanging on to a strap. Then, leaning his face down toward the woman's ear, he whispered:

"Well, anyhow, if my face isn't pretty, my back is!"

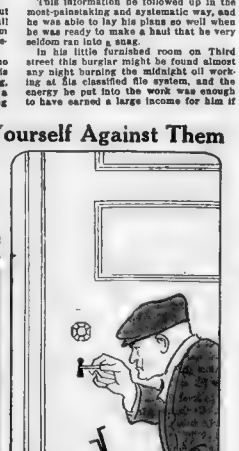
A dazed expression came into the woman's face, quickly followed by a sudden glance of intelligent realization, which gave place to a red flush of shame as she realized that the eyes before her had seen more than any other living man—then with a sudden scream, she reached toward the vanishing burglar, shouting:

"Stop that man!"

But he had slipped off the back of the coach and disappeared in the crowd at Thirty-fourth street.

id How to Protect Yourself Against Them

After the burglar has succeeded in opening the ordinary lock he sometimes finds that he is confronted by a slide bolt. There are various courses of procedure in that event. One of them is shown in the picture. Having widened the opening between door and door-jamb with the aid of his jimmies, the burglar inserts two wedges of steel one above and one below the bolt to hold the crack open while he saws the inside bolt with a hack-saw. This is a noisy job, and cannot be accomplished on a bedroom door without waking people up.



The ordinary lock on bedroom doors is very little protection. With skeleton keys or "key-nippers" the burglar can readily master it in the manner shown in the picture. To protect a bedroom properly there should be a spring bolt in addition to the ordinary lock. The burglar who is confronted with a solid spring bolt must either bring to bear great force, which opens the door with a tearing crash, or he must saw the bolt—in either case he knows he is sure to arouse his sleeping victim.

Next week Jack Rose will Reveal the Secrets of the Aristocrats of the Underworld—the big criminals who angle for rich men who do their work in dress suits and automobiles, and who sometimes clean us hundreds of thousands of dollars from a single victim.

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New Things Not Found in Any Books.

The GOOD And BAD Combinations Of FOOD

By EUGENE CHRISTIAN, F.S.D.

WHETHER our food will give good or bad results depends upon three laws

First—Selection,

Second—Combinations, and

Third—Proportion.

Food must be selected so as to give the body all the elements of nourishment it requires. It must be combined so as to produce chemical harmony. As a rule, the appetite, or, more properly speaking, hunger, unless these senses have been perverted, aid us greatly in selection, but we have no guide in combining our food—that is, selecting the different things that go to make up a meal, except common sense, or knowledge of the chemistry of food.

Every article of food we eat possesses a definite chemistry, and if eaten alone will produce in the body a definite result; therefore eating can be reduced to a science if we would give to it as much study as we do to other branches of learning.

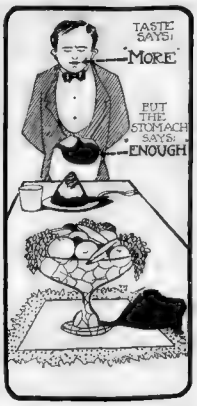
Why It Isn't "Something" You Eat, But "Everything" You Eat That Hurts You

Each article of food not only produces a definite re- in the body, but it has a certain action upon other ... with which it is combined at the same meal. The more one studies the food question, especially with the view of making it remove the causes of stomach and intestinal trouble, the more inclined we are toward simplicity in feeding. Some scientists are now claiming that the Mono-diet system—that is, eating only one thing at a meal—is the true and scientific way to live This may be swinging the pendulum of food reform too far in one direction, but there is no question but what the ordinary "table d hote" and "course" dinner is also swinging it too far in the other direction.

Foods, all that are needed by the body, might be divided into eight classes—namely, fats, eggs, milk, nuts, grains, vegetables, fruits, sugars.

The body demands a certain amount of sugar, but sweets should not be taken at the close of the meal after we have eaten quite enough of a dozen other things. No better way could be devised to produce chemical inharmony than the introduction of sweets at the close of the meal. When one has a craving for sweets they should eat a meal composed of nothing else. Take two or three ordinary services of ice cream and then drink three or four glasses of water, enough to neutralize the sugar and prevent supersecretion of hydrochloric acid. A meal of this kind would be entirely agreeable, and it would satisfy the craving for sweets.

The following table gives a method by which both good and bad combinations of food may be shown. I can only give one table as a sample. In order to make this system complete it would require eight tables, or as many tables as there are articles. Each table would show sixty-four combinations; the eight tables would show over five hundred combinations.



After the Stomach Has Cried "Enough," Sweets Will Tempt Taste to Cry "More," but the Stomach Is Always Right and More Would Be Harmful.

TABLE OF DIGESTIVE HARMONIES.

Key to Table.

1. Especially beneficial.
2. Good combinations
3. Somewhat undesirable.
4. Particularly harmful

	Eggs	Milk	Nuts	Grains	Vegetables	Acid Fruits	Sugars	Sweet Fruits
FATS. (Such as Butter, Salad Oils, Cream, Etc.)								
Fats with	1	2	3	1	1	3	3	3
Fats and eggs with	—	3	3	2	2	2	3	3
Fats and milk with	2	—	3	2	2	4	3	3
Fats and nuts with	3	3	—	2	1	2	3	3
Fats and grains with	2	2	2	—	1	2	3	3
Fats and vegetables with	2	2	1	1	—	1	1	3
Fats and acid fruits with	3	4	3	2	1	—	3	3
Fats and sweet fruits with	3	2	2	3	1	3	—	3
Fats and sugars with	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	—

We like to see a large number of things on the dining table, just because we have been raised that way. For many thousand years woman's field of usefulness and sphere of action were confined to the kitchen. She had no outlet for her ambition except to excel as a cook. This led naturally up to the "groaning table." The woman that could prepare the most things in the greatest number of varieties was considered the greatest woman in the community The ten-course dinner is the lineal descendant of the old idea of "a feast at every meal."

The treating habit, our prohibition friends say, is largely responsible for the evil of alcoholism. In eating, the treating habit is a little more genteel, but fundamentally the same. Eating does and should give us pleasure, and our pleasures we like to share with our friends. Thus the banquet idea.

The "groaning table" was the first or primitive form in which wealth was displayed, and the pleasure of possessing wealth comes largely from displaying it to others. This habit led logically from the private feast to the banquet hall, and our present habit of discussing great social and politico-economic problems over the dinner table is the shadow of this ancient custom.

Eating should be for a definite purpose. That purpose should be to raise the body to the highest degree of energy and vitality that it is capable of taking, and, if possible, to constantly increase its capacity. If the food question was studied from this point of view it would eliminate from our customs the course dinner," the "groaning table" and the habit of insisting "do have some more," and, on the contrary, it would have a tendency to reduce the number of articles eaten at each meal to just what the body required measured by its age, the time of the year, and the work it had to perform.

After one has eaten a sufficient quantity and the taste has signalled enough, something sweet puts into activity another set of taste buds which will accept a given quantity of sweets after the stomach had given the signal of enough. Aside from the chemical disturbance likely to be caused, every pennyweight taken in excess is just that much that cannot be utilized in the process of metabolism, and hence must be cast out of the body at a tremendous expense of energy

The less complicated—that is, the fewer things we take at each meal, the more perfect will be digestion and assimilation, which is, after all, the result we desire.

The Difference Between a Rich and POOR MAN'S GOUT

PHYSICIANS really recognize two forms of gout, which they naturally call "Rich man's gout" and "Poor man's gout," since one form falls to the lot of only the very wealthy, except in rare cases, while the other sort afflicts the poor man

The rich man's gout, as is well known, comes from a combination of over-eating, eating too rich and indigestible foods and drinking too much rare wine; while the poor man's gout is generally a combination of not sufficient really good nourishment and altogether on rich malt and alcohol from the cheap pla he drinks.

Consequently the poor man drinks quantities of fruit liquors instead of eating a hearty

because the liquors relieve the sensation of hunger to a great degree and are pleasant to take. Or the poor man may drink the vile cheap liquors solely because he is discouraged with his lot and the stuff helps him forget, temporarily.

But different treatment is needed for rich man's gout and poor man's gout, and naturally, since they are brought on because of different reasons. Abernethy, a noted English physician, once said, "The rich man can cure his gout by living on sixpence a day—and earning it"

Of course, this means that any one suffering with gout as a result of over-eating, and of eating indigestible foods and drinking too much rich wine, can find a cure by living upon the simplest and plainest of foods and taking a great deal of exercise.

A sixpence may be considerably too low a sum for the man in these times to hope to live on, as it is only twelve cents, but if the rich man of this country who is suffering with gout would live on a dollar a day and do the work that dollar-a-day laborers have to do, he would soon find his gout disappear, his appetite good, his digestion nearly perfect and his general health about fifty per cent improved.

In other words, a strict diet of plain food and little of that, together with plenty of exercise, is the best cure for the gout of the rich man

But when the poor man has gout it is generally called something else, because so few people understand that there really is a form of gout a poor man can have. The best treatment for him is, of course, total abstinence from all malt and alcoholic drinks and sufficient plain but hearty food

Yet, when it is said that the treatment for poor man's gout is largely educational and political rather than medical, it is hinting that he needs educating more than the rich man. As a matter of fact, the really poor man seems to have a bigger and better excuse for taking to drink than the rich man has for ruining his health with gastronomical solids and liquids.

YOU MIGHT TRY---

Keeping Out Dampness.

THE best way to keep a bed from becoming damp, if left for any length of time, is to leave a blanket on the top after it is made. Take the blanket off before using, and you will find the bed quite dry, as the blanket absorbs the moisture.

To Keep Palms Green.

PALMS sponged with milk and water do not develop the withered brown spots on their leaves which are frequently to be seen on them when sponged with water only

Restoring Tan Shoes.

A GOOD way to clean brown shoes when they have become a dirty, almost black color is to rub them well with a piece of cloth dipped in benzine or gasoline. This makes them almost their original color.

Potatoes for Flowers.

FLOWERS can be kept fresh for quite a long time by placing their stems in a potato. Bore holes in the potato with a skewer and insert the stems and place the potato in a dark bowl—and no water is required.

A Strong Garment Loop.

LOOPS for hanging garments are always wearing out and breaking Take a strong cord, cover it with the kid from discarded gloves and sew this to the garment for a loop. It will last as long as the garment does

Removing Mud from Clothes.

MANY people ruin the nap of the cloth in scraping mud from their garments with a knife or sharp object. Take a coin, like a half dollar, and scrape the mud off with this after it is dry and it will not harm the nap in the least.

How to Avoid the MICROBE DANGERS of Transfer Slips

WHETHER there is great danger in the little transfer slips handed out by street car conductors is a question that is more or less in dispute. It has been pointed out by medical men that there is always danger of contagion and especially in coming in contact with saliva from others

Now the street car conductor who hands out the transfer slips by the hundreds every day has a little block of them and when people are crowding into his car he, almost without exception, moistens the tip of his finger to better pick up an end of the slip and tear it off. Then the passenger takes this slip in his hand.

In this manner his fingers come in contact with the saliva from the conductor's mouth and people are always placing their hands on their face or handling candy or doing a thousand and one other things that might transfer germs from their fingers to some object that is eaten or to some abrasion of the skin on the face

And yet, it seems that street car conductors are a rather healthy lot. There is nothing to indicate that they are in a business that shows an unusual per cent of tubercular victims. They handle thousands of coins and bills daily. Everyone knows that many germs lodge on money. These conductors handle the money until their hands are grimy, they continually wet the tips of their fingers to moisten the transfer slips. Surely their danger is ten-fold greater than that of any passenger.

It seems somewhat ironical that on the backs of many transfer slips is a printed warning against expectorating in street cars because of the dangers of tuberculosis, and yet these conductors must moisten these slips. It is not their fault that they must transfer their saliva to the transfers. They cannot pick up the little slips from the blocks otherwise without wasting many minutes of valuable time. It has been suggested that these blocks of transfers be made with a bevel edge in such a manner that they may be easily grasped and torn off without the necessity of moistening the finger and transferring their moisture to the slip every time.

It is always safe, however, to avoid all such chances, and whether there is actually any danger or not from these moistened transfers, it is better to be on the right side and take no chances. Do not take hold of the moistened part of the transfer and fold it away from your lap or magazine or news paper until you can hand it to the next conductor.

A great many people take these transfers and, especially if their arms are full of bundles, hold the slips in their mouth for a moment or two while getting seated or putting change back in a purse. This is something that should never be done. One would think everyone knew whether than this in these days, but it is done every day.

Just How the Word "PARADISE" Was ORIGINATED

THE word Paradise is not found in the Old Testament until the Greek translators, who made the Septuagint, translated the Hebrew words for the Garden of Eden by that Greek word, Paradeisos, which means a garden, and was then taken for the Garden, or as it was later called "The Garden of God." There can be no doubt that the Hebrew idea was that this Garden was located in the East, and that the Garden still exists, and to it all happy souls will some day return. That is an idea which scholars claim was largely borrowed from the Persians after the Hebrews came into contact with them

It is interesting, therefore, to see what the Persians teach concerning Creation and Paradise. In the Persian Scripture, the Zendavesta, an evil demon, persuades the first human pair that he has created everything, and that all good fortune will come to them from Ahriman, his patron. After thirty days they clothe themselves in black garments and go hunting, when they shoot a white goat and drink its sweet milk. Then evil comes indeed, for evil spirits bring them fruits, and when the man and woman have eaten they lose all their virtues.

The followers of the Dalai Lama, in Thibet have another legend, that in this first great Garden a sweet-tasting plant grew out of the ground. One man tasted of this plant, and the other did likewise, when all virtue and good fortune ceased. Ages passed, and this plant grew no more Mankind fed upon a kind of red butter, then upon grass, and at last they had to cultivate the soil. Virtue had departed from the earth, violence, murder and faithlessness increased

How BABIES Are Relatively Much STRONGER THAN MEN

MEDICAL men assert that, according to well-conducted tests, it is shown that the new-born babe is relatively much stronger than a full-grown man The muscles of the forearm are astonishingly vigorous. A few hours after birth a baby suspended by its finger to a stick or to the finger of a grown person can sustain itself in the air for about ten seconds—in the case of particularly strong infants for so long a period as thirty seconds

When four days old an appreciable increase in the infant's strength may be noticed, and the time during which it can thus sustain itself is about two and one-half minutes for ninety-eight per cent of babies The maximum is attained in two weeks. Few infants can "hang on" for more than one and one-half minutes, although it is of record that one exceptionally developed child remained suspended for two minutes and thirty-eight seconds by his right hand After that he continued to hang on with his left for fifteen seconds longer.

Other experiments along this line all went to show that if man could keep up his strength when he reached maturity in proportion to the strength of his infancy, he would be at least twice as strong.

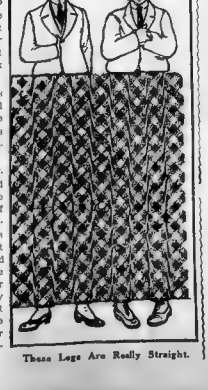
Proof of How Our EYES DECEIVE US

THE old tricks of deceiving the eye by drawing lines at slightly different angles are easy to explain, but it is not so easy to explain the latest puzzle of the bow-legged and knock-kneed men Here the plaids look very much alike, yet there is a slight difference in the angles of these plaids, with the result that one man seems to have his knees turn outward and the other to have his turn inward. It only proves how careful your tailor must be when he makes your next plaid suit, if your legs are to look straight.

If you turn the paper so that it is at a level with your eyes you will see that the legs of both men are straight and that it is only the plaids which have given the false impression of crookedness.

The knowledge of these slight differences in parallel lines has proved of great importance in architecture as well as in other departments of art. In Pompeii on the wall paintings the ancient Romans drew lines not exactly parallel so that the right effect would be produced, and the old Greeks gave a slight curve to the columns of their temples in order that they might appear perfectly straight. In other words we do not see perfectly, and therefore the artist must make allowance for our errors of vision if he wishes to secure the correct effects.

The tailor, too, must be an artist or he will send his customers out to appear bow-legged or knock-kneed, though their limbs are perfectly straight.



These Legs Are Really Straight.

Making Raw POTATO CAKES In Germany FOR CATTLE

ATTEMPTS are now being made in Germany to save all potatoes that would otherwise spoil through lack of a ready market, by means of drying them, or pressing out the water and forming these raw vegetables into cakes. Thus far the experiment has worked well as far as saving the potatoes and using them for fodder for cattle goes, but whether this method can be adopted with potatoes and leave them equally as nourishing for human consumption as the fresh vegetable is a question that has not been settled by any successful experiments.

It was learned that at least five million tons of potatoes spoil in Germany every year through lack of a ready market, and so pressure was used to extract the water from them and artificial heat was used to dry the pulp. A sort of potato flour resulted and this in turn was pressed into cakes. These cakes really composed of raw potato meal, have one-quarter of the original weight and occupy one-eighth the space. They taste and smell somewhat like newly made bread

The flour may be used or kept in this condition for considerable periods. Pressed into cakes, it is used for animal food. In practise three and eight-tenths tons of potatoes yield about one ton of potato meal at a cost of about fifty-six cents a ton. Twelve cents a ton added for pressing makes the cost of the cake sixty-eight cents, which is not high for fodder of such quality.

Chemical analysis shows the following percentage of food value: Water, 11.50; fat, 0.31; protein, 3.73; ash, 2.06; fiber, 1.71; carbohydrates, 80.69. The residual liquor, after pressing, is about 80 per cent pure albumen, which has a ready market.

How the Italians CURE Their CORNS WITH LEMONS

HUMANITY has suffered with corns ever since shoes that pinch the feet have been worn, but there is no need of even those who will persist in wearing tight shoes having any more suffering due to this difficulty.

The Italian people have less corns than any other. The reason for this fact is simply because they resort to the most certain corn cure known in the world. When an Italian finds his corn is appearing he goes to the lemon for relief. A piece of the juicy lemon skin is tied on the toe completely covering the affected part, and allowed to remain there all night, when it is removed. The new corn will simply disappear, and the old offender will stop hurting, and in most instances dry up and disappear. In a few cases where the corn has been a bad one of long standing, it will require more than one application. The acid in the lemon reduces the inflammation and the tissues soon become normal.

The remedy is safe, cheap and effectual and should be tried by every one who knows what it is to suffer with a corn.

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THE SINS OF THE FATHERS—

"The smoke from her mother's pistol seemed to stretch out through the years, full of cruel, hostile eyes and ever forming itself into a baffling hand that beat her always back from success."

Lorraine Hollis When She Was Twenty-one.

A Photograph of Lorraine Hollis When Trying for Success Upon the Stage.

How the Old Biblical Law Worked Out for Lorraine Hollis, (Beauty, Actress and Playwright), Whose Shadowed Life Has Been Ended by Starvation in the Very Heart of Rich New York

THE daughter is dead—starved to death in a New York furnished room. The mother lives, on the opposite side of the continent, though she tried to die by her own hand at the moment when the news of her daughter's death reached her.

The father died years ago, by the mother's hand—because he would not divorce his wife and bestow his honored name upon this mother and this daughter.

Thus, now for the first time, is explained the mystery of the always losing battle which wore out the life of one of the most beautiful and estimable women who ever graced the American stage—Lorraine Hollis. Always, upon her spirits and upon the material circumstances of her daily existence, rested the blight of the Scriptural promise:

"The sins of the fathers shall be visited upon their children, even unto the third and fourth generation."

Yet, borne up by her sense of her own personal freedom from responsibility for the misdeeds of her parents, she kept up her fight to the end. Her great beauty and talents could not be denied. Lenbach, the great German court painter, declared she resembled Maxine Elliott, his ideal of a beautiful woman. This beauty, and her ability as an actress, enabled her to earn the attention of a man influential in the theatrical world—and for once, a few years before the end, there was a single moment in which she believed she had triumphed. She had been blandly received by him. No other person was present.

"Certainly," said the man whose influence she sought, "you shall have the position to which your beauty and your talents entitle you. The contract will be for five years——"

She felt all the burden of her embittered past falling from her wearied body. But the arbiter of her fate was leaning over, his face almost touching hers, muttering something which seemed incredible

"What is that?" she asked, startled

"It is what you are to do," he said, "in view of what I am to see is done for you."

And, in lower tones, he repeated the condition which had seemed incredible

There was no mistaking the man's meaning this time. She blazed forth in her indignation, and rose to quit the place. He laughed loudly, sneering:

"What, you? You, the nameless daughter of Laura Fair and Judge Crittenden? Born in scandal and reared by a murderess! Oh, what a nice, precious little innocent! Good-day—I'm busy."

The cause celebre of the murder of Judge A. F. Crittenden, while he was on a ferry-boat going from San Francisco to Oakland, to meet his wife, returning after a long absence in the East, was written into the criminal records and a fresh page turned in the annals of the vivid crimes of a vivid state

But "Laura Fair's baby," precocious by heredity and by the candor of the hirelings who had surrounded her in her first three years of life, understood. The story was often recited in her hearing.

Laura Fair had been content with the secret 'ovemaking of the jurist. She had been flattered by his admiration, been enriched by his generosity, but when she learned that his wife was returning from her protracted visit in the East, the flame of jealousy blazed in her breast. She begged Judge Crittenden to leave his home before his wife returned. He smiled at what he termed her childishness. She implored him to offer his wife a divorce. He explained to her what restrictions of apparent convention hedge around a man of his eminence and his ambitions. She knelt to him. He grew impatient. She rose and shot him.

A crowd gathered about her. She was hurried off to jail. A mob threatened to try lynching. On the mind of the sensitive child were indelible photographs of the ignominious events. When her mother returned, the child turned her cheek from her kisses. One who saw the reunion said the child's eyes were the largest and saddest she had ever seen.

"They are the eyes of tragedy. She will look always upon grief," said a woman who knew sorrow, and whose body was afterwards found floating in San Francisco Bay.

Laura Fair set up a little home in the Mission. She hired a new nurse and the new nurse supplied all the facts the old ones had overlooked in the grim story of her mother's life; while the woman, still young and beautiful, and desperate, was earning her livelihood and her child's by singing in the dance halls of the mining camps.

And the child grew up. Often she said to the friends of that time that she wished she had not. With tastes superior to her environment, with a spirit acutely sensitive, she suffered keenly from the little hurts of life and dreaded the greater ones. And always over her lay the shadow of the memories of her babyhood, a shadow thick, black, impenetrable.

She went upon the stage and her beauty won her a local fame. Pacific Coast theatregoers recall her Parthenia, her Camille, her Frou-Frou, her Stephanie in "Forget-Me-Not," and her Marina in "Mr. Barnes of New York." She joined William H. Crane's company and she played in Augustin Daly's company. She wrote dramas and melodramas, —"The Panther's Trail," "A Heart of Stone" —she said the title was what the world seemed to her—and "A Woman Pays." She had thought, she said, of giving the last the title, "The Daughter Pays."

But for Lorraine Hollis success was brief. For a time she starred, but her tours were short. More money to carry her through the one-night stands and make good the deficits by bad business, more influence to "boom" the new-risen star, for the stage is, in this respect, much like real estate, were what she needed. They were offered her for the price often exacted in that sphere of glittering temptations, the stage. But she could not bring herself to pay that price.

From the day of the scene with the man of influence above described, her fight became a hopeless one. Lorraine Hollis was "blacklisted." Managers received her indifferently or not at all. They had nothing for her. They would never have anything for her.

Maxine Elliott's beauty shone more radiantly for its brilliant setting. Lorraine Hollis's, much resembling it, was dulled by its grim and gloomy surroundings. Latterly she was known as "The Lonely Lady." Always those who knew her story called her "The Child of Tragedy."

She was a woman of tenderest sympathies. Once she held an audience waiting an hour while she rescued a horse that was being beaten and kicked by its driver.

"Four-footed beasts have always been my friends, but I detest two-legged ones," she said, as, arriving so late, she made her smiling trembling apology and explanation to her audience

Into her humble last home she gathered waif dogs and lost cats. Tom, a gray-striped mascot, she carried with her to the theatre always.

For children she had the love of motherhood denied. She would stop in the street before a perambulator and look with hungry, tear-wet eyes at the rosy face beneath the canopy of lace.

Lorraine Hollis's health failed rapidly under the strain. She grew too weak to go about. She scribbled a little every day, but hopelessly. She sat often with her head in her hands, four waif cats mewing piteously or angrily about her. She looked often at the portrait of a beautiful woman, but she never spoke of her. Sometimes she said:

"I will never escape it! It will be with me to the end!"

At forty-two, Laura Fair's daughter was a broken woman, an admitted failure, for the shadow wrapped her thickly around.

Many others had said that to her, and Laura Fair's daughter had begun to hate all men and to care for few women. Her heart remained tender to children and animals, to the stricken and hopeless. She looked oftener than ever at the portrait of her mother, of whom she never spoke. Round the figure of the beautiful woman she saw a shadow, broad and black and suffocating. It was crushing her life.

They found her on a February morning in the cold, dark room, her face lovely with the beauty of a fading flower. The news sped to the woman in San Francisco. Laura Fair screamed and raged at fate. Those who saw her recalled the ugliness woman of forty-two years before who had slain the father of her child, who had been condemned to the scaffold and had been finally permitted to live and suffer the prolonged penalty of a life filled with regrets.

She tried to end her life. Failing, she said: "Can God be so cruel as to visit the sins of the mother upon the daughter? I cannot believe it." But the dead woman knew.

A Rare Photograph from a Portrait of Mrs. Laura D. Fair, the Mother of Lorraine Hollis, Painted Just Before She Killed Judge Crittenden, Whom She Accused of Being the Father of the Unfortunate Girl.

it was no casual coincidence that these events occurred in the same week. They held to each other the relation of cause and effect. The woman who died was the daughter of the woman who tried to die. Out of the black past had stalked a spectre that beckoned both to death. The sin of the mother was visited upon the daughter. By the law of reaction the grief of the daughter was visited upon the mother. The daughter dying because of the mother, the mother had tried to die because of the daughter Across the continent sped a story of love, of vengeance, of the suffering and sacrifice of the innocent, of retribution

The story is one that shows how stronger than environment may, in some instances, be heredity, for by every external sign Lorraine Hollis had a brilliant prospect for success. She had beauty so unusual that in a newspaper contest she won the title of the most beautiful woman in California, a State of beautiful women. She had an irresistible charm. "Every time she smiles she makes a friend," said one of her suitors, a discarded one, for as the shadow of her tragedy closed around her, the beauty became a man hater. She had a brilliant mind and worked with a vast energy that kept her at work until the day before her death. Even while the shadow under which she was born settled forever upon her, never to lift, a passerby saw the thin, pale, still lovely profile silhouetted against the window, and bent above a writing pad, while her hands, thin nearly to transparency, tremblingly guided a pencil. But the memory of the crime was stronger than she. In its shadow she died.

Women Growing Manly and Men "Lady-like"

AT this moment, when the English Suffragettes are making extra exertions to carry out their threat to "make London uninhabitable," the contrast between these Amazons and the lady-like youth of the British Metropolis, has evoked much newspaper comment Of the latter the Daily Sketch says:

There is a type of man that every real man wants to kick. It—one cannot use the masculine pronoun—is to be found chiefly in the neighborhood of Bond street, either coming out of a hairdresser's establishment or getting into a taxi-cab

It seldom walks because its leg muscles are barely strong enough to bear the weight of its frail body, but it can stand at a bar for fairly long periods if its weight be supported by a cane and the rail of the bar.

Strsight drinks are too strong for its delicate constitution, so it rules what little health there is within it by imbibing the sort of drinks they sell to women in the cafes.

Its greatest desire in life is not to look like a man, and in this it is entirely successful. It possesses neither vigor nor brains, and compared with the "nut" it is an empty shell.

You may recognize it by many signs. Its head is anointed with violet-scented oil; its body is encased in corsets, and its feet in tight shoes with high heels. It wears a shirt of a material more suitable for a woman's blouse, and it tells the time of day by a woman's wristlet watch.

It has to be born of wealthy parents, because it cannot work for a living. The world has no use for it, but its money is an asset to West End tradesmen.

The Daily Sketch inquired into some of its habits. A tailor said as invariable sign of effeminacy, so far as his trade was concerned, was a desire for trimmings. Where a real man would have plain braid the effeminate ordered a little embroidery. One customer had a large cloth covered button, similar to those on women's ulsters, where the ordinary man would have two plain bone buttons. The effeminate note in his overcoat was achieved by exaggerated skirts and a compressed waist

But the real hall-marks of the empty shell are to be found in its night attire and toilet accessories It sleeps in a silk nightgown of gorgeous pyjamas of the same material, wears silk slippers in the bedroom, and crimps its hair with silver-mounted curling tongs.

Often it has not sufficient energy to make its toilet all at once, and it trips into a taxi-cab to be finished off in Bond street. Here its face is covered with hot towels and afterwards massaged with scented creams. At the door of such an establishment you may see it helding up a stick for a taxi-cab.

A cigarette trembles from its weak mouth, and its small brow is puckered in an attempt to solve the great problem of the day—what shall we the aperitif, and where shall it be taken?

To the observer the greatest problem the empty shell presents is What would happen to it if it lost the support of its stick?

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Flat Hats and Fountain Plumes

Lady Duff-Gordon Describes the Skirts, Hats and Head-Dresses That Paris Will Favor During the Early Spring Season

Skull-Cap Hat with the New Fountain Plume. The New Dalmatian Cuffs and Swan's Down Neck Trimming

The Odd Flat "Leaf" Hat, the Bulgarian Buckle and the Latest Skirt Drapery.

The Unusual "Lizard" Headdress, the Draped-in-Front Skirt and the New All-Around Pannier.

LADY DUFF-GORDON, the famous "Lucile" of London, and foremost creator of fashions in the world, writes each week the fashion article for this newspaper, presenting all that is newest and best in styles for well-dressed women.

Lady Duff-Gordon's new Paris establishment brings her into close touch with that centre of fashion.

Lady Duff-Gordon's American establishment is at Nos. 37 and 39 West Fifty-seventh street, New York

By Lady DUFF-GORDON ("Lucile")

It is refreshing to turn to the Spring modes. The straw hat is with us, and the hat of velvet and velour is the variety, not the usual. Paris is such a quaint city! Never will I become accustomed to certain of its phases. I have grown accustomed to the silent, indolent fishermen, sitting day by day on the banks of the Seine in the heart of Paris, fishing ever, but catching nothing. Why do they do it? Ask the winds that blow from Montmartre.

I have grown used to them and can understand them, but I cannot seem to accustom myself to the way all Paris goes to bed one night wearing Winter hats and wakes up wearing straw ones.

Nevertheless, the whole city of Paris undergoes this transformation every February, and this year the hats are new and very chic. I am able to show you two models this week; later I shall have more, but it takes time to have the pictures made, alas!

In the first picture I am showing you a girlish little hat that my English friends would call bobbish. It is just a skull cap of white taffetas, hexagonal in shape. It is bound with a dark-blue corded velvet. The delightful part of this cap-hat is the fact that it fits closely, just as the Winter ones did, and yet no one could possibly mistake it for an old model.

The decoration is one of the fountain plumes that will be very much worn this Spring. It is white and is in two parts. It is fastened directly in the front, and, by the way, all trimming this Spring must be placed in one of two ways—either exactly in the middle of the back or exactly in the middle of the front

In this picture you will also notice the very new and quaint cuffs that complete the white crepe blouse These cuffs are very long and plain in shape, but they are elaborately embroidered with the wonderful Dalmatian needlework in the brilliant colors used by the peasants of that country. Another odd touch is given by the swansdown around the neck, this fur having a softening effect when worn next the face, and I predict that it will be widely used this season.

In the second picture I present one of the flat hats that are winning favor in Paris and on the Riviera. As you will notice, it is a small shape and is a revival of those worn many years ago This one is of butter-color straw, and the crown is covered with black-eyed daisies and dull pink roses. A darling combination, perhaps, but a very effective one

The charming gown worn with this hat has some new points, too The large Bulgarian buckle is practically a breast-plate, and the skirt is draped just above the right knee As the front falls back a hint of dull rose color is seen. The material of the gown is golden brown moire, matching the hat. The cut out neck and the narrow turn-back cuffs are new arrangements of Winter styles.

The fountain plume can be worn as an evening decoration if one wishes to be a bit unusual. In the third picture the long, slim plume stands up very like a snake, or as the lizard uprears itself in "Alice in Wonderland." I must admit that this fashion reminds me strongly of old Father John, who was able to balance a lizard on his nose, to the intense astonishment of Alice.

The gown here shown is also novel. The drapery of the skirt is odd indeed It looks as though it were hitched up in the front without rhyme or reason, when, in fact, it has taken great skill to get this effect without sacrificing grace. The skirt is of white satin and the over-gown of delicate pink chiffon

The short tunic, puffed and held in place with pink roses, is quaint and unusual. This effect is also given on the bodice, and the whole costume would be an ideal Spring gown for a recent debutante

But now let me tell you of one of the very newest models for the coming season, which will point the moral—and the meaning—of what I have just said, without any further comments. Imagine first, then, please, a low-collared and long-sleeved corsage which is just a filmy softness of flesh-colored ninon and cobwebby lace, some pale pink charmeuse being, of course, eventually introduced beneath its transparency and continued from just beneath the arms to within some five or six inches of the knees. A sailor collar of black chiffon falls deeply down at the back of the bodice, while then the V-shaped opening in front is followed by a turn-over of the mellow-toned lace, which is quite cleverly combined with the flesh-colored ninon. The back is used again in high points, enfolding the figure like the calyx of a flower, above a deeply folded waistband of black taffeta ribbon, which is tied in a many-looped bow at one side. The whole of the upper part of the skirt being then lightly veiled with the black chiffon, and all three fabrics being eventually joined together in the bondage of an encircling band of skunk fur. This, in its turn, is fastened at one side with another and even larger ribbon bow. And then, beneath, there comes a closely enfolding drapery of black charmeuse, the soft folds so caught together in the centre as to be slightly uplifted, and, in consequence, to display a glimpse of the wearer's ankles—and, let us hope, of worthily immaculate silken stockings and suede shoes. It is all—and undoubtedly—very smart; but, also, it is all rather hard, every line and detail being so clearly defined that each makes a separate and insistent demand for notice.

Then another new Parisian creation, which is almost an eccentricity, brings together a Parisian tunic and a draped skirt with somewhat startling but also rather piquant effects Over the shoulders there is carried a light veiling of white chiffon underlined with flesh color, and while cut in quite decollete fashion about the neck, continued into very long sleeves, finished off at the wrist with double frillings of lace—sleeves, in fact, which are curiously and dangerously reminiscent of an old-fashioned nightdress. Then, banded about the bust, and under the arms, is a softness of snowy white swansdown, this same most fashionable trimming being used again to border the curves of the tunic about the knees. This tunic, you must know, is of white net and boldly patterned Venetian lace, and entirely underlined with flesh-colored charmeuse. Finally, from knees to ankles, the skirt is fashioned of black supple satin—not charmeuse, please note, but the more definitely bright variety—all the soft folds being caught together low down in the centre, where the skirt therefore takes a definitely upward curve, the better to display the footwear. And this—if the precedent of the model be faithfully followed—will consist of white silk stockings inserted with cobwebby black lace and white kid shoes whose high black heels are ablaze with an inset device of diamonds, a paste buckle shining out in front, too, against the curve of the instep, where it has for most effective background a fold of black velvet. Add a swathed turban toque of black velvet, with a couple of ostrich feathers set so low at one side that they droop onto the shoulders, and you have a casino or restaurant toilette of the latest type approved by Paris.

Altogether the tunic is very much in evidence again, for it figures in an equally up-to-date evening gown, being, in this case, fashioned of eau de nil chiffon, and being arranged almost in fichu fashion on the bodice, where little pleated frillings finish it off above short, rather wide sleeves of white tulle edged with pearl greloties

Just between the cross-over folds in front, too, the white shows again, being there ablaze with an embroidery of pearls and diamond 'sparks," a full-blown pink rose being fastened just beneath. Here again the tunic ends its career at the knees—in front, at any rate—though at the back it curves downwards a little, being all bordered with a little en forme flounce, which falls softly over the scanty and underskirt of oyster white satin, where soft pearls and shining diamonds are wrought into a bold and beautiful device of festooned flowers and foliage, caught up high at either side with trailing true lover knot bows. A pearl-studded band is worn in the hair, with a pink rose to peep out coquettishly behind one ear, this being, as you will have gathered, a dress destined for a somewhat girlish wearer.

My Secrets of Beauty

By Mme. Lina Cavalieri, the Most Famous Living Beauty.

No. 216--Work from Within Outward

THE cornerstone of beauty is the principle that for effects that are lasting and worth while we must work from within outward. It is of little use to cover the face with layer upon layer of chalk and its compounds, to place salve on pimples, to massage the lips upward. But it is of tremendous, incalculable use to develop beauty from within, outward, to work, so to speak, from centre to circumference.

Cleanliness within means cleanliness without, a clear interior a clear surface. A pimpled, liverspotted, black-head-dotted skin means a clogged, neglected interior as surely as dust-streaked window panes bespeak careless housekeeping.

To test the truth of this, study yourself in a mirror after you have drunk water freely for two weeks. Not two or three glasses a day, but ten to twelve glasses. Your skin should be clearer and fairer than it has been for years. Your eyes should be brighter. Your lips redder. Your expression more vital.

The body accumulates much ash. It burns itself away proportionally as fast as does a cigar. That ash must be removed else the body will be clogged and ineffective and nothing performs this office so successfully as does much water drinking. The juice of a lemon in the first and last of these daily glasses aids in the work of cleansing. If it is desired to reduce the weight more lemon juice may be used, say the juice of one lemon in every other glass of water. Personally, I do not favor a method so extreme, though I know eminent physicians who not only permit but prescribe it. My own belief is that it is well to use the juice of a lemon each morning in a half glass of water, following with a glassful or more of water. The lemon juice will perform its work of cleansing the stomach better if not too much diluted. Though it is too strong undiluted for most stomachs.

The time is near when a semi-annual housecleaning of the body is part of the order of beauty. Therefore tablets made of equal parts of cream of tartar and sulphur, or the mixture of equal parts of sulphur and molasses should be taken two or three times a day for a fortnight, or, if much needed, a month, to freshen the skin by stimulating the liver and kidneys to do their allotted work.

Think over this principle of "From within outward" and apply to your own bodily needs. Suit the remedy to your individual problems. A young French artist, whom I met sketching in Normandy, told me that to overcome her distaste for water drinking she ate salt mackerel for breakfast and a raw onion for supper. These forced her to drink water plentifully, and her satin, smooth and lily-clear complexion attested the value of her individual recipe. The natural remedy of our grandmothers for flushing of the body, eating one or two apples at night, and drinking a glass of water before retiring, has an unchangeable value.

But still more important than this principle, as the spirit is more important than the body, is the need or a right guidance of the inward machinery. Of little use is a smile that is a mere parting of painted lips over the teeth. A smile that is worthy the name is a glow, a reflection of a bright or beautiful spirit. The smile expresses either thought or feeling. It is the speech of an active mind, or the sign of a tender spirit. It may be a roguish reflection of some mental whimsy Or it may be the benediction of a kindly wish. There was never greater beauty than that which the painters have given to the brooding, cherishing smile of the Madonna as she watches the sleeping babe at rest on her bosom.

To be beautiful, look, of course to physical cleanliness. But look too, to warming and making tender the spirit and cultivate activity of the mind. It is nearly useless to work from without inward. It is the highest wisdom to work from within outward.

Mme. Lina Cavalieri.

Beauty Questions Answered

E. B. S. asks how to reduce the bust, the roll of fat over the shoulders and thick upper arms.

Cloths saturated in camphor water and worn on the bust at night have in time reduced the size of the bust in some instances I have known.

Try household work for reducing the fat on the shoulders and upper arms. Sweeping, dusting and bedmaking should help your case.

A. B. writes that she has a few obstinate freckles that have not yielded to any treatment thus far.

"Hydrozone and glycozone, which you recommended, made them much lighter, but did not quite take them away," she writes.

There is no sure freckle cure, as there is no certain remedy for superfluous hair. Many freckle cures, so-called, are experimental and dangerous. As a rule the freckles that resist the application of lemon juice diluted with one-half the quantity of water have come to stay, or time alone fades them. We sometimes outgrow our freckles.

E. G. S. Asks—Will you please send me a recipe for making the hair very black?

There are hair dyes at any drug store that cause that result, but I do not recommend hair dye.

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How I Take Care of my Toes

Mlle. Dazie, Foremost American Dancer, Tells How She Makes Her Living by Her Toes and How She Keeps Them in Working Order

Mlle. Dazie in the Rest Mood After the Dance.

By Mlle. Dazie.

WHILE other women pay great attention to their faces, my chief care is for my feet. Lina Cavalieri may go every week to the dentist to assure herself of the white brilliancy of her smile—I pay regular visits to a pedicure. Lillian Russell may invent cold cream to preserve the beauty of her complexion—I experiment with compounds to make my soles soft and elastic. Paderewski had his wonder-working fingers insured. While their faces and figures, voices and hands, are their fortunes, my toes are mine.

I dance to live; I live by my feet. My future, my career, my health, my happiness, all depend upon my feet. For that reason I have made a life study of how to take care of them. What I have learned I am passing on to you as a free gift, because I know that no woman is healthy nor happy if her feet hurt her, and a great deal of unnecessary suffering can be spared if she knows how to care for them.

Constant vigilance and simple remedies are the watchword in care of the feet. Keep in mind the standard of a baby's feet, soft, dimpled, fat and flawless. That is the way ours should be, and yet, recall the feet of adults you have seen. Dwell on the imperfections of your own, and you will exclaim, "Monstrosities, your name is feet!"

Toes twisted and crowded against or piled upon each, red, unsightly lumps on the large joints, ugly brown spots on the smallest toes, calloused spots on the soles; hard, grating little edges at the corners of the toes, split skin between the toes, thickened nails, appear on nearly every "grown-up foot." And this is not necessary. Feet of grown-ups might be like a babe's—perfect—if they had proper care, and it is to tell you how to take proper care of them that I write this.

Be as careful of your feet as you are of your hands, of your teeth and your hair, and you can keep them as dainty as a well-cared baba's. You need not spend much money, but you must give them time. You need not use many remedies, but they must be faithfully applied. If I were cast upon a desert island I would be able to keep my feet up to the standard I have set if there were only cast up from the wreckage with me two articles, mutton tallow and a piece of clean white linen. Third, and indispensable in the care of the feet, is cold water, but I should expect to find that on the island.

I am very particular about my mutton tallow. I go to the meat market for it myself to see that it is cut from fresh mutton. I bring it home and render it in my own kitchenette, so that I will be sure it is perfectly clean. I put it in a jar and keep it in a cold place. I do not even perfume it, for I abominate perfumes. Besides, I distrust them, and my feet must have the best materials for their treatment. The materials I use for my feet must be absolutely above suspicion.

The mutton tallow I use for compresses to soften and feed the feet. We hear a great deal about the need of the feet for cold creams as skin food. The feet need it still more. The leather of the shoes keeps out air and causes the feet to ache and "burn." That is because the heat retained by the leather dries the feet. They grow parched and actually hungry, and the mutton tallow is their perfect food. The large pores at the soles of the feet, among the largest pores of the body, hungrily take up the tallow, which softens and nourishes them.

After bathing my feet at night I spread the mutton tallow thickly over them and bind loosely with strips of linen, and retire in peace, which one cannot do if her feet ache and "burn" from the weariness of the day.

The piece of linen which I should pray would be washed up with me if I were washed up on a desert island is not only useful for the mutton tallow compresses. I cut it up into small squares an inch in diameter and place it between the toes This would prevent their pressing against each other and forming corns. It would prevent their growing heated, and the little linen squares would take up the uric acid that appears between the toes almost as soon as it is manufactured in the body, and which, if it is allowed to remain there, will crack the skin and make it sore.

One of the Most Difficult Poses in Toe Dancing.

Without plentiful use of cold water feet cannot be kept healthful. When my feet burn and ache at night after dancing I remove my stockings and thrust the feet into a tubful of cold water. If my feet are especially troublesome, because of the burning, itching and stinging, I add twelve drops of carbolic acid to the water. Carbolic acid being an irritant to some skins I advise adding four drops of glycerine to the twelve drops of carbolic acid to soften its effect.

If, as often happens in cold weather, my feet show a tendency to crack, I place in the tubful of cold water a lump of alum as large as a square lump of sugar we place in our coffee. This, dissolved in the water, will harden the feet enough to prevent the cracking.

While mine being professional feet, I take the precaution to go often to a chiropodist to have them examined for any flaws which I may have overlooked. I consider this unnecessary for the layman (one in, say, three months, as you go to your dentist to have your teeth looked over, it would be well to go to a pedicure to have your feet examined. But even this may not be necessary if extraordinary care and attention be given to them

If a corn begins to appear you can cure it yourself while its root is still shallow by painting it every night with a camel's hair brush and iodine being careful not to remove the normal flesh around it. After a few these nightly applications and soaking of the feet in warm water the corn should come out by pressing it lightly with a towel.

I sleep with my feet higher than my head. If my head is resting on one pillow I place my feet on two, one pillow on top of the other. This draws the blood away from the feet and prevents their swelling and growing larger.

Every day I massage my feet. All feet would be better for daily massage of five to ten minutes. For the massage I use either mutton tallow or olive oil. Olive oil is better if one is in a hurry, for the feet sooner absorb it.

These movements are the best for the feet:

Stroke the front of the feet from the instep to the line between the toes, using the cushion of the thumbs.

Massage the sides of the feet from heel to toe, round and round, with the cushions of the thumbs.

Rub the ankles with the palms, rubbing round and round.

Pull and massage each of the toes with the thumb and first finger, using downward strokes.

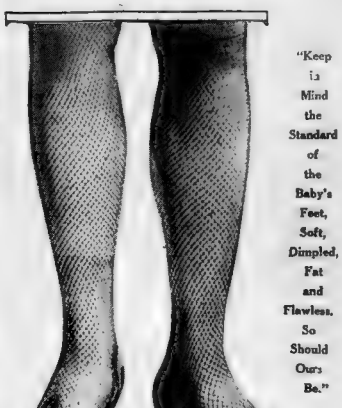
Work underneath the arch of the feet with the thumbs, rubbing downward toward the toes.

Be most careful about your shoes. Be sure that they are comfortable when you buy them. Don't trust to their becoming comfortable afterward. Perhaps they never will.

Be sure the vamp is long enough to give your feet plenty of room to slip forward without cramping. The high heel is far less an evil than the vamp that is too short.

Wear white and light stocking whenever you can, and always wear stockings with white soles or feet. They are less heating to the feet. White shoes are better for the feet than colored for some reason. I don't know why, but I have found that it is so, and so nearly all of us wear them

If you can't afford to go to a chiropodist there is a free pediclinic in New York where you will be welcomed



"Keep in Mind the Standard of the Baby's Feet, Soft, Dimpled, Fat and Flawless. So Should Ours Be."

Candy for the Children—The Recipes of Mme. Clara Butt, the Famous Contralto

AS every one knows, Mme. Clara Butt, the great English contralto, is a devoted mother and has three charming children. She and her husband, Mr. Kennerley Rumford, are devoted to their family, and they live an ideal life in their beautiful English home at Hemstead. Mme. Butt is never separated from her children, and if she goes on a long tour they must go, too, though it entails an entourage that is little less than princely; a French maid, a governess, a tutor, a secretary, besides an accompanist and a press agent. Mrs. Butt believes in home-made candies for her children and is an expert at making "toffy" and other confections that children delight in.

Here are some of her excellent recipes for candy:

MARSHMALLOW PASTE: Dissolve one pound of clean gum arabic in a quart of water; drain and add one pound of fine granulated sugar. Place over the fire stirring constantly until the sugar is absorbed and the mixture has become of the consistency of honey. Add gradually while stirring the whites of eight eggs that have been beaten to a stiff froth. Continue to stir the mixture until it ceases to adhere to the fingers when handled. When done, pour out into a pan that has been slightly dusted with starch, and, when cool, divide into squares and roll in powdered sugar. If one wishes flavoring, it may be added just before the mixture is done. Rose is one of the best flavorings for this paste.

VICTORIA FUDGE: Boil together without stirring three-three-fourths of a cupful of cream or milk, one-fourth of a cupful of butter and three cupfuls of granulated sugar, until it will form a soft ball when tested in cold water. Take from the fire, beat until creamy, then add one-fourth of a cupful each of candied cherries, figs and candied pineapples, cut in pieces, and one cupful of cocoanut. Flavor with rose or almond extract and pour into a buttered pan. Cut in strips when partly cool.

OLD-FASHIONED CREAM CANDY: Take two cupfuls of granulated sugar and two cupfuls of water, place in a saucepan to boil. Do not stir at all after the sugar has dissolved. While the sugar and water are boiling dissolve a little starch in cold water and set it aside ready for use later Test the sugar and water mixture every few seconds, and, when it grows hard at once upon dropping into water, add the starch, stirring very rapidly, and boil a minute or two longer. Then pour into a buttered dish and let cool sufficiently to handle with comfort and pull it with the hands, just as one does old-fashioned molasses candy. It will become as white as milk and be of a smooth, delicious consistency when done. Draw out long and cut with large shears into the desired size pieces.

BARLEY SUGAR: A very old English recipe. Ingredients: One pound of loaf sugar, one-half pint of water, a pinch of cream of tartar, lemon juice to taste. Put water, sugar and cream of tartar into the pan; let them boil quickly; remove any scum that rises, but do not stir it. Every now and then brush round the sides of the pan with a pastry brush dipped into warm water; this is to prevent the sugar draining. Boil this till some of it forms a little ball when rolled between your finger and the thumb. You must keep trying if it does so frequently, or it may get burnt. Then add the lemon juice and pour the mixture on to an oiled tin. The minute it begins to set, cut it into strips about as thick as your little finger. When it is cold enough to handle, take the two ends of each strip and twist it into the orthodox shape of barley sugar. Keep it in tightly covered tins

Mme. Clara Butt Making Honey Puffs for Her Three Children.

HONEY PUFFS: Boil three cupfuls of sugar and one cupful of cream; when it will almost thread, add one-fourth cupful of honey. When it reaches the soft ball stage, take from the fire and beat the stiffly beaten white of an egg into it. Beat one minute and add half a cupful each of finely chopped nut meats and chopped candied pineapple. Beat until firm and creamy and shape into balls between the fingers with a wet napkin, then cool. A speck of salt adds to the flavor.

ALMOND TOFFY: Boil together half a pint of water and a pound of brown sugar, for ten minutes. Blanch and slice through the middle one and a half ounces of almonds. Stir these into the syrup with two ounces of butter. Place the mixture again on the fire and boil hard for another ten minutes. Pour out into a buttered tin to the thickness of half an inch.

CHOCOLATE CARAMELS: Four cupfuls of granulated sugar, one-half cupful of butter, one-half cupful of thick cream, one-third of a pound of chocolate grated fine. Place the mixture in a saucepan and boil from twenty to thirty minutes. When nearly done, add the juice of half a lemon. Stir as little as possible while cooking. Try from time to time in water; when it remains hard in the water, it is done. Pour into buttered tins, and, when nearly cool, mark off into squares with the back of the knife buttered.

PINEAPPLE MARSHMALLOWS: Heat two cupfuls of sugar, half a cupful of water and half a cupful of honey over a slow fire. Then boil rapidly until it threads and add eighteen marshmallows, cut in pieces, and the beaten whites of two eggs. Beat until the mixture is creamy, then add one cupful of chopped candied pineapple. When quite firm pour into an oiled pan and cut into squares. Roll in cornstarch and powdered sugar.

NUT CAKES: Nut cakes are made with one pound of confectioners' sugar, the whites of two eggs beaten to a stiff froth, one tablespoonful of vanilla, one pint of chopped English walnut meats, and a pinch of salt; mix well together and mould into cakes. Finely ground cocoanut may be used instead of the nuts.

MAPLE CREAM: Take one cupful of maple sugar, one and a half cupfuls of butter and half a cupful of cream, and boil together steadily until it grows instantly brittle in water. Pour into buttered tins. Do not stir while cooking. If nuts are added, this is still more tempting.

PLANTATION DROPS: One cupful of New Orleans molasses, one tablespoonful of vinegar, one tablespoonful of butter, two tablespoonfuls of water, and one-half of a teaspoonful of soda. Place the sugar, water and vinegar in a saucepan. Bring to the boiling point and add the molasses. Boil till it will harden when dipped in cold water. Add the butter and remove from the fire. When it has ceased to boil, stir in the soda. Pour on to a greased platter, and when cool enough to handle, pull until it is straw colored. Form into a long, thin roll a little larger than a lead pencil, and, when cool, cut into small pieces with a pair of sharp shears. Dust with cornstarch and let stand until perfectly hard.

FRUIT FUDGE: Boil three cupfuls of granulated sugar, three teaspoonfuls of cocoa, three-quarters of a cupful of milk and one tablespoonful of butter. When it will form a soft ball in water, add one-half a cupful each of chopped raisins and nuts, one-quarter of a cupful of cocoanut and three-quarters of a cupful of figs, cut in small pieces. Pour into a buttered pan and, when partly cool, mark into squares

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LADIES' BLOUSE WAIST, WITH VEST.

GRAY taffeta, with trimming of soutache braid in self color, would be suitable for this design or brown velvet, with embroidery or a simple finish of stitching.

Navy blue flannel, with collar and vest of red or green, could also be used. The design is easy to develop, and lends itself readily to any of the season's attractive fabrics.

The pattern is cut in six sizes—32, 34, 36, 38, 40 and 42 inches bust measure. It requires 2¼ yards of 40-inch material for a 36-inch size.

NO. 9525.

A SIMPLE, COMFORTABLE LOUNGING ROBE.

WHITE silk and wool crepe cloth was used for this design, with a finish of feather stitching. The model is suitable for silk, lingerie fabrics, lawn or cashmere.

It will also develop well in flannelette, eder cloth or eiderdown. The waist and sleeve portions are combined, and the skirt and waist are gathered in the joining at empire waist line.

The design is easy to develop, and will be found comfortable and attractive

The pattern is cut in three sizes—small, medium and large. It requires 4 yards of 44-inch material for a medium size.

NO. 9533.

BOYS' RUSSIAN BLOUSE SUIT, WITH KNICKERBOCKERS.

WHITE pique was used to make this model, which is equally appropriate for linen, corduroy, flannel, galatea, linene and other seasonable fabrics. Blue linen, with simple stitching for a finish, would be very appropriate.

The design shows a broad plait and shoulder tucks in front. The sleeve is tucked at the wrist. The "knickers" are cut in regulation style, and the fulness at the knee may be held by an elastic band.

The pattern is cut in four sizes—3, 4, 5 and 6 years. It requires 2¼ yards of 44-inch material for a 4-year size.

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THIS design will make a charming afternoon dress for early Spring if developed in fine serge, sponge cloth, charmeuse, voile or panama, or for warmer days it could be developed in cottons, crepe, linen, gingham or lawn.

The deep collar outlines a chemisette that may be of lace. As here shown blue serge, with facings of green satin, and chemisette of tucked net, was combined. The skirt is a three-piece model, with plaited extensions at the sides and tucks at the centre front to correspond with the tucks in the waist. At the back the skirt has tiny gathers.

The pattern is cut in six sizes—32, 34, 36, 38, 40 and 42 inches bust measure. It requires 6¾ yards of 36-inch material for a 38-inch size.

NO. 9535.

GIRLS' DRESS, WITH OR WITHOUT SHIELD, AND WITH LONG OR SHORTER SLEEVE.

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The shield may be omitted. The sleeve may be fashioned in full length or shorter, the pattern supplying a suitable cuff for each length.

The pattern is cut in four sizes—6, 8, 10 and 12 years. It requires 3¼ yards of 40-inch material for an 8-year size.

NO. 9476.

LADIES' SKIRT, WITH PLAITED INSERT.

VELVET in a new wisteria shade was used for this design. Crystal buttons and black satin tabs form an effective finish.

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Boston American
Society and Foreign News

SUNDAY, MARCH 2, 1913.

Foibles of Fashionables in Greater Boston's Select Set

MISS ELEANOR COTTON is one of the most brilliant Bachelor Boston claims, with possibly the exception of Mrs. Nathaniel Simpkins, Jr. Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Cotton, her parents, of Commonwealth avenue, have been entertaining extensively at Palm Beach during their stay at the Royal Poinciana.

Nobody looks prettier in the plainest of gowns in the primary colors than Miss Marian Fenno. I notice after "sizing up" the situation from all points of view. A new bow at a recent dance an evening or two ago when it was positively astonishing how little it takes to dress such a svelte figure to perfection. She had on a soft clinging gown on trains of beaded jet lace solidly encrusted in the shimmering effect without an article of trimming. The skirt was a tight fitting affair that was caught in even tighter at the knees with a jetted rope of satin and only flared at the train, which was a small affair at that in "hobble" effect, which is so popular this season. The bodice, which was decolletee, had the deep cut of crystal beads, which also formed the short shoulder sleeves and was finished in a tiny white silk ruche. On her corsage she wore only one bit of color in an American beauty rose, and it was by far one of the handsomest gowns in the ballroom, and all on account of the richness in its simplicity.

Mrs. J. Montgomery Sears has the distinction of having introduced a decided novelty in the way of a head dress, and with it all one of extreme becomingness and beauty. Her hair, which is slightly gray, is always marcelled and dressed to perfection, and in it she has recently been wearing a number of tiny white ornaments in the way of white narrow ribbon or seed pearls, the old-fashioned effect in the jewels which are those of a half century or more ago strung on horse-hair. I noticed the other night at a dance she had no less than four in her coiffure, and at a distance they had the effect of small white stars. It is essentially a Paris creation, I have no doubt, but although a small change, it is wonderfully effective. Her daughter, Miss Helen Sears, too, is wearing these on certain occasions, and I am glad to see she has abandoned the idea of parting her hair on the side, which, with her wealth of chestnut colored hair, is so much more becoming parted simply in the middle and softly waved off her brow.

Miss Sears has a decidedly unique gown for evening wear, as far as combination of color is concerned, and one that to some might be very trying. It is a peacock blue satin charmeuse. The decolette bodice, which displays her splendid neck and shoulders to excellent advantage, has a fold of white tulle edging. The corsage, which has a wide band of deep old rose velvet, which, though by no means a brilliant bit of color, seems to bring out the blue shades to splendid advantage. She wears long white shoulder length gloves to which may be attributed the setting off of a stunning gown.

It is astonishing how popular black and white coloring still remains among a number of the smartest young and older matrons. I noticed no less than three gowns side by side in the receiving line at a dance given privately the other night, though I venture to say no one person knew what the other was to appear in. Mrs. Henry Hunnewell, Mrs. Guy Lowell and Mrs. Hayard Thayer are the trio I have reference to, and they were as stunning a group of women as one could wish to see. Naturally the display of diamonds went no small way to set off these primary colors, but even so the creations were so admirable combined as to have been in the hands of the most artistic modistes possible. Each of the ladies in question had on a deep dog collar of diamonds and pearls, while in Mrs. Lowell's instance the pearl embroidery on her gown was certainly a revelation. I feel sure of this as one man in the hall apologized for commenting on it so complimentarily.

Mary Curtis, with her wealth of red-gold hair, is always a striking figure at any place where society congregates, and she always dresses to make the most of her "crowning glory." Always some Grecian-like ornament adorns her coiffure and usually a wide band of pearls or other stones is worn low in her forehead, giving a decidedly Grecian effect. In evening clothes, all clinging and with long, graceful lines and her Grecian-like headdress, she looks but little like the strictly tailored Mary Curtis of the street or the capable horse-woman in the close of with the lion's share of ribbons whatever she shows her wonderful horses.

Mrs. Louis Agassiz Shaw, one of the most wonderfully arrayed of Boston's younger matrons whose girlish slenderness makes it possible for her to wear the most striking of creations which always seemed to be draped about her rather than sewed together, in true Paris fashion, like who adopts more or less of the oriental style in dressing. Her ear rings are usually of the largest and longest variety and her headdress odd and oriental. Her sister, Mrs. Robert Bass, is just the opposite, and "chic" would best describe her gowns and all I have often heard it remarked that she looks so typically French and so unlike the handsome Mrs. Shaw that one would never take them to be sisters.

Mrs. Stanley McCormick is another of the remarkably gowned women of Boston society, and to see her in her handsome operations sitting in her box at the opera one would never for an instant imagine her the ardent suffragette she certainly is. Usually one associates suffragettism with the mannish type of woman, but Mrs. McCormick is as quiet and retiring as the most mouse-like debutante, and her gowns are fashioned to match her demeanor—elegantly simple.

SOCIETY IN GAY ARRAY AT OPERA.

Again on Wednesday night society was out in gayest array at the opera and the gowns worn were quite as gorgeous as any of the season.

Miss Helen Sears, always conspicuous for her elegant gowning as well as for her beautiful neck and shoulders, wore a stunning creation of dark green velvet, the upper part of the bodice of white beaded chiffon which extended down over the girdle and under the skirt, which opened over in V shape. Outlining the decolletee was a narrow band of old rose velvet in back and front.

Her mother, Mrs. J. Montgomery Sears was in black satin, the upper bodice of silvered net, and a long black aigrette adorning her coiffure. Mrs. John L. Gardner entertained several guests in her box, including Maria Gay, who was in a gown of dark red satin and who was most enthusiastic over the great success made by her talented husband. Mrs. Gardner wore gray brocaded velvet trimmed with silvered chiffon which draped the upper bodice. A band of silver caught with a white aigrette circled her coiffure.

Mrs. Samuel J. Mixter deserted her usual seats in the orchestra and sat with friends in a box in the second tier. Her gown was of burnt orange satin draped with fine black lace.

Among the younger members of society in the second tier of boxes was the dashing Louise Wells, who wore a most becoming gown of dark green satin, the upper bodice of silvered lace. She wore, as usual, very long earrings, that time of pearls, and remained in her seat and spent her time receiving and talking with her many friends who visited her. Among the visitors was Miss Helen Sears, with whom she talked longest and most animatedly. Miss Shaw was pretty and girlish in a gown of pale pink satin and chiffon.

Mrs. Henry F. Quincy wore a gown of wide striped black and white satin, trimmed with rare old lace, and Miss Edmee Quincy was most winsome in a gown of palest blue chiffon, combined with blue satin and silvered lace.

Mrs. Robert Jordan wore a becoming gown of black satin, trimmed with white chiffon embroidered in silver.

Mrs. Barrett Wendell, Jr., was in black satin and white lace and Mrs. Henry Russell wore white satin.

Mrs. John L. Thorndike was distinguished in lavender satin and had with her her pretty daughter, Miss Alice Thorndike, who was in emerald green satin, made in the side effect, draped over cream lace and trimmed with a touch of old rose.

In a near by box sat demure Elizabeth Gray, looking prettier than she has looked on any occasion this season and wearing a gown of palest yellow satin draped with heavy cream lace and trimmed with touches of blue velvet. Her mother was distinguished in black velvet and jetted lace.

Miss Dorothy Jordan looked girlish and winsome in an exceedingly plaited gown of cream chiffon, the skirt trimmed with narrow ruffles of the same, a jacket effect was formed by some bone work.

Mrs. E. Preble Motley was in lapis satin trimmed with cream lace.

The pretty Titian-haired Mrs. George H. Dearing, Jr., was attractive in a gown of flowered pink chiffon over pale pink satin and a large pink aigrette in her hair.

Miss Clara Endicott Sears, who has been seen but little at the opera this Winter, was in pale blue satin and chiffon, and a pale blue aigrette topping her prettily dressed gray hair.

Miss Mona Lyman, upon whose graceful shoulders have fallen all the responsibilities of the exclusive Vincent Club girls she became its president, was radiant in pale gold satin made with extremely high waistline and draped with gold chiffon heavily embroidered in gold. A large blue sapphire worn on the bodice was her only ornament.

Miss Miriam Shaw, who sat with her distinguished looking father in the orchestra seats, and who instead of going out during the promenade remained in her seat and spent her time receiving and talking with her many friends who visited her. Among the visitors was Miss Helen Sears, with whom she talked longest and most animatedly. Miss Shaw was pretty and girlish in a gown of pale pink satin and chiffon.

MRS. ANDREW ROBESON SARGENT

MISS DOROTHY MORGAN

ONE of the season's most interesting debutantes is pretty Dorothy Morgan, daughter of George M. Morgan of No. 479 Commonwealth avenue, to whose honor Mr Morgan is to give a fancy dress party at the Country Club in Brookline on March 27.

Miss Morgan has made a decided success of her first season and is numbered among the few debutantes who enjoy unquestioned popularity. She is dainty and chic, and her gowns have been among the prettiest of the year.

Miss Ethel Holloway who took a prominent part in the "College Hero" when it was given in Boston last Fall is another notably pretty girl of the younger set. She is talented and interesting and always to the fore in any event where her talents can help along any charity.

Among the younger matrons of the smart set Mrs. Andrew Robeson Sargent who was before her marriage Marie Du Acosta of New York ranks well to the fore both for her beauty and her many accomplishments. Mrs. Sargent is often a guest at the opera where her costumes, many always of the richest black of severest style make her a conspicuous figure. So dainty and slender is she that when she stands beside her husband, who might almost be spoken of as huge, she looks decidedly tiny.

Mrs. Sargent made a decided hit in the Vincent Club theatricals a couple of seasons ago when she played the part of the rather daring and decidedly unconventional Pip.

Mrs. Samuel J. Mixter, wife of Dr Mixter of Mayhew street, was in kept busy this Winter entertaining her daughters-in law, is wearing a particularly attractive creation of buttercup yellow satin. The gown is effectively combined with exquisite thread lace shawl, a priceless heirloom, which forms a wonderfully effective overdress and shows to splendid advantage over the yellow satin. Rose wreaths adorned did cameos with this gown, family heirlooms, as well as the lace.

The Vincent Club girls are hearing sorry to learn that owing to the departure of Miss Dorothy Jordan for Europe she will be unable to dance for their annual Spring show in April, as they had expected. Miss Jordan who is an indefatigable worker in her specialties in this line, was one of the most attractive features of the latest charity performances for which Mrs. Gardner awarded Country Court when in addition to a large number of society people posing for the tableaux, much was made of the dancing of the children, who were accompanied on the piano by the white and gold music room where the large frame built on the platform was most effective. Miss Jordan's quaintly clothed old fashioned costume of dove rose pink silk which was tremendously becoming. The full skirt was ruffled to the waist each ruffle headed by a band of lovely lace, a crinoline. The low-necked bodice had the round neck [illegible] more well and was [illegible] an old-fashioned silk embroidered shawl which, with the cream straw old fashioned poke bonnet with streamers of the flowered ribbon was most effective and in keeping with the [illegible] dance. She did a Gavotte, an old-fashioned polka and a minuet. It was due to Miss Jordan that she should prove [illegible] card of the program, for she has been working daily [illegible] dances for the past week or [illegible] not having done them since she learned them in Paris on her last trip last Summer.

Open Revolt in Ranks of 'Army of 400'

By ELIZABETH ELLIOTT.

WITH the greater part of society flitting from one fashionable resort to another searching ceaselessly for that ever-elusive happiness, those left at home are having the time of their lives in their endeavor to keep out of mischief.

Lent and mischief would never agree, and to mention the two in the same breath seems almost like sacrilege, but—and we're whispering this—all is not as quiet beneath this glowingly serene surface of Lenten calm as might be imagined.

When children are so very, quiet as society seems at the present moment, one always—and usually correctly—surmises that they are deep in the joys of mischief, so absorbed that making noise is quite out of the question.

And so we hear of mischief-brewing plots and counterplots to overthrow the social kingdom.

A revolt is on and the bonds of society is truly divided against itself.

It's a tempest, and not a mild one either. Why should the lines be so tightly drawn? Why should some lead while others follow? By what right have those now in power obtained sway and how long are these formidable social barriers to be allowed to remain?

Those on the outside are peeping anxiously in, watching every movement, while those on the inside are peeping out, quite as anxiously, and wondering how it is all to end.

INSIDE OF THE EXCLUSIVE CIRCLE.

In the very inner circle are such well known old Boston families as the Thayers, the Ameses, the Peabodys, the Abbotts, the Adams, the Gardners—and so on down the list. But who's who in that list, who shall lead and who shall follow, and who, if anybody else, shall be allowed to enter the social precincts?

They say the war was started when a certain pretty society girl chose to marry a young man of good family, fair's wealthy and with brilliant prospects—but not in the inner circle of society and therefore not included in the invitations which the unhappy young matron continues to receive and is in no way recognized by her set.

"The truth of the whole matter," a broad-minded young lady w th opinions of her own and the independence to express them declared recently, "is that there are not enough interesting men in society to go round, and the girls in order to enjoy life, must seek elsewhere for their male companions than in [illegible] Those are few but [illegible] girl of to-day is tired of that sort of thing and is sure to kick over the traces.

[illegible] are born not in the exclusive set who are well-bred and everything that is desirable, but who [illegible] to [illegible] and appears to [illegible] society was [illegible] with the [illegible] of [illegible] who are [illegible] till late [illegible] society are [illegible] rests and [illegible] time in gossip at [illegible]

It's an [illegible] of girls Boston [illegible] these days, and there [illegible] who are [illegible] but sad as it may seem [illegible] are not to be found in [illegible] to which those same girls [illegible] So, naturally, they will soon [illegible] approach their standards and let society go hang.

There is one story of a pretty society girl, beautiful, entertaining and all that a most interesting and fascinating girl should be, who met her brother's law partner. The partner, while not in the set, was a classmate of her brother's at Harvard and the two men were friends. The [illegible] met him and a [illegible] her brother that she intended making him to call. Since a friend [illegible] her brother's friends [illegible] sible. But the wily miss found a way and has gone over the heads of her entire family and is slowly [illegible] surely winning [illegible]

And a fine [illegible] for her sisters.

But who [illegible] is diagnosing [illegible] and she was crowned [illegible] it's time her brother was looked [illegible]

SEEK MEN WHO ARE WORTH WHILE.

More and more [illegible] of the real inner circle are [illegible] into membership outside [illegible] and this is the [illegible] to the inner [illegible] a bit with [illegible] the men who are really [illegible] the men who are a [illegible] of something in all walks of life, who [illegible] true metal by the [illegible] are making for [illegible] men who are out [illegible] Those [illegible] in [illegible] till late [illegible] society are [illegible] rests and [illegible] time in gossip at [illegible]

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And a fine [illegible] for her sisters.

But who [illegible] is diagnosing [illegible] and she was crowned [illegible] it's time her brother was looked [illegible]

Many Bostonians in Sunny Climes

AMONG Bostonians seeking fairer climes are Mr and Mrs. Robin H. Allen of Commonwealth avenue, with their daughter Ruth, just arriving from Panama. They intend making an extensive tour and during their stay will visit several South American ports, going as far as Caracas. They will make a trip to Havana at a later date, and will also visit several points of interest.

Among the interesting young honeymooners just returned to town from their wedding trip are Mr and Mrs Ross Lesher Clette of London, who have been enjoying a tour through the south and are now occupying rooms at the Touraine. The bride was married on December 14.

Mr and Mrs Joseph S. Rice and their son, Joseph S. Rice, Jr., are receiving congratulations on the recent arrivals at Wachi Lodge, where they are enjoying a two months' outing.

Mr. and Mrs. James L. Batt, who have been spending the winter at the Plaza, are at the present moments in the Hotel Carlton in New York, where they have been the recipients of a round of entertainments given in their honor, have returned to their home on Beacon street.

Miss Charlotte Minot and her sister, Miss Fredrica, who have been spending some time in Rome, have just been joined there by Dr. Minot, who has been doing some research work in that city. Miss Minot is shortly expected to return home to Mount Vernon street.

On Monday night, March 10, the Amateurs, that exclusive dramatic club of Brookline, will present the comedy, "The Other Girl," in Whitney Hall. Their last play of the season will be given on March 24th.

The Francis W. Chandlers, who have been spending the Winter in Florida, are planning to return to their Marlboro street home in time for Easter.

Among the many entertainments which Mrs. Henry Lee Higginson has been giving this Winter the dance which she gave in the Chilton Club on Friday night in honor of her daughter in law, Mrs. Alexander H. Higginson, was quite the most brilliant and successful of them all.

Mrs. James G. Blaine, 3d, came up from Providence the past week for a visit with her parents Mr. and Mrs. Richard Dow of Marlboro street.

Mrs. George C. Lee, who is convalescing from a severe illness, has gone with her daughter Miss Margery Lee, to Lakeland, N. J., where she is hoped Mrs. Lee will make more rapid progress toward complete health.

Mrs. Horace N. Slater, who comes coming from her beautiful estate "Pinebank," Redhill, has been occupying an apartment at the Touraine on Beacon street, has gone with her daughter Miss Esther Slater, to Panama where they will spend the coming month of March.

The Reginald Normans of Black Point Farm, Newport have sailed for Europe for a tour of three months. Before returning to America they will spend some time with Mrs. George H. Norman in her apartments, Rome, Italy.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Adams Kimball of Newbury street with their son, Wilfred Montgomery Kimball, have sailed for an extended tour abroad.

Mrs. H. H. A. Beach, who is spending the Winter in Munich, has recently been visiting friends in Berlin.

Among Bostonians who have just arrived on the other side and who I start on their various routes are Miss Susan Fuller and her father Theophilus Parsons; Miss Elizabeth Dwight, the pretty daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Dwight of Beacon street. Mrs. James McMinn of the North shore Summer colony and Mr and Mrs Thorp McClellan, who are to spend the greater part of their time abroad with Mr John and Lady Hargood in London.

Mr and Mrs. George H. Blake of Lenox and their interesting young daughters, the Misses Margaret and Julia, are shortly looking for Lake Worth, where they are to spend some time with the Francis Sumner Blakes.

Mr. and Mrs. Josiah Hayden of Quincy Summer have just arrived in Egypt, where they are to spend considerable time before continuing their tour on the Continent.

Mr and Mrs. John Parkinson, Jr., are also arriving in Bremen, where they expect to spend considerable time. They return to America in time to go for the early season to their beautiful showplace.

Miss Louisa Wells, who has been for some time in Asheville, N. C., went to Biltmore Terrace, Augusta, Ga., Wednesday, where she has leased her friends, Mrs. S. Parkman Blake and Miss Mary Blake of Brimmer street.

Mr. and Mrs. James B. Forsyth have gone to New York, where they are to spend several days visiting friends.

Among recent Boston arrivals in Atlantic City are Miss Brenda Fennelosa of Riverbank Court, Cambridge, and Miss Florence Eldredge of Dorchester.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph F. Woods of Chestnut street and their young son are having a delightful time of it at their fine estate in Bombay.

Mrs. George S. Hapgood has issued invitations for a dinner which she is to give in the library of the Hotel Somerset Friday evening, March 7th to preface the final meeting of the Friday evening dancing class. Mrs. Mumford is one of the matrons of the class. On the same evening Mrs. David S. Greenough of Jamaica Plain, whose children are members of the class, will give a dinner there for her children and several of their young friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Brownlow Glover of Cleveland, O., formerly of Boston have announced the engagement of their daughter, Elizabeth Dale Glover, to Theodore Weed Barnes, 2nd, Harvard '12, son of Mr. and Mrs. William Barnes, Jr., of Albany, N. Y.

Miss Marion Spencer, who has just arrived on the other side, has joined her sister, Miss Eleanor Sprague, who is at school in Paris.

Mr. and Mrs. Robb de Peyster Tytus, who have been spending the Winter at Lake Saranac, have been for a short visit in Tyringham. They will shortly return to Lake Saranac where they will remain until the early Spring.

Mr. and Mrs. William F. Bestgrich-Smith (Marion Jordan), whose wedding was an event of a couple of weeks ago, are just about arriving in England, where they are to make their future home.

Miss Elizabeth Bigelow who has been visiting friends in Concord, returned to her home in Marlboro street on Tuesday.

The Boston Arena will be en fete again on Tuesday evening for the skating carnival to be held there for the benefit of the Ellis Memorial. This will be the second benefit carnival held at the arena this season and promises to be most successful. Among the attractions will be a ball given by Herr and Frau [illegible] Among the many well-known [illegible] who will take part in the [illegible] Miss [illegible] Miss [illegible] Miss

BLUE-BLOODED PETS OF DOGDOM RULE IN REALM OF SOCIETY

Mrs. G. Steadman Thomas of Hamilton and her prize Pomeranian.

Mrs. N. S. Joy and a dog which attracted unusual attention.

Cambridge to See Mock Trial

Members of the Prospect Union are arranging for a mock trial to be held Tuesday evening, March 11.

The annual fair and supper of the North congregational Church, North Cambridge, will be held Wednesday afternoon and evening, March 6

Mrs. John Amee, president of the Cantabrica Club, will be the guest of honor at the Brockton's Women's Club on March 5. She has been asked to repeat the address which she gave before the congress of Presidents at Providence January 29. Mrs. Amee will also be the guest of Mrs. Carrier, president of the Professional Women's Club at its luncheon at the Somerset March 12.

The twenty-eighth anniversary of the Christian Endeavor Society of the Prospect Street Congregational Church was held Tuesday evening. The Rev. Carl Starkman of Somerville, at one time a Christian Endeavor secretary in South Africa, gave an interesting address.

The Woman's Home Missionary Society of the Grace M. E. Church met Wednesday afternoon at the home of Mrs. W. H. Powell, No. 21 Garland street.

The three-act comedy "Jack and Jill" will be given in the Newtowne Club hall, North Cambridge, Friday evening, March 7 under the auspices of the Ladies' Auxiliary of the Third Universalist Church.

Newtowne Lodge, ... E. O. P., will hold a class initiation on March 4 and will celebrate its anniversary on March 18.

Crusader Commandery, Knights of Malta and Crusader Sisterhood held a whist party in Odd Fellows Hall, North Cambridge, Tuesday evening. On Tuesday evening, March 11, the commandery will hold a public installation of officers.

The West Somerville Dramatic Club gave the drama "Country Folk," in the Newtowne Club Hall, North Cambridge, Wednesday evening. The drama was given for the W. C. T. U. I. Club of Somerville and was followed by dancing. The committee in charge consisted of Lester W. Dearborn, chairman; Edith Campbell, Louis Chen, Marion Dearborn and Gladys Haynes.

At the meeting of the Tuesday class at the home of Mrs. C. D. Wilder, No. 19 Lancaster street, North Cambridge, Miss Helaine Hersey gave a talk on "Arnold Bennett."

A dancing party is to be given Saturday evening at the Kenwood Club, in charge of Bertram C. Gould, William F. Cutter and Edward F. Burnham.

Clan McNeill of the order of Scottish Clans, has issued invitations for a whist and dancing party, to be held March 18, in Edward Hall.

THE greatest of all Lenten events of general interest the past week has been the Dog Show held at Mechanics Building, when all the dogs of the "inner circle" competed for honors. It was also the first showing of Spring gowns and many hints of the Effect fashions were gathered from the fabrics who appeared there in the latest and most stylish attire.

The gowns as well as the dogs came in for honors and many the blue ribbon some of our most notable society matrons would have carried off had it been the gowns that were judged

Among the most conspicuous of those showing their pets were Miss Edith Barnes of Commonwealth avenue, whose cunning little Pekingese "Gel-Gee" attracted much admiration; Mrs. J. Stedman Thomas of Hamilton and her Pomeranian "Dodliff"; Mrs. N. S. Joy and Miss Doris Bryan with her Scotch terrier "Scottie."

Much interest developed in the showing of Pekingese spaniels, more, in fact, perhaps because it was in this class that Mrs. Raymond Belmont of New York was scheduled to show her orange-colored Pekingese against Mrs Arthur L. Holland's recently imported Ching Ling Foo. The Judge liked the latter better.

Mrs. Belmont got first in the limit class and second in the open Mrs. Holland took best in the show with her recently imported Champion Yi Sin of Alderbourne, for whom she paid $1,000

In this same class little Miss Hope Easton won second to Mrs. Belmont's first in the limit, with Tang of Eglam. Mrs. Frank Loring Preston will show in Tuesday's also scored.

Bostonians Flock to Palm Beach.

PALM BEACH, Fla., March 1.—The season has reached its zenith at Palm Beach where, as always, many Bostonians may be found. Not the least of the diversions is the fishing which attracts most of the men at some time or another during their stay, and of these John Kennedy is one of the most successful. He established the season's record for sailfish, having pulled in five.

Mrs. Charles F. Choate, who has been one of the most attractive Boston women at Palm Beach this season, left here for a stay at Key Island this week and will also spend a week at Augusta, Ga., before returning to Boston on March 17.

Mrs. Fitzgerald arrived here this week with her husband, Mayor Fitzgerald, to join his brother, Joseph Fitzgerald, and J. T. F. Kelly at the Poinciana.

Mr. and Mrs. V. B. Hubbell of Boston are paying their usual visit to the Poinciana, where they are with Mrs. Hubbell's family, including Mrs. James B. Hyde, Wilson and James Hyde and Miss Lillian Hyde, whose victory on the Palm Beach links during the annual women's tourney was again made her women's champion of Florida. This title she wrested from a Boston girl, Mrs. E. H. Utley, now of Hartford, formerly Edna Wirth.

Mayor Fitzgerald is one of the most envied men at Palm Beach for he is pursued at every turn by the camera men, and while preferring not to pose on the beach says after all that the men are saving their living in their own way and that he should feel that he was wrong in refusing them the privilege of taking his photograph. The photograph taken of the Mayor and his party last season at Palm Beach have been shown together with pictures of society at Mount Clair Springs, all over the United States

Mr. and Mrs. Luther E. Martin of Boston have been among the entertainers of the past week at the Poinciana, and gave one handsomely appointed dinner in honor of Mrs. Lillian Verne Armstrong of New York, who is a member of the village colony

Mr and Miss Leonard Ash were at a porch party at the Breakers on Friday with Mr. and Mrs Hamilton Perkins, who entertained for them. Mrs. Ash wore a stunning small hat in black and white and a simple white gown in crepe which is so much affected here this season.

Mrs. John Shepard, Jr., entered the women's annual golf tournament at Palm Beach last week and put up a very good game. Mrs Shepard looks almost sixteen in her golfing togs of severely simple white tailored skirt and blouse with a white stock, Panama hat and golf coat of vivid green cloth

Mr. and Mrs. Brenton H. Dickson are at the Breakers, where they register from Boston.

Mr. and Mrs. Hamilton Perkins are doing a good deal of entertaining on board their yacht, where a large luncheon and sailing party was given last week.

Robert Herrick of Boston, who is one of the season's guests at Palm Beach has just purchased from Mr Horace L. Kent of Brookline his fast speed boat "Grace."

R. S Hale of the Tennis and Racquet Club in Boston is spending a week at the Poinciana, following a visit with Mr. and Mrs Joseph S. Bigelow, Jr., aboard their yacht at Miami. Mr. and Mrs Bigelow had a party aboard for the annual chowder party of the Biscayne Bay Yacht Club on Saturday. Mr and Mrs. Joseph S. Bigelow, Sr., of Boston are at the Royal Palm for a stay of several weeks

Mr. and Mrs. Robert H. Ives Goddard, who are at the Breakers have a speed boat in the Palm Beach fleet which has a great record for attaining speed They made a trip to Miami in her last Thursday, attending the ball there at the Royal Palm accompanied by Mr. Rowland Hazard

Mrs. Raymond Whitman of Brookline, who is at Palm Beach with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Hon. C. Chadwick-Taylor of Chicago, is among the most popular young matrons. Her tobacco juice of American Beauty red satin worn at the Beach Club for a dinner on Saturday night was one of the most beautiful seen at Palm Beach in some time.

One of the Boston guests at the dances given by Mr. Clarence Rogers, Mrs. Blanche Roberts and Walter Lewbosh this week was H. P. Barrington the young Woodland golfer who is entered in the coming championship tournament at Palm Beach. Mr. Barrington won the low score prize last year with 150 to his credit, for thirty-six holes, in 74-76

Mrs. J. M. Gleason of Marlboro and Mrs. C. H. Stevens of Boston are spending some time at the Breakers

Among A Lawrence, Alfred Dabney and John Reese of Boston, who were so active in the tennis tournament last year at Palm Beach, have come again and are at the Poinciana, where most of the noted tennis players make headquarters. The annual tourney will start next week after some swift practice work

A handsome luncheon in honor of Mrs William E. Murdock and Miss Murdock of Boston was given by Mrs. F. C. Van Dusen of Minneapolis on Wednesday and twelve guests were bidden. It was given at the Poinciana in the Garden Grill, and the decorations were Spring flowers, tulips, valley lilies and violets

Miss Agnes Fitzgerald was one of the prettiest girls at the Washington's Birthday ball at the Royal Poinciana on Monday night, which, in view of the absence of an inaugural ball this year, is probably the largest and most representative ball in America during the season of 1913.

Pinehurst Golfers From New England.

PINEHURST, N. C., March 1.—Socially the mixed foursome here is not unlike the Saturday night at Meadowbrook. The recent entrance of forty-one couples for this season's event is striking evidence of the popularity of golf here, and Miss Gwendolyn Cummings of Brookline was one of the winners. Among the leaders were Dr. M. W. Marr of Dorchester, W. T. Stall, Brockton; G. W. Dunlap, Forest Hill; C. C. Fletcher, Melrose; Miss E. C. Thayer, Milford; H. H. Brown, Salem, and H. F. Mansbett, Plymouth

The week has been one of many dinners, the most noteworthy a jolly supper at The Little-Red-Lion cabin by Hon. Alexander MacGregor of the Governor's Council of Massachusetts and Mrs. MacGregor, for Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Robeson of Rochester, Mr. and Mrs. M. B Johnson of Cleveland, Mr. and Mrs. Justus Kendall of Bethlehem, Mr. R. M. Slayton of Manchester and Miss Lucy Priest of Portsmouth. Automobiles conveyed the party to and from Pinehurst.

Colonel and Mrs. E. A. Spigert were

At top, Miss Edith Barnes, and her Pekingese "Gel-Gee," of Commonwealth avenue

At the right is Miss Doris Bryan with her Scotch terrier "Scottie." Below is Mrs. Frank Loring Preston and her champion spaniel "Nowata Chin-Qua-Pin."

hosts at dinner at the Waldheim cottage, the spread served with exquisite daintiness known only to Kentuckians. The guests were Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Priest and Miss Priest of Portsmouth, Mr. and Mrs. Herbert L. Jillson of Worcester and Mr. Harry Wadron of Providence

At the Carolina Mr. and Mrs. George H. Crocker of Brookline were among many others who entertained.

Messrs. William H. Thayer and T. E. Jacobs of Boston return for March.

Mr. and Mrs. George N. Towle of Boston are spending a fortnight here

John B. Brennan of Boston spent the week here

Mr and Mrs J. Cope Slayton and Mrs. C. Sheldon of Boston were recent visitors.

Mr and Mrs. H. Newton Marshall of Boston joins friends.

Mr Ashton L. Carr of Boston will remain several weeks

Messrs. E. W. Kinsley and F. B. Washburn of Worcester return for golf

Walter F. Brooks of Worcester will remain seteru, weeks

Mrs. Ella M. Wheelock of Worcester will remain indefinitely

Mrs. C. F. Mansard, Mrs. W. H. Chase and Mrs. C. J. Blood of Lynn come for a fortnigh'

Mr and Mrs. F. B. Maggane of Lynn return for March

Mrs. Charles H. Pinkham, Misses Clarice and Hazel Pinkham and Miss Kate H. Mackay of Lynn join Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Burnham

Mr. and Mrs. J Henry Herring of New Bedford will remain indefinitely

Mr. and Mrs. H. P. Dixon and Miss Dorothy Dixon of New Bedford return for their usual visit

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Goodwin of Fitchburg and Mr. and Mrs. P. Lee of Milford are welcomed back for their annual visit

Messrs. John J. Lynch, Thomas J. Lynch and J. E. Lynch of Holyoke return for golf

Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Russell of Lowell will remain until Spring

Messrs. Herbert E. Falls and Herbert G. Falls of West Newton are late arrivals.

Mr Harry H. Brown of Salem is here for a long sojourn.

Mr H. E. Nalbert of Plymouth will remain some time.

Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Taft of Whitinsville return for their usual visit

Everett Masons in Minstrel Show

Palestine lodge of Masons, Everett, is to give its annual minstrel show in the Broadway Theatre, April 1 and 2, when "Treasure Island" is to be presented. A committee has been chosen to have charge of the evening consisting of Fred B. Munroe, ex-Mayor Charles Bruce, George E. Hunt, Edward B. Norris, Lewis G. Joel, Leon P. Lawton, Lewis P. Sawin, Raymond H. Lane, Alva W. Clark and Merritt Sleeman. Proceeds are to be devoted to the Masonic Home fund.

Bon Ton CORSETS

EASTER, the beautiful, is near, and you well realize its meaning to every woman who initiates on that day the charming new gown. But don't forget to have that gown fitted over a BON TON corset. See the new Spring models at YOUR dealers.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is effective in removing that tired feeling, because this great medicine purifies, enriches and revitalizes the blood. Take it this spring.

Get it today in the usual liquid form or in the tablets called Sarsatabs.

Dorchester Clubs Plan Big Events

TOMORROW evening the Urbone Club will hold another of its series of whist and entertainments. The party will be the largest in the social list of the organization. The committee in charge are William Doyle, chairman, who is assisted by Frank Brooks, Harry Glynn, John McCarthy, John Brooks, Walter Doody, William Brooks, Fred Glynn, Fred Murray, Frank L. Looney, Corbett Haggerty, Frank Thomas, James Horan, William Barker and James Flanagan. Among the young ladies who have assisted the club and will be present are

Miss Anna Walsh	Miss Nellie Crowley
Miss Dorothy Noonan	Miss Mary Higgins
Miss Gertrude Fox	Miss Irene Carey
Miss Rosamond Tierney	Miss Peter Murray
Miss Elizabeth Clarke	Miss Gertrude Walker
Miss Mary Hart	Miss Helen Ryan
Miss Helen Bowen	Miss Irene Carey
Miss Margaret Carroll	Miss Helen McCarthy
Miss Julia Ryan	Miss Nellie Glynn
Miss Margaret Walsh	Miss Mary Higgins
Miss Mildred Burke	Miss Vera Hart
Miss Gertrude Woods	Miss Teresa Walsh
Miss Mary Kelly	Miss Elizabeth McCabe
Miss Margaret Driscoll	Miss Mary Donovan
Miss Nellie Walsh	Miss Mary Daly
Miss Gertrude Tierney	Miss Alice Valley
Miss Mary Dooley	Miss Helena Mulvey
Miss Catherine Connell	Miss Lucy Lamey
Miss Josephine Ware	Miss Mary Ryan
Miss Hazel Wallace	Miss Maude Dolan

Friends of Miss Charlotte Babson of Harvard street, met at her home on Tuesday evening and presented her with a locket and chain in honor of her eleventh birthday anniversary. The presentation was made by Ralph Hobbs, and was responded to by Miss Babson in a few chosen words after she had gained her composure after the surprise Among those present were.

Miss Hope Forbes	Ralph Hobbs
Miss Alice Hobbs	Arthur Wellman
Miss Irene Smith	Walter Tuttle
Miss Mary Doherty	Walter Dole
Miss Mary Manning	Richard Sullivan
Miss Minna Level.	Harold F. Dole
Miss Ruth Freeman	Robert Peterson
Miss Mildred Hobbs	Harold R. Brown
Miss Marion Slater	Harold Bowker
Miss Gertrude Murphy	Thomas Jones
Miss Mary Burke	Thomas Jones
Miss Alice Hart	Raymond Gould
Miss Frances Marr	Herbert Rix
Miss Harriet Crook	Wendell Jones
Miss Florence Fleming	Walter Mason
Miss Rita Sheehan	William Rix
Miss Alice Burns	William Rix
Miss Gertrude Burley	George J Tuttle

One of the social church organizations recently formed in the Dorchester district is the Sterling Guild, connected with Highland M. E. Church, Washington and Dakota streets. The regular monthly meetings and entertainment will take place the last Thursday in each month. The officers and others interested in the organization are:

Mrs. G. A. Reynolds, Mrs. George Cohen, President.	Miss President.
Miss Jessie A. Broomer, Miss H. B. Griffin, secretary.	Treasurer.
Mrs. C. W. Holgate	Mrs. George R. Voorhees
Mrs. Carl Lane	Mrs. F. W. Gilkerson
Mrs. C. H. Knox	Mrs. F. O. Stamps
Miss Alex C. Smith	Mrs. E. M. Haskins
Miss Mary Wood	Miss Margaret Wood

The Allen Club of the King square section is making arrangements for its annual show which will be intitled "The Prince of Lilacs" and will take place in Whitton Hall, Cenitis street, Saturday evening, March 8. The officers of the club who will have charge are Ruben Haggerty, president; Chester Allen, vice president; Sydney Rabkin, treasurer, and Gardiner Patten, secretary. Byron Jackson is the chairman of the entertainment committee.

The Forbes Club has formed an organization to be known as the Junior Forbes Club. The officers are William L. Bradley, Jr., president; Herbert Faulkner, vice president; Nathan Chase, secretary; Thomas Hoag, treasurer, and George Washburn, director.

Miss Katherine Holland is entertaining her cousins, Miss Saidie Cummings, from Florida, and her sister, Mrs. J. F. Mackie, formerly of San Francisco, but now of Great Barrington, Mass.

Mr and Mrs. Samuel S. Sawyer of Antrim, N. H., are the guests of Dr. and Mrs. W. H. Sawyer at their home, No. 501 Washington street.

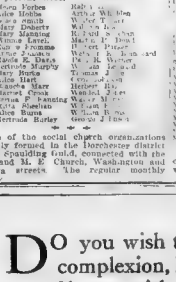
Mr G. Powell of Pleasant street is at Pinehurst, and will not return until early in the Spring

Miss Harriet Long of Blue Hill avenue in the Mattapan section was surprised by her friends on Monday evening and was presented with a traveling bag, containing a purse of Monday was her twentieth birthday. Among those present were:

Miss Ethel Ward	Robert Cooke
Miss Ethel Hamlin	Robert Stone
Miss Ruth Hamlin	Harold Jenkins
Miss Ruth Hamlin	Harold Jenkins
Miss Mary Wilson	Martin O'Toole
Miss Mary Wilson	Robert V. Cotton
Miss Mary Wilson	Wilfred Cotton
Miss Mary Wilson	Abel E. Howard
Miss Mary Wilson	Roland Burrill

On the afternoon of March 6 the Dorchester Daughters of Maine will hold a whist party in Whitton Hall, Centre street.

DO you wish to improve your complexion, hands and hair? If you wish a skin clear of pimples, blackheads and other annoying eruptions, hands soft and white, hair live and glossy, and scalp free from dandruff and itching, begin today the regular use of Cuticura Soap for the toilet, bath and shampoo, assisted by an occasional light application of Cuticura Ointment. No other method is so agreeable, so often effective and so economical in treating poor complexions, red, rough hands, and dry, thin and falling hair. Liberal sample of Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment sent free with 32-page Skin Book. Address postcard "Cuticura," Dept. 44, Boston.



'Bachelors' of Quincy Are Hosts

The Bachelor Girls entertained the Bachelor Boys of Somerville at the home of their president, Miss Elizabeth McKee, 256 Water street.

An entertainment was provided and games of all sorts were played. Solos were sung by Edward Foley, Francis Carey and Miss Tilley Hines. A buffet lunch was served at the close of the affair. Among those present were:

Elizabeth McKee
Margaret E. Hanna
Mary E. Hanna
Miss B. Dorman
Kathryn G. Mahoney
Dolly Sweeney
Lil. A. Greene
Helen B. Hines

J. M. Coughlin
Jos. McGlinchy
Arthur W. Hopkins
Edward L. Wolff
Dr. J. Carey
John D. Wilson
James Nolan
Edward Kane

A meeting of the Quincy Day Nursery Association will be held at the Woman's Club Tuesday afternoon.

The annual sale of the Kathryn Crane Memorial Club will be held Saturday, March 15, at the home of Mrs. Emery L. Crane of Whitney road.

Plans have been completed for the seventh annual banquet of the Makaria Fraternity of Bethany Church, to be held in the church. The speaker will be Homer Albers, dean of the Boston University Law school. A prominent member of the committee on arrangements is Charles W. Gansel, the old-time National League base ball star, who has coached the Makaria baseball teams since the association was formed. A reception will take place from 6 o'clock until 6:30, and the evening line will be headed by Mr. and Mrs. Theophilus King.

Others on the committee include Albert H. Wells Jr., Harry E. Glover, Matthew N. Richard Jones and George Mac-

Ralph Ivy Lodge, order of Daughters of St. George, will hold a dancing party in Alpha Hall Thursday evening, March 17. The affair is to be in charge of a committee composed of Mrs. Edward Treaskis Mrs. Thomas Newcombe, Mrs. Charles Van ber, Mrs. Frank Hayden, Mrs. Thomas Johnson, Miss Emily Noyle and Miss F Maude Johnson.

The speakers at the second of a series of lectures to be given this afternoon in Fisherman Hall by the Young Men's Hebrew Association are Ernest L. Collins, principal of the Quincy High School; Dr. Nathan A. Pinkelstein, president of the [illegible] H. A. and Jacob De Haas.

Mrs. David Twomey of Payne street has returned home after an extensive trip through Ireland.

The annual meeting of the Atlanta Chapter of the Daughters of the Revolution will be held tomorrow afternoon at the residence of President John Adams. Reports of the different committees will be submitted and the election of officers will take place.

The Friday Club will meet with Mrs. William Marsh of Irving place next Friday evening. Mrs. Marsh, Mrs. Wadsworth and Mrs. John L. Cow will be in charge of the program.

The Holy Name Society of St. Mary's Church will hold its annual entertainment party in St. Joseph's Hall, Wollaston, Tuesday evening, April 1. The committee in charge consists of John J. Ronan, chairman; John J. Joyce, Patrick H. Geoghegan, Edward Joseph Duggan, Edward Joyce, Frederick J. Pierce, Michael Sullivan and Thomas Murphy.

A large number of tickets have been sold for a birthday party to Henry G. Pratt at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Ethel Hathaway, on Edwards street. Mr. Pratt is now eighty-five years of age and has for many years been one of the most prominent carpenters of the city.

More than 700 were present at the annual ball of Mt. Wollaston Lodge No. 80, I. O. O. F., held Saturday evening in Music Hall. Many out-of-town guests attended and the affair was arranged by the following committee: Chairman, Johnson; Mayor Eugene R. Stone and Hon. John J. Mellwrith, members from the First Norfolk District.

Colonel Henry Kingsbury [illegible] Jr. and Miss Moorehead, Jr. [illegible] assisted the aids were:

Raymond	Frank W. Flowers
Edward Eaton	Louis H. Leland
Richards	Andrew W. Johnson
Arthur H. Dunham	Dr. Frank A. Bell
Edward C. McDonald	Dr. Frank P. McDonald
Clifford Gilmore	Harold E. York
Percy Mitchell	Edward L. Sandberg
Edward S. Andrews	
John H. Richards	

On the reception committee were:

Nathan Amos	Charles H. Tilton
Charles H. Prescott	Frank A. Burgess
Frank A. Burke	Eugene R. Hamlin
William Wickham	William Pigeon
Fred A. Crowell	Arthur H. Hall
Frank Bacon	Edward Bacon
Dr. F. H. Boswell	Dr. Joseph Carruthers

Mr. and Mrs. John H. Thomas, Manchester, N. H.; E. B. Dexter, Mrs. E. A. Boardman, Boston; Dr. and Mrs. John H. Rose, Hartford.

LEND-A-HAND DRAMA CLUB TO PRESENT "RUDDYGORE."

PHOTOS BY LOUIS FABIAN BACHRACH.

At the right, above, Claire Stephenson (Richard); at the left, Miss Alice Diaz (solo dancer); at the right, Miss Amy V. Beal (Sir Despard).

REHEARSALS are perfecting the work of the members of the "Lend-a-Hand Dramatic Club," who will present Gilbert and Sullivan's "Ruddygore" at the annual entertainment in Jordan Hall on March 4. The proceeds of the performance will go to the Vacation Club Camp at Andell, where members of the club entertain working girls during the latter's vacation period.

Miss Caroline L. Freeman, president of the dramatic club, is general manager of the show, and the solo dancers are Miss Alice Diaz, director of dancing in the "Naughty Little Princess," and Miss Mary McGrath, instructor of dancing in the Brookline Municipal Gymnasium.

The cast of the opera is composed of Robert L. Mc on Chipp, Harold E. Cole, Stephenson Sir Despard, Amy V. Beal; Old Adam Goodheart, Rose Mayhew Eliza beth Letherman, Maid Margaret; Julia C. Colby; Dame Hannah, Alice Sampson; Zorn, Fanny Hyde; and Ada Harriet Seaver.

The bridesmaids and other members of the chorus will be:

Mrs. Ray Pinkus	Louise Walworth
Rose Keyes	Phoebe Hyde
Ruth Cooke	Elizabeth Ware
Ruth Cooke	Ruth Ware
Ruth Cooke	Ruth Ware
Ruth Cooke	Ru

LONDON Chester Overton John L. Eddy PARIS Marquis de Castellane Paul Pierre Rignaux BERLIN Ernst Wallenberg Count V. Elphberg ROME J. M. d'Aquin George M. Bruce

SUNDAY AMERICAN'S SPECIAL CABLE LETTERS FROM THE CAPITALS OF EUROPE

MRS. GOULD SAID $50,000, BUT LORD DECIES DOUBLED IT

Twice as Much Spent in Beautifying Sefton House as the Bride's Mother Intended.

HENCE PRESENT LAW SUIT

Special Cable to Sunday American.

LONDON, March 1.—Lord Decies, who won Miss Vivien Gould's young affections at a New York horse show, continues his legal fight against paying the builders and decorators who made over his country house, Sefton House, Slough, to receive his bride. As these dispatches have told, Lord Decies declares the bill is exorbitant.

It appears now that Mrs. George J. Gould, mother of Lady Decies, is entirely of that opinion. Having authorized the expenditure of $50,000 to make a becoming home for her daughter, Mrs. Gould refuses to pay $100,000, the amount demanded for improving the ancient mansion.

Lord Decies' appeal against the High Court's decision that he must pay the $100,000 will come up in the Court of Appeals shortly.

The story goes that before the wedding, Mrs. Gould and Lord Decies discussed certain plans for modernizing his ancestral seat. Mrs. Gould generously expressed her willingness to pay $50,000 for certain alterations and decorations.

But returning here, Lord Decies, with even greater generosity, gave instructions to the builders for ornamentation of which Mrs. Gould had no opportunity to approve, such as oak panelling on the staircase of the fine old house and dainty structural and artistic alterations in the boudoir and private apartments destined for the bride.

There is no doubt that Sefton House was made entirely fit to receive even an American heiress, but Mrs. Gould was vastly surprised when she received the bill.

"I told you I would be very glad to pay $50,000," she said sweetly to Lord Decies, according to her friend, "but $100,000—does that not seem extravagance?"

So Lord Decies went to the builders, a big London firm.

"You have charged me $50,000 too much," said his Lordship.

"My Lord, as we understand it, your Lordship incurred the additional liability of $50,000," politely returned the firm's representative.

"I shan't pay it; it's a confounded imposition," returned Lord Decies.

So the firm went to law. The High Court decided that Lord Decies must pay for what he had ordered, but also directed that the builders' claims be submitted to arbitration. A month later the builders went to the court again complaining that the noble Lord had not obeyed its order.

The court directed that the settlement be expedited. Therefore, Decies, being a fighter, "put on the gloves" just as one of the Beresfords did with young Tony Drexel in New York. After training with his lawyers, Lord Decies decided to take the High Court's order before the Court of Appeals.

FLEE FROM DEATH STORY.

Couple Quits Paris to Escape Condolences on 'Death' of Woman.

PARIS, March 1.—In order to escape an avalanche of messages of condolence upon the death of his wife, the Baron Von Hesse-Wartegg, accompanied by the Baroness, who is very much alive, has gone to Brazil. The letters and telegrams began to come to the Hotel Crillon, where the Baron was staying.

At first he thought that some people were playing a practical joke on him, but soon he discovered that a report had been spread that the Baroness was dead and a clipping agency supplied him with obituary notices of the deceased.

The Baroness says she felt greatly flattered at the fine things the papers found to say about her and declared it would be almost worth dying in order to call forth such gracious tributes.

CAN'T RESIST LURE OF PARIS

American Painter, Long Resident of London, Goes to France.

PARIS, March 1.—J. J. Shannon, the American painter, who has resided in London for the past thirty years, has come over to Paris to see some of the many Spring exhibitions and to visit his brethren of the brush. Mr. Shannon is a native of Auburn, N. Y., is an R. A. and is president of the Society of Portrait Painters.

As a portrait painter he has few rivals. His chief studies were made at South Kensington in the early 80's. He has made his home in London, where he has had fame and fortune like many other American painters, but like many another American artist he loves Paris.

BIG RUSH TO MONTE CARLO.

Famous Gambling Rooms Are Crowded by Visitors.

MONTE CARLO, March 1.—During the week the gaming rooms have been crowded to excess while hundreds have been unable to get admission to the sporting club. At the dinner hour in the famous restaurant, whether the Paris, Hermitage, Metropole or the Circle, the sight is a brilliant one. Pomar Law, the English Tory leader, is staying at the Paris Hotel, other arrivals being A. Drexel, Sir Robert Redfield and the Duke of Westminster. The Duchess of Marlborough has been among the visitors, but has since returned to London.

Napoleon Held Him.

PARIS, March 1.—A man is living who was held in the arms of Napoleon as a child, having survived two French Empires and three Kings. He lived through the term of ten Presidents, and witnessed two revolutions, one coup d'etat and one civil war. M. Pierre Schanel, aged 105, lives in Neuilly, Paris, happy and in good health, on 30 cents a day allowed him by the Poor Law authorities. He has lived on milk since he was sixty.

Presses a Button, Furniture Shifts, Fountain Appears

Comtesse de Greffulhe Turns Her Paris House Into a Palace of Enchantment.

By MARQUIS DE CASTELLANE.
Special Cable to Sunday American.

PARIS, March 1.—The beautiful Comtesse de Greffulhe has transformed her town house in the Rue d'Astorg into an Enchanted Palace. Nothing like her new striking efforts has been attempted since the regency, when the Duke d'Orleans held high festival in the Palais Royal. But the Duke did not have the advantage of pressing electric buttons in those days, and these buttons furnish the enchantment.

The guests of the Countess enter quietly into the waiting room or salon d'attente. From this they proceed in stately pace two by two, each gentleman giving his arm to a lady until they reach the salon d'honneur or chief salon of the house. Here were so many electric buttons are arranged.

Imperceptibly the Countess touches an electric button and at once the tables, chairs, pictures, candelabras, sofas, etc., begin to move about.

She touches another button and each piece of furniture moves back to its proper place without inconvenience to the guests. She touches a third button and the sweetest music is heard.

The Countess presses still another button and in the twinkling of an eye the salon is transformed into a patio in the midst of which a refreshing fountain is playing. Another pressure of an electric button and the fountain-hall becomes a Roman swimming bathroom. The guests are invited to take a plunge.

The Countess herself, who is called an Arabian Nights' Queen, sits on a throne while all these transformations take place. And, before me, so much intrigue to get invitations to this enchanted palace has not been witnessed since the days of my great grand uncle Talleyrand.

Mrs. George Keppel Is Again Social Leader

Sets London Talking by the Clever Informalities of Her Latest Dancing Party.

LONDON, March 1.—Recent events prove that Mrs. George Keppel is still one of the most powerful women in London society, as her recent informal dance is to set the capital talking. Mrs. Keppel dispensed with an orchestra for that occasion in her Grosvenor street home and Melville Gideon, an American ragtime pianist, as well as the guests, provided music for the dancing.

Mrs. Keppel's glowing personality radiated the party. The guests had been invited by telephone and telegram instead of by set invitation, and the smartest people in London were present. Supplementary invitations were fought for.

Ever since Mrs. Keppel supped with the King and Queen after their dressing room her position has been assured and it is now as strong as it was in the days of King Edward. She now wins favor at court by giving inexpensive entertainments. Because of her mother's prestige, Miss Violet Keppel is recognized as one of the chief debutantes of the day.

Nancy Leishman Will Be Bride of Young Duke

Member of Kaiser's Bodyguard Wins Daughter of American Ambassador to Berlin.

BERLIN, March 1.—There seems to be no doubt that the engagement will soon be announced of Miss Nancy Leishman, daughter of John G. A. Leishman, American Ambassador at Berlin, and the Duke of Croy, a handsome young lieutenant of the Kaiser's bodyguard.

The Duke is of high and ancient lineage, and while he does not sit on a ducal throne; he ranks with reigning German monarchs. For that reason it will be necessary to gain the Emperor's consent to wed the fair young American. As Mr. Leishman is high in the Kaiser's favor, the Duke has hopes that he can obtain the War Lord's approval of his choice.

That the Duke has won the heart of Miss Leishman, the latter's friends say there is no doubt.

The daughter of the American Ambassador met the Duke at Oberof, Thuringia, during the early part of the Winter and as both of them are great lovers of Winter sports they were much together, skiing, tobogganing and skating.

Mr. Will Crooks, M.P., Submits His 'Don'ts'

"Don't Get Angry, No One Cares if You Do," He Says in All Calmness.

LONDON, March 1.—Will Crooks, M. P., gave the following advice in an address at Whitefield's Tabernacle recently:

"Don't argue when you are tired; you can't do it.

"Don't take the workshop home with you.

"Don't talk trouble before the children.

"Don't sweat.

"Don't think you can't be 'done'; you can.

"Don't think you are worse than other people, and don't think you are better; you're not.

"Don't think you have a constant job; the man in the cemetery has that.

"Don't talk of being master in your own house. You may be while you are there, but you have to go out.

"Don't get angry; no one cares if you do."

Royal Sweethearts Hold Hands in Public

CAMERA CATCHES PRINCESS AND FIANCE AS THEY SPOON AT PARADE

PRINCE ERNEST AUGUST and Princess Victoria Luise in loverlike attitude on parade ground, where they were watching manoeuvres by the Kaiser's soldiers.

© BY INTERNATIONAL NEWS SERVICE.

Lady Sackville in a Million Dollar Suit

Fortune Left Her by Sir John Scott Claimed by Relatives Who Hint at Revelations.

LONDON, March 1.—Lady Sackville will again appear in the law courts in a case which promises to be sensational.

She was a Sackville-West herself and daughter of the late Lord Sackville. She married her father's nephew, Lionel Sackville-West, now Lord Sackville, in 1890. The only child of the marriage, Lady Victoria Mary, was born in 1892, and it is for her sake that Lady Sackville is determined litigant.

Sir John Murray Scott, one of the trustees of the famous Wallace collection, died suddenly in January of last year and the draft of a codicil to his will was found among his papers leaving "Y. H. S." generally assumed to be Lady Sackville, a considerable fortune, understood to be about $75,000, together with his collection of pictures and furniture, valued at a million dollars. A reward of $50,000 was offered for a duly executed codicil, and this was presented to Justice Bargrave Deane by Lady Sackville.

It is now alleged that another codicil is in existence revoking all bequests to Lady Sackville.

Sir John Murray Scott's relatives intend to fight the case to a finish. They allege that certain facts concerning Lady Sackville came to Sir John Murray Scott's knowledge and that this caused him to revoke his bequest and they further declare that should these facts come to light Lady Sackville will surely lose the money.

In this land of the free and the home of government by injunction, when two young folks want to hold hands, even though they are to be married, they slyly intertwine their fingers where there are no eyes to see. But it is a different story on the other side of the ocean where the Kaiser rules and the pure food inspectors operate to keep preservative acids from the brew.

Lovers in the Vaterland hold hands in public and they don't care who sees them. Take to witness the case of the Princess Victoria Luise, the only daughter of the Kaiser. She is engaged to Prince Ernest August, son of the Duke of Cumberland and heir to the estates—and the controversies that go along with the title.

The Prince and Princess, as shown in the photograph, are walking together across a parade ground that contains many persons. Nobody even smiles over the fact that he has a Sam Jones armcluteh on the fiancee and that they have their fingers interlocked tighter than the Morgan directors on the boards controlled by the Money Trust.

It's the custom of the country.

Some good custom, too, if the suffrage is extended to all of the lovers in this country.

The Prince is twenty-five; the Princess only twenty-one. She has been married to more youngsters, in the minds of the European public parely, than all the other young women of royalty put together. Every name and title of the royal map has been linked with her own in the last three years. The only one she ever took seriously, however, was young Count George Fugger-Babenhausen, a Lieutenant of the Garden du Corps at Potsdam and a descendant of what was once the wealthiest family in Bavaria.

The Kaiser sent her to a rest cure for her nerves when he broke up that engagement.

It is supposed that the match will settle the succession to the throne of the House of Brunswick, a matter that had the Kaiser and King Edward VII. at loggerheads for many years. The Prince is heir to his father's English and German titles and estates alike, and it is supposed that he will be given the throne with the title of Duke when he takes the hand of the Princess.

French Nobility Won by Madame Poncaire

Beautiful Wife of New French President Welcomed by the Old Regime.

By PAUL PIERRE RIGNAUX.

PARIS, March 1.—Madame Raymond Poincare, the beautiful and elegant wife of the recently elected President of the Republic, has triumphed immediately over all social opposition.

Madame Poincare is the social leader of all French women; at the Elysee Palace she welcomes with equal warmth the wives of Royalists and the wives of Socialists. Her instant social predominance has routed and silenced those who tried to belittle her before her husband's election.

Madame Poincare's very first receptions were attended by such ladies of the old regime as the Countess de Mun, wife of the distinguished Royalist Orator, the Countess de la Rochante, the Countess Hoard de Houssaye, the Countess Dormesson, the Countess de France de Tessan, and the Countess de Haney. Women like the Marquise de Castellane and the Duchesse de Montmorency, who have not been at the Elysee since the republic was established, have called upon Madame Poincare. Rubbing skirts with the old nobility were Madame Ferdinand Dreyfus, Madame Alexander Millerand, Madame Jean Jaures and the wives of other Socialists.

At a literary reception given by a poetess, Madame Poincare was greeted by the Duchess de Rouen, the Princess de la Tour Dandergne, the Dowager Countess Gaston de Monsequieu-Fezenac and the Countess de St. Cyr. Never has the social union of French women been more complete.

Largest Railway Station.

BERLIN, March 1.—The new railway station at Leipzig, the largest in the world, was opened recently. Leipzig, which is in the kingdom of Saxony, is near the border of Prussian Saxony, and State prejudices are still evident. In the new station only Prussian porters are permitted to carry luggage from the Prussian trains and Saxons from the Saxon trains.

Anna Held Rescued by a Chief of Police

Car Out of Commission, She Halts Passer and Is Taken to Manaco by Constable.

MONTE CARLO, March 1.—An accident that might have been attended with fatal results had it not been for the presence of the mind of the driver to Miss Anna Held when driving in her powerful car with H. Keen Hargreaves on the road to Cape Martin. The brake failed, and in applying the emergency brake this snapped, sending the car sailing down a very steep incline. The driver promptly pulled in to one side, although in doing so the car was nearly overturned. The occupants, however, escaped unhurt.

The predicament for Miss Held was indeed unpleasant, when, in her dainty shoes and heavy furs, she was stranded on a high road, but nothing daunted, a passing car was hailed and, after explanations, she was seated in front and returned to Monte Carlo.

Imagine to her surprise when her savior turned out to be the chief of police at Monte Carlo, who humorously explained that he thought Miss Held had hailed him for furiously driving.

"Riviera" Dress of a Rothschild's Bride

Miss Dorothy Pinto Chose Wonderful Creation of "Biscuit" Shades for Wedding Trip.

LONDON, March 1.—Just now all smart women who invariably run down to the Riviera before Easter are using as their favorite color what is known as "biscuit." This is a shade peculiarly becoming to American brunettes, but with the bright complexion of English women this shade requires a touch of red color.

A particularly charming "Riviera" gown was chosen by Miss Dorothy Pinto, who married James de Rothschild last Tuesday. This costume was fashioned in damasked crepon in a soft shade of biscuit; the skirt draped in front with a short tunic pleated at one side which falls over a longer tunic reaching almost to the hem at the back. Only this longer drapery was seen and it was so arranged in wide loops and ends as to suggest a very graceful sash.

The coat was also draped and fastened in front with two handsome Brandebourgs, embroidered in satin, and touches of this embroidery were seen on the revers. A dainty little blouse in biscuit-colored tulle finished with long, close-fitting sleeves accompanied the coat, and a wide cetaure of emerald green velvet contributed just that note of contrast which the biscuit demands.

It is noticeable indeed that many of the new dresses designed for the South display just so cold that touches of black or of some brilliant color must be introduced.

Edna Jeans Finds Her Marriage a Failure

Seeks Release From Her French Husband, Marcel Billout, Millionaire, but Poor Companion.

PARIS, March 1.—Edna Jeans, a former New York actress, is suing her multi-millionaire French husband, Marcel Billout, for separate domicile and alimony. This is preliminary to a divorce.

Seven years ago, when Miss Edna came to paris for voice culture, her beauty made a sensation and she was not here a year when she married Marcel Billout, a son of Madame Demarsile, who, with M. Deutsch de la Meurthe, is the Rockefeller of the oil industry in France.

When she married her husband induced her to give up her musical career and she became one of the most conspicuous horsewomen in Paris because she rode the best horse in the Bois every morning and drove a dog cart tandem every afternoon.

In spite of all her jewels and horses she soon felt the lack of a real home, especially as her husband's convivial tendencies became more pronounced. Thus Madame Billout found herself a lonely American woman among a crowd of foreigners. For six years she stood the ordeal, but finally it became unbearable. She has left her husband and the Parisian papers will on record another failure of international marriage.

Farrar, Once Rival, Is Now Cecilie's Friend

German Crown Princess Disarms Both Future Kaiser and Boston Prima Donna by Her Course.

PARIS, March 1.—Crown Princess Cecilie is one of the most sensible courts women in European royalty. When she married the future Kaiser she knew that he had been very much in love with the young American prima donna, Geraldine Farrar of Boston and that he still had a very soft place in his heart for her. But instead of snubbing her as most young wives would have done, she invited her to come and see her and before long the two girls, for they were no more than girls, were fast friends and the friendship has stood the test.

Crown Prince Wilhelm is now as madly in love with his wife as he once was with Miss Farrar, and the scandal which everyone looked for at first, has been averted. Crown Princess Cecilie, who from the beginning showed the young singer that she trusted her completely and thus conveyed a woman, who might have been a dangerous rival, for Geraldine was really very much in love with the dashing Crown Prince, into a faithful friend.

GEORGE AND MARY HAVE BOTH A BAD CASE OF WORRIES

King Dreads Anew the Possibility of War; Queen Disturbed by the Suffragettes.

A MILITANT CASE OF EACH

By CHESTER OVERTON.
Special Cable to Sunday American.

LONDON, March 1.—The possibility of war, however remote, worries King George; the violence of the militant suffragettes disturbs Queen Mary's mind and vexes her.

The ruthless destruction of property by Mrs. Pankhurst's followers not only affects West End shopkeepers and golfers, but the fear lest there be shooting instead of shouting has extended even to those very close to their Majesties.

It is not generally known that a grave affront was offered to the King and Queen on the grounds of Buckingham Palace a few days ago. As they drove through the palace gates a group of suffragettes attempted to make a hostile demonstration, but at the last moment their courage oozed out.

Two or three cried "Votes for Women;" a few waved their war bannerettes, but the protest was miserably weak.

Queen Won't Exhibit Paintings.

In the royal circle it is thought best not to call public attention to such an annoyance, lest the notoriety they seek be given to its perpetrators. The same thought has actuated Queen Mary, who has been the foremost royal exhibitor at the Royal Amateur Art Society's exhibitions for years, in determining not to risk any of her pictures at the exhibition, which opens on Monday next at Marble Arch, Lady Battersea's residence. The Queen's decision robs the collection of much of its picturesqueness. Many visitors are attracted to the exhibition by the royal exhibits—more, perhaps, than by the charitable causes for which the shows are held. Ever since the society's first exhibition (more than a quarter of a century ago) at least one member of the royal family has been among the exhibitors.

But this year there will be none, lest some daring suffragette encourage her militant sisters and gain their ecstasy by destroying a canvas from a royal brush.

King's Blunt Remarks.

It was entirely at his own initiative that the King summoned Colonel Seely, his War Minister, from Yorkshire to London "on urgent business." Immediately after the interview Colonel Seely took the trouble to announce officially that his sudden appearance in London had nothing whatever to do with a meeting of the Cabinet or the committee for national defence.

King George has made some very blunt remarks of late to court officials regarding the nation's unpreparedness for war and as Seely looked extremely harassed when he came away from the palace it is presumed His Majesty was in one of his frankest moods. Although the public is kept completely in the dark, there is much uncomfortable talk at the service clubs and this will end a year when Parliament reassembles on March 6.

Some prominent members of both parties will make a strong demand for an extra government grant to purchase airships and aeroplanes and to strengthen the very inadequate royal flying corps of the army. The frequent passing of German airships over British ports and dock yards at night has made a far deeper impression on the War Office than the public imagines.

Meanwhile several ministers are taking vacations in France. Lloyd-George and Sir Rufus Isaacs will both stop in Paris. Winston Churchill and Sidney Buxton will be on the Riviera, where they will meet Mr. Balfour.

The new German ambassador and his handsome wife, the Princess Lichnowsky, will entertain the King and Queen at dinner at the German Embassy March 4, and in diplomatic circles great importance is attached to this invitation.

SWISS IN PASSION PLAY.

Six-Hour Spectacle to Be Given by Villagers of Salzach.

PARIS, March 1.—A Passion Play on the lines of that produced at Oberammergau three years ago will take place this year, during the months of June, July, August and September at Salzach, in Switzerland.

Salzach is a village of some 1,700 inhabitants, situated in the Canton of Valais. It has good hotels and restaurants, but as it will be very crowded at the time of the performances those who are unable to find accommodation here should arrange to stay at Sierre, which is only a few miles away.

The play, which will take place every Sunday in the months mentioned, starts at 11 o'clock in the morning and ends at 5 o'clock in the evening.

"NO SMOKING" IN VATICAN.

Everyone from Pope to Guard Must Abjure Santa Nicotina.

ROME, March 1.—Pius X. has forbidden smoking in the Vatican, and the guards, chamberlains and attendants are disconsolate, but revel is in private in their own chambers are they allowed to puff their cigarettes or pipes.

The Pope, in consequence of a severe cold, has himself abandoned smoking, and, like Leo XIII., contents himself with snuff.

WANTS CENSOR FOR HYMNS.

English Councilman Objects to the Singing of Certain Hymns.

LONDON, March 1.—The Nottingham County Council is concerned over the protest of J. Hopkins against certain hymns in the book used in council schools. He objected to the following lines:

The rich man in his castle,
The poor man at his gate,
God made them high and lowly
And ordered their estate.

Mr. Hopkins asserted that the Almighty did nothing of the sort.

Robert Emmet Is Honored Today

Celebrations in honor of the anniversary of Robert Emmet, Irish patriot-martyr of the early years of the nineteenth century, will be held today in Boston and throughout New England.

Under the auspices of the Boston Clansmen-Gaels impressive ceremonies will be held in the Park Theatre, over which Daniel Cosgrove of Lowell will preside.

The oration on Emmet will be delivered by Alexander L. Korke of New York. The patriot's famous speech from the dock will be delivered by John McKeon, attired in the military costume of the Emmet period.

Appropriate vocal and instrumental music will be rendered by Dr. James F. Tierney, Miss Gertrude Bell, Miss Margret M. Barry, Joseph P. Riley, Jerome Lock, and by William P. Rohan, who is secretary of the memorial committee.

The committee of arrangements comprises James L. O'Neil, William P. Rohan, R. M. Lyons, James H. Kelley.

The exercises will close with the rendering of "The Star Spangled Banner" by the entire audience.

Another important Emmet celebration will be held by John E. Redmond Branch of the United Irish Leagues at its hall on Warren street, Roxbury. The memorial session will be delivered by Frank M. Costello of Suffolk County bar. Hon. B. J. Slattery and Mark H. Cochran will also make addresses. Young ladies of the branch will contribute the musical program.

The Mayo Men's Benevolent Association will hold Emmet exercises this evening in Friendship Hall, No. 12 Kneeland street. The committee includes P. F. Hastings, Martin Judge, James J. Meade, Drew, John Hastings, John Sweeney, Peter Gill, Michael McDonnell, John Mooney, Patrick Burke, Austin Needham and Daniel Needham.

The program will include an address on Robert Emmet by Peter Hastings; "Emmet's Speech from the Dock," by Michael O'Malley, president of the O'Connell Branch of the U. I. L.

P. F. Hastings will sing "Emmet's Farewell to his Sweetheart" in Gaelic and President Joseph M. Thornton will recite, "Emmet's Death."

James T. Kenney, organizer of the Irish County Clubs, will deliver an address on the wording of the various clubs. Instrumental music will be contributed by Martin Mullen of Galway, James J. McAndrew, Henry Gaughan and Michael Hanson of the Mayo Club and John Nolan of the Wicklow Club.

The annual ball of Malden council, will be held by Odd Fellows Hall on Easter Monday evening. John J. Breslin, Walter Creeden and Joseph McDermott have been elected by the council to have charge of the arrangements.

Miss Mary Kelley of Columbia road, Dorchester, was the weekly hostess of the Kendrick-Bridge Club on Thursday afternoon. Whist was proceeded by a 1 o'clock luncheon. Covers were laid for eight. Mrs. R. F. Buckley of Waushakum street, Roxbury, will be the first March hostess.

Members of the Santa Maria council, of Malden are conducting a membership campaign to bring the enrollment up to 500. They expect to have that number of members by April 1. The new members of the past will be celebrated the first week in April with a smoker and social entertainment.

Melrose council held an entertainment and smoker Friday evening in K. of C. Hall. Grand Knight Charles Gallagher presided. A talk on the inside game of baseball was given by Arthur D. Cooper. Arrangements are under way for other entertainments of a similar nature.

Arrangements have been completed by Berlin council, of Berlin, for a smoker and ball tomorrow evening. T. H. Murnane of Boston and Dr. Frank Sexton, the Harvard football coach, of North Easton, boy, and others will speak. On March 5 a number of the members of the council will visit the City Farm and entertain the inmates.

Mrs. Frank Hearnan entertained the members of the Monday Evening Reading Bridge Club at her home on Mayfield street, Dorchester, during the week. Honors were taken by Mrs. Horace Bassett, Mrs. John Laughlin and Mrs. Richard Gookin. Mrs. Daniel V. Meinzer drew consolation prize. Mrs. Frank Lavery of Dorchester will entertain the members on Wednesday, March 12.

The members of the Twentieth Century Whist Club were entertained by Mrs. John W. Lavery of Dorchester during the week at whist. Honors were taken by Mrs. J. W. Lavery, Mrs. Frank Lavery and Mrs. George Jeunette. Consolation was awarded to Mrs. Daniel Desmond. Mrs. Frank Lavery will be the next fortnightly hostess at her home on Dorchester avenue, Dorchester.

On account of the Lenten services the regular monthly meeting of St. Peter's Choir Association, Dorchester, will be postponed from next Wednesday evening until the first Wednesday in April. A special program will be arranged for that evening, to conclude with a social and dancing, which will be followed by a collation.

The annual banquet of the members will take place soon after Easter.

The Medford Woman's Catholic Club will hold an Emerald Tea in Grand Army Hall the afternoon of March 16. Mrs. J. E. Thorson, president of the club, will be in charge, assisted by Mrs. Walsh. Tuesday afternoon, Mrs. Mary Mahan, secretary of the Women's Professional Guild of the Immaculate Conception Church of Boston gave an address on Equal Suffrage.

The Holy Name Society of St. Joseph's Church of Medford will hold a whist party in Tufts Hall the evening of March 28.

On Wednesday evening the Catholic Club of Dorchester will hold a whist party and entertainment at the rooms in Upham square, Meeting House Hill. Among the guests will be the young ladies who helped to the concert minstrel show in Boston College Hall. The committee includes: Joseph A. Callahan, George Freeman, William Murphy, Frank Wallace and John McGovern.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward A. King of Washington street, Dorchester, were week-end guests of Mr. and Mrs. John Watson of New Bedford, at their Summer residence in Onset.

Monsignor Splaine Will Lecture to Sailors.

On next Sunday evening Monsignor Splaine will deliver an illustrated lecture on "Home" at the Catholic Sailors' Club, Charlestown. The weekly lectures are proving highly interesting and entertaining to the hundreds of seamen who seek rest and entertainment while in port. Under the direction of the Boston Catholic Alumni Society, assisted by Superintendent Ayres of the club, an interesting series has been arranged for the Winter and Spring, including lectures by many prominent clergy and professional men of the State.

DORCHESTER GUILD'S MUSICALE TOMORROW

THERE will be a large gathering tomorrow afternoon at the annual Lenten musicale of the Dorchester Guild, to be held in the Hotel Vendome from 1:30 to 5. An elaborate program has been arranged. A buffet luncheon will follow the concert. The proceeds will be applied to the treasury of the organization for its charitable work among the worthy poor of the district. The following officers will be assisted by a committee composed of the members of the board of directors:

Mrs. William J. O'Brien, president; Mrs. William Johnston, vice president; Mrs. Joseph Higgins, secretary; Mrs. Frazier L. O'Leary, treasure; Mrs. Jeremiah Hurley, recording secretary.

Board of directors: Miss Alice Nolan, Mrs. E. A. King, Mrs. Manus J. Fish, Mrs. E. J. Fitzgibbon, Mrs. I. J. Sullivan, Miss Mary Hogan, Miss Frances Maroney.

The invitation list is as follows:

Mrs. Thomas Dewser, Mrs. Timothy McCarthy, Mrs. Louis K. Rourke, Mrs. James L. Tryden, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Cooke, Mrs. Arthur Merrill, Mrs. William Bourdot, Mrs. Daniel Sullivan, Mrs. T. Ellis, Mrs. Frank Collins, Mrs. Edward J. Foley, Mrs. Alice Collins, Mrs. George Jennette, Mrs. Elizabeth O'Neill, Mrs. James Cronin, Mrs. Frank Garvin, Mrs. James Cowen, Mrs. Wilbur McDonnell, Mrs. John Cudwell, Miss Alice Grogan, Miss Eileen Lynch, Mrs. James Maguire, Miss Sarah Boyle, Mrs. Thomas Duff, Miss Ellen Walsh, Mrs. Walter F. Burke, Mrs. Herbert Murphy, Mrs. John Cooper, Mrs. Frances Healy, Mrs. John McMahon, Mrs. Daniel Mahoney, Mrs. H. E. Ryder, Mrs. J. D. Doyle, Miss Helen Feeney, Mrs. James H. Sullivan, Miss Grace Hines, Mrs. John Mitsch, Miss Alice Tye, Mrs. James Hawes, Miss Mary McCarthy, Mrs. James Scott Fox, Mrs. Herbert Wilkins, Miss Frances Sullivan, Mrs. Joseph McGilloway, Miss Elizabeth McManus, Mrs. Joseph O'Leary, Miss Ida G. Mullen, Mrs. John Duffin, Mrs. John O. Dineen, Mrs. Robert Trigge, Mrs. Edward Downey, Mrs. Thomas Ryan, Mrs. E. A. Lynch, Mrs. John O'Donnell, Frances Peterson, Miss Rita Mullin, Mrs. William Desmond, Miss Helen Connolly, Helen Bell, Mrs. Thomas Sullivan, Frances St. Carroll, Mrs. Frederick Conley, Mrs. Bartholomew Daly, Mrs. Timothy Sullivan, Mrs. Timothy Dall, Miss Susan Fitzpatrick, Mrs. Timothy Hayes, Mrs. Gallan Byrne, Mrs. Frank Wall, Mrs. Maude Collins, Mrs. James Healy, Mrs. Frank Masterson, Mrs. J. J. Cudmore, Mrs. William McGeigle, Mrs. Joseph Tornfelt, Miss Helen O'Connell, Mrs. Frank Murphy, Mrs. William Bates, Mrs. William J. Murray, Mrs. Mary Sullivan, Mrs. Miles Griffin, Mrs. Thomas Manchester, Mrs. John A. Malonez, Miss Annie Gaglin, Mrs. Timothy O'Connor, Mrs. William M. Murphy, Mrs. James Donovan, Mrs. Maurice Joyce, Mrs. Daniel V. McLean, Mrs. Daniel Donnelly, Mrs. Louis Leonard, Mrs. Timothy Fennessy, Mrs. Timothy Sullivan, Mrs. Daniel Sullivan, Mrs. Catherine Lynch, Mrs. Edward Sheehan, Mrs. C. J. Lee, Mrs. Augustus Donovan, Mrs. Bat Gill, Mrs. William Myrtetus, Mrs. William Welch, Mrs. Matthew Byrne, Mrs. John Algeo, Mrs. James Mulvaney, Mrs. Nicholas J. Murray, Miss Ellen Fish, Mrs. D. G. Buckley, Mrs. Joseph Nolan.

Leaders in the Dorchester Guild's Lenten entertainment.

Owing to Lent, Fr. Genest Held No Silver Jubilee.

Very quietly Rev. J. M. O. Genest, pastor of the Sacred Heart Church, Brockton, observed his twenty-fifth anniversary in the priesthood this week. Owing to the penitential season of Lent and because a mission is being conducted at his church, there was no formal celebration. Fr. Genest was presented with a handsome bouquet by the children of the parish.

Two big social events are being planned by the priests and people of St. Patrick's Church of Brockton. The annual parish reunion will be held on April 21, under the direction of Rev. William E. Keating, and the annual May party will be held May 29 by Rev. P. H. Walsh. Miss Elsie Gertrude Hart, prefect of the Girls' Sodality, has been chosen as May Queen.

St. John's Parish, Quincy, to Observe Its 50th Year.

Active preparations are being made by the members of St. John's Church, Quincy, for the observance of the fiftieth anniversary of the parish." Under the direction of the pastor, the Rev. John J. Conn, committees will be appointed to arrange the various details. An announcement was made by Fr. Conn at a recent gathering that, in view of the necessity in the near future of another division of the parish in the Quincy Point district, a lot of land had been purchased on Washington street at the corner of Pray street. The lot contains 60,000 square feet and three buildings.

The retreat for the men of St. Matthew's parish, Stanton street, Dorchester, will be brought to a close this evening at 7:45. It was conducted by the Redemptorist Fathers. The exercises were attended by great congregations of men and women during both weeks.

Thirty-Fourth Session of M. C. O. F.

The thirty-fourth annual session of the High Court of the Massachusetts Catholic Order of Foresters will be held at Franklin Union Hall, corner Berkeley and Appleton streets, Boston, on Wednesday, May 28. The session will be opened at 9:30 a. m. by James Dingman, high chief ranger. The opening exercises will be preceded by a solemn high mass of requiem, at which Rev. James H. O'Neil, LL. D., high chaplain, will be celebrant.

Present at the convention will be many of the founders of the order, as well as former high chief rangers. Among them will be Captain Dennis F. O'Sullivan, Captain Jeremiah G. Fennessey, Daniel A. Cronin, Colonel Thomas F. Doherty, Dennis S. Murphy, Charles E. Bonning, John F. Harrigan and Cornelius M. Duggan.

Among matters to come before the convention will be the report of the finance committee, which will be rendered by Joseph J. Forrester; the report of the trustees, by Patrick F. Burke, and the report of Dr. Francis J. Hanley, high medical examiner.

These reports will show the year 1912 to have been the most successful of any in the history of the order which was founded in Boston, September 30, 1876. It was then composed of less than one hundred members. It now comprises over 30,000 men and women, making it the largest fraternal insurance organization in Massachusetts. Since the institution of the order it has paid over $4,500,000 to the families of deceased members.

St. Augustine Court will meet hereafter on the first and third Tuesday of each month at Dahlgren Hall, South Boston, at the meeting to be held Tuesday evening, March 4, there will be an initiation of twelve candidates.

A class initiation under the auspices of Alma Mater Court, of which Miss Margaret T. Leahy is chief ranger, will be held in Central Hall, East Boston, tomorrow evening. The exercises will be conducted by the degree staff of the high standing committee, with Edward N. Clancy as marshal. Thirty candidates will receive the honors of the second degree. Special guests will be the Rev. James H. O'Neil, LL. D., high chaplain; James Dingman, H. C. R.; Rev. Fabian O'Connell, C. O.; Daniel P. Murray, D. H. C. R., and the chief rangers of all courts in East Boston and vicinity.

Dr. Francis P. Silva, of Charlestown, will deliver an address to the members of St. Gertrude Court and their friends at Mishawum Hall, City Square, Charlestown, Tuesday evening. His subject will be "Cause and Prevention of Consumption and Other Contagious Diseases." This is the first of the series that has been arranged by the good of the order committee. The committee expects a large attendance.

Last Marquette Debate in Old Boston College.

The annual prize debate of the Marquette Debating Society of Boston College will be held on Thursday evening in Boston College Hall.

The debate will have particular significance from the fact that it will be the last which the Marquette Society will hold in old Boston College Hall. The students will go to their new quarters at University Heights, Brookline, soon after the Easter vacation.

The question to be discussed Thursday evening is, "That the present conditions of the United States demand the fulfillment of the Monroe Doctrine."

The affirmative debaters will be Lawrence F. Morrisroe, '15, East Boston; James Dowling, '15, Charlestown, and John J. Bradley, '15, Salem. The negative speakers will be Leo A. Hughes, '16, Dorchester; Frederick B. Wennerberg, '15, Roxbury, and Leander DeCenes, '16, Somerville.

Tickets for the debate may be obtained from the secretary of the Marquette Society, Thi Harnard avenue.

St. Peter's Hall Will Be Finish of Splendid Group

The completion of the new parish hall of St. Peter's parish, Meeting House Hill, Dorchester, is being eagerly anticipated by the parishioners, who are planning to show their appreciation in a substantial manner at the close of their social season. Rev. Monsignor Honan. The formal opening will be under the direction of the Married Men's Sodality. Elaborate plans are being made for the occasion. The societies of the parish are busily engaged in preparing their share in the program. The hall will be one of the finest parish houses in the archdiocese.

Quarters will be equipped with the latest athletic apparatus. There will be reading rooms, smoking and social assembly rooms. Large and small halls will be arranged for the meetings of the various women's societies, with a large, handsomely appointed assembly hall for all parish meetings. The building will complete a group of five splendid parish buildings. The group includes St. Peter's Church, the rectory, a commodious convent and parochial school. The erection of St. Margaret's Hospital, adjacent to St. Mary's Infant Asylum, a number of Monsignor Honan's achievements.

Suffolk A. O. H. Officers to Meet

County President Fred J. McLaughlin will call a special meeting of the officers of each division in Suffolk County next Friday evening, when final action will be taken on the by-laws which are being amended to conform with the constitution adopted at the last national convention.

Mr. McLaughlin, who is serving his first term as county president, was very enthusiastic when questioned by the AMERICAN representative on the financial and numerical standing of the organization in Suffolk County:

The order was never in better condition than at the present time," said the county president. "In all parts of the district we have gained members. Reports received by me at the installation of officers show that the real estate and personal property, together with money in banks and in the hands of the several divisions treasurers have made a material increase during the past term."

We are pleased that the divisions in the county are working well to win the prize offered by the county board for the organization that makes the largest increase. The prize is the right to name the first delegate to the Norfolk convention. Divisions in South Boston, Charlestown, Brighton, Roxbury, Jamaica Plain, Dorchester and South End have appointed membership teams to bring in new members.

Although the contest has only commenced we have already a big increase, particularly in South Boston and Charlestown. We will act on two applications at the next regular County Board Meeting—one from the Grove Hall section and the other from the South End. It is my intention to have the five officers of each division constitute the County Board in the future, for I believe that better results will be had where all the officers are conversant with the work of the board.

Regarding the military branch, we will give the companies already organized our full support and we will arrange the forming of new companies. This will give us fine material for our great parade in 1914.

Division 50 will meet tonight at No. 8 Warren street, Roxbury. Invitations for the St. Patrick's Day exercises in International Hall, No. 67 Warren street, will be issued at this meeting A large class of candidates will be initiated.

County President John T. Flanagan of Worcester will make a point to visit each division in Worcester County before the Summer. President Flanagan is working hard at present with the other members of the committee to make the annual convention to be held in Mechanics Hall, Worcester, on Monday evening, March 10, one of the most successful affairs yet held by the Irish societies of that city.

State President Mrs. Mary Cavanaugh of the Massachusetts Ladies' auxiliaries has received reports from 51 of the 54 divisions in the Commonwealth. Marked advances are shown in Norfolk, Essex, Plymouth and Worcester Counties.

Division 3 of Roxbury will meet this afternoon in Tremont Hall, near Roxbury Crossing. Several candidates will be present for initiation. Exercises in honor of Robert Emmet will close the meeting.

St. Patrick's Day will be observed by division 12, of Malden with a banquet in their hall. President Richard Howard is chairman of the committee on arrangements.

Division 45, of Malden will hold a concert and ball the evening of April 11, in Knights of Columbus Hall.

Division 20 of Wakefield will hold its Easter Monday concert in the town hall on March 24. There will be a comedy sketch, "Scenes at the North Station," to be rendered by members of the O. F. H. Club, composed largely of members of the auxiliary to the Hibernians. A concert by the orchestra will precede the play. Dancing will follow until 2 o'clock. The committee in charge of the event consists of Frank Conway, David Siley, Matthew Burns, Daniel Barret, James McLaughlin, Richard Sullivan, Cornelius Shanahan, John Hurtin, John McTeague and Edward Seabury.

Division 50 of Boston voted to postpone the St. Patrick's celebration, held annually, until Sunday evening, March 23. International Hall, No. 67 Warren street, has been engaged and Congressman James M. Curley will be the orator. Mr. Curley will take for his subject, "The Irish in America." In addition to the lecture, the committee has provided with a choice program of musical numbers.

The chairmen of the committees are as follows: Hall, Joseph J. Gallagher; concert, Charles E. O'Donnell; guests, George H. Sheehan; invitations, James T. Kenney. Auditing, Cornelius Monahan; decorations, Cornelius A. Reardon.

Ladies' Auxiliary No. 17, A. O. H., has installed the following officers: Mrs. Mary Hynes, president; Mrs. Teresa Donovan, vice-president; Mrs. Katherine Healey, recording secretary; Rose Barry, financial secretary; Mrs. Julia Sullivan, treasurer. The organization is planning to give a series of whist and dancing parties after Lent.

CASCARETS TONIGHT IF BILIOUS, CONSTIPATED, HEADACHY AND SICK

Turn the rascals out—the headache, biliousness, indigestion, constipation, the sick, sour stomach and foul gases—turn them out tonight with Cascarets.

Millions of men and women take a Cascaret now and then and never know the misery caused by a lazy liver, clogged bowels or an upset stomach.

Don't put in another day of distress—wake up refreshed and feel fine. Let Cascarets cleanse and sweeten your stomach; remove the sour, undigested and fermenting food and that misery-making mass of bile; take the excess bile from your liver and carry off the decomposed waste matter and constipated poison in the bowels. Then you will feel great.

A Cascaret tonight will straighten you out by morning—a 10-cent box keeps your head clear, stomach sweet, liver and bowels regular and you feel cheerful and bully for months. Don't forget the children—their little insides need a good, gentle cleansing, too.

CANDY CATHARTIC
Cascarets
10 CENT BOXES—ANY DRUG STORE
ALSO 25 & 50 CENT BOXES
WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

MISS URSULA O'HARA,

who is the soloist at St. Joseph's Church, West End, during the Lenten season.

Miss Ursula O'Hare, one of the youngest and most promising operatic students of the New England Conservatory, is the soloist during the Lenten season at St. Joseph's Church, West End. Miss O'Hare is an alumnae of Notre Dame Academy, Roxbury, and a popular member of the 1912 class.

Buff and Blue to Dance at Somerset.

A brilliant gathering will take place in the Hotel Somerset on Easter Monday evening when the annual whist and dancing party of the Buff and Blue Association of the Mission Church parish, Roxbury, will be held. Dancing will be conducted in the Louis XV. ballroom. Whist will be played in the adjacent halls.

The following committees are in charge of the affair:

PRINTING:
James A. Mahony, Misses M. T. White, Mae Haley, Grace Connell, Margaret McElaney, M. T. Sherrin, Mrs. J. C. Graham, E. F. Bourke, Thomas Kennedy.

HALL:
Francis A. Doyle, Frank Mack, Albert Cohen, Misses O'Donnell, Chandler, Jennie Donahue, Julia Jenkins, Mary A. Lacey, Mrs. Thomas Reardon, Mary A. Reardon.

MUSIC:
Jeremiah A. Crowley, President.

Mrs. R. H. Baker, Chairman.

Mrs. J. B. Mooney, Mrs. J. F. Cleary, Mrs. John J. Flaherty, Joseph P. Sherrin, Misses A. Gallagher, Margaret O'Hara, Josephine Gallagher, Mae Kane, Gertrude Dolman, Agnes Kane, Joseph J. Mooney, Joseph C. Woods.

DANCE ORDER:
Fred B. White, Misses Jennie Lloyd, R. H. Conghlin, Mae Morelle, Mary Sullivan, Mrs. Mary Sullivan, W. J. McGlinchy.

RECEPTION:
E. H. Baker, J. F. Keaney, Mrs. J. G. Cleary, Mrs. W. J. McGlinchy, Mrs. T. H. O'Connor, Mrs. J. J. Dolahan, Mrs. R. H. Baker, Mrs. J. F. Keaney, Mrs. H. G. Flanagan, Mrs. J. J. Dolahan, Mrs. J. B. Mooney, Mrs. J. C. Murphy, Mrs. J. E. Murray, Mrs. J. F. Cox, Mrs. J. F. Fox, Mrs. J. B. McCarty, Mrs. J. B. Conghlin, Mrs. J. J. Cronin, Mrs. J. F. Sherrin, Mrs. J. F. Sherrin, Mrs. P. H. McQuade, Mrs. Ted Mahony, Mrs. P. F. Goode, Mrs. J. J. Keefe, Mrs. C. J. Jacobs, Mrs. Timothy Gannon, Mrs. J. A. McElaney, Mrs. J. F. Cleary, Mrs. P. C. Nangle, Mrs. C. J. Nangle, Mrs. H. K. Blackman, Mrs. T. Sperry, Mrs. A. J. Woods, Mrs. W. H. Clark, Mrs. W. H. Carberry, Mrs. Mary Sullivan, Mrs. Peter Kelley.

The markers will be Mrs. P. J. Nangle, Mrs. Frank H. Clark, Mrs. Fred Mahony, Mrs. P. J. Finan, Mrs. Michael F. Finnegan, Mrs. John F. Murray, Mrs. Thomas Reardon, E. Cusick, Mrs. John Adams, Mrs. James W. Cleary and Mrs. Thomas H. O'Connor.

Men's Retreat Opens Next Sunday

The annual retreat under the auspices of the Young Men's Catholic Association of Boston will be held at the Church of the Immaculate Conception during Passion Week, commencing next Sunday, March 9, and ending on Palm Sunday, March 16. The services will be conducted in both the upper and lower churches. The preacher in the upper church will be Rev. John H. O'Rourke, S. J., of New York, and in the lower church, Rev. H. Augustus Gaynor, S. J., of Boston College.

Father O'Rourke is the president of Brooklyn College and editor of the Sacred Heart Messenger of New York. He is widely known as one of the most eloquent preachers in the Jesuit order. He has given the Sunday morning sermons at the CaDedral, where, during the present Lenten season, that great edifice has been thronged each season to hear his powerful sermons on present day needs. Father Gaynor is also a forceful and impressive speaker.

The subjects of the retreat sermons will be:—

Sunday, "The Salvation of the Soul;" Monday, "Mortal Sin;" Tuesday, "Eternal Punishment;" Wednesday, "Death;" Thursday, "The Judgment;" Friday, "God's Mercy."

The music this year will be a distinct feature. In the upper church the entire program will be given by the Young Men's Catholic Association Choir, which was organized shortly before last year's retreat. The program will include works of Schubert, Gounod, De Nille, Faure, Gounod and nine original pieces in manuscript to be sung for the first time. The music in the lower church will be given by the Young Men's Sodality Choir.

The retreat will close with a special mass at 7:30 on Palm Sunday morning, where the papal benediction will be given to all who have attended the exercises. After the mass the members of the association and their friends will partake of breakfast to be given by the association in Boston College Gymnasium.

The arrangements for the retreat are in charge of President James J. Mahar and the following committee: Joseph A. Powers, John F. Gillespie, John H. O'Connor, William M. O'Brien, Fred A. Silles, William M. Graham, Jr., David Keough, James F. Barry, M. J. McCusker and J. J. Carey.

Sacred Concert to Help Fund for New Altar.

On Sunday next the Holy Name Society of the Blessed Sacrament Church will hold a sacred concert in Scenic Temple, Cambridge, for the benefit of the annual event that is looked forward to by lovers of good music, good singing and good reading. The committee of arrangements is: Edward Quinn, chairman; W. H. Reardon, Jr., John E. Kelly, Joseph G. Andrews, William E. Cox, Harry N. Kelly and Charles A. Guilfoil.

The Holy Name Society connected with the Blessed Sacrament Church is one of the most progressive in the archdiocese. Under the able leadership of President Thomas J. E. Dobbratz, the membership has increased wonderfully. The pastor, Rev. John A. Crowe, is the spiritual director of the society. The object of this and other events to be held after the Lenten season are pledged by the society to pay for the new main altar in the church.

A large number of guests will be present at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph A. Mahoney, Commonwealth avenue, this evening to attend their "at home" musicale. An attractive program has been arranged by the hostess. It will include singers and instrumentalists well known to Boston society.

I Can Make Your Fat Vanish by the Gallon!

I CONQUERED OBESITY PAST MIDDLE-AGE

I Ate Everything I Liked—Went Through It Exercise—Wore No Special Clothing—Took No Weakening Baths!

I Explain My Simple, Speedy Home Treatment to You—FREE!

I, Lucile Kimball, a married woman past middle-age, attacked by obesity for years, finally conquered the fat monster. Everything you ever tried, I tried. I went through exercises, rolled on the floor, cut down my food, gave up sweets, fats and starches, wore elastic clothing, tried electricity, massage, vapor, vibration, hot and vapor baths, swallowed pellets, capsules and teas—gained as rapidly as I lost—and so would you with those so-called "treatments."

For years, my friends have asked me to tell them how I got rid of fat and kept it off. They know that I never let it vanish—go through no exercise other than I get around the house and other work that I must perform; never buy drug supplies—and look younger by fifteen years than I actually am! I was afraid to tell them, for I did not want it to prove temporary. I waited months. My fat did not return. I could not regain it if I tried. Then I told them. Back they pestered. I tried my Home Obesity Treatment on friends. They were actually banished—men and women of all ages. And finally I was induced to reduce a few pounds for the press of the world.

You have figured fat by the pound. Your "methods" and "treatments" have attacked living tissues more than fat. What did you expect? Of course, you lost weight—sometimes you stopped your exercise or diet. It was natural that you should stop. But my Home Obesity Treatment is not exercise or "diet" in its broadest sense—not "starvation diet," not "excessive diet," but diet of any kind.

Eat any kind of meat, vegetables, salads, pastry, fish, fowl, nuts, candy that your appetite craves. Eat what you want it, when you want it. Don't interfere with your food or drink. No brushing over, rolling about, horseback riding or other exercise of any kind. Sit in your chair at home, or in your chair at your office—and the fat will vanish—one pint a day, one pound a gallon. It goes away rapidly. It melts from your cells. You feel better—stronger. Seems to increase energy, strength in men. You never heard of anything of the kind before in your life. Everybody says, "It's impossible!" But you know that I have won and it is absolutely harmless. It is so simple, you need devote only three minutes a day to it. It never costs more than a few cents for the ingredients.

You Must Not Send Any Money!

Above all else, if you want this Home Obesity Treatment of mine, write at once. But—don't send a penny. I will tell you how it is done. If you want the Home Obesity Treatment it, how it works, I want you to be able to use it in your own home—at once—without consulting me—visiting—anywhere. Nobody knows you use it. You never need to tell a soul. I want you to try this home-body, opposed to the work of charlatans. I know that you will be delighted with the simplicity of my method and send today for this FREE BOOK. Every poor name and address will be among the first to reach me. Don't delay. Don't send a penny. Just your name. Get rid of FAT now and for all time. If you are slightly fat, if you are moderately obese, if you are very fat, if you have a double chin or localized obesity in any part of your body. Don't! Is fat not a stronger grip on you. Stop being the butt of ridicule. Get this NOW—FREE. Send for your immediate request. Address me, please:

Lucile Kimball, 1327B Michigan Blvd., Chicago

Jordan Speaks Today on Emmet

Officers of the Central Council, Irish County Clubs, will be installed tonight in Corinthian Hall, Deseon bluding. As a number of clubs meet this evening, the committee having charge of the exercises have decided to open the installation ceremonies at 9 o'clock, thus giving the clubs an opportunity to call their respective meetings at 7:30 and to adjourn in time to witness the ritual work, which will be under the direction of Past President Patrick F. Hastings as installing officer. James J. McCarthy, of Longford Club, will act as marshal. Sixteen picked men, four from each province in Ireland, will act as escorts.

Michael J. Jordan, Esq., president of the Central Branch of the United Irish League, will be the orator and will take for his subject, "Robert Emmet."

The musical part of the program will be made up of talented members of all the clubs. Every member of the Irish County Clubs is invited, particularly those of the ladies' associations. The doors will be opened at 7:30, and the musical portion of the entertainment will be given previous to the installation.

The County Wicklow Club will meet this evening in the Deseon Building to arrange for a series of after-Lent socials. The club will adjourn early to participate in the exercises of the Central Council.

The Londonderry Club will meet at No. 694 Washington street this evening. With new officers and a large list of candidates ready for initiation, a successful year is predicted for the men and women of Derry.

Every member of Le Mayo Men's Benevolent Association is requested to be present in Friendship Hall, No. 32 Kneeland street, as President Joseph M. Thornton has an important announcement to make. Several committees will report and final arrangements will be made for the St. Patrick's celebration.

Donegal members will meet in Owls' Hall, Main street, Charlestown, this afternoon, to hear reports, admit new members and plan for the celebration in honor of St. Patrick.

A committee from the Kildare Association has been interviewing former residents of Kildare during the past month. As a result a large number will be present in Pilgrim Hall, No. 694 Washington street, this afternoon, for initiation. A pleasing social session will follow the business meeting.

Hall committee reports and plans for the series of Spring socials will occupy the meeting of the Monaghan Association in Wells Memorial Hall this evening. The annual ball will be held in Berkeley Hall on Thursday evening, April 10.

Football matters and a general conference on athletics will be the principal business at the meeting of the Tipperary Men's Association in Investigator Hall this evening.

Another large class of candidates will be admitted at the meeting of the Galway Social Club in Deseon Hall tonight. Judging by the number of applicants for membership it is predicted in County Club circles that the Galway Club will have the largest membership in the district before the end of the year.

One of the most important moves made since the institution of the Roscommon Club was the decision to make the club a purely benevolent organization. The committee on new charter will report at the meeting this afternoon in Harrison Hall, Deseon Building. The initiation fee and dues will be raised just as soon as the charter is procured.

The field day will be one of the annual features and the entire proceeds will be given over to this fund. The meeting today will commence at 3 o'clock sharp.

A meeting of the Kings County Association will be held in Orienta Hall, No. 2152 Washington street, Roxbury, next Sunday afternoon. A membership committee has been appointed to interview former residents of Kings County residing in Greater Boston. The committee is as follows: James Maher, Quincy; Charles Flanagan, Brookline; Miss Annie Heffernan, Brighton; and Alfonsus Miss Julia B. Madley, South End and South Boston; J. A. Gilman, Roxbury and West Roxbury; John Finnegan, West End and Charlestown. All former Kings County people are cordially invited to the next meeting.

Electrical effects will be used during the evening of April 2 in Paine Hall, when the Roscommon Ladies' Association will hold their annual Spring reunion. A pretty souvenir will be given each guest, as he or she enters the hall that evening.

Ball officers for the annual Spring party of the Astria Association are as follows: President, Miss Mae A. Burt; secretary, James M. Morgan; treasurer, John F. Blades; F. J. McCurry, Miss Carrie Blades, Patrick Rice, Daniel McDermott, Joseph McGarry, William Johnson, William McCurry and Miss Mary McVeigh: The ball will be held in Cadholic Union Hall on Friday evening, April 4.

Miss Nora McGlinnis, president of the Mayo Ladies' Association, will appoint the aides for the annual dancing party to be held April 9, at the meeting to be held in Pilgrim Hall, on Tuesday evening. Memorial exercises in honor of Robert Emmet will also be held.

Kilkenny men from all parts of Greater Boston will attend the exercises this afternoon at 93 Stanford street to be held in memory of Robert Emmet. A carefully prepared program of music will also be provided. President James Nixon will preside.

The County Louth Club will meet tonight and after initiating a number of members will discuss plans for the annual ball to be held in Paine Hall on Wednesday evening, March 20.

A fine program has been prepared by the Meath Club in honor of the Emmet anniversary. The exercises will be held this afternoon at the Intercolonial building, 220 Dudley street.

At today's meeting of the Knights of St. Finbar, City Councilman Timothy J. Buckley, a charter member of the club, will given an address on the "Life and Times of Robert Emmet."

A successful evening whist party in aid of St. Mary's Infant Asylum was held at the home of Mrs. Alice Smith, Columbus road, Dorchester, during the week. A musical program followed the whist. Honors were taken by J. F. Buckley, Mrs. D. W. Sullivan, Mrs. James Fitzpatrick, Miss Francis Ferguson, Miss Nellie Reardon, Miss L. M. McInnes, Mrs. L. Harrington, Mrs. John Anderson, Mrs. Richard Howard, Mrs. John Austin, Mrs. Mary McInnes, Mrs. Annie Carney, Mrs. Eugene F. Grant, Mrs. Robert Triggs, Mrs. J. Kelley, Mrs. J. Glavin, Mrs. G. Gannon, Mrs. Waldo C. Burt.

Brookline Amateurs Sing "Beauty and the Bandit."

The members of the parish of St. Mary's of the Assumption, Brookline, are eagerly awaiting the presentation of the musical comedy, "Beauty and the Bandit," to be given in the parish hall during Easter week, under the direction of St. Mary's Dramatic Club. The seats recently rehearsals give a promise of a creditable performance. The characters will be assumed by well known novelists, including Miss Marion Feeley and William Kennedy, who will assume the leading parts; Miss Mary McGrath, instructor of the Brookline Gymnasium; Miss Madeline LeClare of Jamaica Plain, Thomas Moran, Charles Long, Carol O'Neil and James McGrath. They will be assisted by a chorus of 25 voices.

St. Patrick's T. A. Society to Install New Officers.

Installation of the newly-elected officers of St. Patrick's Total Abstinence Society will be held tomorrow evening in the rooms on Dudley street. The exercises will be under the direction of the outgoing president, William J. Healy. President Joseph Ball will read a paper explaining the plans he has arranged for his term of office. The meeting will appoint delegates to represent the society at the coming convention of the Boston Catholic Total Abstinence Union to be held in Boston next month.

Patriots' Day will be observed by a matinee dancing party to be held in Catholic Union Hall. William J. Healy is chairman of the committee.

Women Will Attend St. Cecilia Service.

Twenty-three branches of the Ladies' Catholic Benevolent Association, numbering 1,200 members, will meet at 4 o'clock this afternoon in St. Cecilia's Church, Back Bay, to attend the special benediction at which Cardinal O'Connell will officiate. An anniversary reunion of the members of Branch 1137, Dorchester, Ladies' Catholic Benevolent Association, will be held in Bloomdeal Hall on Tuesday evening. An entertainment is being prepared for the occasion under the direction of Mrs. Mary E. Lind, Mrs. Mary J. Lynch, Mrs. K. Ryan, Miss Ellen Downey, Miss Rose Conry, Mrs. E. J. Fitzgibbon and Miss Mary J. Bradley.

"Rose of India" to Be Given by Dorchester Councils, K. C.

The annual musical comedy of the Dorchester Councils of the Knights of Columbus will be held on the evenings of March 22 and 24 in Boston College Hall, and will be under direction of E. J. Lord. "The Rose of India" has been selected as the production. Several well known soloists will be in the cast. They will be assisted by a large chorus of mixed voices. Special costumes and scenery will be prepared for the production. The arrangements committee will meet this afternoon at the Dorchester clubhouse, Pleasant street.

Alhambra Viziers Order New Caravans.

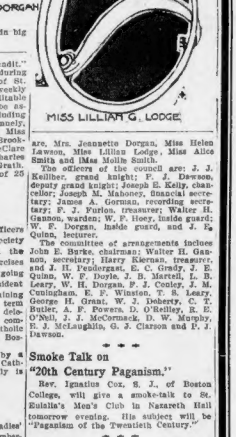
Caravan No. 8, Order of the Alhambra, has elected twenty applicants to go on the next pilgrimage over the sands of the desert, starting soon after Easter.

The national viziers have granted charters for new caravans in New Orleans, La., Fort Smith, Ark., and the Borough of Queens, New York, and referred applications for other caravans from several New England cities and Detroit, St. Louis, Kansas City and Omaha. It was also decided to hold the next biennial convention of the Supreme Divan in Brooklyn, beginning on September 6.

FITTON COUNCIL, K. OF C., TO HAVE A BIG BALL

MISS ALICE C. SMITH.

MRS JEANNETTE DORGAN



MISS LILLIAN G. LODGE.

East Boston women who are leaders in big Knights of Columbus ball.

Governor Foss and Members of Executive Council Invited to Fete at Revere March 31.

GOVERNOR FOSS and members of the Council and officers of the State Council, Knights of Columbus, have been invited as guests to the reunion and ball of Fitton Council, Knights of Columbus to be held in the Nautical Gardens Ballroom, Revere Beach, on the evening of March 31.

Extensive arrangements have been made for the reception of the guests. It will be the first ball in several years of the East Boston Council. The assembly is under the direction of the younger members of the council. The demand for tickets is so great that it was found there was not a hall large enough in the district and it was decided to go to the beach ball room.

The officers and committee have the assistance of several prominent young women of East Boston who have been drilling for several weeks for the grand march, which will include many novelties.

John E. Burke is chairman of the committee of arrangements.

The women assisting in the grand march are, Mrs. Jeannette Dorgan, Miss Helen Lawson, Miss Lillian Lodge, Miss Alice Smith and Miss Mailie Smith.

The officers of the council are: J. J. Keilliher, grand knight; F. J. Dawson, deputy grand knight; Joseph E. Kelly, chancelor; Joseph M. Mahoney, financial secretary; James A. Gorman, recording secretary; F. J. Furlon, treasurer; Walter H. Gannon, warden; W. P. Hoey, inside guard; W. F. Dorgan, inside guard, and J. N. Quinn, lecturer.

The committee of arrangements inclues John E. Burke, chairman; Walter H. Gannon, secretary; Harry Kiernan, treasurer, and J. H. Pendergast, E. C. Grady, J. E. Quinn, W. P. Doyle, J. B. Martell, L. B. Leary, W. H. Dorgan, P. J. Conley, J. M. Cuningham, E. F. Winston, T. S. Leary, George H. Grant, W. J. Doherty, C. T. Butler, A. P. Powers, D. O'Reilly, E. E. O'Neil, J. J. McCormack, D. W. Murphy, P. J. McLaughlin, G. J. Clarson and F. J. Dawson.

Smoke Talk on "20th Century Paganism."

Rev. Ignatius Cox, S. J., of Boston College, will give a smoke-talk to St. Eulalia's Men's Club in Nazareth Hall tomorrow evening. His subject will be "Paganism of the Twentieth Century."

Rev. Edward J. Sweeney, S. J., of Holy Cross College, will preach in St. Mary's Church, North End, this evening. His subject will be "Divine Charity."

Sing Cantata Palm Sunday in Melrose

The "Seven Last Words of Christ," a cantata by Du Bois, will be sung in St. Mary's Church, Melrose, on Palm Sunday night. Miss Clara Gately, daughter of District Deputy John H. Gately of the Knights of Columbus, and Albert E. Brophy are to be the soloists.

The members of the chorus are:

Mrs. W. W. Fallon
Miss Mary B. Baldwin
Mrs. M. James Hanley
Miss Florence Rice
Miss Mary Kathleen Ryan
Miss Ralph Conway
Miss Bessie Mahoney
Miss Alice McNally
Miss Ella Chetwoog
Miss Alice Kerrigan
Miss Nellie Corbett
Miss Madeline Kelly
Miss Frances H. Boyle
Mrs. William H. Sullivan
Miss Mary McGowan
Miss Mary Keiser
Miss Mary Logan
Miss Mary Dullahan
Miss Helen Keiser
Miss May Doherty
Miss Norah Kelliher
Miss Eunice Dyrrel
Miss Grace Riley
Miss Mabel Parsons

Constantine Conry will celebrate his 30th anniversary by a banquet to be held in St. Rose Hall, Tuesday evening, April 1, at which the guests and speakers will be Rev. Michael J. Scanlon, Lieutenant-Governor David I. Walsh and Jeremiah E. Burke, superintendent of schools.

At the annual St. Patrick day celebration of McDermott Court, Past High Chief Ranger Captain Jeremiah G. Fennessey of Boston will deliver an address on "Ireland. Her Glories and the Past and Present Hope for the Future."

Rev. Father Scanlon, diocesan director of charities, will deliver a lecture in Sacred Heart Church, East Boston, next Sunday evening.

The annual Banquet of the Knights of St. Rose will be held at St. Rose Hall, 17 Worcester street, April 13. Miss Mary E. Dignan, consul, will preside.

Mrs. Johnson Mahoney will be the fortnightly hostess of the East Boston Matinee Whist Club at her home on Saratoga street, next Wednesday afternoon.

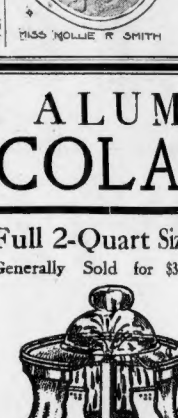
M. C. O. F. NOTES.

The degree staff of Assumption Court of Malden will attend the presentation of "Pilate's Daughter" at Mission Church Hall, Roxbury, March 16. The court will hold a baked bean supper the first week in April. At its meeting last week three new members were initiated.

MISS HELEN V LAWSON.

Miss Gertrude Keefe
Miss Mildred Keefe
Joseph Mundell
Edward Doucette
Daniel Harrington
Frank Jones
Albert Brophy
Thomas Dundon
Neil Kelliher

A male quartet, consisting of A. E. Brophy, Frank Jones, James Keough and James Bourneuf, will assist in the program.



MISS MOLLIE R SMITH

Cathedral Men Plan Easter Assembly

Prominent among the early Eastertide events will be the annual ball of the Cathedral Young Men's Catholic Association, to be held in Paul Revere Hall on the evening of March 21. The association is one of the largest in the diocese. It is composed of men prominent in professional, business and social circles of Greater Boston.

For fourteen years it has steadily grown in membership and influence. It is under the patronage of Cardinal O'Connell and under the direct supervision of Monsignor Splaine, rector of the Cathedral.

The newly furnished clubrooms in the Cathedral school building on Malden street afford delightful quarters. They are completely equipped with the most approved appliances for all sorts of indoor games.

A fine library, magazines and newspapers are at the disposal of the members. It is the intention of the officers to make the present year memorable in the history of the organization in point of activity. Many interesting plans are being arranged to that end.

The following officers will be assisted by a large committee in arranging events: James Donoghue, president; Michael McLaughlin, vice-president; Daniel J. Shea, secretary-treasurer. The executive committee includes: Charles Theall, Jeremiah Minahan, Thomas Marston, Terrance Gordon, Denis Foley, Harry O'Leary, Walter Costello, Thomas Donovan, William Landrigan, Frank Sullivan, James Sweeney, James Shea.

Federation Meeting In Music Hall, Atlantic.

A mass meeting under the auspices of the Norfolk County Branch of the American Federation of Catholic Societies will be held today in Music Hall, Atlantic. The presiding officer will be President Daniel J. Nyhan. Addresses will be made by Rev. John F. Cuffe, pastor of the church of the Sacred Heart, Atlantic; Rev. James F. Stanton county chaplain; John F. McGrath of Sharon; James H. Cunningham of Quincy and Miss Catherine V. Sheridan of Randolph. Musical numbers will be interspersed in the program.

Two Attractive Lectures in Cathedral Hall.

A lecture will be delivered by Rev. Frank V. Murphy of St. Francis de Sales Church, Roxbury, on Wednesday evening, under the auspices of the League of Catholic Women, in Cathedral Hall, Malden street. The subject will be "Italy and the Church." On Saturday, March 15, at 8 p. m., J. D. M. Ford, professor of languages at Harvard University, will deliver a lecture on "The Spanish Novel."

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Coffee prepared in a percolator has no superior. It produces a clear, amber colored beverage that is free from coffee grounds, delicious to taste and healthful. Requires less coffee than any other method. If coffee boiled in a common coffee pot does not agree with you, try Percolator coffee, and enjoy a good cup of coffee without experiencing any ill effects afterwards.

Note the artistic appearance of the Percolator. It will be an ornament to any table. Made extra heavy, seamless, from sheet of pure aluminum. Easily kept clean. Illustration shows working parts of the Percolator. Percolating device may be removed and you will have a handsome Ten Pot.

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corsets subdue all bulging curves, artfully accentuate long figure-lines.

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materially decrease the waist line, remove unsightly creases at back and hips, and show any figure to superb advantage.

Wear-Proof Elastine Gores provide comfort. Specially woven materials, guaranteed not to tear or break; boning guaranteed not to rust. Sizes 19 to 36, allow their being worn by average, as well as large figures.

No. 786, low bust, coutil and batiste, $3.00; No. 785, low bust, imported coutil, $5.00; No. 788, medium bust, coutil and batiste, $3.00; No. 790, medium bust, imported coutil, $5.00.

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FROM THE FINE WOODS

HYOMEI's Aromatic Air Is Guaranteed to Relieve Catarrh or Cost Nothing.

HYOMEI is nature's true remedy for catarrh. There is no stomach dosing in using HYOMEI, no more than there is when you go to the mountains or the sea-shore to get relief from lung troubles.

When using the HYOMEI treatment, the air you breathe is like that in the mountains high above sea level—where the pine woods fill the air with aromatic healing that gives health and strength to those suffering from diseases of the respiratory organs. Breathed through the neat pocket inhalers that come with every outfit, the healing balsams of HYOMEI reach the most remote air cells of the throat, nose and lungs, destroying all catarrhal germs and giving quick relief.

HYOMEI (pronounced High-o-me) has performed almost miraculous cures of catarrh, often restoring health in chronic cases that had given up all hope of recovery. Its best action is at the start of the disease when the breath is becoming offensive, and when discharges from the nose, dropping in the throat and frequent sneezing, sniffling or spasmodic coughing begin to make life a burden. At the first symptom of catarrhal trouble, such as sniffling and hawking, use HYOMEI and see how quickly you get relief.

The complete outfit costs but $1.00; extra bottles, if later needed, 50 cents, and is sold under guarantee to refund the money if it does not give satisfaction. Druggists everywhere.

Secret ATTACK On Pure Candy Bills Exposed By Cassidy

HARRY P. CASSIDY today discusses the candy bills before the present Legislature, and tells how the enemies of purity in candy are endeavoring, by beneath-the-surface work, to defeat the bills.

One, Senate 118, backed by Mayor Fitzgerald, bars the use of deleterious minerals in candy. Another, introduced by Mr. Cassidy, goudy forces the candy makers to quit using deleterious substances of any kind, and to be honest with their customers, if they use any cheapening adulterants.

By HARRY P. CASSIDY.

THE Massachusetts Senate last Wednesday passed to engrossment Senate Bill No. 118, which forbids the use of deleterious or dangerous minerals in candy.

The passage of the bill had been delayed, largely by the work of a powerful lobby which was organized to fight this bill and the candy bill which I introduced for consideration by this Legislature.

The Senate bill was favorably reported by the committee and passed easily the first stages. It was to come up for passage to the engrossment stage Friday, February 21. On motion of Senator Ezra W. Clark, chairman of the Committee on Public Health, which reported the bill, consideration was delayed until the following Tuesday. On Wednesday the bill was passed by a practically unanimous vote.

But meanwhile, word has been passed around that the interests were at work against the bill. The National Confectioners' Association had endorsed the bill—then apparently changed their tactics, fearing it as an entering wedge, and began to work against it. It was freely stated by representatives of the candy interests that THE COMMITTEE HAD AGREED TO OPPOSE THE SECOND BILL.

Therefore, the public should be told just what these bills mean and why their passage is absolutely necessary to protect the life and health of the children of the State.

The bill, introduced into the House, and a hearing upon which will be given March 11, forbids the use of a number of cheapening adulterants in candy. Some of these adulterants are actively dangerous—others simply denature and cheapen the candies. The bill includes glucose in the list of forbidden substances.

Now the glucose interests are immensely powerful. The Corn Products Refining Company is the largest producer of glucose. This company's president, E. T. Bedford, has been in Boston recently, preparing and engineering the campaign against these bills. This campaign was conducted secretly and no sign appeared on the surface, except that one Sunday newspaper printed an article on glucose, commending it warmly. Whether this article was "inspired" or not, I cannot say.

The Facts About Glucose.

The facts about glucose should be put before the people, plainly.

Glucose may be made legitimately either from corn or potatoes. It is also made, or has been, from corn husks, corn stalks, and other vegetable fibres. Good glucose, properly made, is claimed by its supporters to equal cane sugar in nutritive value. Its opponents declare it is far inferior to sugar in nutritive value.

It is certain, however, that glucose is only about three-fifths as sweet as sugar. Also, it sells at less than half the price of sugar.

My objection to glucose is that IT IS NOT SOLD HONESTLY, ON ITS MERITS.

That is, there is no store in the country where you, the ultimate consumer, can buy glucose under its own name and in small quantities. I asked Dr. Humphrey of the Corn Products Refining Company if this were not true. He admitted it.

Why You Can't Buy Glucose.

"Why do you not put glucose on sale, under its own name, and on its merits?" I asked.

"BECAUSE IT'S SO HEAVY," he answered.

I do not consider that an adequate reply.

Now as to the manner in which this glucose IS marketed.

It is sold to makers of mince meat, jelly, candy, macaroons, almost everything imaginable that is sweet and gummy in texture when ready for sale. And the "selling talk" is something like this.

Mr. Glucose man approaches a manufacturer of macaroons, we'll say. That man has been making his macaroons of sugar, forty-nine per cent., and almond paste, fifty-one per cent., with perhaps a little cream of tartar, to prevent crystallization.

The Glucose man says:

"You're paying five cents for sugar. Now I can sell you this syrup, and you can use twenty or thirty per cent. of it in your macaroons, instead of that much sugar. The glucose costs less than two cents a pound. You'll save two or three cents a pound on all you use."

Makes Stale Ones Seem Fresh.

If that talk doesn't induce the manufacturer, of macaroons to buy, the agent adds.

"And here's another thing. You're having trouble because your macaroons get stale quickly, aren't you. Well, this glucose will prevent their getting hard and stale. A glucose macaroon will be about as good a month after you make it as a day."

The above does not represent actual conversations, of course. But it does put forth the principal selling points of glucose—its cheapness, its just-as-goodness and its faculty of making stale macaroons appear fresh.

Glucose is not so sweet as sugar. Many believe it is not so nutritious as sugar. Certainly, it is a substance that offers the food manufacturer endless opportunity to cheapen his product and defraud his customers.

Like Oleomargarine.

Glucose is in much the same situation as oleomargarine—so far as its relation to food stuffs goes. Oleomargarine is a perfectly legitimate food product, healthful and wholesome, but offering endless possibilities for fraud.

Glucose, according to its friends, is also a wholesome food product, but offering unlimited possibilities of fraud.

Apple jelly may contain 60 per cent. glucose. Mince meat may contain 40 per cent. Macaroons may contain 30 per cent. And so it goes—the customer meanwhile paying the price of the real article, and not of the cheapened substitute.

Oleo and glucose, then, are similar products in their relation to other food stuffs. See the government's attitude toward oleo.

Its manufacture is carefully supervised by government inspector. There is a nominal tax upon every pound of it. Colored oleo is taxed ten cents a pound—a prohibitive tax, practically. Furthermore, no oleo may be legally sold unless plainly marked upon firkin, box or package, "oleomargarine."

Regulation Needed.

If glucose were similarly regulated there would be no strong objection to its use. If its manufacture were supervised, to prevent the use of sulphites, or the use of unwholesome raw material, and if there were a nominal tax, to make sure that the government keep track of every pound manufactured, then the labelling question only would remain.

The glucose men themselves say glucose is only marketed as a part of some other food product—sixty per cent of jelly, for instance. Oleo, when sold to the consumer, must be marked—I believe glucose, when sold to the consumer, whether as candy, jelly, mince-meat, macaroons or any other food product, should be marked.

In conclusion, I wish to quote portions of the charge of the presiding judge in the recent macaroon case in the federal court here, when F. H. Washburn & Co. of Brockton, bakers, were convicted of selling misbranded macaroons in that those macaroons contained glucose. The judge said to the jurors:

The Judge's Charge.

"Now, this is the problem for you under the charge of adulteration. Are you or not satisfied on the whole question, and satisfied beyond a reasonable doubt, that the admitted admixture of glucose in this case was such as to reduce, or lower, or injuriously affect their quality or strength. If you are, but not otherwise, your verdict will be 'guilty' on the charge of adulteration. If you are not, your verdict will be 'not guilty.'

Later on, after discussing the other count of misbranding, which was whether "macaroons" signifies almond only or might mean cocoanut, the court said: The question of wholesomeness does not enter into this case at all. Nobody claims here that glucose is unwholesome. The question whether sugar or glucose costs the most does not enter into this case at all, except so far as you may be inclined to think that the question of expense affects the testimony of some witness or other in the case.

The Government's Claim.

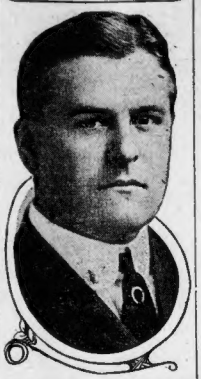
Now, the government's claim upon that question is this, that these so-called macaroons ought to be made of cocoanut, or almond, whichever it is, white of egg and sugar and nothing else, and that any admixture of glucose reduces, or lowers, or injuriously affects their quality or strength, and you have heard the government's evidence on that question.

According to the witnesses for the government these should have been made of almonds or cocoanut, and white of egg; there should not have been any glucose in them at all. On the other hand, you have heard the defendant's evidence, which tends to show that using glucose with the sugar not only does not reduce, or lower, or injuriously affect, their quality or strength, but in some respects improves it.

The government's witnesses have told you that glucose is not as sweet as sugar. I don't understand that there is any dispute on that point; glucose is only three-fifths as sweet as sugar.

The defendant's evidence is, however, that, notwithstanding the fact that there is such a compensating advantage over the loss in sweetness, on the whole it should be said that mixing glucose in the composition of these cakes reduces, or lowers, or injuriously affects their quality or strength.

The jury found the defendant guilty.



HARRY P. CASSIDY

Why So Many People Find They Are TOO THIN

By EUGENE CHRISTIAN, F. S. D.

There are four things that cause the body to fall below its normal or natural weight. Named in the order of their importance they are:

First—Hyperacidity, commonly called sour stomach.

Second—Mal-assimilation (bad indigestion).

Third—Intestinal fermentation.

Fourth—Intestinal congestion, known as constipation.

All of these conditions are in reality from the same general cause, and to the mind of the food scientist mean substantially the same thing, but for centuries they have been classed and treated as different disorders; therefore we will examine them separately and link them together as we go.

Sour stomach, that is, too much acid in the stomach, is a true disease. All the other conditions above named are merely symptoms.

Sour stomach causes the food to digest or leave the stomach too quickly. This causes congestion in the lower times (constipation). This in its turn causes inactive or torpid liver, headache, etc., etc.

The entire intestinal tract is over thirty feet long, and when food passes out of the stomach containing too much acid it irritates this entire thirty-foot canal, causing inflammation, and sometimes serious or even fatal disorders.

The nutrition is absorbed from our food through millions of little tubes, sometimes called "vrinking valves," and when the mucous membrane (inside lining) is swollen and irritated from acid, these little valves are closed, the blood becomes impoverished and the body emaciated or reduced in weight. As all the faculties are fed by or dependent upon the physical, the body and mind both share in the general decline.

Sour stomach crystallizes the starch stems in our food, especially cereal starch, and this produces the blood crystal on which the famous Dr. Salsberry based his all-meat diet.

These blood crystals cause rheumatism, gout, lumbago, sclerosis or hardening of the arteries, stiffness in the joints, rheumatoid arthritis, etc., etc.

This excess of acid causes fermentation in both the stomach and intestines; fermentatin oproduces gas; the gas distends the stomach and intestines and presses against the arteries that lead into and out of the heart. This causes irregular heart action, or so-called valvular heart trouble.

This excess of acid also irritates the mucous membrane or lining of both the stomach and intestines and causes abnormal appetite, which leads to overeating, and overeating causes auto-intoxication (food- poisoning, which is expressed by many different symptoms —one of which is emaciation—or underweight.

The millions of little canals and nerve fibres leading out from this thirty feet of irritated intestines to every part of the body also become irritated, and this causes worry, nervousness, insomnia, loss of memory and loss of weight.

Reduce Your Cost of Living!

Wan-Eta Cocoa's Absolute Purity has been voiced by the leading food chemists of the country. None better at any price.

Money Back If Not Satisfactory

Massachusetts Chocolate Co.
Boston, Mass.

Little folks and grown-ups have an appetite for plain bread and butter if it's

Meadow-Gold Butter

Talk about "true butter goodness"—Meadow-Gold has it. People are saving all over town, *"I just can't get enough of it."* The sweetness and fine flavor are irresistible. It is made only from pasteurized cream. It will satisfy you every day in the year. Order today.

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The Nationally Recognized

PURE Ginger Ale

"Just Enough for Two"

When you buy Clicquot Club you buy a ginger ale which has been analyzed again and again and always found pure.

Clicquot Club
GINGER ALE

DR. WILEY Sounds WARNING to Housewives Who Are DECEIVED by Flour

By HARVEY W. WILEY, M. D.

THE snowy flour which pours from the steel rollers of the great mills of today—wherein does it differ from the creamy wheat flour of our grandparents? That, we know, was crushed between millstones. Just what are we getting now—and perhaps losing?

How much is there in the stories of bleaching, prevalent for several years past? And how much do we lose, in the snowy white product now demanded by the American public, even without the bleaching?

How shall the housewife judge and choose her flour?

The proportion of white flour secured by the steel roller process is very much larger than that which came through the millstones, and this is achieved mainly at the expense of the "middlings" and the "shorts" of the old process. But even this does not satisfy the whimsical consumer; the rage for whiteness continues unabated, though this means a sacrifice of desirable food qualities, consequently the services of the chemist have been called in.

It has been found that the most efficient whitening agents are oxids of nitrogen, which act by bleaching the yellow color which the fine fragments of the wheat germ possess, changing them into an almost pure white.

The poisonous fumes which perform this work are produced, commonly, by combining the oxygen with the nitrogen of the air by means of an electric discharge. As the flour thus bleached sells for a higher price, nearly all the mills in the country were forced for a time by competition into adopting the method.

Injures Quality of Flour.

That bleaching further injures the quality of flour as a part of our diet, above and beyond the loss of food value incident to the modern steel roller process, was declared by the authorities charged with the execution of the food laws. This, they said, added a poisonous or deleterious ingredient and caused a bleached article, debased by the presence of a deleterious body, to sell for a higher price than a more wholesome one.

A word as to the different grades of wheat flour on the market, made by blending different parts of the wheat. There's "patent" flour, for example, "clear," "straight," "family," "baker's," "red dog." The last named, by the way, as its title might indicate, is the lowest grade commercially, though by no means the lowest in nutritive value. "Patent" is the highest grade, commercially, and the others are intermediate, varying according to the parts of the wheat berry from which they are made.

A comparison of the so-called low grade flour with the whiter, high-grade patent shows the low grade to contain a higher percentage of these gum, muscle-building material, and ash, and a lower percentage of fuel and energy-giving material.

The low grade product is not sufficient for nutritious three-meals-a-day countryy—but it is dark and unattractive in appearance and has a low percentage of gluten, thus producing a compact, solid loaf, heavier and of smaller size than the higher grade flours.

Color Not Value.

In fact, the different grades of flour are based more upon their color, appearance and texture, which influence their popularity, than upon the amount of nutritives they contain. The main, general division of flour follows the two great groups of wheat —Spring and Winter.

The large millers, however, do not always grind a straight wheat, the grain being blended before milling, for the double purpose of securing a uniform product and maintaining a standard of excellence.

The by-products of flour milling, as the reader knows, consists of bran, shorts, screenings and waste.

Gluten is a desirable element in flour, from a commercial and gastronomic point of view, because it makes the loaf spongy, light, and large in proportion to weight. It will be observed that the percentage of gluten in the high-grade flour is 10, against 4 in the low grade. But gluten is no more nutritious than any other form of wheat protein and the low grade flour contains 5 per cent. more total protein than does its more aristocratic competitor, the white patent flour.

The chief differences in composition between wheat itself and the so-called high grade patent flour made from it, while quantitively small, are distinctly of great importance. In the flour there is less protein (the nitrogenous bodies which supply energy and build tissue, muscle and tendon), less mineral matters (shown by the ash content, which help to form bones and teeth, assist in digestion, and are indispensable to the body though they form only 5 of 6 per cent. of its weight; and more starchy elements (the carbohydrates, which with the fats furnish the fuel of the body and yield heat and power.

All have their own important work to do in the body economy, but the carbohydrates cannot build tissue like the proteins, nor perform the functions of the mineral matters, while the protein can be burned for fuel and also do repair work, so it is seen that we suffer an irreparable loss when the protein content suffers and the food is de-mineralized. Flour is not therefore as well balanced a ration as the wheat itself, and its deficiency in protein and mineral matters is especially harmful during the years of childhood and growth when the bones, teeth, and tissues are being builded so rapidly.

Where Figures Are Small.

The protein and ash, especially the latter, being present naturally in relatively small quantities, the tendency to decrease them still further is apt to be overlooked because the figures are small.

Whole or "entire" wheat flour is an established misnomer and is understood by the trade to mean the flour of the wheat from which the outer coatings, the bran, have been removed. The consumer does not appreciate this and "bolted wheat meal," for example, would be more correctly descriptive. Plainly the name should be changed.

I have seen a sample of mixed starch and bran masquerading as a whole wheat flour! The term "entire wheat flour," therefore, does not mean, commercially, what it implies. A comparison of its composition with that of the wheat berry will show this.

Entire Wheat Flour.

The commercial entire wheat flour has almost as much protein as the average figure for the grain, but the mineral content is only about half that of the wheat, this showing that the outer bran layers of the wheat have been removed.

This is unfortunately the case with all of the so-called whole, or "entire wheat" flours. It must be said, however, that even when allowance is made for this trade condition, their mineral content is sufficiently increased as compared with the ordinary white flour (1.0 versus 0.4 per cent.) to make them very superior in this respect for children, and to a certain extent for adults also. The fact that the whole wheat and graham flours are more coarsely ground has also a hygienic advantage by increasing the action of the intestines.

A true graham flour should contain practically the same substances as the wheat grain itself, and in the same proportions, being unbolted wheat meal, but as a matter of fact, the boiling process has often been applied to a greater or less extent, thus giving a finer-grained product. However, the commercial graham flour may be made up by mixing together the different milling products, in any desired proportions, and may be merely low-grade flour and bran mixed; thus its composition may vary between wide limits, as shown in the table.

The United States Department of Agriculture and various experiment stations have issued reports giving the results of experimental studies of the digestibility of wheat flours and other wheat products.

Whole Wheat Flour.

Actually, however, these facts cannot fairly be interpreted as an argument in favor of the greater wholesomeness of the white flour. A food may have a low percentage of digestibility and yet be more "wholesome" than one that is more completely digested.

In fact, the proper functioning of the digestive organs requires a certain quantity of indigestible materials, and these undoubtedly are best furnished by the natural foods, rather than by artificial means.

I believe it to be a fair statement, that the majority of competent authorities who have carefully studied the problem are of the opinion that a whole wheat product, consisting of the entire material obtained by properly grinding well cleaned wheat, is a more wholesome food, especially for children, than the ordinary flour of commerce. And it is certainly no less wholesome for grown persons.

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It's Heads I Win, Tails You Lose, With Buyer, Says Wiley

WHEN a decision in a lower court is against the government, as a mark of courtesy it is not usual to begin new cases in other jurisdictions, although there is no legal reason why such a proceeding should not obtain. It was naturally expected, therefore, that having won the bleached flour case in the lower court, the government would proceed with all vigor to suppress the chemical bleaching of flour in all jurisdictions. But no!

The word was passed down to bring no more cases until the appeal was decided.

The consumer "gets it coming and gets it going." It is "heads I win, tails you lose," the moment a large interest is involved.

Millers who are bleaching their flour have little fear of interference by Uncle Sam. To the credit of millers generally, however, be it said that most of them have quit this nefarious practice without waiting for the verdict of the court.—*Dr. Wiley.*

Famous SPECIALIST Tells What TO EAT

"What and how to eat," a problem that has puzzled thousands, is answered by Dr. Arnold Lorand, the famous specialist of Carlsbad, in "Health and Longevity Through Rational Diet," from which book the following paragraphs are taken. The F. A. Davis Company, are the publishers of the American edition.

The doctor tells what to eat every day, and by following his instructions one will be assured that he is eating that which will do the most good. Here are pointers regarding the morning meal:

It is most rational to imitate the English and Americans and eat a better breakfast—not meat, however, but oatmeal porridge and an egg, or, in case of fatiguing work, two, with pancakes made from cereals, butter and syrup or fruit jam.

Owing to its content of citric acid salts and of acids the grapefruit has a beneficial action upon the bowels, especially when eaten in the morning upon an empty stomach.

Oats should be more frequently used. especially in the form of oatmeal and oat gruel, than has been customary.

Infancy and Old Age.

Milk, with all its products, forms the best diet in infancy and old age, together with eggs and carbohydrates in the form of gruel, rice, sago, tapioca, finely prepared grains and certain cereals; also in porridge although for the better development of the teeth in children foods of a harder consistency should also be given as soon as they are able to masticate the same.

Raw eggs are the most difficult to digest, since, owing to their fluidity, they cause very little secretion of saliva and are apt to coagulate in the stomach. Soft boiled eggs are very much more digestible, and even hard-boiled eggs are not so indigestible as is claimed by many. As a matter of fact, hard boiled eggs are often more easily digested than raw ones. It is important, however, that the hard eggs be well masticated; their digestibility depends upon this.

Bacon is a very useful adjunct to a diet which is poor in fat, and improves both the nutritive value and the taste of the food.

When we ask for bread we do not care for a "flour food," but want a true bread—that is to say, a dark bread. That must to be recommended from the standpoint of health would be the graham bread made from shelled whole milled grain.

By simply drying or broiling the slices of bread, thus making the never-failing toast of the English and American breakfast, the bread can be more readily digested.

Of the pancakes, the corn cakes are preferable, since they are much more nutritious and also more digestible than the buckwheat cakes.

Honey should never be missing in a vegetarian diet, but in any sort of diet good honey taken at breakfast will be very beneficial, as it has a very favorable effect upon the action of the bowels.

Cocoa Valuable.

Notwithstanding its relivening and stimulating action, cocoa is less injurious to the nervous system and is more easily digested than coffee and tea.

The drinking of pure, black coffee I consider injurious not only for invalids but for healthy persons as well, especially when they are at all "nervous," but a little coffee of good quality with a good deal of cream is, I believe, not injurious.

Tobacco—especially cigarettes—has a most injurious effect upon the throat and voice, and yet great singers like Caruso smoke.

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